2008 BEACH RESTORATION PROJECT ISLE OF PALMS SOUTH CAROLINA

Beach Monitoring Report — Year 2 March 2011



Prepared for: City of Isle of Palms 2008 Isle of Palms Beach Restoration Project

# YEAR 2 MONITORING REPORT

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> [2300YR2] March 2011

**COVER PHOTO:** Oblique aerial images of the northeastern end of the Isle of Palms on 28 April 2010 (looking southwest). [Photos by S Traynum]

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# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This report presents results of Year 2 beach and inlet monitoring following the 2008 beach restoration project at the Isle of Palms, which was accomplished in May-June 2008 under permit P/N 2007-02631-2IG. As part of the Operations, Monitoring, and Contingency Plan (CSE 2008a) for the project, annual surveys are being conducted to track the performance of the project, measure sand volumes remaining, and provide a condition survey of the beach, inlets, and shoals from Dewees Inlet to Breach Inlet. Year 2 monitoring involved condition surveys in March and September 2010 as well as collection of sediment samples in July 2010. These data are compared with pre-project and post-project conditions in the project area (north of 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue). Data for remaining areas of the Isle of Palms and Breach Inlet are compared with earlier surveys by CSE and SCDHEC Office of Ocean and Coastal Resource Management (OCRM). The report includes:

- Shoreline history and summary of the 2008 beach restoration project.
- Description of the data collection and analysis methods.
- Monitoring results by section of shoreline using seven (7) reaches along the island.
- Nourishment volume remaining within the project limits.
- Identification of local erosion "hot spots."
- Discussion of findings.

The present report follows the Year 1 monitoring report (CSE 2009) and an interim report (CSE 2010) which focused on condition changes through March 2010 (Table A). The present report continues those analyses through the September 2010 beach condition. All surveys since March 2009 have used the same baseline (shore-parallel stationing system based on distance from the Breach Inlet bridge), established following the project to encompass the entire island. Cross-shore volume calculation limits and depth limits were adjusted profile-by-profile in an attempt to fully account for all measurable volume change occurring at a profile. This results in certain volumes slightly differing from previous reports. Where this occurred, previous profiles were recomputed using the new limits.

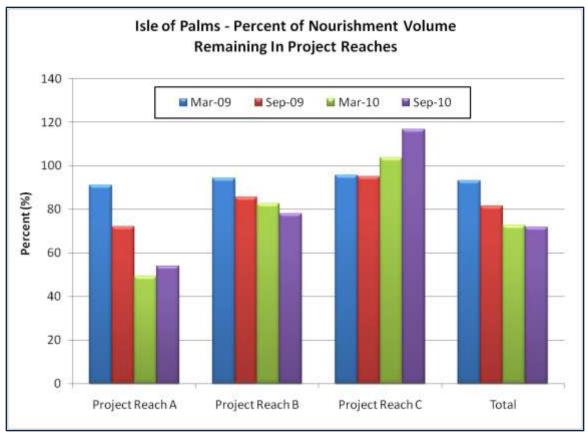
Milestone	Date	Comment
Beach Condition Survey	Jul 2007	
Pre-Construction Survey	Mar 2008	
Project Construction	May-Jun 2008	934,000 cubic yards placed along 10,200 ft of shoreline
Monitoring Survey	Mar 2009	93 percent of nourishment volume remained within the fill placement
Monitoring Survey	Sep 2009	81 percent of nourishment volume remained within the fill placement
Year 1 Monitoring Report	Dec 2009	
Monitoring Survey	Mar 2010	73 percent of nourishment volume remained within the fill placement
Monitoring Survey	Sep 2010	72 percent of nourishment volume remained within the fill placement
Permit Application Submitted	Oct 2010	
Year 2 Monitoring Report	Mar 2011	

TABLE A. Important dates of events related to the 2008 beach nourishment project and subsequent monitoring.

The 2008 beach restoration project obtained sand from deposits ~2.5 miles offshore and placed 933,895 cubic yards (cy) in three reaches between 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue and Dewees Inlet. As of September 2010 (2.3 years after project completion), Reach A (53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue to Beach Club Villas) retained ~53.9 percent of the nourishment volume; Reach B (Mariners Walk Villas to the 18<sup>th</sup> fairway of Wild Dunes Links Course) retained ~78.1 percent of the nourishment volume; and Reach C (a 1,000-foot length of Dewees Inlet shoreline adjacent to the 17<sup>th</sup> hole and 18<sup>th</sup> tee of the Wild Dunes Links Course) retained ~116.7 percent of the nourishment volume (Fig A).

**Collectively, the project areas retained ~72 percent of the nourishment fill as of September 2010.** From September 2009 to March 2010, erosion was similar to trends observed from 2008 to 2009; however, by September 2010, much of the beach north of 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue had stabilized or shown accretion. This was especially true in areas which had shown the most erosion since the project (Beachwood East and Ocean Club areas).

The 2010 surveys confirm that sand is continuing to enter the Isle of Palms littoral zone in the vicinity of the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House (situated between Beach Club Villas I and Beach Club Villas II) via a process called "shoal bypassing" (described herein). A broad, triangular, underwater platform containing ~4.3 million cubic yards accounts for some new sand added to the beach in 2010. Two shoal-bypassing events since completion of the nourishment project accounted for rapid nourishment losses in the vicinity of Seascape Villas and Ocean Club (Reach B) as well as a localized area fronting the Beachwood East area (Reach A). As mentioned previously, erosion in these areas had been rapid; however, since March 2010, erosion has slowed and the beach has stabilized. This is a result of sand spread-ing from the shoal attachment areas.



**FIGURE A.** Percent of nourishment volume remaining in project areas. Sand lost from nourishment areas has contributed to accretion in adjacent areas, including near the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House, the 18<sup>th</sup> fairway of the Links Course, and between the Citadel Beach House and 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue.

The present surveys (2010) indicate that downcoast sections of the Isle of Palms from 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue to Breach Inlet gained ~213,000 cubic yards (cy) [9.6 cubic yards per foot (cy/ft)] between September 2009 and September 2010. Minor erosion was observed from March to September 2009, thought to be caused by the recent shoal attachment interrupting longshore transport to downcoast areas. The recent accretion is greater than the long-term net change of 2.7 cubic yards per foot per year (cy/ft/yr). Areas north of 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue lost ~126,700 cy from September 2009 to March 2010, though gained ~5,000 cy from March to September 2010.

Between March and September 2009, CSE observed erosion of the beach near Breach Inlet due to landward migration of a marginal flood channel. By September 2010, the channel had shifted further offshore, and the beach accreted. Of note in the more recent surveys is that Breach Inlet appears to be undergoing a channel avulsion, much like the one occurring at Dewees Inlet. A new channel oriented to the southeast is becoming more established. This likely will not have a significant impact to the Isle of Palms beach, but will certainly lead to continued accretion at Sullivan's Island.

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# **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

This monitoring report is provided to the City of Isle of Palms by Coastal Science & Engineering (CSE) as part of a three-year agreement for beach monitoring following the 2008 Isle of Palms beach restoration project (P/N 2007-02631-2IG, CSE 2008b). This report details the third and fourth data collections after nourishment. It follows submission of the Year 1 monitoring report (CSE 2009) and the Year 2 interim monitoring report (CSE 2010). Discussions presented here-in are based on comparisons of pre-project and post-project data with surveys performed in March and September of both 2009 and 2010. Additional data collection is planned for summer 2011.

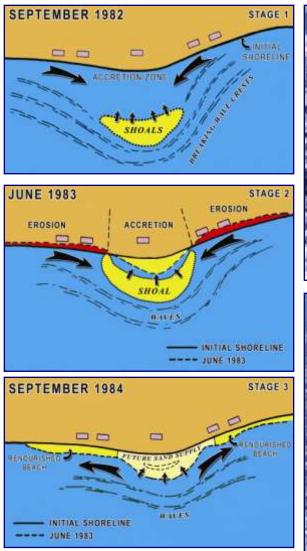
The analyses presented in this report provide an updated condition of the beach ~26 months after the completion of the restoration project. There are several objectives of post-project beach monitoring, some of which are required by the conditions of the permits. This report provides beach profile volumes along the length of the Isle of Palms (IOP), including detailed volume changes in the project areas. It also addresses the current physical and environmental condition of the beach and offshore borrow areas impacted by the project, including sand grain size, beach slope, beach compaction, and borrow area infilling rates. Ground and aerial photography are included to identify features such as dunes, escarpments, sand texture and color, as well as to give a visual representation of the beach width to compare with previous and future surveys.

# 1.1 Setting

Isle of Palms is an ~7-mile long, southeast-facing, barrier island located ~8 miles east of Charleston, South Carolina. It is bounded by Dewees Inlet and Dewees Island to the northeast and Breach Inlet and Sullivan's Island to the southwest. A feature typical of the central South Carolina barrier islands is the "drumstick" shape produced by the interaction of waves and tides, and formation of prominent ebb-tidal deltas at the inlets. Seaward shoals of each delta produce wave refraction and variable longshore transport rates. This leads to a wider upcoast (northern) end and a relatively thin downcoast end (Breach Inlet end, Fig 1.1). The wider end of the island is influenced by shoal bypassing, a process whereby sand is periodically released from the inlet delta and moved onshore through wave action. This process occurs at somewhat regular intervals (average interval between events from 1941 to 1997 is 6.6 years, Gaudiano 1998) and contributes to the overall health of the island. However, it also can cause focused erosion in areas adjacent to the shoal attachment zone (Kana et al 1985).



**FIGURE 1.1.** Isle of Palms is a typical "drumstick" barrier island (after Hayes 1979), where the upcoast end is wider due to sediment accumulation through shoal-bypass events, and the downcoast end usually forms a growing recurve spit. Other examples of drumstick barrier islands along South Carolina are Bull Island, Kiawah Island, and Fripp Island. Zones of sediment transport reversal generally occur in the lee of delta shoals which are situated offshore. Upon shoal attachment to the beach, transport directions in the vicinity of the shoal switch, spreading sand away from the attachment point (see for example — Fig 1.2).





#### FIGURE 1.2.

#### [LEFT]

Schematic of the shoal-bypass cycle originally modeled from a bypass event at IOP. During Stages 1 and 2 of the cycle, accretion in the lee of the shoal is accompanied by erosion on either side of the attachment site. (After Kana et al 1985)

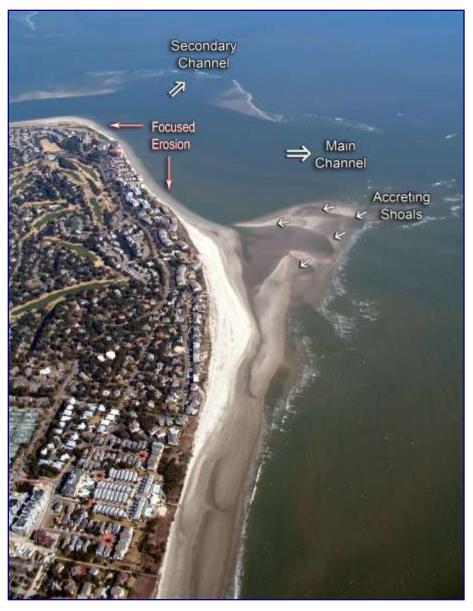
#### [RIGHT]

Shoal-bypass event at the northeastern end of IOP. The upper photo shows a shoal in Stage 1 of the bypass cycle in March 1996. The middle image, taken in 1997, shows that the shoal is beginning to attach to the beach and is in Stage 2 of the bypass cycle. The lower image (from December 1998) shows the shoal completely attached (Stage 3), and sand has spread to previously eroded areas.



The long-term accretion trend at the Isle of Palms is a direct result of shoal bypassing at Dewees Inlet. Numerous episodic events have deposited sand on the northeastern end of the island (Gaudiano 1998). The annual average sand gain from shoal-bypass events is ~100,000 cubic yards per year (cy/yr); however, ~120,000–130,000 cy/yr are typically lost to downcoast areas each year, leaving a net sand deficit of ~20,000–30,000 cy/yr at the northeastern end (CSE 2007a). A more detailed explanation of the coastal processes and erosion history of Isle of Palms is provided in CSE (2007a, 2009).

The shoal-bypassing event which led to the 2008 project appears to have begun around 2003. By 2004, some areas (eg – Port O'Call) experienced 150 ft of beach recession in one year (ATM 2006). In February 2007, exposed bars extended nearly one-half mile offshore around Beach Club Villas and the Wild Dunes Property Owners beach house (Fig 1.3). The southern part of the attaching shoal was already in Stage 3 with some sand moving south to nourish other parts of IOP; the northern side remained in Stage 2. As Figure 1.3 shows, all properties north of Beach Club Villas had lost their dry-sand beach by then. To protect buildings, property owners placed ~5-gallon-sized sand bags along the scarped dune. These bags were quickly destroyed or washed away, and property owners replaced them with large (1 cy) sand bags in front of buildings for protection. Erosion continued into 2008, eventually claiming half of the signature 18<sup>th</sup> hole of the Wild Dunes Links Course and leaving no dry beach (even at low tide) in front of several properties.



#### FIGURE 1.3.

#### [UPPER]

February 2007 oblique aerial image of the northeastern end of IOP showing the approaching shoal in Stage 2 of the bypass cycle.

Note loss of dry beach and various shore-protection measures from Mariners Walk Villas to the 18<sup>th</sup> fairway (red-outlined arrows – focused erosion).

### [LOWER]

Small, 5-gallon-sized sand bags (left) and large 1 cy-sized sandbags (right) installed by property owners to temporarily offer protection to buildings.

Prior to the 2008 project, little to no beach was present at low tide near the Ocean Club condominiums.

Left image courtesy of Coastal Carolina University Beach Erosion Research and Monitoring Program.



# 1.2 The 2008 Isle of Palms Beach Restoration Project

The Wild Dunes Community Association retained CSE in May 2007 to develop an analysis of erosion and prepare a plan for long-term restoration of the beach. CSE (2007) determined that upward of 900,000 cy should be added along the northeastern end of IOP to restore the sand deficit and provide reserves that will accommodate future erosion events over an approximate ten-year period. Following a number of community meetings and discussions with City and State officials, the City of Isle of Palms elected to proceed with the final design and planning for the project.

The specific objectives of the 2008 beach restoration project were to:

- Restore the recreational beach along the northeastern erosion zone of IOP from 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue to the terminal groin along Dewees Inlet, excluding areas with a sand surplus in the active sand-bypassing zone or which were likely to receive sand as a result of natural spreading to downcoast areas.
- Restore a protective beach seaward of buildings such that dune enhancement may be initiated by the applicant and individual property owners.
- Remove emergency sandbags placed by property owners, all of which were in violation of OCRM permits after approximately November 2007.
- Place nourishment volumes of variable section quantities to reduce the variability of beach width caused by inlet sand-bypassing processes.
- Provide a protective buffer between existing infrastructure and the ocean.
- Improve the overall aesthetics of the beach and enhance its recreational value.
- Restore habitat for nesting sea turtles.

# **Construction Contract**

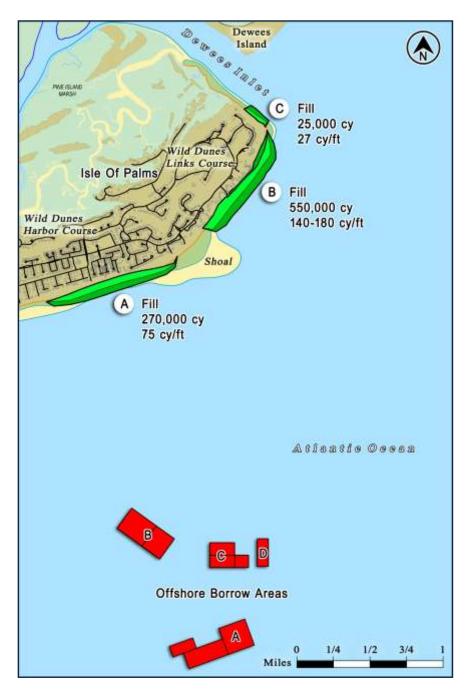
The City of Isle of Palms entered into a contract with Weeks Marine of Covington (LA) for placement of 780,000 cy of sand along 9,200 liner feet of beach. Two change orders increased the total volume to 847,400 cy over 10,200 ft of beach and added a fill section to the Dewees Inlet shoreline. The original bid was for \$7,914,100, and the total cost after the change orders was \$8,402,090. Weeks Marine selected Dirt Cheap Inc (Charleston SC) as subcontractor to remove sandbags installed by property owners. Weeks Marine was required to have U.S. Coast Guard certifications and licenses, a contractor's license to work in the state of South Carolina, and a business license in the City of Isle of Palms.

# **Project Construction**

The restoration project was designed to add ~850,000 cy of sand to ~10,200 linear feet of beach (Fig 1.4). The fill was to be placed in three reaches. Reaches A and B were located along the oceanfront spanning from ~53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue to the 18<sup>th</sup> fairway of the Wild Dunes Links Course, separated by an accretion zone associated with the shoal-bypassing event. Reach C represented a portion of the Dewees Inlet shoreline. Roughly 2,600 linear feet of Reach A bordered publically accessible areas of the City. The remaining fill bordered the Wild Dunes community. Design fill volumes for full sections (excluding tapers) were 75 cy/ft in Reach A, 140 cy/ft to 180 cy/ft for Reach B, and 27 cy/ft in Reach C.

Pumping began in Reach B, along the most severely eroded area of Wild Dunes. Once Reach B was complete, Reach C along Dewees Inlet was filled, followed by Reach A between 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue and Beach Club Villas. Borrow area A was used to fill the majority of Reach B. Borrow area C was used to fill the northern end of Reach B and all of Reach C. Borrow area B was the sediment source for Reach A. The design berm was set at an elevation of +6 ft NAVD, with the beach face sloping at 1 on 20 (1 on 12 in Reach C due to the naturally steeper shoreline along inlets). A storm berm (set at +8 ft NAVD) was incorporated in the design along the most severely eroded areas of Wild Dunes.

The final volume added to the beach calculated from Weeks Marine's surveys was 933,895 cy, which was ~10 percent greater than the design volume of 847,400 cy. The overage of 86,495 cy was not a pay quantity as stated in the contract; therefore, the City was only required to pay for the contract volume of 847,400.



**FIGURE 1.4.** Project map of the 2008 IOP restoration project. The project was designed to nourish sections of the beach and provide sufficient sand to offset losses associated with long-term erosion as well as an ongoing shoal-bypass event. Borrow areas were located 2-3 miles offshore. Area D was not dredged.

# Post-Project Monitoring Requirements

Several monitoring requirements were outlined in the conditions of the permit and in the OMCP (CSE 2008a). Many of the requirements involved aspects of project construction and have already been completed. Monitoring efforts which extend beyond project construction will be addressed through work performed in the present monitoring contract (CSE Project 2300), as well as work that was included in the project contract (CSE Project 2277). Specific monitoring requirements which are ongoing are as follows:

- Borrow area bathymetric surveys including production of digital terrain models (DTMs) and calculation of infilling rates.
- Beach compaction measurements and escarpment monitoring prior to turtle nesting season.
- Sediment quality analysis of the fill with comparison to pre- and post-project conditions.
- Monitoring of beach slopes (profiles).
- Borrow area (offshore) and fill area (beach) benthic macrofauna surveys comparing pre- and post-project densities. (CSE Project 2277 data were provided in separate reports.)

The current compliance status regarding the above-listed requirements is outlined in later sections of this report.

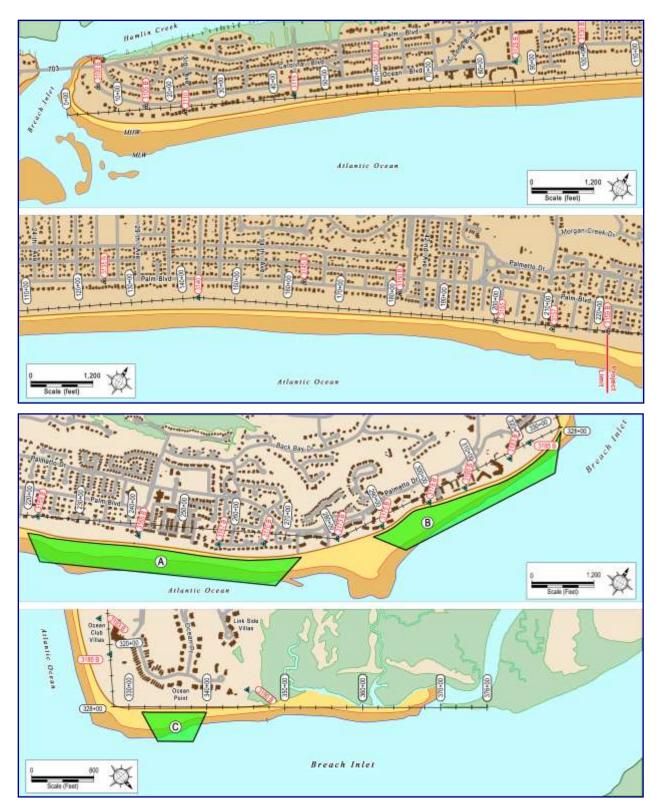
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# 2.0 METHODS

Monitoring efforts for the 2010 report took place during several deployments to the Isle of Palms. CSE collected topographic and bathymetric data in March and September 2010. Sediment compaction measurements were also collected in February 2010. Beach sediment samples were collected in July 2010.

Changes in the volume of sand in the active beach zone were evaluated by obtaining topographic and bathymetric data along shore-perpendicular transects at established locations along the beach (herein referred to as the baseline, Fig 2.1). The baseline for the present report is modified from the project baseline (pre-2009) to encompass the entire island. Modifications were also made around turns in the baseline, which provide better detail and greater consistency in comparing beach volume changes. The present baseline spans from the center of the Breach Inlet bridge (Station 0+00) and continues to Cedar Creek spit at the northeastern end of the island (Station 376+00). The new baseline overlaps the baseline used in the project beginning at 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue, which was the location of project station 0+00. That station is now station 222+00. Stationing relates to distance along the shore with the number before the "+" symbol representing 100 ft. Therefore, station 36+00 is 3,600 ft from station 0+00. The baseline is generally set landward of the present active beach to allow for future erosion/accretion.

Topographic data were collected via RTK-GPS (Trimble™ R8 GNSS), which provides position and elevation measurements at sub-centimeter accuracy. Beach profiles were obtained by collecting data at low tide along the dunes, berm, and active beach to low-tide wading depth. Over-water work was then performed at high tide to overlap the land-based work (Fig 2.2) and was collected with RTK-GPS coupled with an Odom HydroTrak<sup>™</sup> precision echo sounder mounted on CSE's shallow-draft vessel, the RV Congaree River. Profiles were collected from the most landward accessible point in the dune system to a minimum of 1,500 ft from the baseline. Profiles in the project area extended up to 15,000 ft offshore to encompass the shoals associated with Dewees Inlet and to monitor changes in bathymetry in the vicinity of the nourishment borrow areas. Alongshore spacing of the profiles ranged from 200 ft to 1,000 ft with the more closely spaced profiles in the project area and along Breach Inlet. Comparative profiles from CSE's monitoring efforts are shown in Appendix A. The complexity of areas impacted by inlets requires more detailed analysis (closer profile spacing) to fully incorporate volume changes associated with shoal-bypassing events and inlet migration. Bathymetric data were collected in the borrow areas at 100-ft spacing for comparison to pre- and post-dredging DTMs.



**FIGURE 2.1** CSE established a monitoring baseline to encompass the length of IOP. The baseline between stations 222+00 and 376+00 corresponds to the baseline used in the 2008 project (project stations 0+00 through 174+00). Red labels indicate locations of OCRM survey monuments. CSE profile sections are oriented perpendicular to the baseline while OCRM profiles are perpendicular to the local beach azimuth. [CSE and OCRM azimuths are only significantly different at Breach Inlet.]



**FIGURE 2.2.** CSE beach monitoring methods include land-based data collection using Trimble<sup>™</sup> RTK GPS from the backshore to low-tide wading depth and over-water work using RTK GPS linked to a precision echosounder aboard CSE's shallow draft boat (RV *Congaree River*).

To better understand regional sand volume changes, seven reaches were defined along IOP. By combining several profiles into a reach, it is easier to identify overall sediment gains and losses over large portions of the beach. In the project area, the reaches differ from reaches used during construction so as to encompass areas where no work was performed. [Some sections of this report may refer to volume changes within constructed project reaches and will be clearly indicated.] The reaches used for monitoring purposes are shown in Figure 2.3 and are defined as follows:

Reach 1	0+00 – OCRM 3115	Breach Inlet to 6 <sup>th</sup> Avenue
Reach 2	OCRM 3115 – OCRM 3125	6 <sup>th</sup> Avenue to Pier
Reach 3	OCRM 3125 – OCRM 3140	Pier to 31 <sup>st</sup> Avenue
Reach 4	OCRM 3140 - 222+00	31 <sup>st</sup> Avenue to 53 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue
Reach 5	222+00 - 280+00	53 <sup>rd</sup> Avenue to Property Owners Beach House
Reach 6	280+00 - 328+00	Property Owners Beach House to Dewees Inlet
Reach 7	330+00 - 370+00	Dewees Inlet Shoreline

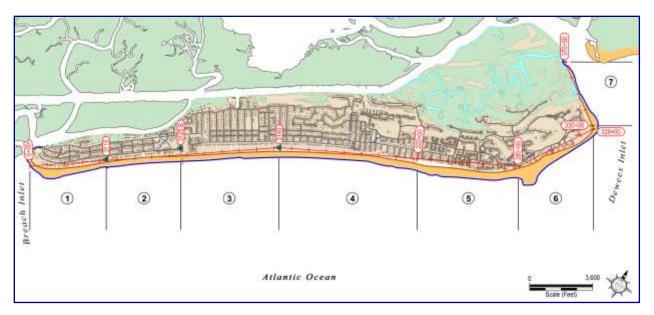
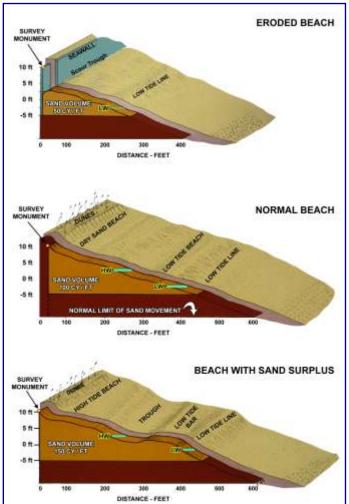


FIGURE 2.3. Location map of the reaches used in post-project monitoring at IOP. The 2008 beach restoration project occurred in subareas within Reaches 5, 6, and 7.

To determine changes in beach volume along IOP, survey data were entered into CSE's inhouse custom software, Beach Profile Analysis System (BPAS), which converts 2-D profile data in x-y format to 3-D volumes. The software provides a quantitative and objective way of determining ideal minimum beach profiles and how the sand volume per unit length of shoreline compares with the desired condition. It also provides an accurate method of comparing historical profiles—as the volume method measures sand volumes in the active beach zone rather than extrapolating volumes based on single-contour shoreline position (ie – from aerial photography). Unit-volume calculations can distinguish the quantity of sediment in the dunes, on the dry beach, in the intertidal zone to wading depth, and in the remaining area offshore to the approximate limit of profile change. Figure 2.4 depicts the profile volume concept. The reference boundaries are site-specific, but ideally encompass the entire zone over which sand moves each year.

For the present survey, sand volume was calculated between the primary dune and between -9 ft and -18 ft NAVD. The lower calculation limit was site-specific, as profiles in the center of the island and along Dewees Inlet generally have deeper closure depths than areas in the unstable inlet/shoal Comparative volumes and zones. volume changes were computed using standard procedures (average-endarea method, in which the average of the area under the profiles computed at the ends of each cell is multiplied by the length of the cell to determine the cell's sand volume). Certain adjustments were made to account for changes in the baseline direction and for volumes at the turn in the baseline at Dewees Inlet.



**FIGURE 2.4**. Calculation of unit-width profile volumes is a means of comparing the condition of one section of beach with another. Profile volumes are the amount of sand contained in a one-foot length of beach between specified elevations. [After Kana 1990]

Sand volumes for offshore areas were calculated from DTMs produced from MATLAB and Auto-CAD® Civil 3D®. DTMs are digital 3D representations of the topography and bathymetry of an area and are useful for calculating changes in contour positions and calculating sediment volumes. Position data were entered into software as x-y-z coordinates and were processed to provide cross-section profiles and volumes. DTMs from the 2010 data collections were compared with earlier collections (pre- and post-project) to determine changes in shoal positions and volumes as well as infilling rates of the offshore borrow areas. Color contour maps were also produced from the DTMs.

Beach compaction measurements were performed in February 2010 in accordance with conditions of the permit. Triplicate measurements were made at depths of 6 inches, 12 inches, and 18 inches at the toe of the dune and middle of the berm every 500 ft in the project area. Several stations outside of the project area were sampled to provide a "native" compaction value. Results of the compaction measurements and subsequent communication with USFWS indicated that the project area <u>did</u> need to be tilled. Results of the compaction measurements and the accompanying letter were submitted to USFWS (Appendix B).

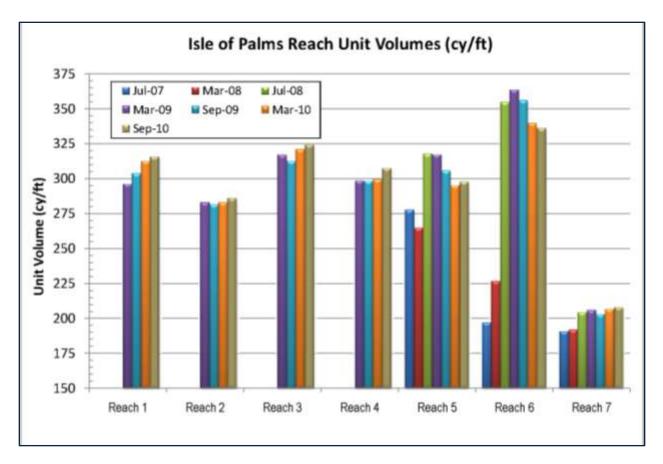
Sediment samples from the nourished beach were collected in July 2010. These samples were analyzed as outlined in the OMCP (CSE 2008a), using 0.25-phi intervals for grain-size analysis. Percent by weight of calcium carbonate was analyzed through dissolution with dilute HCI. At each sampling site, five samples (minimally) were collected—one each from the toe of dune, middle of berm, berm crest, mid beach face, and low-tide terrace. Sample transects were collected at 2,000-ft spacing throughout the project area, and additional samples were collected in adjacent unnourished areas for comparison. To provide island-wide sediment characteristics, four transects were included outside of the project area at ~1-mile intervals between Breach Inlet and 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue.

Results of the borrow area survey, compaction measurements, and sediment density are given in Section 3.5.

# 3.0 RESULTS

### 3.1 Beach Condition in Monitoring Reaches

Results of the March and September 2010 data collections are presented in this section. Where applicable, profiles from these dates are compared to previous CSE profiles. Volume changes are discussed in detail beginning at the upcoast end of the island, along the Dewees Inlet shoreline, then progressing south toward Breach Inlet. Unit volumes for each station and reach are given in Figure 3.1, Table 3.1, and Table 3.2.



**FIGURE 3.1.** Average unit-width volumes for each monitoring reach at Isle of Palms. See Fig 2.3 for reach boundaries. Unit volumes were calculated from the primary dune to a profile-specific depth, generally between -9 ft and -13 ft NAVD for the beachfront. Nourishment occurred prior to the July 2008 data collection in Reaches 5, 6, and 7. Design-fill unit volumes for full sections were ~75 cy/ft in Reach 5, ~140-180 cy/ft in Reach 6, and ~27 cy/ft in Reach 7. See Fig 2.1 for beach nourishment locations.

**TABLE 3.1.** Profile unit-width volumes for each monitoring station at Isle of Palms. Nourishment occurred between stations 224 to 274 and stations 286 to 340 prior to the July 2008 data collection. Volumes are calculated between the approximate crest of the primary dune and the indicated "elevation lens" depth. Nourishment areas are highlighted in blue (project reach A), green, (project reach B), and yellow (project reach C). As additional surveys are completed, calculation limits may change to better encompass volume changes. This results in small differences in reported volumes between the present and earlier reports.

Reach	Line	Elevation Lens (R	Distance to Next		Unit Volu	me (cyft)	ę.		Reach	Line	Elevation Lens (fl	Clistance to Next	Unit Volume (synft)						
		NAVD)	(11)	Mar-08	Jul-08	Mar-09	Sep-09	Mar-10	Sep-10			NAVD	(10)	Mar-08	Jul-08	Mar-09	Sep-09	Mar-10	Sep-10
	3100	-13	0			548.8	347.2	402.7	366.7		254	-10	200	1975	298.1	270.3	267.1	247.5	242.3
Reach 1	3105	-11	0			406.3	523.4	519.6	530.1		256	-10	200	212.3	313.2	276.2	273.8	248.0	240.7
	0	-10	400			351.5	272.5	374.1	331.0		258	-10	200	291.7	297.6	256.8	252.6	2195	214.5
	4	-10	400			275.8	244.5	281.8	279.4		260	-10	200	229 1	305.0	270.5	256.9	215.3	216.8
	8	-10	400		2	271.8	289.1	273.6	277.5	1	262	-10	200	283.5	346.2	340.9	297.5	263.5	276.0
	12	-10	400			387.8	424.3	403.7	422.3	-	264	-10	200	289.4	349.3	340.9	300.6	270.5	267.1
	-16	-10	400		19 - A	350.0	389.4	367.0	382.6	-	266	-10	200	303.7	374.3	328.9	303.3	242.1	264.1
	20	-10	270			2717	317.3	316.4	317.4	Reach 5 (continued)	268	-10	200	292.7	338.1	272.0	266.2	236.3	250.1
1	3110	-11	730			295.4	311.6	323.7	323.5	Ē	270	-10	200	365.0	394.5	314.9	312.5	291.7	309.0
	30	-12	1000			275.9	276.9	293.2	300.9		272	-10	200	363.2	377.0	326.0	307.7	287.1	308.2
	40	-12	390			261.2	261.3	268.3	272.4		274	-10	200	341.5	344.6	300.7	289.8	297.7	307.6
	3115	-12	610		-	294.4	288.1	299.6	293.0		275	-10	200	461.8	459.1	427.9	399.1	439.8	433.3
\$2	50	-12	1000	-	-	293.2	296.7	297.6	305.3		278	-10	400	463.2	415.2	384.9	371.7	450.2	436.7
Reach	60	-12	1000		-	265.6	269.5	274.4	274.7		280	-10	200	461.0	436.6	602.3	603.9	535.3	557.5
	70	-12	1000	-	-	284.1	282.7	272.7	280.1		282	-10	200	501.0	440.4	615.0	634.9	521.9	549.6
	80	-12	670		-	278.3	265.7	270.8	274.9		284	-10	200	515.3	522.2	627.9	679.5	567.3	583.0
	3125	-12	330	-	-	312.4	308.1	315.8	314.0		285	-10	200	445.3	471.8	5532	587.5	500.8	506.8
	100	-13	1000	-	-	300.9	292.5	306.4	302.0		288	-10	200	333.0	423.8	433.6	453.8	447.5 398.7	445.8
12	100	-13	1000	-	-	307.2	304.4	310.1	316.5		290 292	-10	200	246.8	355.5	382.7	390.9 380.3	400.7	3/7.8
Search 3	110	-13	500		-	30/ 2 330.4	306.6	325.6	336.6		294	-10	200	246.8	363.0	382.7	380.3	397.9	370.7
ď.	3135	-12	500			315.4	314.3	304.5	318.6		296	-10	200	2135	354.7	359.8	353.7	378.7	352.0
1	130	-13	1000			298.9	294.1	302.6	300.9		298	-10	200	191.1	354.1	349.5	339.4	360.0	337.2
	140	-13	290	-	-	371.1	367.3	377.4	383.5		300	-10	200	1736	347.5	335.8	323.6	340.8	320.5
_	3140	-12	710		-	296.0	292.4	297.5	305.4	14	302	-10	200	149.8	339.3	329.5	306.7	319.0	305.8
	150	-13	1000			311.5	299.5	305.2	309.7	Reach 5	304	-10	200	141.5	333.2	307.5	289.8	293.3	283.0
	160	-13	290			297.8	284.6	275.8	283.1		306	-10	200	171.7	372.6	359.8	312.2	316.7	305.7
	3145	-12	710	-		268.2	263.7	243.2	249.2		308	-10	200	155.4	3410	301.7	287.0	275.9	260.9
3	170	-13	1000			292.5	291.8	290.3	293.4		310	-10	200	152.6	312.9	284.6	241.6	236.1	233.9
j	180	-12	150			277.7	275.7	287.0	293.6		312	-10	200	111.2	281.0	234.7	215.2	205.2	194.3
- 3	3150	-12	850		0.00	289.6	295.3	303.2	314.1		314	-10	200	86.9	245.1	198.9	169-0	163.7	170.6
1	190	-12	1000			289.6	275.9	278.6	293.7		316	-t0	200	136.4	309.3	258.6	262.7	245.7	254.3
*	200	-12	200			360.3	349.3	355.1	378.4		318	-10	200	128.2	312.0	272.7	256.8	241.4	251.8
Reach	202	-12	200		280.5	317.7	325.0	323.1	337.3		320	-10	200	148.9	324.5	284.3	271.8	250.8	264.8
æ	204	-12	200		296.8	315.9	333.0	331.6	343.5		322	-10	200	205.4	368.5	336.5	318.2	297.0	295.5
3	206	-12	200	2	288.7	314.3	336.4	337.7	344.8		324	-10	200	212.3	3617	342.8	331.6	298.6	304.0
	208	-11	260		278.8	304.5	317.0	333.6	331.5		326	-10	200	174.1	291.2	314.4	309.9	288.6	290.1
	210	-11	200	1 î î	287.8	306.7	328.2	334.2	341.7		328	-10	100	241.0	285.3	341.4	321.5	299.8	307.5
2	212	-11	200		258.0	2740	298.1	303.9	310.7		330	-18	200	228.2	262.4	281.7	297.0	329.3	348.6
	214	-11	200		251.7	281.8	305.3	304.3	306.3		332	-18	200	286.9	333.6	340.5	344.8	367.4	384.7
	216	-11	200		253.4	296.8	302.3	298.9	303.1		334	-18	260	252.8	265.8	324.2	328.5	338.6	347.3
5	218	-11	200		274.5	309.6	312.9	308.9	318.8		336	-18	200	232.8	284.0	281.2	291.3	298.3	300.7
	220	-11	200	10000	269.5	305.9	309.1	305.1	315.1		338	-18	200	214.7	261.2	247.8	240.3	240.1	245.2
	222	-10	200	252.0	261.0	292.6	295.7	295.6	305.9		340	-18	200	204.6	244.6	223.2	216.1	209.4	212.5
	224	-10	200	221.5	233.5	269.0	273.0	269.1	271.3		342	-18	200	227.6	246.4	239.2	232.7	226.1	226.1
3	226	-10	200	217.6	225.3	274.0	286.8	275.0	276.8 200 A		344	-18	200	201.1	209.5	298.3	205.0	195.9	195.4
8	230	-10	200	222.6	252.1	292.2 306.3	299.8 307.4	275.3 298.8	288.4		345	-18	200	198.4	198.1	201.8	197.7	190.0	189.3
1	230	-10	200	241.6	284.5	303.9	304.6	301.4	299.6	Reach 7	350	-10	200	170.1	169.7	170.7	167.5	167.2	150.2
~ 3	234	-10	200	245.9	320.5	335.1	327.9	321.9	319.7	문	352	-15	200	159.8	165.4	155.2	153.3	155.4	157.3
40	236	-10	200	214.2	295.1	317.1	300.6	301.7	297.7		354	-15	200	170.1	171.1	158.1	165.0	157.0	171.8
Geach	238	-10	200	204.8	294.6	318.1	299.6	303.7	297.9		356	-15	200	186.5	185.6	183.1	177.9	\$83.7	185.1
a,	240	-10	200	184.4	277.6	307.6	285.8	288.9	283.3		358	-15	200	175.3	171.9	173.1	163.8	173.4	1745
2	242	-10	200	182.6	273.6	304.3	283.8	283.5	282.3		360	-15	200	177.2	172.0	174.4	164.2	179.7	175.7
1	244	-10	200	189.8	283.1	313.0	297.7	289.6	290.0		362	-15	200	173.3	157.4	173.1	164.5	172.4	174.9
	246	-10	200	181.8	271.0	286.4	271.4	263.5	264.5		364	-15	290	146.2	141.2	137.5	139.7	136.3	145.2
	248	-10	200	188.7	272.2	280.5	267.2	255.5	258.1		365	-13	200	137.4	131.6	145.1	138.9	135.0	131.2
	250	-10	200	188.5	262.2	278.3	261.2	253.7	254.2		368	-13	200	168.9	174.2	183.7	178.5	187.0	177.0
	252	-10	200	197.9	291.9	275.9	265.5	253.3	253.2		370	-13	0				176.0	202.5	178.8

**TABLE 3.2.** Isle of Palms reach volume analysis from March 2008 through September 2010. Nourishment occurred May-June 2008, prior to the July 2008 data collection. Volumes are calculated for each profile to a profile-specific depth, and then extrapolated to the next profile using the average-end-area method. The March 2008 data collection represents the prenourishment condition. As additional surveys are completed, calculation limits may change to better encompass volume changes. This results in small differences in reported volumes between the present and earlier reports.

			Total Volume (cy)							Average unit Volume (cy/ft)							
Reach	Limits	Length (R)	Mar-08	Jul-08	Mar-09	Sep-09	Mar-10	Sep-10	Mar-08	Jul-08	Mar-09	Sep-09	Mar-10	Sep-10			
Reach 1	0-3115	4,390			1,300,813	1,332,791	1,371,608	1,385,734			296.3	303.6	312.4	315.7			
Reach 2	3115-3125	4,260		1.4	1,210,927	1,204,056	1,210,097	1,224,707	1.1	-	262.9	281.3	282.7	266.1			
Reach 3	3125-3140	5,620			1,781,858	1,756,250	1,803,023	1,822,223	( +	(e)	317.1	312,5	320.8	324.2			
Reach 4	3140-222	7,910			2,360,592	2,358,731	2,367,650	2,432,166	1.20		298.4	298.2	299.3	307.5			
Reach 5	222-280	6,000	1,587,593	1,905,827	1,902,750	1,833,722	1,770,696	1,787,429	264.6	317.6	317.1	305.6	295.1	297.9			
Reach 6	280-328	4,900	1,109,721	1,737,374	1,780,813	1,743,807	1,664,741	1,647,127	226.5	354.6	363.4	355.9	339.7	336.1			
Reach 7	330-370	4,000	766,568	816,758	822,893	810,992	826,350	832,090	191.6	204.2	205.7	202.7	206.6	208.0			
			-		let Change S	ince Previou			r	Linit Ci	hange Sind	e Previou	e (essilit)	_			
Reach	Limita	Length (ft)	Mar-08	Jul-08	Mar-09	Sep-09	Mar-10	Sep-10	Mar-08	and the second second second	Mar-09		Mar-10	Sep-10			
Reach 1	0-3115	4,390			-	31,978	38,817	14,125				73	8.8	3.2			
Reach 2	3115-3125	4,280	12	- SE	1.2	-6,870	6,041	14,610	1.1	(2)	12	-1.6	3.4	3.4			
Reach 3	3125-3140	5,620		1.14		-25,608	46,773	19,201			5 a 1	-4.6	8.3	3.4			
Reach 4	3140-222	7,910		- Si -	-	-1,861	8,919	64,516		14	- 32	0.2	1.1	8.2			
Reach 5	222-280	6,000	-78,699	318,233	-3,076	-69,028	-63,026	16,732	-13.1	53.0	-0.5	-11.5	-10.5	2.6			
Reach 6	280-328	4,900	146,076	627,653	43,439	-37,005	-79,065	-17,614	29.8	128.1	8.9	-7.6	-16.1	-3.6			
Reach 7	330-370	4,000	4,393	50,190	6,135	-11,901	15,358	5,740	1,1	12.5	1.5	-3,0	3,8	1,4			
				Net Ch	ange Since P	renourishm	ent (cv)			nit Chan	ge Since P	renourish	ment (cv/f	0			
Reach	Limits	Length (ft)	Mar-08	Jul-08	Mar-09	Sep-09	Mar-10	Sep-10	Mar-08	And in case of the local division of the loc	Mar-09		Mar-10				
Reach 1	0-3115	4,390			-		-	-		-		-	-	-			
Reach 2	3115-3125	4,280		1.1		1 12 1	- 2		-	121	12.1						
Reach 3	3125-3140	5,620					-			-				-			
Reach 4	3140-222	7,910	1.1	1.14								1.1	1.1				
Reach 5	222-280	6.000	2.3	318,233	315,157	246.129	183,103	199,835	21.45	53.0	52.5	41.0	30.5	33.3			
Reach 6	280-328	4,900		627,653	671,092	634,086	555.020	537,406	1.4	126.1	137.0	129.4	113.3	109.7			
Reach 7	330-370	4,000		50,190	56,325	44.424	59,782	65,521	-	12.5	14.1	11.1	14.9	16.4			

### Reach 7 (Dewees Inlet) Volume Changes

FIGURE 3.2.

**[UPPER RIGHT]** Reach 7 in December 2007.

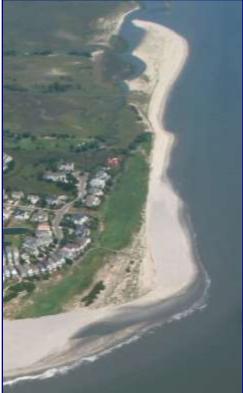
[LOWER RIGHT] June 2008 near the end of the project.

[LOWER LEFT] April 2010.

[Right images by TW Kana] [Left image by S Traynum]





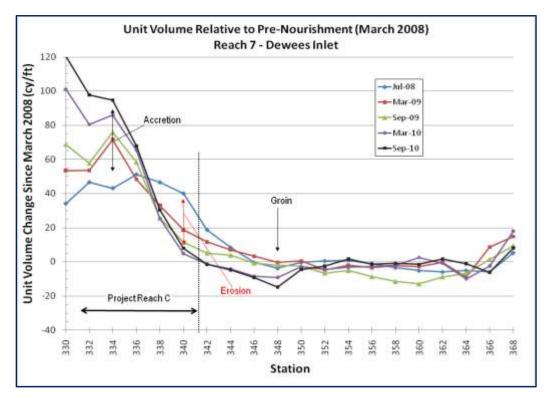


Coastal Science & Engineering (CSE) [2300YR2] Dewees Inlet (Fig 3.2, previous page) generally receives less wave energy than the rest of the Isle of Palms due to the sheltering effects of the ebb-tidal delta associated with the inlet. Shorelines along stable inlets usually show less dynamic volume changes than ocean-facing beaches; however, over time, they can experience severe erosion due to several factors. One factor thought to contribute to localized erosion along the Dewees Inlet shoreline is wave focusing through breaks in the inlet delta (Kana and Dinnel 1980). Breaks between the outer shoals on the Dewees Island side of the channel allow larger waves or destabilizing diffracted waves to reach the IOP shoreline and cause localized erosion. A low profile groin was built in 1981 near the 17<sup>th</sup> tee of the Wild Dunes Links Course to trap sand moving into Dewees Inlet and slow erosion (Kana et al 1985). The monitoring reach (Fig 3.3) extends from the turn in the shoreline near the 18<sup>th</sup> tee to the end of Cedar Creek spit.

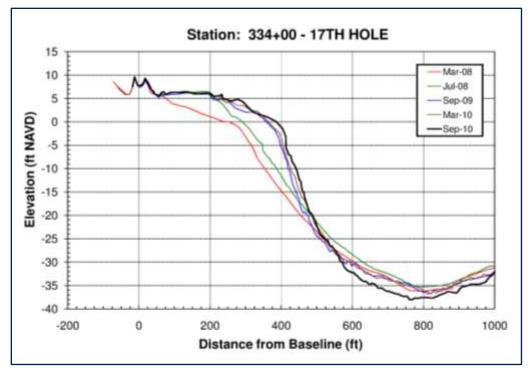


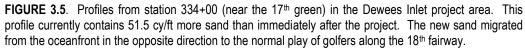
**FIGURE 3.3.** Station map of the Dewees Inlet area (Reach 7). Reach 7 spans from station 330+00 near the 18<sup>th</sup> tee to station 368+00 near Cedar Creek spit. The approximate limits of nourishment Reach C are identified by the yellow bar. The 1981 low profile groin is positioned near station 348+00. [March 2009 aerial image by Independent Mapping Consultants Inc]

Volume calculations from the 2010 monitoring efforts show that the nourished portion of Reach 7 (project Reach C) is gaining sand, while the rest of Reach 7 has eroded since March 2010 (Fig 3.4). Since September 2009, the southwest end of the reach from station 330+00 to 338+00 (from the ocean to the middle of the 17<sup>th</sup> fairway) shows the most accretion (Fig 3.5). Erosion was observed between stations 340+00 to 350+00 (mid 17<sup>th</sup> fairway to the groin), though most of the erosion occurred between September 2009 and March 2010. The rest of the reach, north of the groin, was generally accretional and again showed the most change between September 2009 and March 2010.



**FIGURE 3.4**. Unit volumes for stations in Dewees Inlet relative to the pre-nourishment condition of March 2008. Profiles in the southwestern portion of the reach ( $17^{th}$  green –  $18^{th}$  tee) have accreted following the project, while the remaining stations have been stable or have eroded. Values greater than 0 cy/ft indicate the station retains more sand than the pre-nourishment condition, regardless of the trend from July 2008 to September 2009.





Reach 7 gained a total of ~15,400 cy between September 2009 and March 2010, and another ~5,700 cy between March and September 2010. This translates into an average annual gain of 5.3 cy/ft/yr over the past year. The reach currently contains ~65,500 cy more sand that was present in March 2008 (Fig 3.6). Stations 330+00 through 340+00 have gained ~71,700 cy over that time, while stations 342+00 through 370+00 have lost 6,200 cy. [Note: These results are based on profile volumes between the foredune and -13 ft to -18 ft NAVD. They do not include changes along the Dewees Inlet channel margin between -18 ft and -38 ft, the approximate inlet depth along the reach.]



**FIGURE 3.6.** View looking northwest in Reach 7 in the vicinity of the 17<sup>th</sup> green of the Wild Dunes Links Course in October 2007 (upper) and March 2010 (lower).

Reach 6 – Property Owners Beach House to Dewees Inlet



Reach 6 (Fig 3.7, previous page) extends from the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House northeast ~4,900 ft to the 18<sup>th</sup> fairway, where the beach turns into Dewees Inlet (stations 280+00 to 328+00, Fig 3.8). This area has been highly impacted by shoal-bypassing events since the island's formation. Depending on the location and timing of bypass events, the shoreline can change hundreds of feet over a period of several months (Kana et al 1985, Gaudiano 1998). As was the case in 2007-2008, the shoreline may encroach on development in this reach when shoal-bypass events are prolonged. Previous studies have suggested that the background, long-term erosion for the northeastern end of IOP is between 15,000 cy/yr and 30,000 cy/yr, even though the estimated average volume of sand added by each shoal-bypass event is ~500,000 cy (CSE 2007a). This means that, while large fluctuations in the shoreline and severe local erosion may occur, the long-term erosion rate for the area is relatively low. Sand simply migrates from one area of the beach to another and is either transported back to Dewees Inlet or downcoast to IOP, eventually being replaced by offshore sand through another shoal-bypassing event.



**FIGURE 3.8.** Reach 6 spans from the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House (station 280+00) to the 18<sup>th</sup> fairway of the Wild Dunes Links Course (station 328+00). The approximate limits of nourishment Reach B are identified by the yellow bar. March 2009 aerial image by Independent Mapping Consultants Inc.

Prior to nourishment in June 2008, most of Reach 6 was severely eroded with profile volumes seaward of development well below an ideal condition. Property owners had sandbags piled against buildings for protection, and little or no dry beach was present (see Fig 1.3). The condition was beginning to improve just before the nourishment as the shoal attaching at the western end of the reach was in Stage 3 of the bypass cycle. Sand was moving from the shoal toward Dewees Inlet, but not quickly enough to restore the beach along most properties north of the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House.

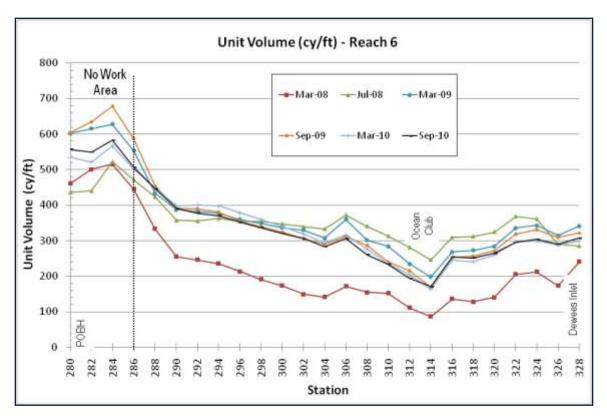
Additional sand was needed to supplement the natural sand transport condition. Between March and July 2008, ~628,000 cy of sand were added to the reach through nourishment and natural spreading of sand from the shoal (the design volume for this reach was 550,000 cy). Average profile unit volumes increased from 226 cy/ft to 355 cy/ft (calculated to -10 ft NAVD).

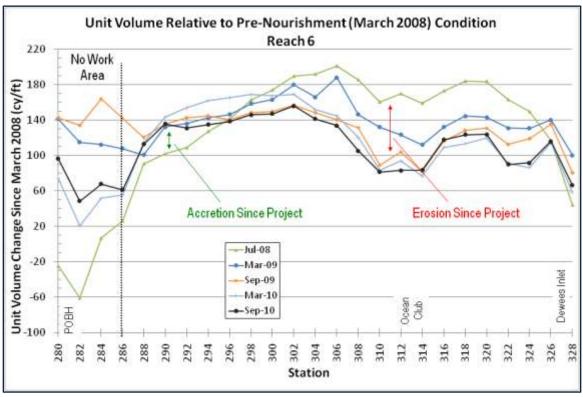
Since July 2008, the reach has shown accretion in the western portion and erosion in the central and eastern portions (Fig 3.9). Accretion in the western area of the reach is a result of the emergence and attachment of two shoals off the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House. The first shoal formed shortly after completion of the project, originating on the same "swash platform" which produced the "2006" shoal. Wave action moved sand from the seaward end of the shoal toward the beach, where it built on itself to produce a visible sandbar in the vicinity of the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House. The second shoal formed by April 2010 (cf – Fig 3.7), and attached around September 2010. The new shoal attached a few hundred feet to the north of the previous shoal. These changes are reflected in the profiles of Figure 3.10.

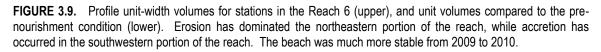
The unnourished portion of Reach 6 (between the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House and Mariners Walk) lost ~60,500 cy between September 2009 and March 2010, though was accretional between March and September 2010, gaining 11,500 cy. This area contains the most volume of sand per foot along Isle of Palms at over 550 cy/ft, measured to -10 ft NAVD.

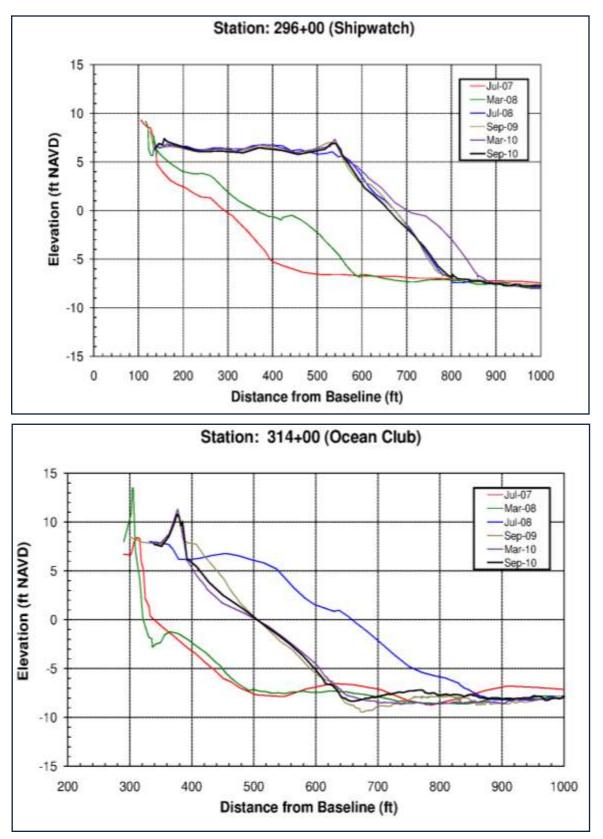
Between September 2009 and March 2010, the area between Mariners Walk and Port O Call showed accretion, averaging 11.3 cy/ft. The remainder of the reach (between Port O Call and the 18<sup>th</sup> fairway eroded an average of 14.8 cy/ft. Between March 2010 and September 2010, the reach was relatively stable, with minor erosion from stations 288+00 through 306+00 (Beach Club Villas to Port O Call) averaging 5.0 cy/ft, and stability or minor accretion from Seascape to the north end of the reach. Overall, the reach lost ~79,000 cy (16.1 cy/ft) between September 2009 and March 2010, and ~17,600 cy (3.6 cy/ft) between March and September 2010.

Overall, Reach 6 contains ~537,400 cy (110.0 cy/ft) more sand than the pre-nourishment (March 2008) condition, and ~90,000 cy (18.4 cy/ft) less sand than the post-nourishment (July 2008) condition (Fig 3.11).









**FIGURE 3.10.** Profiles from stations in Reach 6. Station 296+00 has remained stable since July 2008, while station 314+00 has experienced significant erosion. Erosion at 314+00 (near the Ocean Club complex) slowed between September 2009 and March 2010, and the beach stabilized through September 2010.





#### FIGURE 3.11.

**[UPPER]** View south in December 2007 near Summer Dunes Lane prior to the project.

[MIDDLE LEFT] View north in December 2007 near Summer Dunes Lane prior to the project

**[MIDDLE RIGHT]** View north of the same area in June 2008 immediately following the project.

**[LOWER]** The same area in September 2010 looking south (left image) and west (right image).

[Photos by S. Traynum and Weeks Marine]







Reach 5 – 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue to Property Owners Beach House



Reach 5 (Fig 3.12, previous page) spans ~6,000 ft between 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue and the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House (Fig 3.13, stations 222+00 thru 280+00) and encompasses project Reach A. Like Reach 6, this area is greatly influenced by shoal-bypass events, especially at the northern end of the reach where the majority of shoals attach to the beach. Prior to the 2008 nourishment, an erosional arc had formed in the area of the Wild Dunes Grand Pavilion (Fig 3.14, station ~248+00). Erosional arcs are typical in areas adjacent to shoal attachment sites because of wave refraction and sediment transport reversals, which drive sand from these areas into the lee of the shoal during Stages 1 and 2 of the shoal-bypass cycle. Immediately prior to nourishment, the "2006" shoal had completely attached (Stage 3) at the northern end of the reach, and sand was beginning to spread into the eroded areas.



**FIGURE 3.13.** Reach 5 spans from 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue (station 222+00) to the Wild Dunes POBH (station 280+00). The approximate limits of nourishment Reach A are identified by the green bar. [March 2009 aerial image by Independent Mapping Consultants Inc]

Reach 5 gained ~318,000 cy of sand between March and July 2008, which includes nourishment and natural accretion from the shoal attachment (cf – Table 3.2). The design volume was 270,000 cy, and CSE estimates ~340,000 cy of sand were added to the project area between March and July 2008. [Note the project reach limits differ from the monitoring reach, producing the difference in accretion numbers.] Design fill unit volumes were ~75 cy/ft throughout area A, decreasing in the taper sections. Dry beach width increased up to ~225 ft in this reach.

The northern portion of Reach 5 was highly erosional prior to the nourishment project, losing up to 45 cy/ft between July 2007 and March 2008. The rest of the reach was more stable, gaining sand at most stations. Erosion prior to the project was due to spreading of the "2006" shoal, which was attached to the beach in 2007 at the northern end of the reach. The bulge of sand created an unnatural shape in the shoreline until wave action worked this area into a straighter shoreline between 2007 and 2008.



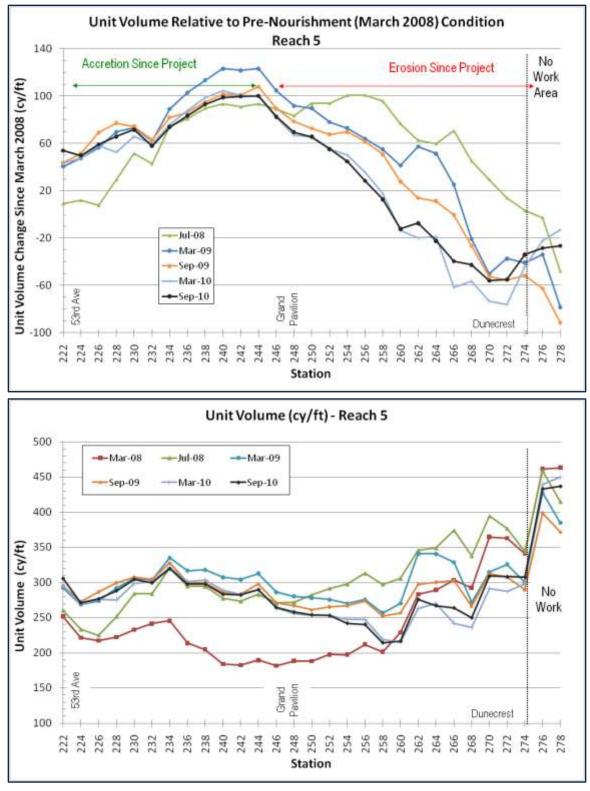
**FIGURE 3.14**. Reach 5 and Reach 6 in September 2007 (upper), March 2009 (middle) and April 2010 (lower). Note the erosional arc in the 2007 image adjacent to the Wild Dunes Grand Pavilion (left center of image). The "2008" shoal is visible in the middle image, and the "2010" shoal in the lower image.

Since project completion in June 2008, emergence of new shoals off the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House has caused the northern two-thirds of the reach to erode rapidly as sand from this area was deposited in the area directly behind the attaching shoal (in Reach 6). Erosion peaked by March 2010, with portions of the reach showing total losses of ~76 cy/ft relative to the March 2008 condition (Fig 3.15). Between March and September 2010, stations near Dunecrest Lane gained ~14-22 cy/ft. While these stations have shown significant erosion since 2008, they still retain similar overall unit volumes relative to the southern parts of the reach. Figure 3.15 (lower) shows total unit volumes for the reach, and the graph shows that the northern end of the reach contained a larger volume of sand in 2008 than did the southern end (due to the 2006 shoal). Additional shoal-bypass events in 2009 and 2010 have again added sand to the northernmost part of the reach, increasing total unit volumes and contributing to the accretion observed between March and September 2010.

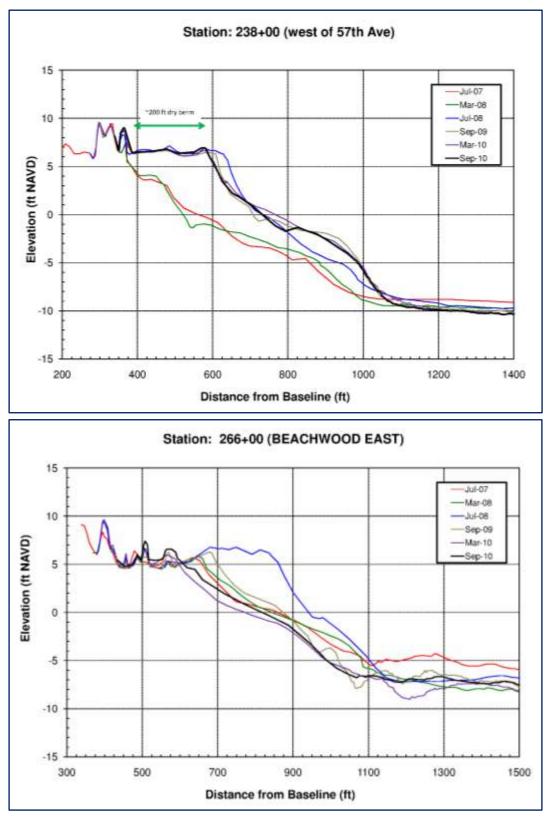
Stations to the south of the Grand Pavilion (station 246+00) generally showed less erosion since September 2009, with stations between  $55^{th}$  and  $57^{th}$  Avenues losing an average of 3.5 cy/ft over the past year (Fig 3.16). Stations between  $54^{th}$  and  $55^{th}$  Avenues showed greater erosion, losing between 10.0 and 22.1 cy/ft. Since completion of the project (July 2008), the area between  $53^{rd}$  Avenue and the Grand Pavilion has averaged 15.1 cy/ft accretion, while the remaining portion of the reach has averaged 65.9 cy/ft erosion. Stations 260+00 through 274+00 (Beachwood East) currently retain less sand than the pre-nourishment condition (ie – all nourishment sand has been eroded from this area). Despite the erosion, it is important to note that the fill quantity in this area was generally small because it was essentially healthy prior to the project.

Despite recent erosion along the northern half of Reach 5, a dry beach area and growing dunes still exist because of the influx of sand associated with attaching shoals (Fig 3.17). At least 300 ft of beach/dunes exist between the high tide line and structures in the reach. The "2008" shoal was completely attached by September 2009, and sand had begun to spread from the shoal as evidenced by the reduced erosion rates. Another shoal forming and attaching in 2010 ("2010" shoal) at the south end of Reach 6 has accounted for accretion at the north end of Reach 5.

Overall, Reach 5 lost ~118,400 cy (19.7 cy/ft) of sand since July 2008 which includes a gain of 16,700 cy (2.8 cy/ft) between March and September 2010. Total erosion from September 2009 to September 2010 was ~46,300 cy (7.7 cy/ft). As noted previously, most of the erosion is accounted for in the northern half of the reach.



**FIGURE 3.15.** Profile unit-width volumes in Reach 5 (upper), and unit volume compared to the pre-nourishment condition of March 2008 (lower). Erosion in the northern part of the reach (stations 250-278) is associated with erosion of excess sand resulting from shoal attachment events in 2006, 2009, and 2010.



**FIGURE 3.16.** Profiles from station 238+00 (upper) and 266+00 (lower) in Reach 5. Station 238 has remained fairly stable while the Beachwood East area eroded rapidly between July 2008 and March 2010, then gained sand between March 2010 and September 2010. Despite the erosion, a wide dune field still offers protection for structures in this area.



**FIGURE 3.17.** View northeast from station 254+00 (adjacent to Seagrove Villas) prior to the project in October 2007 (upper) and views northeast (middle left) and southwest (middle right) in September 2009. View from station 248+00 (lower) looking landward in September 2010. An erosional arc associated with the 2006 shoal-bypass event had formed in this area prior to the project (see Fig 3.15). The dark-colored band of sediments in the upper photo are "heavy minerals" such as illmenite which concentrate at the base of dunes along eroding shorelines. Light-colored sands are typically quartz and feldspar in this setting.

## IOP Reaches 2–4 (6<sup>th</sup> Avenue to 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue)

Reaches 2–4 represent the central portion of the island and have historically been stable to accretional over the past century. The reaches are considered to be outside of the direct influence of Dewees and Breach Inlets and are classified as "S" for standard erosion zones by SCDHEC-OCRM. Erosion/accretion signatures along "S" zones tend to be predictable over the long term. Short-term changes in sand volume are generally smaller in magnitude than in areas close to inlets (SCSGC 2001).

Together, Reaches 2–4 represent 17,810 ft of shoreline between 6<sup>th</sup> and 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenues (Fig 3.18). CSE established profile stations at 1,000-ft spacing as well as reoccupied monuments established by SCDHEC-OCRM, which have been surveyed generally every year since the early 1990s. CSE profiles were obtained in March and September of 2009 and 2010 as part of the present monitoring agreement between the City and CSE.

From March 2009 to September 2009, the three reaches lost ~34,000 cy of sand over the ~18,000 ft of shoreline represented. This translates to a unit volume change of 1.93 cy/ft (erosion), which is opposite the historical trend (SCSGC 2001). Between September 2009 and March 2010, these areas accreted ~61,700 cy (3.5 cy/ft); and between March and September 2010, Reaches 2–4 gained 98,300 cy (5.5 cy/ft). Total change (accretion) in Reaches 2–4 from September 2009 to September 2010 was ~160,000 cy (9.0 cy/ft). Unit volume changes from March 2009 to September 2010 are shown in Figure 3.19 for each profile. Detailed volume changes for each of the three reaches follows.

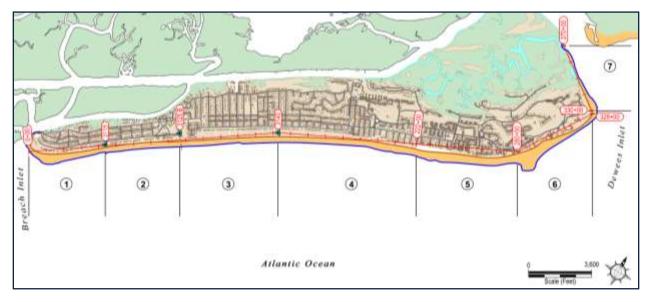
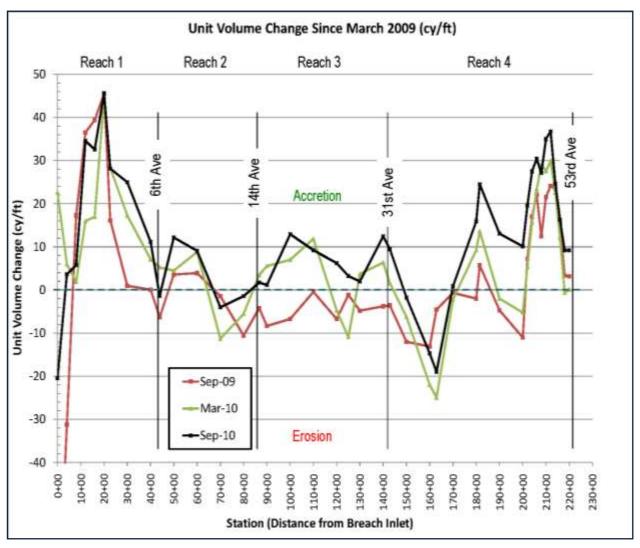


FIGURE 3.19. Monitoring reach boundaries.



**FIGURE 3.19.** Profile unit-width volume change (cy/ft) between March 2009 and later dates for Reaches 1-4. CSE established and surveyed profiles spaced 1,000 ft apart in the Isle of Palms reaches and reoccupied monuments surveyed annually by SCDHEC-OCRM. Historically, these reaches have been accretional; however, between March and September 2009, most stations outside of the influence of the inlet or project were erosional. Since September 2009, most stations have shown accretion and are currently healthier than the March 2009 condition (ie – where the black line is greater than zero). Change is relative to the March 2009 condition.

## Reach 4 – 31<sup>st</sup> Avenue to 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue

Reach 4 spans 7,910 ft between 31<sup>st</sup> Avenue and 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue (stations OCRM 3140 to CSE 222+00, Fig 3.20). It is immediately downdrift of the 2008 nourishment project and, therefore, should benefit from losses of nourishment sand from the project area. The reach lost ~1,800 cy (0.2 cy/ft) between March and September 2009, but has gained sand since then. Between September 2009 and September 2010, net erosion was observed at stations 160+00 and OCRM 3145 (1.6 cy/ft and 14.5 cy/ft loss, respectively) (Fig 3.21). Accretion was observed at all other stations (since September 2009), averaging 10.9 cy/ft. Highest accretion rates were observed between stations 180+00 and 204+00 (40<sup>th</sup> Avenue and the Citadel beach house), averaging 16.4 cy/ft. Overall the reach gained 8,900 cy (1.1 cy/ft) between September 2009 and March 2010, and 64,500 cy (8.2 cy/ft) between March and September 2010 for a total change over the past year of +73,400 cy (9.3 cy/ft).

Historical accretion along this reach (combined with sufficient setbacks for development) has led to a substantial dune system between most structures and the beach. As long as there is slow steady accretion, the foredune will continue to build wider and higher, offering more storm protecttion to property behind the dunes (Fig 3.22).

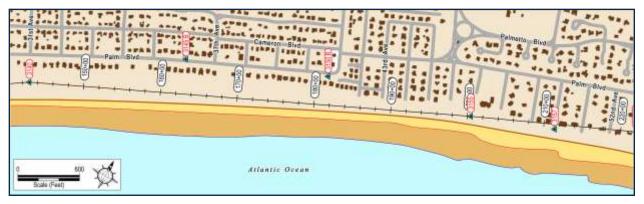
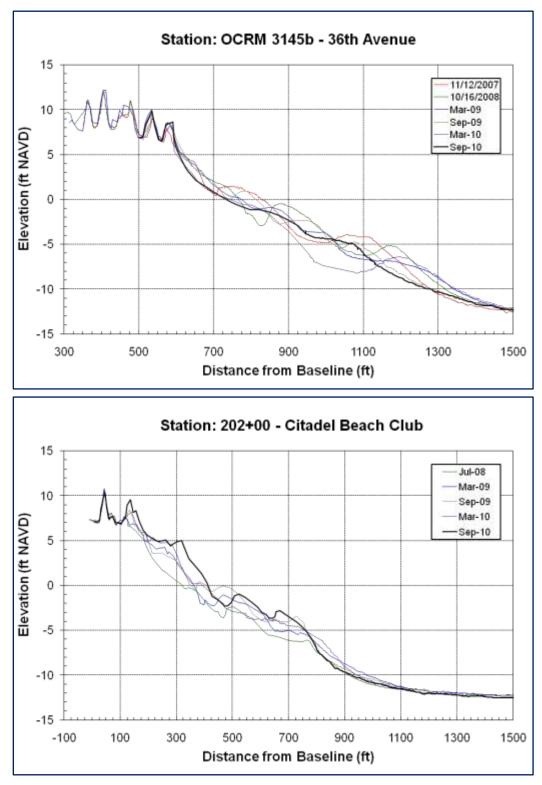


FIGURE 3.21. Reach 4 spans from stations OCRM 3140 (31st Avenue) to CSE 222+00 (53rd Avenue).



**FIGURE 3.21.** Profiles from OCRM station 3145 (upper) in Reach 4 showing net erosion since March 2009; however, this station accreted between March and September 2010. Profile 202+00, near the Citadel Beach House has accreted over 100 ft since the nourishment project in 2008.



## Reach 3 – The Pier to 31<sup>st</sup> Avenue

Reach 3 spans the oceanfront between the pier and 31<sup>st</sup> Avenue (OCRM monuments 3125 to 3140, Fig 3.23). As previously mentioned, the long-term trend in this area is stable to accretional. Profiles from OCRM station 3135 (near 27<sup>th</sup> Avenue) show the beach in this area has gained ~40 ft in width at the +5-ft NAVD contour (Fig 3.24) over the past ten years. A similar trend is evident at OCRM station 3125 (14<sup>th</sup> Avenue) with dune growth and beach widening over the past ten years.

Reach 3 was the most erosional of the IOP reaches between March and September 2009, losing ~25,600 cy (4.6 cy/ft). Since September 2009, the reach has recovered, gaining 46,800 cy (8.3 cy/ft) from September 2009 to March 2010, and 19,200 cy (3.4 cy/ft) from March to September 2010. Total volume change in Reach 3 over the past year was ~66,000 cy (11.7 cy/ft).

All stations in the reach currently contain more sand than the March 2009 condition (Fig 3.24). Individual gains from September 2009 to September 2010 ranged from 4.4 cy/ft to 19.7 cy/ft. Four out of the eight stations in the reach showed minor erosion between March and September 2010; however, the average change for all stations in the reach was 3.3 cy/ft accretion during that period. These changes highlight the fact that short-term fluctuations in unit volume are typical, even in historically accreting beaches. Erosion at intermittent stations in this area is likely a result of the positions of the underwater bar around the time of the surveys. As bars migrate onshore/offshore and alongshore, unit volumes at any given station fluctuate rapidly. Averaging over the reach generally accounts for such effects.

Figure 3.25 shows the beach condition in September 2009.

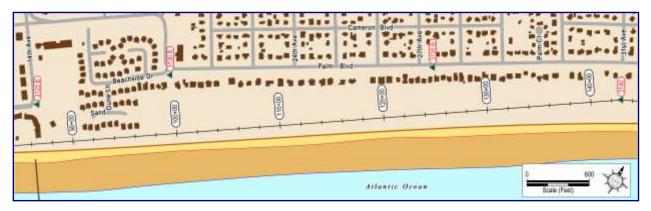
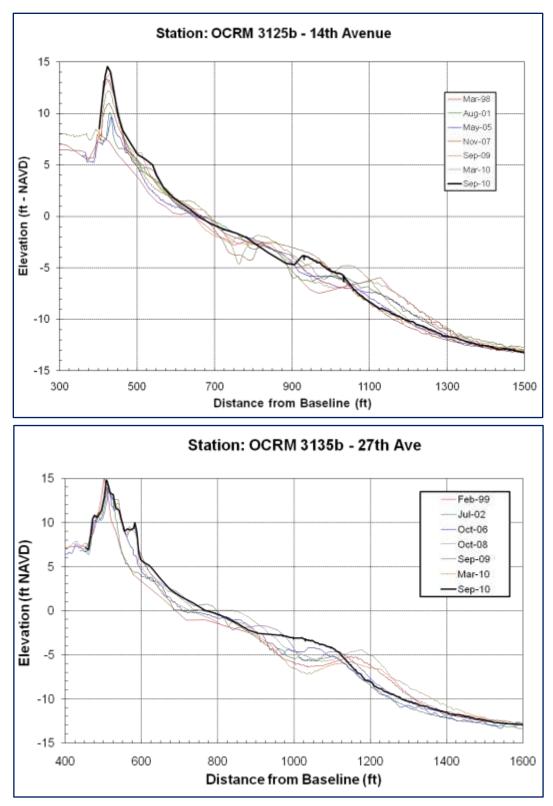


FIGURE 3.23. Reach 3 spans from station OCRM 3125 (pier) to station OCRM 3140 (31st Avenue).



**FIGURE 3.24.** Profiles from OCRM station 3125 (upper) and OCRM station 3135 (lower), showing long-term accretion since 1999. Protective dunes reach to +15 ft NAVD in this area and have been building since 1998. [Profiles prior to March 2009 courtesy SCDHEC-OCRM.]



**FIGURE 3.25.** Views northeast (upper) of station OCRM 3125 (just north of the pier) and southwest (lower) of station OCRM 3135 near 27<sup>th</sup> Avenue.

# Reach 2 – 6<sup>th</sup> Avenue to the Pier

Reach 2 spans 4,280 ft between 6<sup>th</sup> Avenue and the pier (OCRM monuments 3115–3125, Fig 3.26). All stations in this reach except statioin 70+00 showed net accretion since September 2009. The reach showed a net gain of ~20,700 cy (4.8 cy/ft) between September 2009 and September 2010. Reach 2 had lost 1.6 cy/ft from March to September 2009. OCRM station 3115 (6<sup>th</sup> Avenue) has been fairly stable since 2002 (Fig 3.27) as evidenced by the growth of dunes. As of September 2010, station 3115 contained ~5.9 cy/ft more sand than the July 2002 condition. A small scarp was present in September 2009 near station 60+00 (8<sup>th</sup> Avenue) but had healed by September 2010 (Fig 3.28).

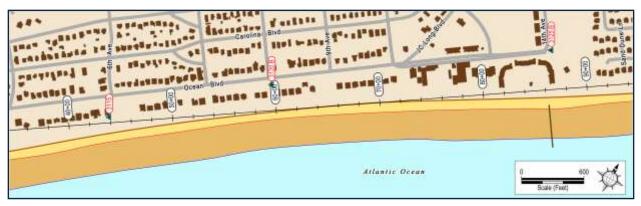
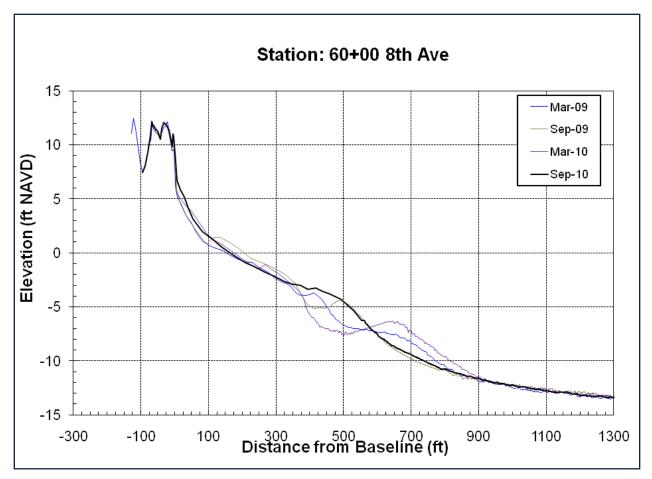


FIGURE 3.26. Reach 2 spans from OCRM 3115 (6th Avenue) to OCRM 3125 (pier).

# Long-Term Trends in the Central Reaches (2-4)

CSE used profile data collected by the state of South Carolina to determine long-term volume change along the central portion of the Isle of Palms (between 6<sup>th</sup> Avenue and 41<sup>st</sup> Avenue). The state has collected profiles since the 1980s; however, only since 1998 have the profiles encompassed the entire beach profile to closure depth (ie – the depth at which measurable change in the bottom approaches zero). CSE has reoccupied OCRM monuments since March 2009 and combined those data with the state profiles to produce an approximate 12-year record of sand volumes.

Profile volumes from 1998 to 2010 are shown in Figure 3.29 for the OCRM stations in the IOP reaches (away from the influence of tidal inlets). The plots show generally increasing unit volumes at each station with the 2010 condition always showing greater volume than the 1998 condition. Two instances where erosion was present at the majority of stations occurred between 2001 and 2002, and between 2008 and 2009.

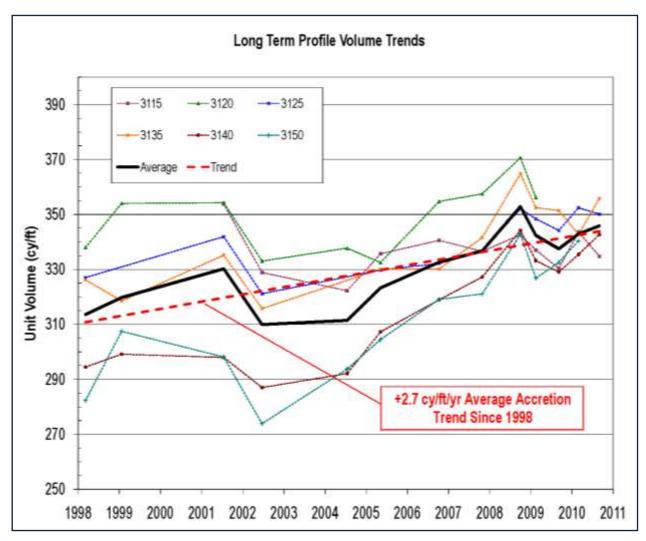


**FIGURE 3.27.** Profiles from station 60+00 (8<sup>th</sup> Avenue) in Reach 2. Note negligible change in elevation below -12 ft NAVD, the volume calculation limit.

Between August 2001 and July 2002, the stations lost an average of ~20 cy/ft; however, it should be noted that the offshore data from August 2001 is anomalously higher than other dates, suggesting that the data may contain an error. True volumes are likely less than those calculated for August 2001, which would reduce the erosion measured from these profiles between 2001 and 2002. CSE calculated the long-term accretion rate with and without the August 2001 data. The 12-year trend for average unit volume change in the central reaches (2-4) is accretion at 2.9 cy/ft/yr (2.7 cy/ft/yr including the August 2001 data). The average unit volume decreased by ~15 cy/ft between October 2008 and September 2009; however, it increased by ~8 cy/ft between September 2009 and September 2010.



**FIGURE 3.28**. September 2010 photos from (upper) station OCRM 3115 (6<sup>th</sup> Avenue) and (lower) station 80+00 (just south of the pier). Dune scarping was present along portions of this reach in 2009. By September 2010, natural accretion had healed the erosional escarpments.



**FIGURE 3.29**. Long-term volume change in Reaches 2–4. Data obtained by the State were used to compute an ~12-year trend, showing an average annual accretion of ~2.7 cy/ft/yr between OCRM stations 3115 and 3150.

#### Reach 1 – Breach Inlet

Reach 1, between Breach Inlet and 6<sup>th</sup> Avenue (Fig 3.30), is classified as an unstabilized inlet erosion zone due to the dynamic nature of the shoals associated with the inlet delta. While labeled as unstable, the long-term trend for this reach is accretional with an estimated growth of ~8.9 ft/yr (linear beach width). The historical accretion trend in this reach is due to a plentiful sand supply from upcoast and sand trapping by the Breach Inlet ebb-tidal delta. Sand supply originates from shoal-bypass events at Dewees Inlet and longshore sand transport from north to south over the length of Isle of Palms. Excess sand is deposited along the southern spit of the island (Reach 1) and in the Breach Inlet ebb-tidal delta. Shoals of Breach Inlet form a protuberance in the shoreline, which backs sand up along the oceanfront much like a terminal groin traps sand. Changes in this area are related to bars from the inlet delta migrating onto the beach or marginal flood channels moving landward or seaward. Such natural processes lead to rapid changes in the beach volume compared to the central IOP reaches.

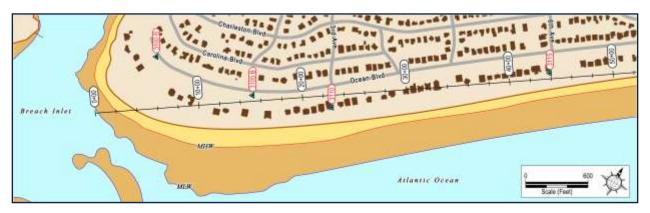
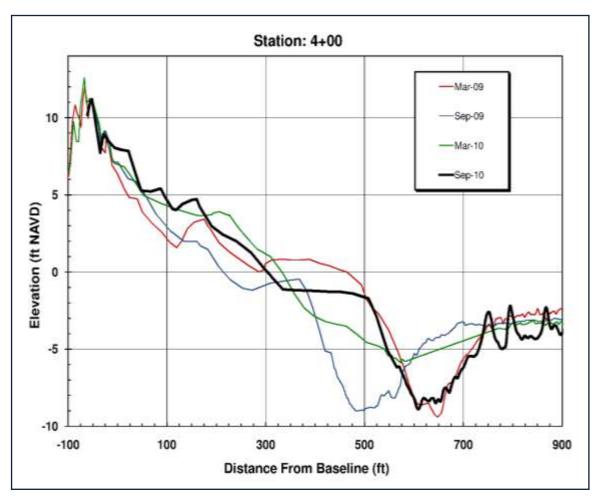


FIGURE 3.30. Reach 1 spans ~4,200 ft from Breach Inlet to OCRM station 3115 (6th Avenue).

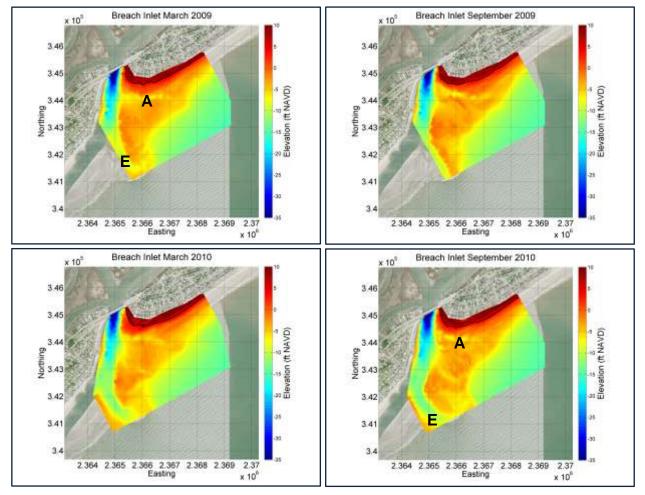
Between March and September 2009, the two stations closest to Breach Inlet (0+00 and 4+00) were highly erosional, while the remaining stations in the reach showed accretion. Stations 8+00 through OCRM 3110 (3<sup>rd</sup> Avenue) each gained over 15 cy/ft, including gains over 35 cy/ft for stations 12+00 through 20+00. Stations 30+00 and 40+00 were more stable, only gaining 1.0 and 0.1 cy/ft (respectively).

Since September 2009, the reach has gained ~52,900 cy (12.1 cy/ft) of sand. Erosion averaging 6.7 cy/ft occurred between stations 8+00 and 16+00; however, stations to the north and south accreted an average of 11.8 cy/ft and 29.9 cy/ft (respectively). The marginal flood channel running north(east) along the beach at Breach Inlet moved landward between March and September 2009, causing significant reductions in beach volume at station 0+00 to station 8+00 (Fig 3.31). By September 2010, the channel had shifted seaward, nearly matching its position of March 2009. Fluctuations in the position of the marginal flood channel have a direct impact on the beach although changes are often temporary. The long-term trend around Breach Inlet is accretion, and this will continue as long sediment from northern Isle of Palms migrates downcoast.



**FIGURE 3.31.** Profiles from station 4+00 near Breach Inlet. A marginal flood channel migrated landward between March and September 2009, but had returned to its March 2009 position as of September 2010.

Figure 3.32 shows color DTMs of the northeastern shoal of Breach Inlet. It is apparent from the models that the marginal flood channel migrated landward between March and September 2009, moving seaward since then. Prior to 2009, the main (ebb) inlet channel was oriented to the southwest in front of Sullivan's Island (not visible in the models) while a secondary ebb channel (E on Fig 3.32) was in the formative stage. The secondary ebb channel widened and deepened after March 2009, and its seaward end deflected slightly to the southeast. This may indicate a channel avulsion event at Breach Inlet with sand on the west side of the new channel being available to attach to Sullivan's Island in the near future (Fig 3.33).



**FIGURE 3.32**. Color DTMs of Breach Inlet and neighboring IOP shoreline. Note the marginal flood channel (A) migrated closer to the beach between March and September 2009, but moved seaward again by September 2010. The secondary ebb channel (E) at the lower left edge of each image has become more defined since March 2009. A likely channel avulsion event is occurring where the main inlet channel realigns from a westward to a southerly orientation. The +5 ft NAVD contour is shown as the black line. This is the approximate location of the normal high-tide wave run-up limit.



**FIGURE 3.33**. Aerial image of Breach Inlet taken 28 April 2010 (SB Traynum). The secondary ebb channel (E) has become more developed since 2009, likely indicating a channel avulsion event. If this is the case, the linear sandbar (S) will likely migrate onshore and accrete along the Sullivan's Island oceanfront. A marginal flood channel (M) is visible adjacent to the southern end of Isle of Palms.

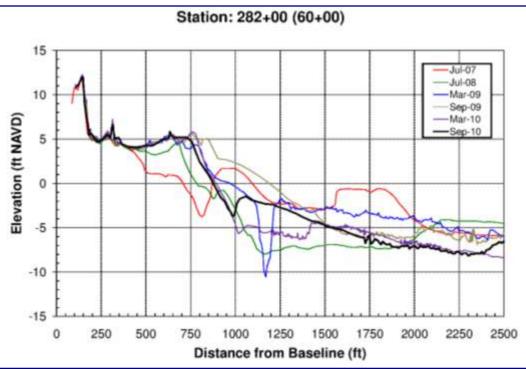
## 3.2 Shoal Bypassing

Between March and September 2009, a bypassing shoal ("2008" shoal) fully attached to the beach just north of the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House. It originated from the same platform of sand as the previous shoal-bypass event, which ultimately led to the need for the nourishment project. In March 2009, the "2008" shoal was separated from the beach by a narrow and relatively deep channel as seen in the 2009 aerial image (cf – Fig 3.14) and profile from station 282+00 (Fig 3.34). Using a DTM from the March 2009 monitoring data, CSE estimates ~330,000 cy of sand came ashore in the "2008" shoal. This shoal had completely attached by September 2009.

Another shoal emerged by April of 2010 (Fig 3.34). This shoal appeared smaller than the previous shoal and attached a few hundred feet to the north of the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House. The shoal emerged and attached quickly, and is estimated to contain less than 100,000 cy of sand. Net accretion was observed in the shoal attachment area (between stations 260+00 and 286+00) between March and September 2010, as the shoal attached to the beach. This resulted in some recovery of the most severely eroded portions of Reach 5 (near Dunecrest Lane). Recovery was also observed near the 18<sup>th</sup> hole of the Wild Dunes Links Course as sand that had recently added (via the 2010 shoal attachment) to the southern portion of Reach 6 (between Mariners Walk and Summer Dunes Lane) eroded and was transported north. CSE anticipates that the shoreline in the shoal attachment area will erode over the next several months as attached sand spreads laterally.

The two shoals that emerged following the nourishment project built from a large platform of sand on the southern side of the Dewees Inlet delta. The platform, which slopes offshore in the vicinity of the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House, is estimated to contain over 4.3 million cubic yards of sand. This value includes only the portion of the delta downcoast of the inlet and excludes the offshore shoals to the east and north of the Dewees Inlet channel. It is likely that this platform will continue to be a source of sand for shoal-bypass events. Shoals are built as sand from the outer portions of the platform is transported landward by wave action. As more sand is added, the shoals build higher and, in turn, experience more breaking wave energy. Once shoals are emergent, they tend to migrate faster than submerged bars. Just as discrete waves can be observed moving toward the beach, discrete shoals produce episodic bypassing events every few years.





**FIGURE 3.34. [UPPER]** April 2010 aerial image of the northeast end of Isle of Palms. The shoal off the Wild Dunes POBH (red line at station 282+00) was ~300 ft from the shoreline at this time and was completely attached by September 2010. Section 1 indicates the location of the profile shown in Fig 3.39. **[LOWER]** Profiles from station 282+00 near the Wild Dunes POBH show the landward migration of shoals since 2007. Note the "2006" shoal (red line) attached to the shoreline with an ephemeral lagoon in July 2007 and completely welded to the beach in July 2008 (green line). The "2008" shoal almost attached in March 2009 (blue line) and attached in September 2009 (brown line). The newest shoal was much smaller than the previous two, and was ~300 ft from the beach in March 2010 (purple line) and essentially attached in September 2010 (black line). Note 0 ft NAVD is approximate mean sea level.

## 3.3 Dewees Inlet and Delta

Dewees Inlet's ebb-tidal delta is the sand source responsible for the historical accretion along the Isle of Palms. Since the 1950s, the seaward end of the main channel has been deflected to the south due to dominant wave forcing from the northeast driving sand to the southwest. The southerly deflection results in the large platform of sand in the nearshore of the northeastern end of the island (discussed in the previous section). The channel has generally been bounded by a large sand shoal on the northeast and southeast, separated by a secondary channel which ran parallel to the inlet (between Isle of Palms and Dewees Island). The cross-sectional area of the inlet (measured at station 362+00) is ~35,000 square feet (ft<sup>2</sup>) (3,250 m<sup>2</sup>) and shows long-term stability.

While the Dewees Inlet delta has remained in a fairly similar position since the 1950s, recent observations (since 2007) suggest large-scale changes are occurring. An event occurring in the 1940s shows features similar to present conditions within the inlet. The aerial photos from the 1940s and 1950's suggest there was a channel avulsion event which realigned the main ebb channel from a southwest to a southeast orientation. This allowed a significant quantity of sand to attach to the beach, creating a barrier beach/lagoon system in the process. Note the presence of the feature (arrow) in the 1949 image (Fig 3.35). The barrier beach was pushed onshore over the next decade, closing the lagoon and adding a large sand supply to the Isle of Palms beach. Aerial photos from the event are shown in Figure 3.35.

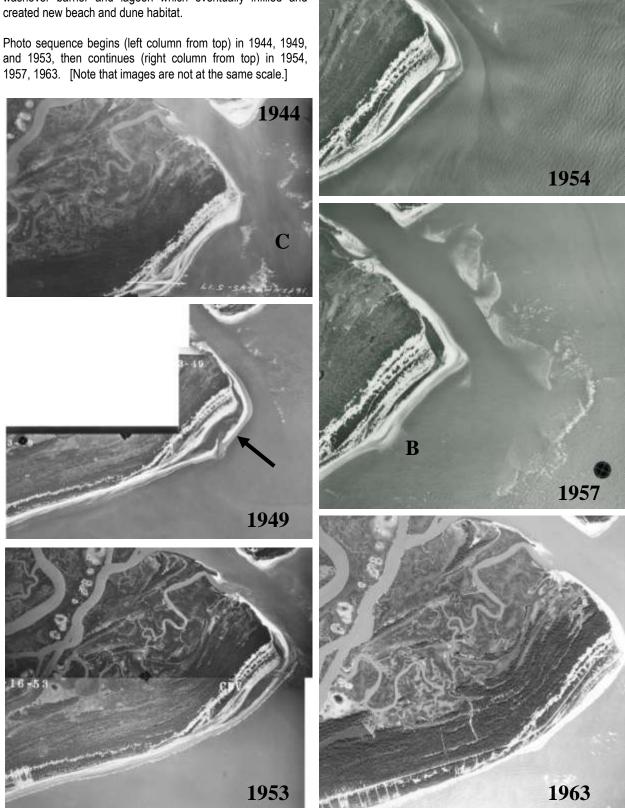
Perhaps the most significant observation from the sequence of photos in Figure 3.35 is that in 1944, the inlet channel (C) was oriented to the southeast. This differs from the southwest orientation of the outer channel observed in 1957 (and possibly 1954). Also of note in the 1944 image is the extensive, sparsely vegetated beach/dune area. Lack of dense shrub vegetation indicates that a broad section of the oceanfront accreted, likely within the previous 10–20 years. At some point prior to 1944, the active beach was positioned in the vicinity of the stable tree line but accreted rapidly, leaving the wide sparsely vegetated area that is visible in the 1944 photo.

By 1949, a large shoal had enveloped the northern end of the island. Isolated shoals (visible offshore in the 1944 image) merged and migrated onshore, creating the barrier beach/lagoon system at the northeastern end of Isle of Palms. A central flushing channel for the lagoon can be seen in the 1949 and 1954 images (Fig 3.35). While the orientation of the main inlet channel is difficult to determine from the 1949 and 1954 photos, the 1954 photo does show deflection of flows to the southwest, indicating the channel was probably oriented to the southwest at that time. It is clear by 1957 that the channel is deflected to the southwest. Between 1949 and 1957, the incipient lagoon narrowed as waves overwashed the barrier beach and drove sand into the lagoon.

#### **FIGURE 3.35**.

Sequence of vertical aerial photos of the northeastern end of Isle of Palms, showing a set of photos spanning 1949-1963. A large shoal-bypass event likely due to a channel avulsion impacted the island during this time period, creating a washover barrier and lagoon which eventually infilled and created new beach and dune habitat.

and 1953, then continues (right column from top) in 1954, 1957, 1963. [Note that images are not at the same scale.]



The 1957 photo also shows the first signs of the typical shoal-bypass events which have occurred periodically since then (and have been described in this report), with a bulge in the shoreline (B) created by a recent shoal attachment. By 1963, the incipient lagoon had completely infilled, and the shoreline was shaped similarly to what exists today.

Monitoring efforts by CSE reveal that the ebb-tidal delta of Dewees Inlet has experienced significant changes since 2007. These changes suggest an event similar to the one which occurred in the 1940s–1950s is now in the beginning stages. Whether a similar large-scale event sufficient to produce a barrier beach like the one in 1949 occurs is uncertain. However, a channel avulsion at Dewees Inlet would free more than enough sediment on the downcoast side of the delta to produce a similar feature. This is why comprehensive surveys of the ebb-tidal delta are important. Figures 3.36 through 3.38 show DTMs of the inlet between July 2007 and September 2010 with features of interest labeled:

- A) Dewees Inlet 2007 main channel.
- **B**) The shoal platform and site of recent bypass events.
- C) Offshore shoal on the seaward limit of the Dewees Inlet main channel.
- **D**) Dewees Inlet 2010 main channel and its associated spillover lobe.

Changes in the ebb-tidal delta morphology are evident in the series of DTMs from 2007 to 2010. The most significant changes occurring since September 2009 were the emergence and onshore migration of a small incipient shoal between March and September 2010 (near the area indicated by B in upper Fig 3.38) and continued migration of the outer shoal (C in Fig 3.38) to the southwest. The outer shoal has essentially merged with the sand platform (B) extending from the beach in the vicinity of the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House. The outer shoal has been migrating at a rate of ~630 ft/yr to the southwest (Fig 3.39). CSE expects to see continued movement of the shoal to the southwest over the next year and then increased landward movement after the entirety of the shoal has merged with the sand platform (B).

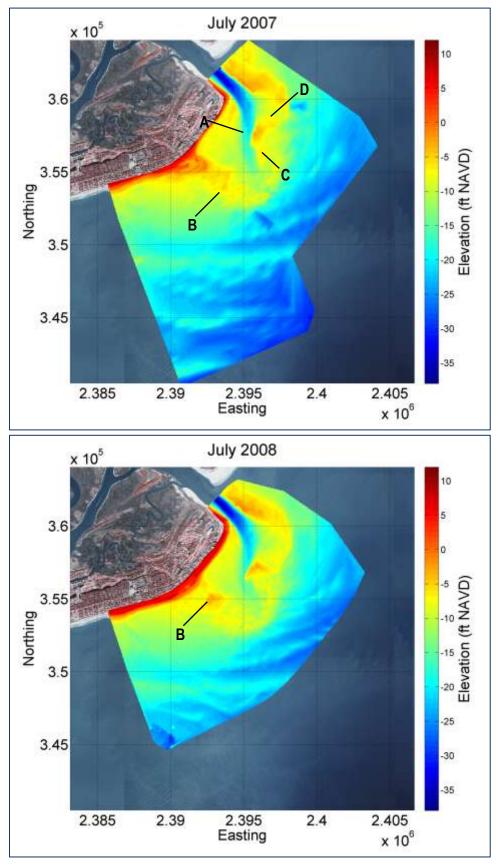
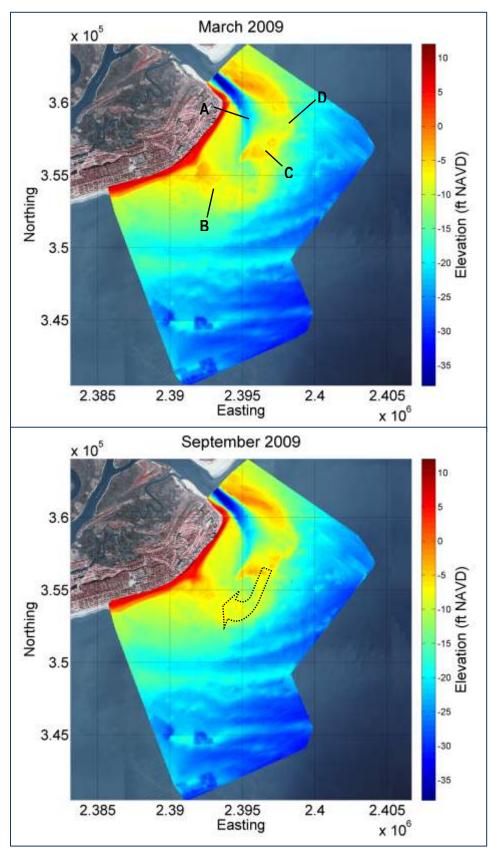
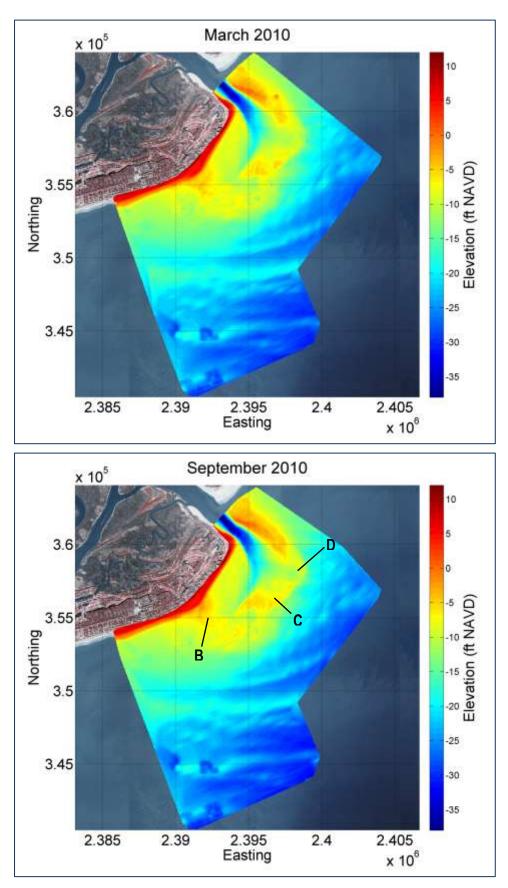


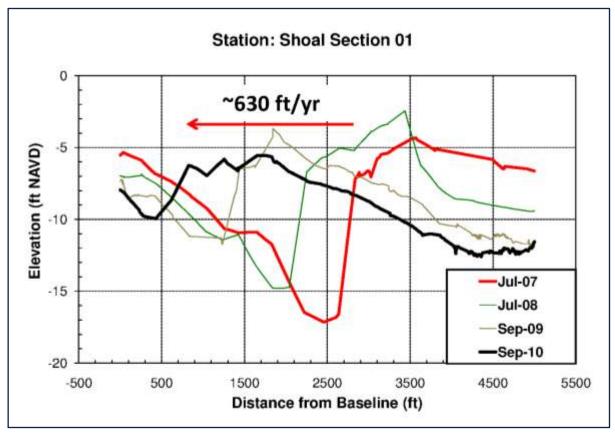
FIGURE 3.36. DTMs from July 2007 (upper) and July 2008 (lower) showing changes in the shoals of the Dewees Inlet ebb-tidal delta. Labels are described in the text.



**FIGURE 3.37.** DTMs from March (upper) and September (lower) 2009 showing changes in the shoals of the Dewees Inlet ebbtidal delta. Labels are described in the text. The general sand transport pathway is highlighted by the arrow. Borrow areas for the project are the small deep-blue patches at the lower corners of the DTMs.



**FIGURE 3.38.** DTMs from March (upper) and September (lower) 2010 showing changes in the shoals of the Dewees Inlet ebbtidal delta. By September 2010, the 2007 main channel essentially closed as the outer shoal (C) merged with the shoal platform (B). Borrow areas for the project are the small deep-blue patches at the lower corners of the DTMs.



**FIGURE 3.39.** Cross-section through the outer portion of the 2007 Dewees Inlet main channel. The section runs generally parallel to the shore beginning offshore of the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House and extending to the northeast. The channel has decreased in width from over 2,000 ft to ~400 ft and has decreased in depth from ~17 ft to ~10 ft since July 2007. See Figure 3.34 for location of the transect.

DTMs produced by CSE show that in response to the narrowing of the main channel, a secondary channel of Dewees Inlet is widening and deepening to accommodate tidal flow. The secondary channel (D) is aligned with the inner portion of the inlet (between Isle of Palms and Dewees Island). In July 2007, the secondary channel was much shallower and less well defined than the main channel (-9 ft compared to -20 ft NAVD). Cross sections running perpendicular to the secondary channel show that it has become wider and deeper since 2007 (sections shown in Appendix C).

The DTMs also show that a new terminal lobe (outer crest of the ebb-tidal delta) is continuing to grow seaward of the secondary channel. This is an indication that ebb-tidal currents have increased through the secondary channel as the main channel has shoaled. Increased velocity is responsible for widening and deepening the secondary channel, and sand removed by this process is being deposited further offshore, forming the new terminal lobe. The lobe grew ~900 ft seaward between July 2007 and September 2009, and ~100-200 ft between September 2009 and September 2010. The terminus of the channel has also begun to shift to the south over the past year. CSE expects the new channel to rotate from southeast to southwest over the next few years.

The outer shoal (C) has elongated in the direction of movement, meaning that a significant quantity of sand lags behind the leading edge. At this point, it is unclear whether all of the sand in the outer shoal will first migrate southwest and merge with the sand platform, or if at some point, the sand will move landward closer to its current position (east of the platform). If the present channel avulsion event progresses similar to the event which occurred during the 1940s–1950s, sand will likely migrate onshore as a long, linear bar exposed throughout most of the tidal cycle. A lagoon may form between the existing beach and the offshore bar as it migrates onshore, persisting for several years if left unaltered.

CSE bases these assumptions of future changes on previous events at Isle of Palms, as well as on a similar event observed at Kiawah Island. CSE has worked intermittently at Kiawah Island since the 1970s, providing shoreline analysis and restoration plans to the Town. Kiawah Island has a similar shape as the Isle of Palms and is controlled by the same shoal-bypassing process which directs the shape of Isle of Palms. There, two large shoal-bypass events, containing an estimated total of 5 million cubic yards of sand migrated onshore, creating a barrier beach/ lagoon system spanning nearly 3 miles around the northeastern end of the island. At the eastern end of Kiawah Island, the quantity of sand was so large that the incipient beach formed dunes of sufficient height to prevent overtopping. This stopped the landward migration of the barrier berm, leaving the new beach ~1,500 ft seaward of the pre-existing beach and forming a mature marsh-filled lagoon between the new beach and the older shoreline (Fig 3.40).



**FIGURE 3.40.** Shoal-bypass events at Kiawah Island. The upper image from 1998 shows two shoals estimated to contain ~5 million cubic yards of sand. Shoal 1 was attached and had built a barrier beach ~1,500 ft seaward of the original shoreline. A marsh was forming in the created lagoon. The second shoal was attached at the north end, but still in Stage 2 of the bypass cycle at the south end. The lower image is the same area in April 2010. By this time the second shoal had completely attached and was in the process of forming a new outer beach. Marsh had developed throughout the lagoon, leaving a network of tidal creeks flushing the new system. [Source: CSE 2007, 2010]

Due to the ongoing channel avulsion at Dewees Inlet, several million cubic yards of sand may be released to the Isle of Palms over the next decade or so. As of September 2010, the leading edge of the offshore shoal was beginning to merge with the existing sand platform attached to the beach. It is likely that more of the offshore shoal will merge with the platform over the next year, then begin to migrate landward. Changes to the beach associated with such a large release of sand are uncertain, but may include significant areas of localized accretion and erosion, much like what was present prior to the 2008 beach restoration project. It is unclear whether sand would migrate ashore as a single large shoal (similar to the 1940s event at Isle of Palms and recent shoal-bypassing events at Kiawah Island – CSE 2005, 2007b, 2009), or whether there would be an increase in scale and frequency of typical shoal-bypass events which have impacted IOP in recent years. The uncertainty of rates and the rapidity of changes in the ebb-tidal delta, inlet channels, and shoal platform point to the importance of annual monitoring.

## 3.4 Project Area Volume Changes

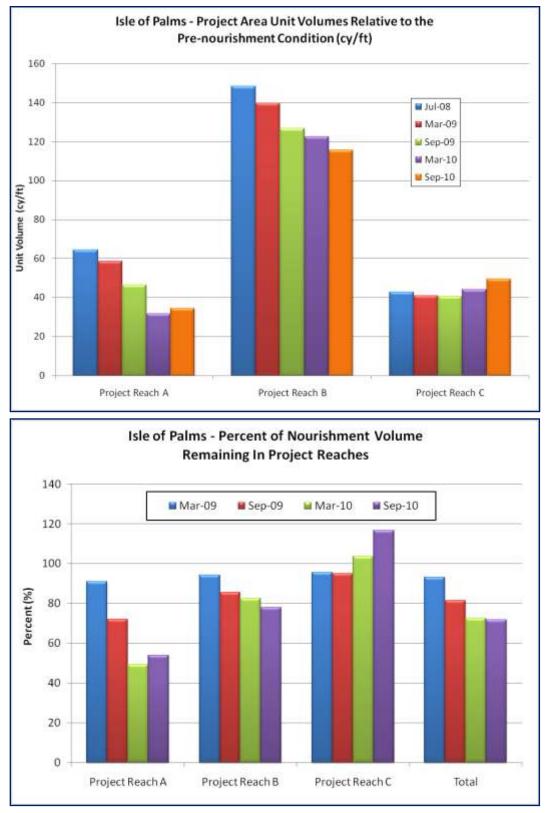
Within the fill limits of the *Dewees Inlet* project area (nourishment Reach C, Fig 3.41), the beach gained sand since September 2009 at all stations except 340+00. Overall, the project reach gained ~9,250 cy (9.3 cy/ft) over the past year, leaving it with 116.7 percent of the nourishment volume remaining (Fig 3.42). As of September 2010, Reach C contained ~50,000 cy more sand than the pre-nourishment condition. Accretion between station 330 and station 338 (area of the 18<sup>th</sup> tee and fairway) is likely due to losses in Reach 6. The volume change trends along the 18<sup>th</sup> fairway of the Wild Dunes Links Course, which wraps around the northeastern point of the island, provide an indicator of net sand transport from the oceanfront to the inlet shoreline in this area, consistent with the findings of Kana and Dinnel (1980).

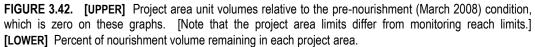
The length of beach within the project boundary (Reach B, between Shipwatch and the 18<sup>th</sup> fairway) presently retains 115.9 cy/ft more sand than the pre-nourishment condition (compared to 148.4 cy/ft immediately following nourishment). As of March 2010, 83 percent of the fill remained, while **78.1 percent remained as of September 2010**. Individual stations retain between 49.0 percent and 133.2 percent of the nourishment volume. [Calculation excludes the taper sections, which would bias the results.]

Within the 2008 project Reach A, ~154,700 cy of sand were lost between July 2008 and September 2010 (cf – Fig 3.41). The project area presently retains an average of 34.8 cy/ft more sand than the pre-nourishment condition compared to 64.6 cy/ft more sand immediately postnourishment. In March 2009, 90.8 percent of the nourishment volume remained in the project area. This reduced to 72.0 percent in September 2009, 49.2 percent in March 2010, and then increased to 53.9 percent in September 2010 (see Fig 3.17). CSE expects sand to migrate from the shoal attachment site in Reach 6 to portions of Reach 5, though erosion may still be experienced due to continued straightening of the shoreline.



**FIGURE 3.41.** Reaches for the 2008 nourishment project. The graphic shows the project baseline with 0+00 located at 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue (monitoring station 222+00).

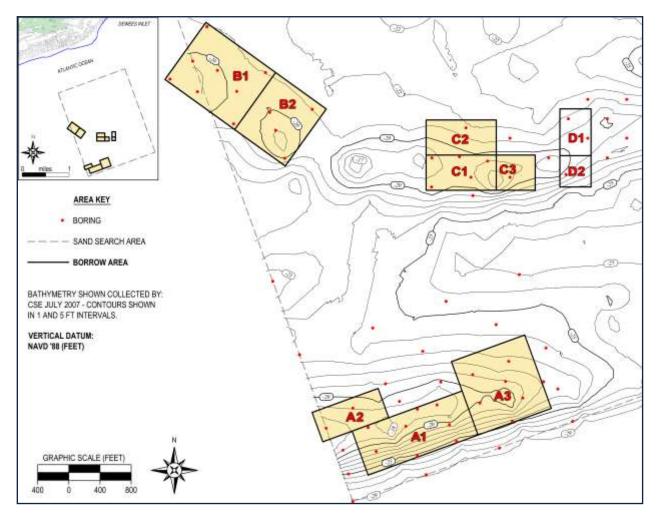




#### 3.5 Required Post-Project Monitoring

#### **Borrow Areas**

Three separate borrow areas were used in the 2008 nourishment (Fig 3.43). A fourth area (D) was available but was not used. The borrow areas were situated on offshore ridges and were limited to excavation depths of ~7 ft at the request of permitting agencies to avoid creation of deep holes. Elevation contours of the pre-nourishment condition are shown on Figure 3.43. Special conditions of the permit required topographic monitoring of the borrow areas for three years. Data were collected at 100-ft spacing throughout each of the borrow areas, extending beyond the limit of each area to account for changes near the boundaries.



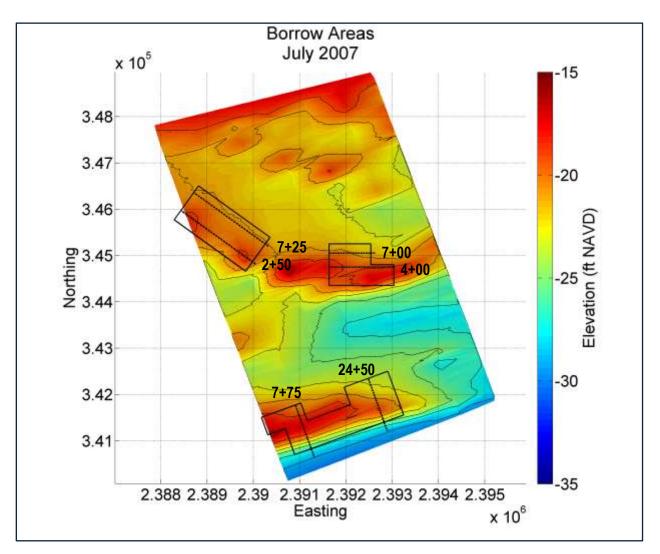
**FIGURE 3.43.** Locations of the borrow areas used in the 2008 nourishment project. ("D" areas were not used.) Contours show bathymetry in July 2007, prior to the project. The borrow areas were situated on topographic highs as recommended by resource agencies.

DTMs from July 2007 (before dredging), March 2009 (~8 months post-dredging) and September 2010 are shown in Figures 3.44–3.46. Profile sections for each borrow area are presented in Figure 3.46. Generally, deeper portions of each borrow area have infilled, while higher areas have eroded. Infilling is also occurring at the boundaries of the borrow areas where material from undredged areas is falling into the dredged area. Borrow area A shows a net change of 2,600 cy infill as of March 2010 and a net loss of 45,800 cy as of September 2010. A total of 508,000 cy was dredged from Borrow Area A.

The change from net gain to net loss between March and September 2010 is likely a result of small surveying errors computed over a large area (for borrow area A, 51.8 acres). A survey error of 0.5 ft results in volume changes of ~42,000 cy over this area. As depths increase, survey errors can be magnified due to changes in speed of sound of seawater, salinity, turbidity, and waves. Data from September 2010 appear to show generally lower elevations than in March 2010 and that results in a net loss of sand when computed over a large area. In general, infilling rates over a six-month time period are likely less than the overall potential survey error, which can make short-term changes difficult to determine. However, by computing longer term changes, survey errors are averaged out, and a better understanding of the total change is possible. CSE prefers to avoid adjusting data unless a clear pattern can be observed.

Borrow area B gained 95,800 cy between the post-dredge and March 2010 conditions, though showed only a gain of 51,000 cy as of September 2010. Total dredged volume in borrow area B was ~404,000 cy; therefore, ~24 percent of the dredge volume had been replaced by March 2010. Borrow area C infilled by 21,600 cy as of March 2010, and 1,400 cy September 2010, representing 8 percent and <1 percent (respectively) of the 258,200 cy dredge volume. Note that dredge volumes were calculated from before and after surveys of the borrow areas and not by volumes placed on the beach. In-place volumes are smaller than dredge volumes due to losses of fine material at the beach during pumping.

Sediment quality in the borrow areas is beyond the scope of the present report; however, it is addressed in biological monitoring reports prepared by CSA South Inc (CSA 2009). Generally, some fine material (mud) is accumulating in the dredged areas, likely inhibiting future use of each area for nourishment purposes. Sediment quality and topography will continue to change in the borrow areas, and future geotechnical studies would be needed prior to determining the potential suitability for re-use of any area.



**FIGURE 3.44.** DTM models of borrow areas before nourishment in July 2007. [Dashed lines are the locations of sections in Figure 3.47.]

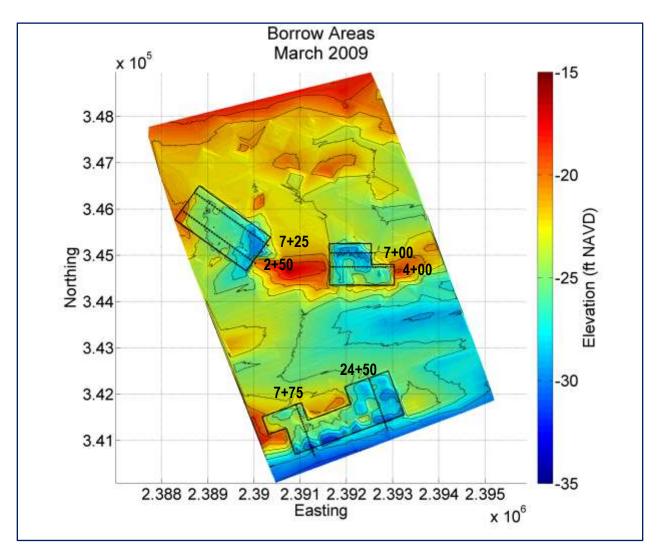
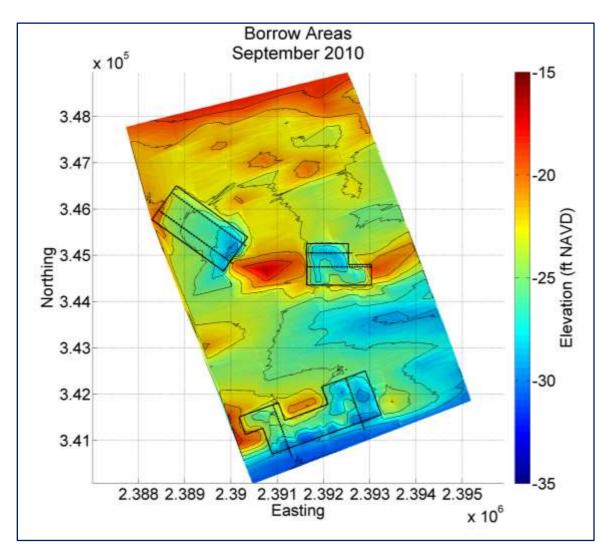
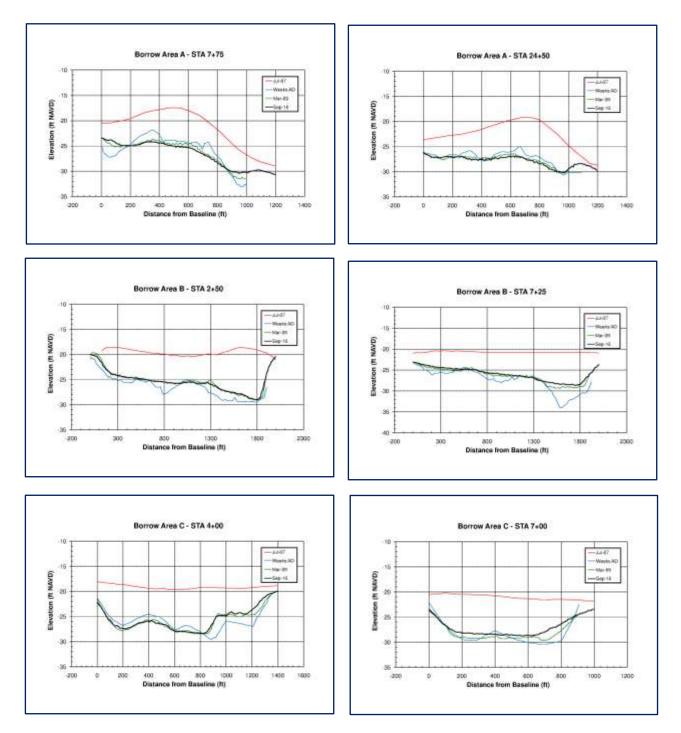


FIGURE 3.45. DTM models of borrow areas ~8 months after nourishment in March 2009 [Dashed lines are the locations of sections in Figure 3.47.]



**FIGURE 3.46.** DTM models of borrow areas in September 2010, ~27 months after nourishment. [Dashed lines are the locations of sections in Figure 3.47.]



**FIGURE 3.47.** Profile sections of the three borrow areas used in the 2008 beach restoration project. Locations of profiles are shown in the DTMs of Figures 3.44 through 3.46. Note deeper portions have infilled, whereas some higher areas have eroded. Waves, currents, and gravity act to smooth the bathymetry which was left in an unnatural state after dredging. [AD = after dredging condition survey]

#### Sediment Quality

Part of the post-project monitoring efforts included collection and analysis of sediment samples over the length of the Isle of Palms. These analyses track changes in the quality of the nourishment sand as the fill continues to adjust and be reworked by waves. Samples were collected immediately post-project in July 2008 and in July 2009 and July 2010. The 2009 and 2010 samples also included stations in the central and southern portions of the island. Samples were collected at five locations in the cross-shore direction (see Section 2 – Methods). Grain-size distribution and descriptive statistics for each sample collected in 2010 are given in Appendix D.

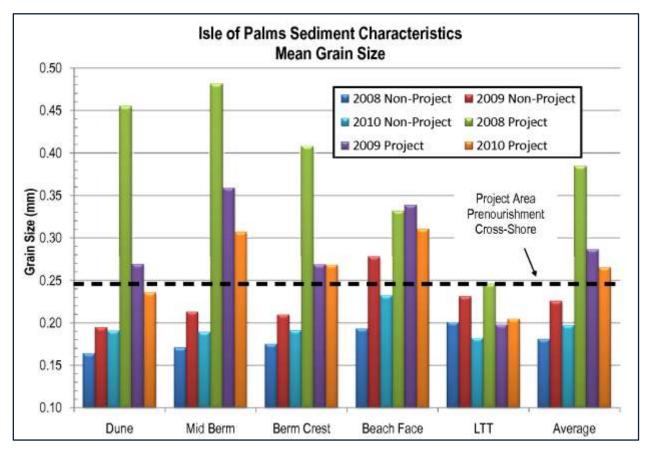
Prior to nourishment, CSE collected native beach samples in the project area for compatibility analyses with nourishment sediments. These results showed a native grain size of 0.253 millimeter (mm) with 11.1 percent (by weight) calcium carbonate (CaCO<sub>3</sub>). Following nourishment, mean grain size increased to 0.384 mm in the project area (compared to 0.181 mm outside of the project area, Table 3.4). Average mean grain size decreased to 0.287 mm between July 2008 and July 2009, and decreased to 0.265 mm by July 2010. Shell (CaCO<sub>3</sub>) content increased to 25.2 percent following nourishment, but has since decreased to 13.2 percent in the project area.

Isle of Palms Post Project Sediment Analysis		Jul-08		Jul-09		Jul-10	
		Mean (mm)	% CaCO <sub>3</sub>	Mean (mm)	% CaCO₃	Mean (mm)	% CaCO₃
Dune	Non Project	0.164	4.2	0.195	3.0	0.190	3.0
	Project	0.455	24.5	0.269	7.4	0.235	8.0
Mid Berm	Non Project	0.170	2.7	0.213	3.8	0.189	3.4
	Project	0.482	31.1	0.359	24.4	0.307	18.6
Berm Crest	Non Project	0.175	2.8	0.210	5.1	0.191	3.2
	Project	0.408	29.4	0.268	8.4	0.268	13.6
Beach Face	Non Project	0.193	6.3	0.278	12.3	0.232	8.5
	Project	0.332	22.7	0.339	19.5	0.310	14.2
LTT	Non Project	0.201	10.4	0.231	11.5	0.182	8.5
	Project	0.246	18.1	0.198	9.6	0.205	11.5
Cross Shore Average	Non Project	0.181	5.3	0.225	7.1	0.197	5.3
	Project	0.384	25.2	0.287	13.9	0.265	13.2

**TABLE 3.4.** Sediment grain size and shell content for the post-project and 1-year and 2-year post-project sediment samples. Both grain size and shell content in the project area have decreased since July 2008, becoming closer to the pre-project values.

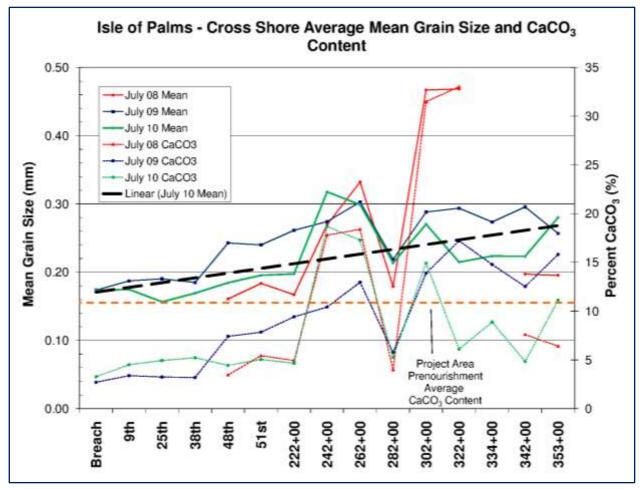
In the project area, grain size was highest in the upper beach area (dune, mid berm, and berm crest) in July 2008 as wind-blown sand had not accumulated immediately after the project (Fig 3.48). Grain size decreased significantly in each of those areas by July 2009 and continued to decrease in the dune and mid berm through 2010. All portions of the beach profile show finer sand in 2010 than the post-nourishment condition. Finer sand in the upper beach is a result of accumulating wind-blown sediment, whereas finer sand along the beach face and low-tide terrace are a result of waves rearranging sediment to a natural distribution (and input of finer sand from shoal-bypass events). Coarser grain sizes are expected along the beach face, where wave energy is more focused for longer periods of time. The upper beach is expected to continue to become finer as more wind-blown sand accumulates, and high waves and tides deposit finer material on the upper beach.

The initial increase in grain size and shell content was expected as the fill material was slightly coarser and contained a higher percentage of shell than the native material. The coarser fill was placed to prolong the life of the nourishment, since larger grain sizes are more slowly eroded (Dean 2002). Sediment characteristics would be expected to eventually stabilize in the project area. However, recurring shoal-bypass events introduce new sand into the system and redistribute sediment along the beach. Thus, sediment texture at any given location will be influenced by shoal-bypassing events as well as the nourishment project.



**FIGURE 3.48.** Cross-shore, grain-size distribution for Isle of Palms following the 2008 restoration project. Note how the upper beach became finer between 2008 and 2009. This is an expected trend associated with accumulation of wind-blown sand.

Figure 3.49 shows the distribution of grain sizes and shell content over the length of the Isle of Palms. It is apparent from the graph that grain size is coarser at the northeastern end and tends to become finer in the downcoast direction (toward Breach Inlet). Finer grain sizes are more easily eroded and transported by wave action, and it follows that finer material can travel farther than coarser material under similar wave energy. The northeastern end is the sediment source for the rest of the island; therefore, finer material is eroded from the northeastern end and moves downcoast. Over time, it produces an alongshore gradient of mean grain size.



**FIGURE 3.49.** Alongshore distribution of average grain size (cross-shore average at each station). It is apparent from the graph that sediment becomes finer toward Breach Inlet. This is a function of nourishment sand being slightly coarser than the native sand supply as well as normal longshore transport of finer sand away from the northeastern end.

#### Compaction

The nourishment area was tilled in early July 2008, following completion of pumping. CSE measured sediment compaction in February 2010 at 500-ft intervals in the project area and surrounding areas (to establish a native value). Compaction measurements are provided in Appendix B. In portions of the project area, compaction values measured in 2010 were higher than the threshold set in the permit special conditions to trigger tilling. These areas were selectively tilled, avoiding vegetation and areas of active dune building. Results were sent to USFWS and SCDHEC-OCRM. Compaction measurements will be repeated in early 2011.

# 3.6 Sand Fencing/Dune Growth

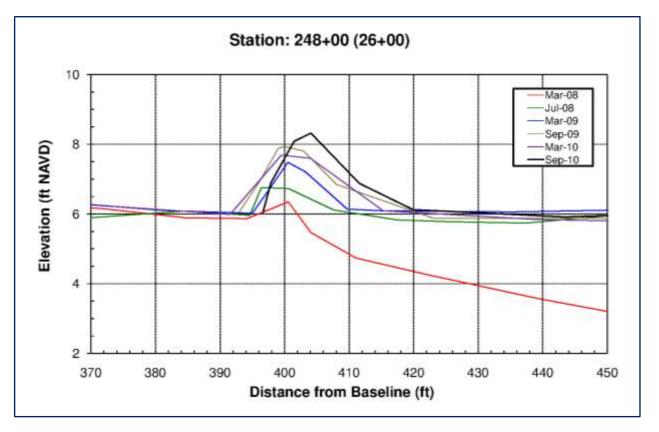
Installation of sand fencing was included in the project design in areas lacking existing dunes or vegetation. Fencing was installed in May 2009 between Beach Club Villas and Ocean Club as well as along the Dewees Inlet shoreline. Fencing was installed in "v-shaped" sections spaced ~10 ft apart (Fig 3.50). Dune vegetation was also installed in a 15-ft-wide swath surrounding the fencing. Sand fencing aids in dune building by accumulating wind-blown sand. Vegetation also acts to block wind and accumulate sand. While vegetation would naturally spread to the nourished areas, which would then begin to build dunes, installation of the fencing and vegetation speeds the process. A desirable goal is to build a dune line along the back beach as high and wide as possible to provide storm protection to buildings. A secondary benefit is creation of habitat for beach organisms.

As of February 2011, the sand fencing had accumulated over 2 ft of sand in many areas. The fence is expected to continue to trap sand as long as the areas are fronted by an area of dry-sand beach and are not regularly impacted by overwash. It is very likely that natural vegetation and dune growth will occur in nourishment areas seaward of the fencing, where a large platform of dry berm is situated between the fencing and the normal high-tide limit.

In areas of the island already possessing dunes and/or vegetation (nourished and unnourished areas), natural dune building was evident in many of the profiles. Of particular interest is the area in front of the Wild Dunes Grand Pavilion, which has lower and narrower dunes than most other areas of the island. Profile 248 shows that the dune there has grown ~0.5 ft between March and September 2009, and almost 2 ft since March 2008—the pre-nourishment condition (Fig 3.51). Dune growth at this location may slow as sand fencing and vegetation located seaward of the current foredune becomes more established and intercepts sand moving across the dry beach. It is preferable to allow natural dune building at the most landward portion of the dry beach possible. This will allow formation of a larger dune in a more stable area. CSE would recommend future fencing location be evaluated prior to installation to encourage maximum dune growth at stable locations.



**FIGURE 3.50.** [LEFT] Sand fencing in Reach 5 in February 2011. Less sand has accumulated in this area than in Reach 6. [RIGHT] Sand fencing and vegetation in Reach 6 (near Port O Call) in February 2011, ~22 months after installation. Over 2 ft of sand has accumulated in a generally continuous dune.



**FIGURE 3.51**. Evidence of dune growth at station 248+00 (adjacent to the Wild Dunes Grand Pavilion) following nourishment (May-June 2008). Elevation of the dune has increased ~2.5 ft naturally since the pre-project condition. Dune growth may slow in this area as the dune further seaward (at the sand fencing) becomes larger, intercepting more sand.

# 4.0 DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Monitoring efforts conducted before and after the 2008 beach restoration project at the Isle of Palms show that the condition of the beach over the entire island is dependent on the release of sand from the Dewees Inlet ebb-tidal delta. Periodically, sand in the downcoast portion of the delta is worked by waves into an exposed shoal, which then migrates landward until and attaches to the beach. The shoal acts as a breakwater, causing the beach to build out in its lee. Sand accumulation in the lee of the shoal is produced through erosion of sand from adjacent areas. This process accounts for rapid shoreline changes, often measuring several hundred feet, while the shoal is migrating to the beach.

While offshore, the shoals interrupt normal sediment transport to downcoast areas, leaving the rest of the island deprived of sand. Once attached, sand spreads to eroded areas, and longshore transport is restored to the rest of the island. The extreme erosion and accretion associated with shoal-bypass events is temporary. In the long term, each event adds sand to the system and is responsible for the historical accretion observed over the length of the island.

CSE has obtained seven detailed topographic data sets since 2007, when the severely eroded condition of the beach at the northeastern end of the island led the community to begin looking for a solution to the erosion problem. These data offer a detailed description of the morphology of the Dewees Inlet delta and changes in the size and position of the delta shoals. Surveys of the inlet are the key prerequisite for prediction of future changes along the beach at the Isle of Palms.

Beach profiles, collected as part of the monitoring, detail volume changes in the 2008 project area before and after nourishment. They also provide analyses of the beach condition for the rest of the island, outside of the project area. The underlying theme suggested by the data is that while shoals are migrating onshore, erosion occurs in the adjacent areas, and sediment transport to downcoast areas is interrupted. Once attached, sand from the shoal restores eroded areas, and sediment transport is restored to downcoast areas.

Significant findings of the present report are highlighted below:

- Between September 2009 and March 2010, the area north of 53rd Avenue was moderately erosional, losing 126,700 cy (8.5 cy/ft). The area stabilized between March and September 2010, gaining ~5,000 cy (0.3 cy/ft).
- Areas which had lost the most sand following nourishment, such as Beachwood East and Ocean Club, were stable to accretional from March 2010 to September 2010.

- Two shoal-bypass events of moderate scale have occurred since completion of the 2008 beach restoration project. The "2009" shoal encompassed an estimated 300,000 cy whereas the "2010" shoal contained ~100,000 cy.
- The smaller shoal ("2010") fully attached by September 2010.
- No new emergent shoals were visible as of September 2010, however, the sand platform extending from the beach remains a dominant underwater feature. It is expected to provide an ongoing sand source for more shoal-bypassing events in the next several years.
- The outer shoal of the 2007 Dewees Inlet main channel has migrated ~630 ft/yr to the southwest, and is beginning to merge with the existing sand platform attached to the beach, essentially closing the old main channel. The outer shoal should continue to merge with the attached sand platform over the next year, and will likely begin migrating landward. It is clear that a channel avulsion event is occurring, and a large quantity of sand is in the process of migrating towards the beach. CSE expects to see changes in the beach associated with the avulsion event beginning within the next two years.
- It is presently unclear how the channel avulsion event compares to a similar event observed in the 1940s–1950s. It is possible that major morphological changes including formation of a barrier beach/lagoon system around the northeast end of the Isle of Palms may occur over the next decade as a new inlet channel matures.
- Breach Inlet appears to be undergoing a channel avulsion event as well, with a secondary ebb channel evolving to the southeast of the existing main channel by way of a break through the outer bar of the delta. This should have relatively little impact on the Isle of Palms, but illustrates the similarity in processes occurring at each island.

The present monitoring effort focused on changes in the shoals of Dewees Inlet and Breach Inlet. CSE's surveys involved closely spaced transects in these areas so that DTMs (contour maps) could be developed. Six detailed maps of Dewees Inlet (encompassing the period July 2007 to September 2010) confirm the changes described above.

Few inlets in the United States have been surveyed in such detail to document rates of change in the shoals and channels of ebb-tidal deltas. CSE surveys on the updrift side of Breach Inlet similarly provide clearer evidence of channel shifts that encroach on the Isle of Palms or that release sand bars for migration and attachment to the beach. CSE's 2010 surveys confirm that:

- About 72 percent of the nourishment volume remains within the fill placement limits. Much of the "lost" volume is accounted for in the buildup downcoast.
- Within the project area, the general trend was erosion along the oceanfront between September 2009 and March 2010, and stability or accretion from March 2010 to September 2010. Only Reach 6 (northern half of the Wild Dunes area) was erosional from March 2010 to September 2010, losing ~3.6 cy/ft. That loss was concentrated at the southern end of the reach, which still maintains at or near the post-nourishment quantity.
- Areas south of 53<sup>rd</sup> Avenue gained ~213,000 cy (9.6 cy/ft) of sand between September 2009 and September 2010, which is higher than the average gain of 2.7 cy/ft between 1998 and 2010.
- Overall, the entire Isle of Palms beach gained 91,127 cy (2.5 cy/ft) of sand between September 2009 and September 2010.

Seascape, the Ocean Club, and the 18<sup>th</sup> fairway areas bear close monitoring because of the continuing changes in Dewees Inlet. Erosion losses in this area are primarily due to the post-nourishment shoal-bypass events, though since March 2010, the area has been stable. Sand eroded from the bulge off the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House is now migrating into the area at a rate which keeps pace with erosion losses. Another factor acting on the Ocean Club locality is enlargement of the secondary ebb channel of the inlet. The channel opens northeast of Ocean Club, thus exposing the shoreline to higher wave energy at present.

CSE believes that wave propagation through the secondary channel toward Ocean Club, the 18<sup>th</sup> hole, and nearby areas will change in relation to channel development and the evolution of the new outer bar. The combination of wave refraction around the shoal platform off the Wild Dunes Property Owners Beach House and wave diffraction through the secondary channel are the underlying reasons for irregular shoreline changes along Wild Dunes. Variations in wave energy and sediment transport inside the Dewees Inlet ebb-tidal delta are the root cause of the erosion and deposition patterns observed in this area of coast over the past 30 years. Any mitigation measures for dealing with short-term erosion events should seek to work in concert with the controlling wave and sediment-transport processes, recognizing that some of the natural controls dwarf all emergency beach restoration measures to date.

#### Status of Permit Compliance Measures

Borrow area surveys were completed in March and September of 2009 and 2010, and will be continued in 2011. Results are included in this report and will be submitted to US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS).

Beach compaction measurements were taken, and results were submitted to US Army Corps of Engineers and US Fish and Wildlife Service. The beach was tilled in selected areas per specifications of USFWS. Compaction measurements will be repeated prior to turtle nesting season in 2011 in accordance with permit conditions.

Beach and offshore benthic surveys were discontinued in 2009 at the suggestion of resource agencies. Results of all surveys to that point were submitted to agencies. The City has fulfilled its obligations regarding benthic surveying associated with the 2008 nourishment project.

#### Recommendations

CSE recommends that the City continue to pursue a permit application to transfer sand from the shoal-attachment area to eroded areas. As of this writing, regulatory agencies have received public comments and are in the process of compiling the comments for review by the City. All required application documents have been submitted to the appropriate agencies.

The City should continue monitoring efforts similar to what is presented in this document. As the channel-avulsion event progresses, consideration should be given to increased monitoring of certain affected areas. Quarterly or semi-annual monitoring of the upper and intertidal beach and/or the underwater profile may be warranted if conditions change rapidly along portions of the beach as a result of shoal attachment.

At the present time, CSE does not recommend remedial action (even if the permits were in hand) because the next cycle of shoal bypassing is not clear. Also, as of September 2010, the 100-ft trigger established in the permit application has not been met. CSE recommends close observation of the channel-avulsion event and the impact it has on the shoreline around Ocean Club and the 18<sup>th</sup> fairway.

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# ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This report is prepared under an agreement between the City of Isle of Palms (IOP) and CSE. It is the second of a series of annual reports following the 2008 beach restoration project at the north-eastern end of the island.

CSE thanks the IOP City Council (Mayor Dick Cronin), Linda Lovvorn Tucker (City Manager), and Emily Dziuban (Assistant to the Administrator) for their support and coordination of this project. We also thank the City's consulting coastal engineer, Christopher P Jones (PE), for his assistance, review of the report, and condition photographs.

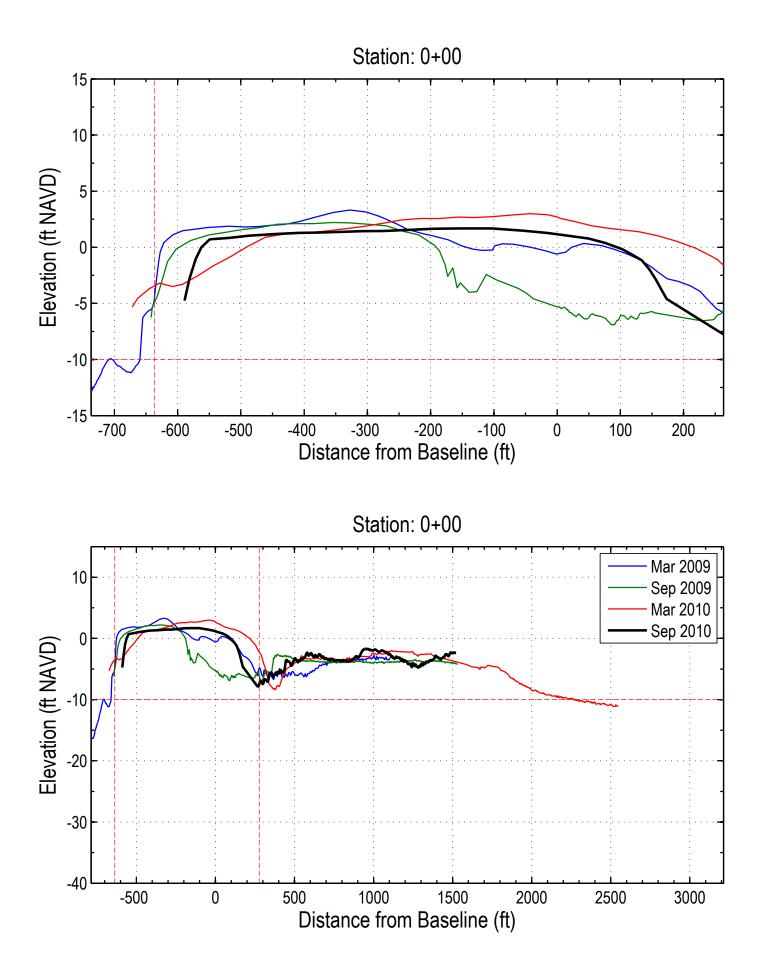
SCDHEC – Office of Coastal Resource Management (c/o Bill Eiser) provided historical profiles collected by Coastal Carolina University, which were incorporated into CSE's island-wide analysis. We also thank officials and staff at SC Department of Natural Resources, US Army Corps of Engineers, and US Fish & Wildlife Service for their review and comments on certain compaction results and environmental reports prepared in connection with the project.

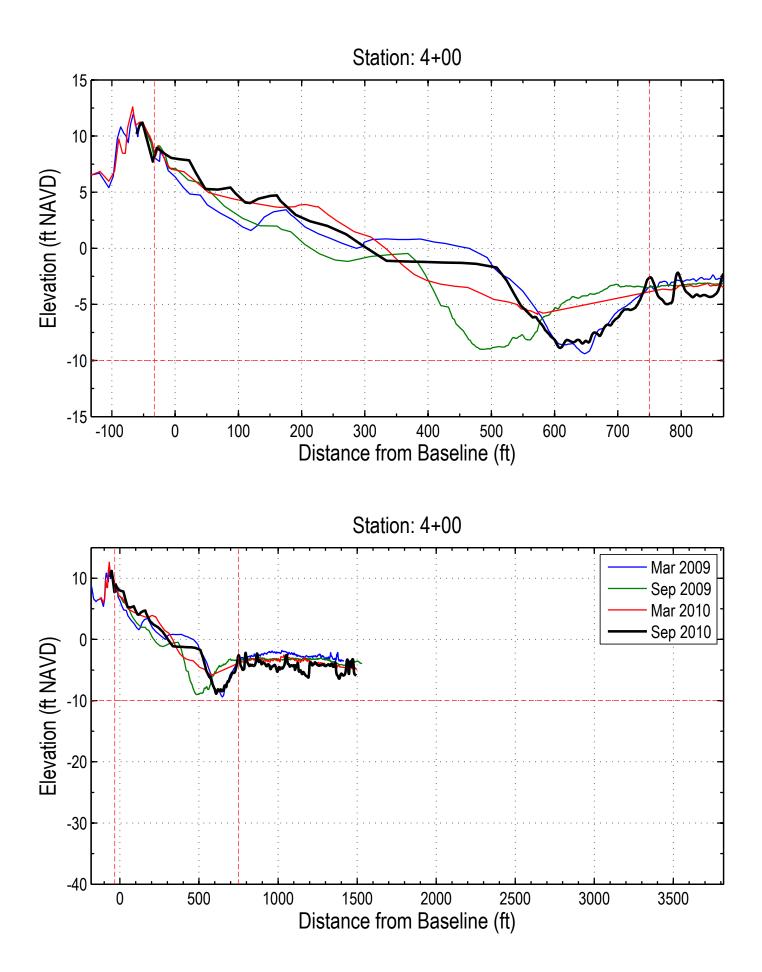
CSE's data collection and analyses were directed by Steven Traynum with assistance by Philip McKee, Trey Hair, and Tim Kana. Graphics were prepared by Trey Hair and Steven Traynum using AutoCAD® Civil 3D® and MATLAB® for digital terrain models. The report was written by Steven Traynum and Dr. Timothy Kana (SC PG 564) with production assistance by Diana Sangster and Trey Hair.

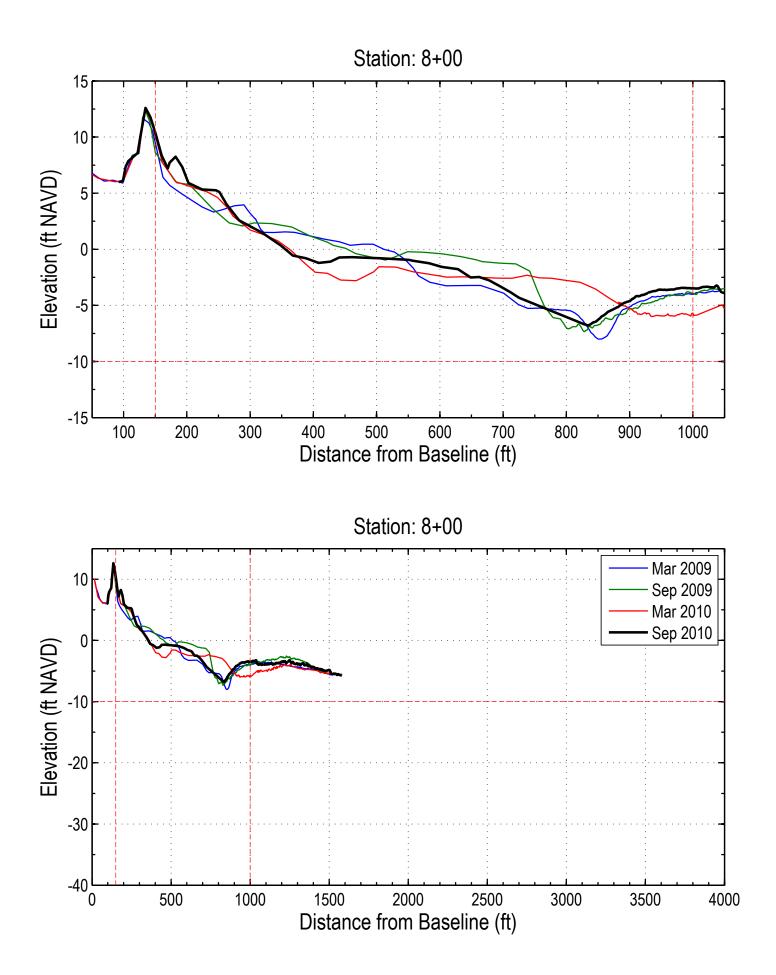
# APPENDIX A

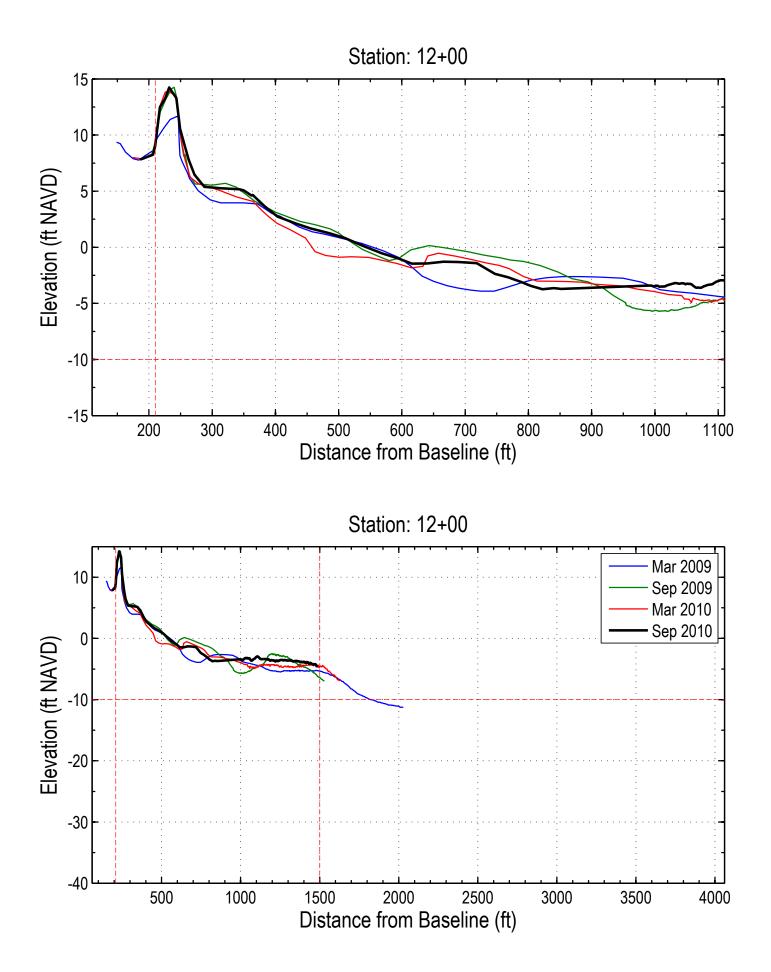
# **Representative Profiles**

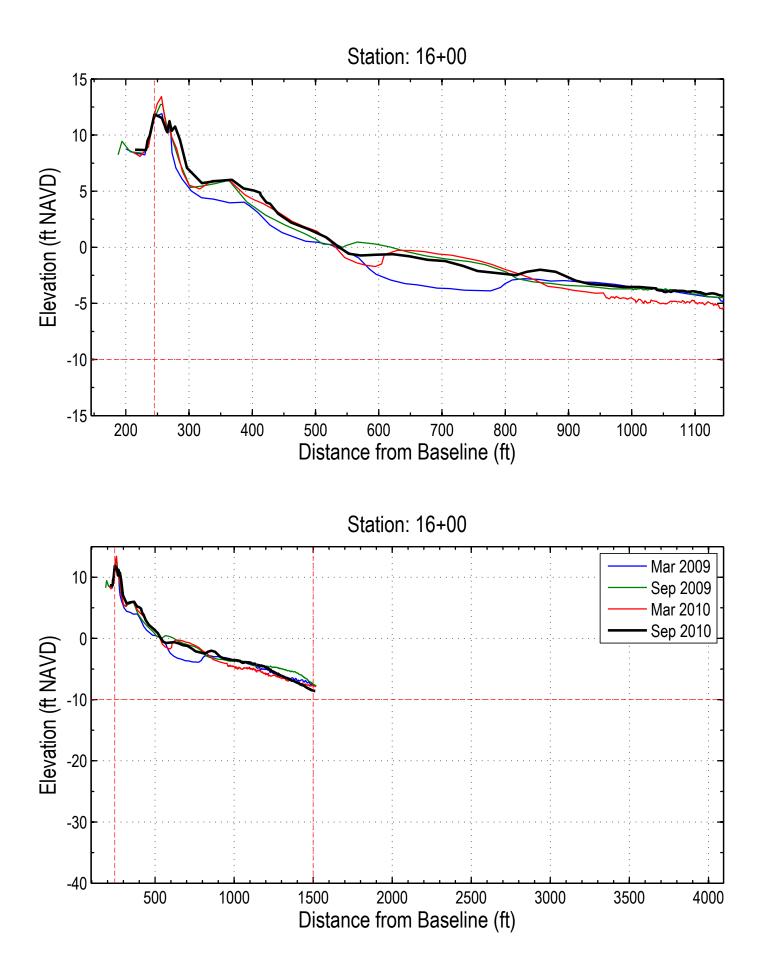
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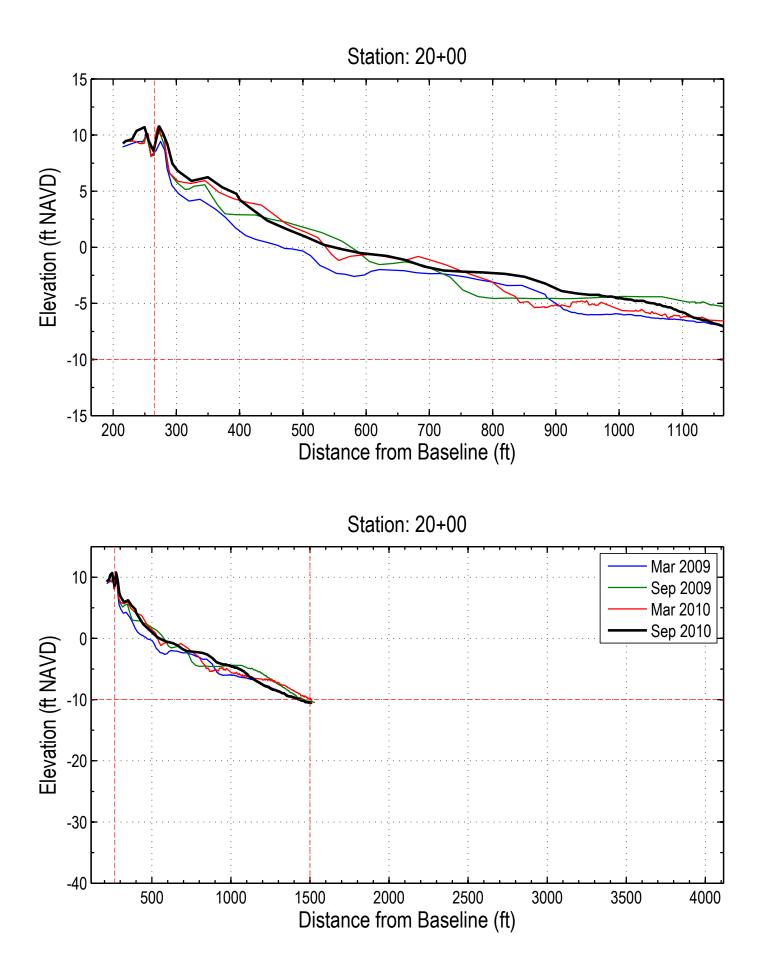


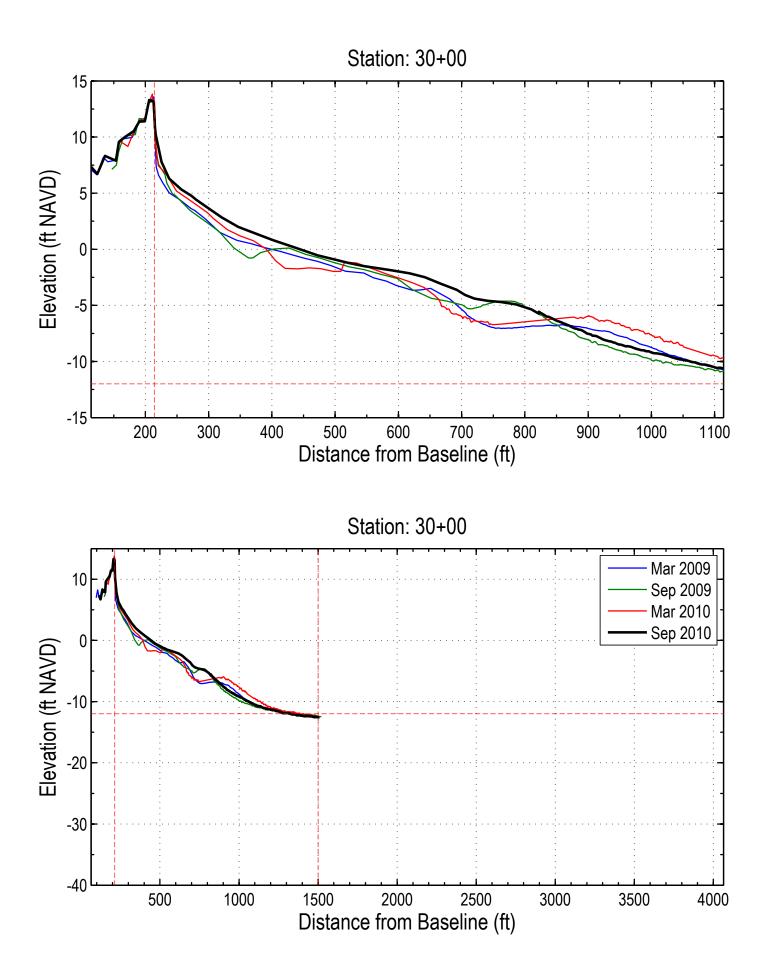


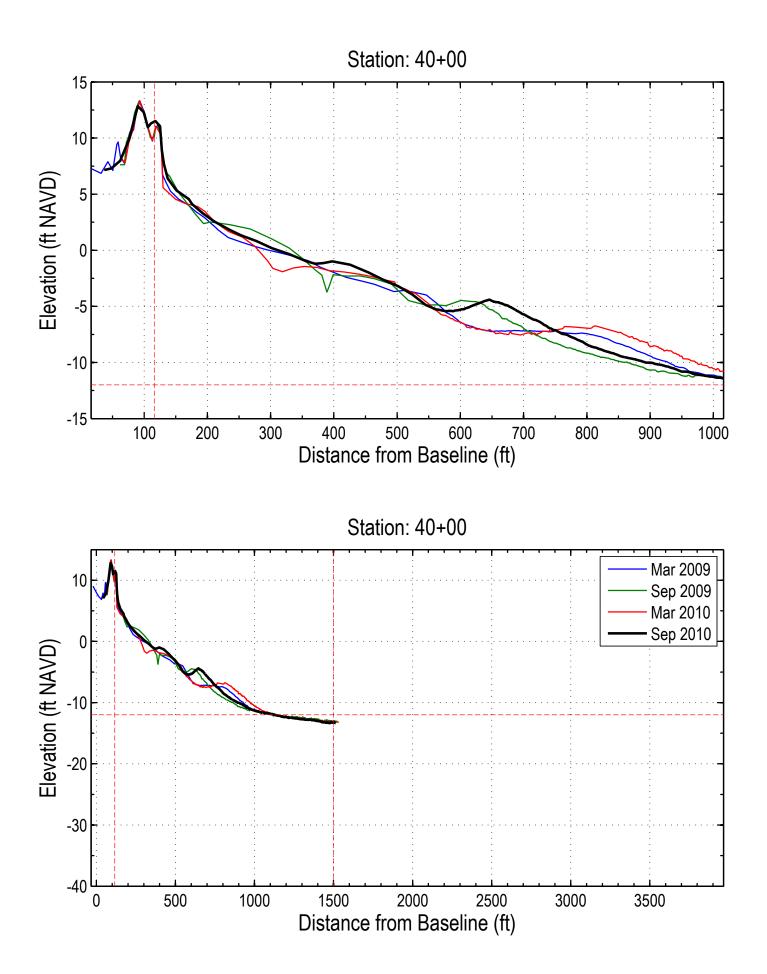


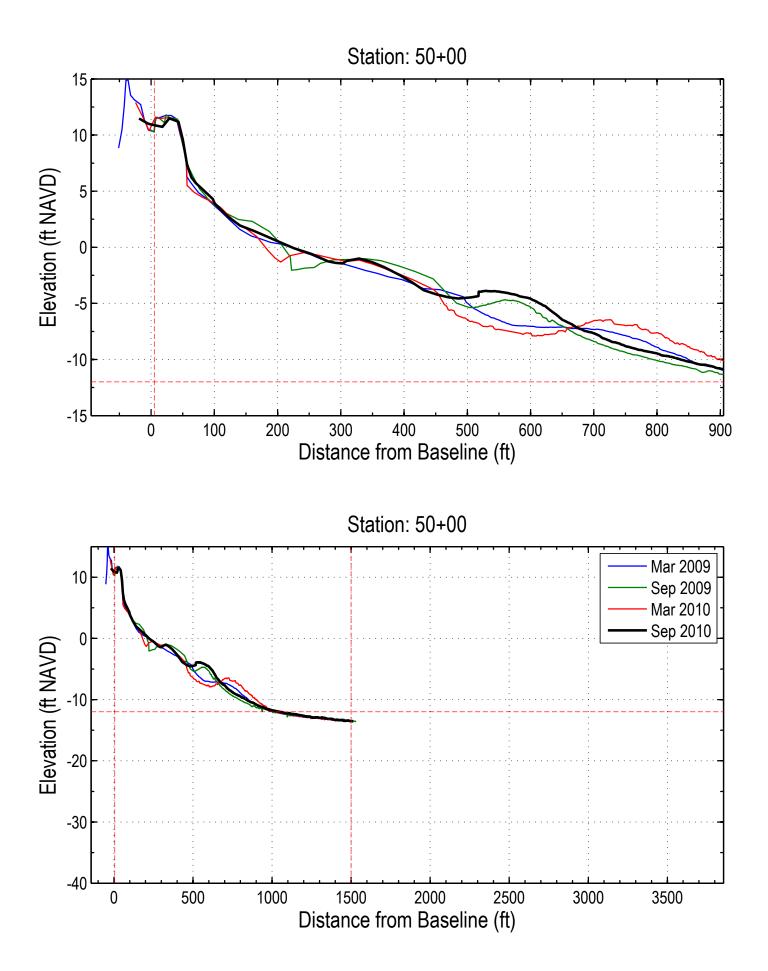


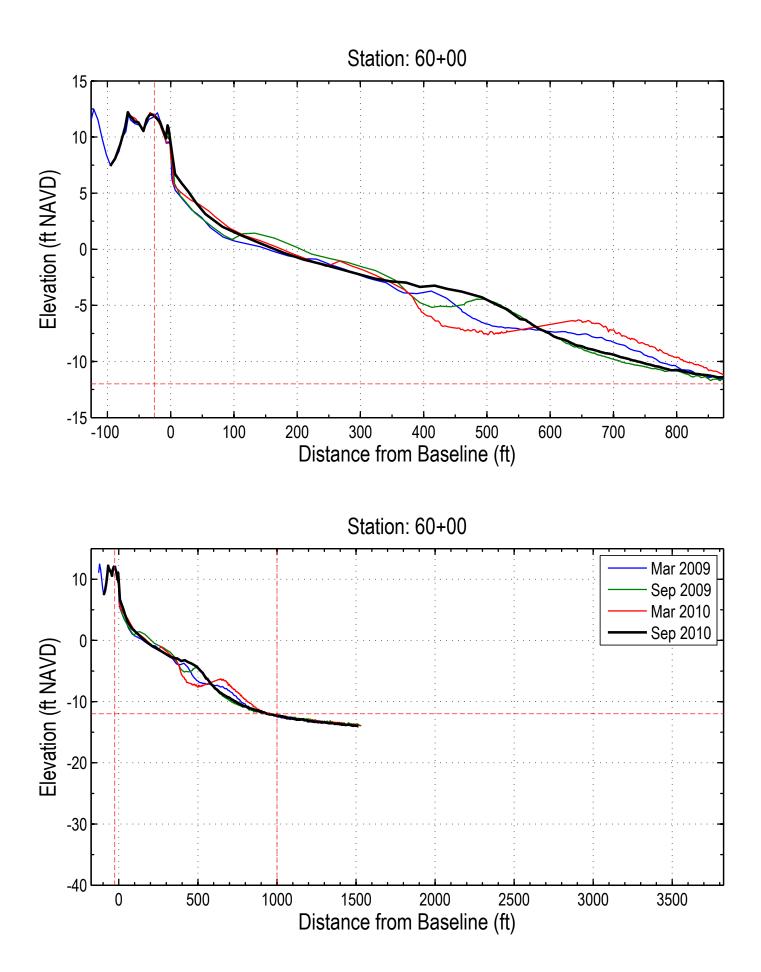


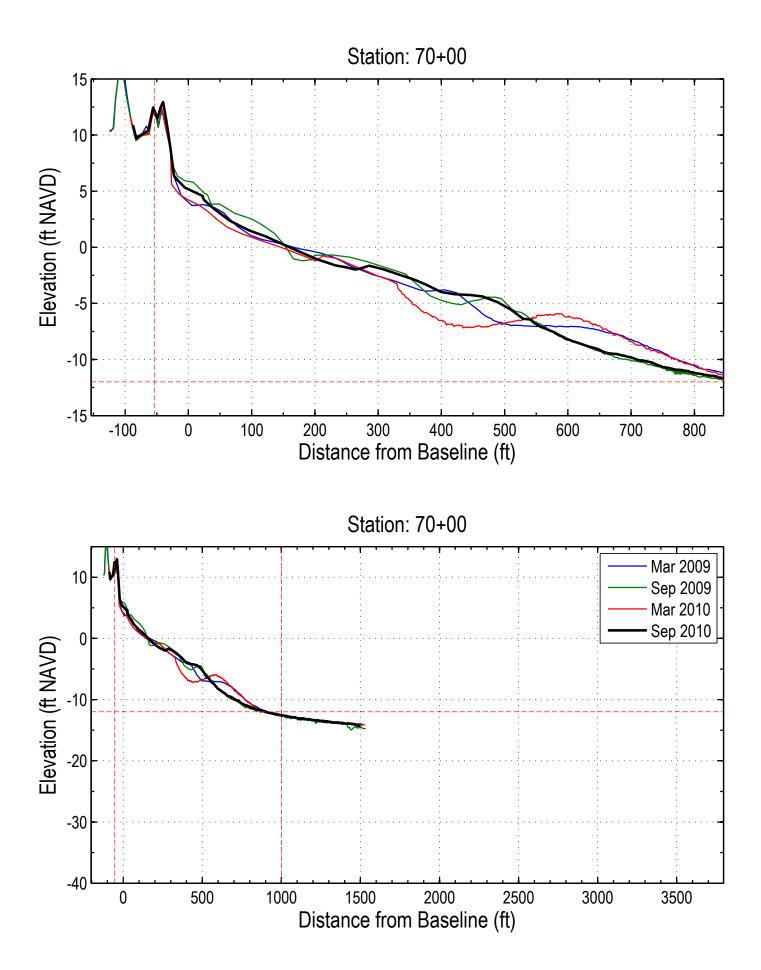


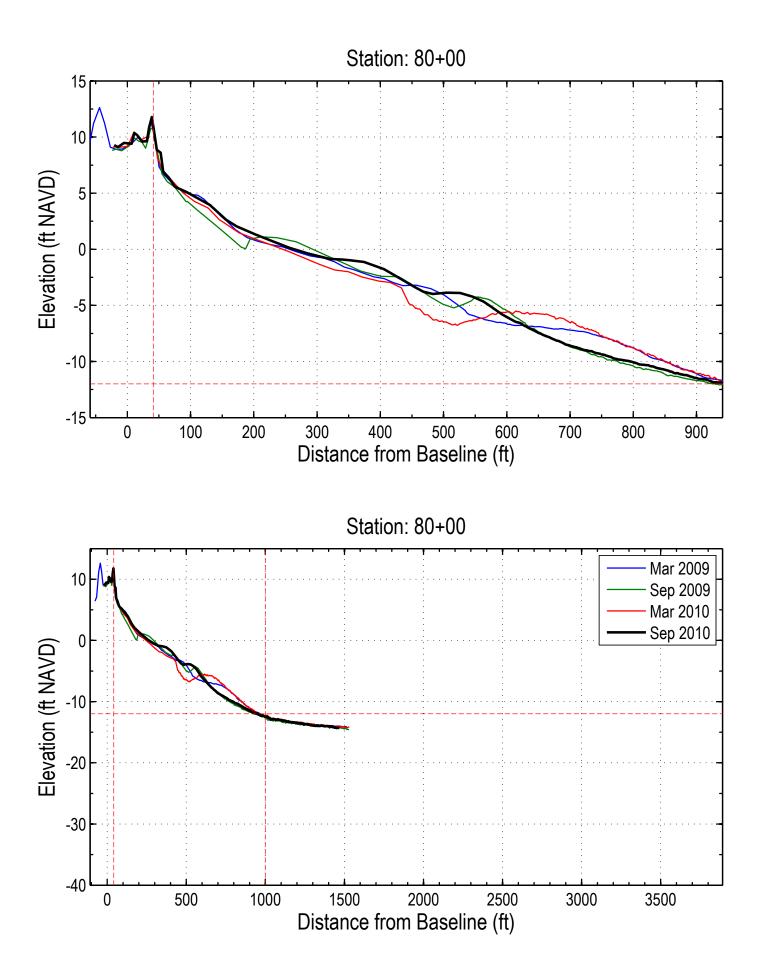


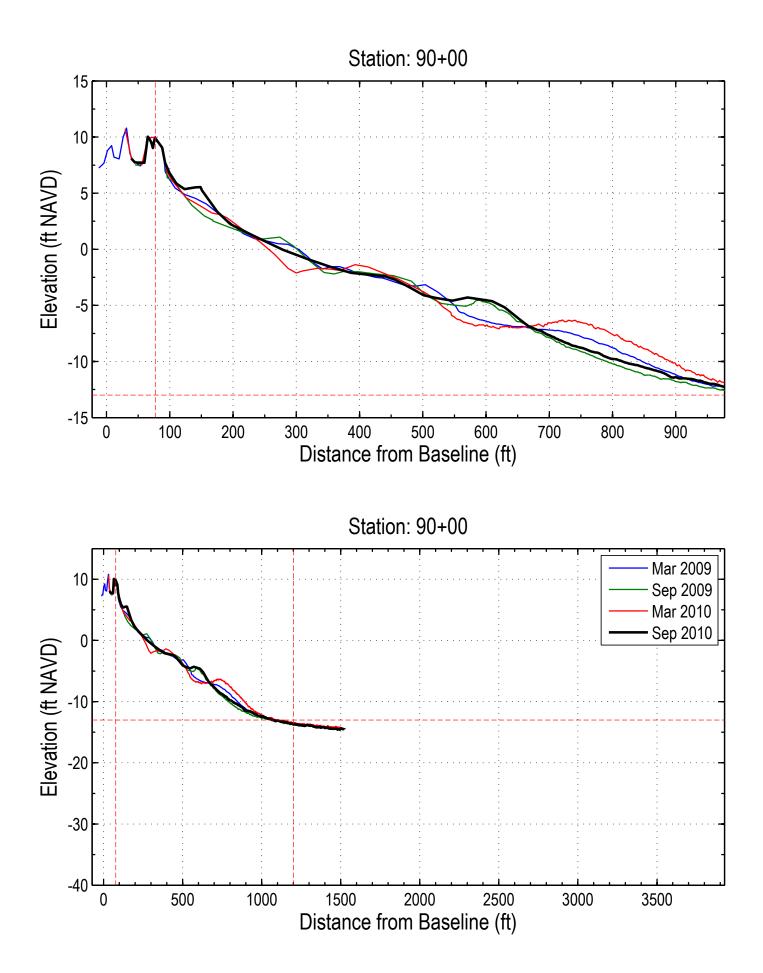


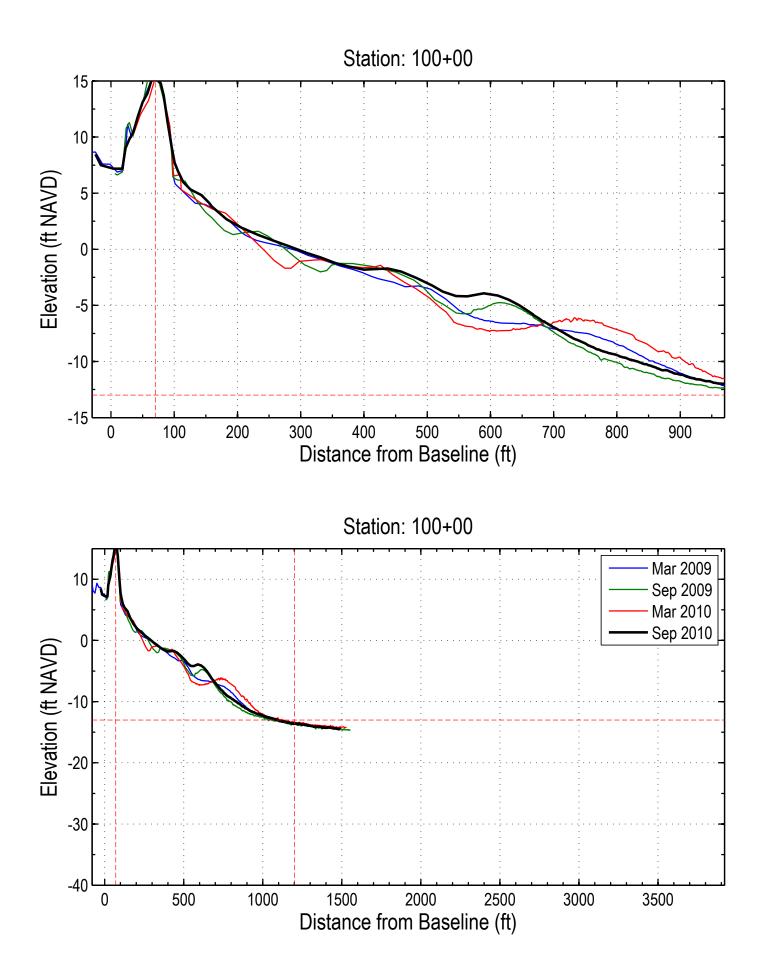


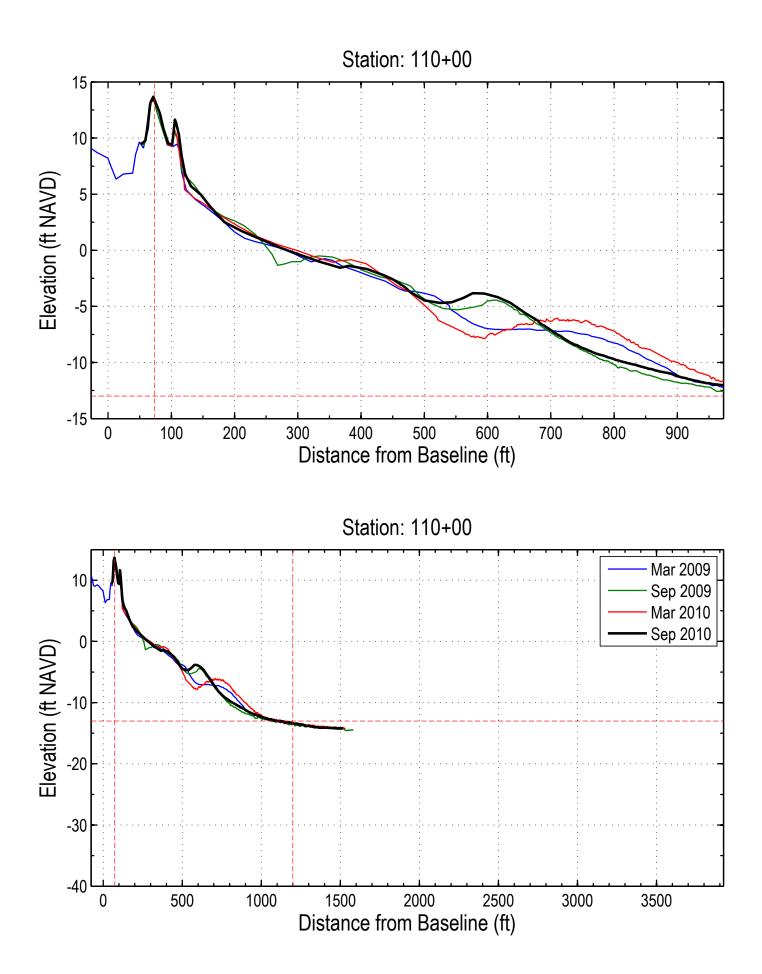


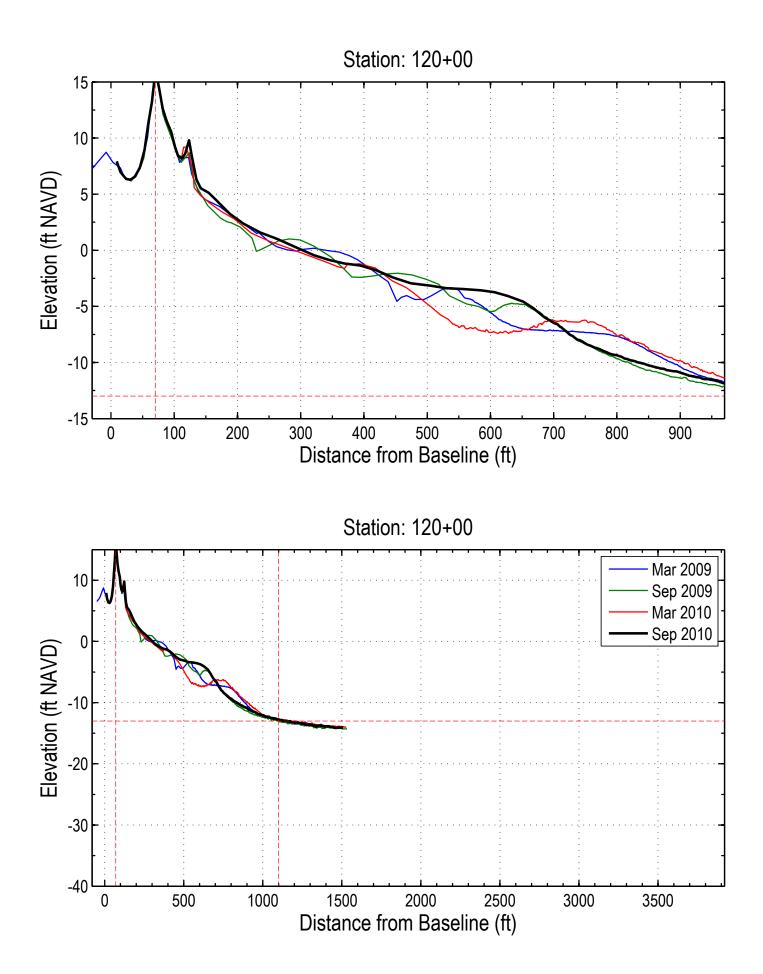


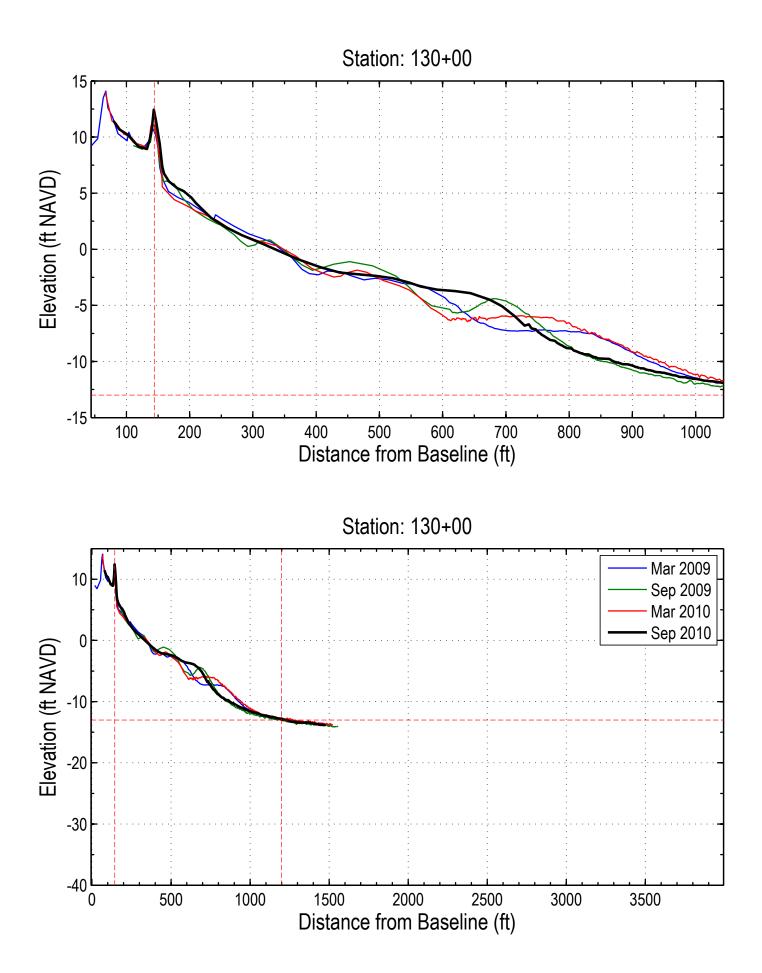


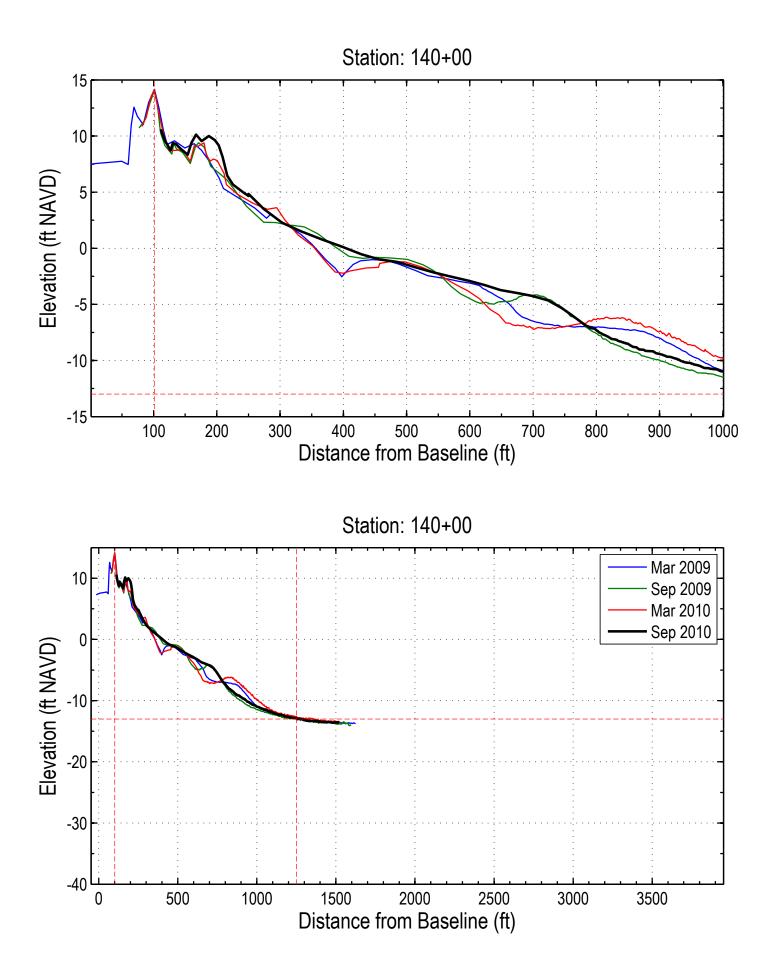


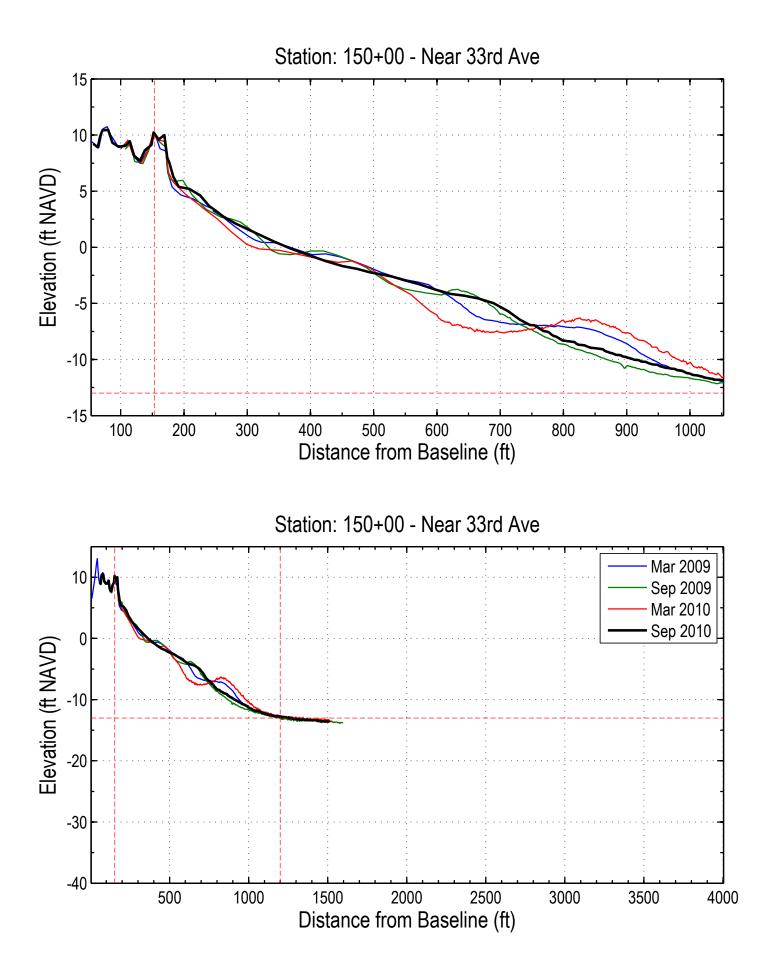


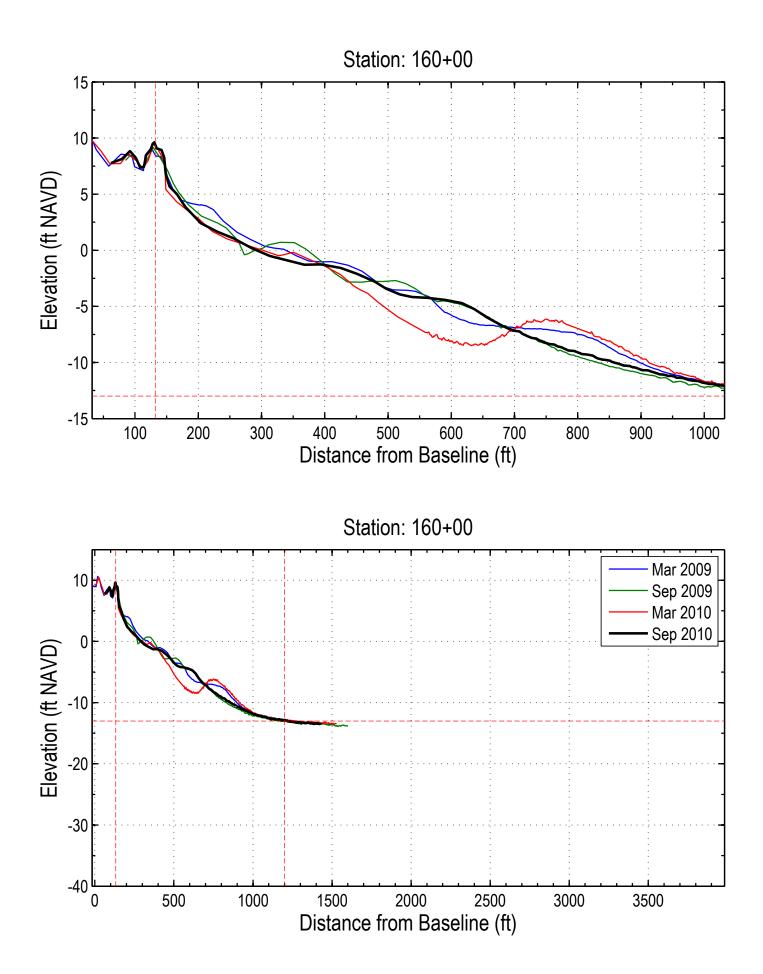


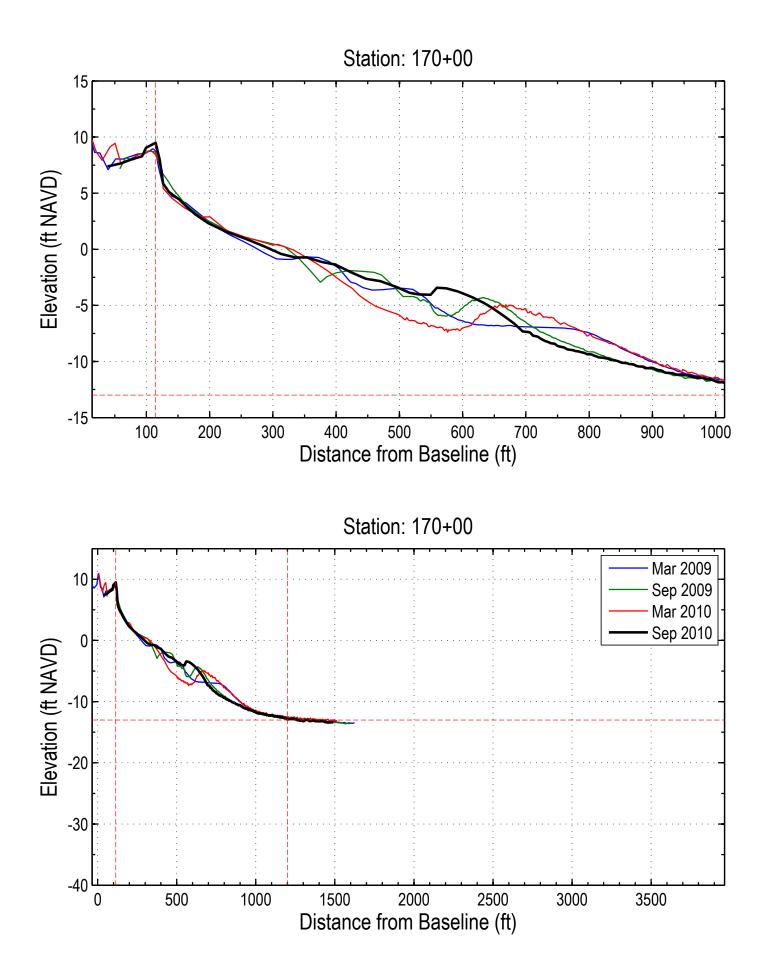


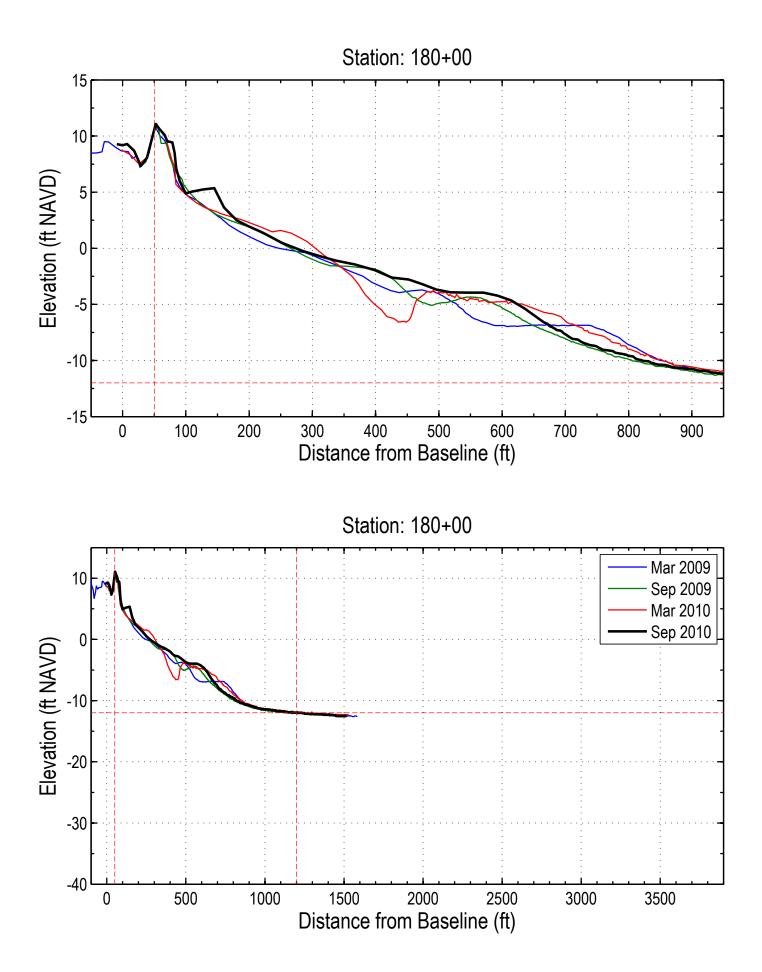


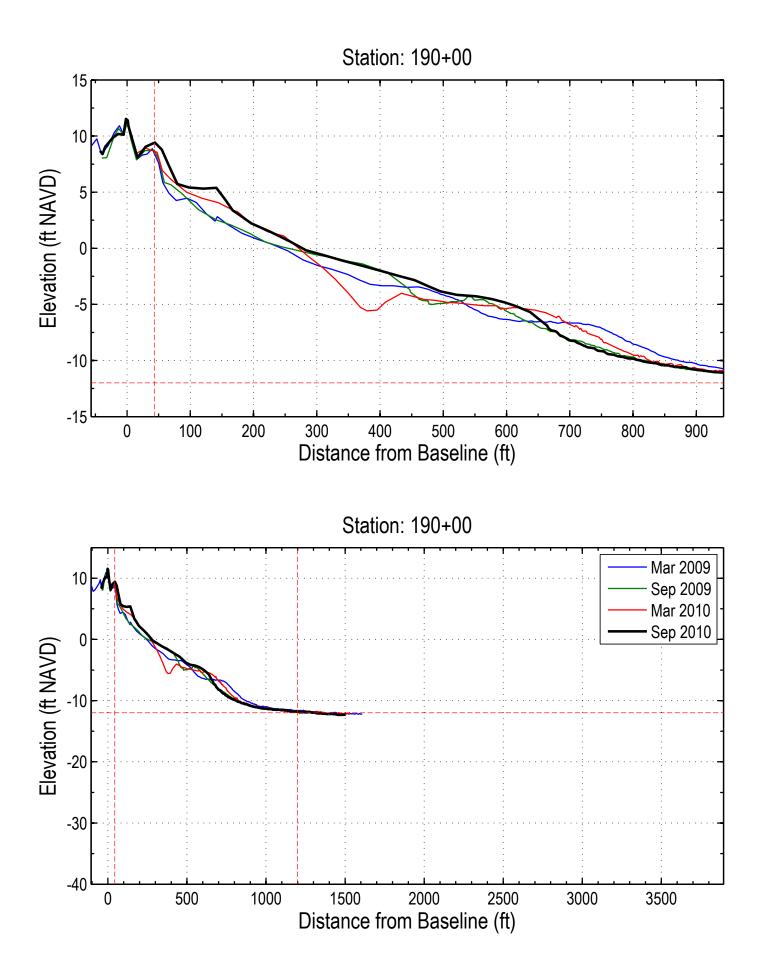


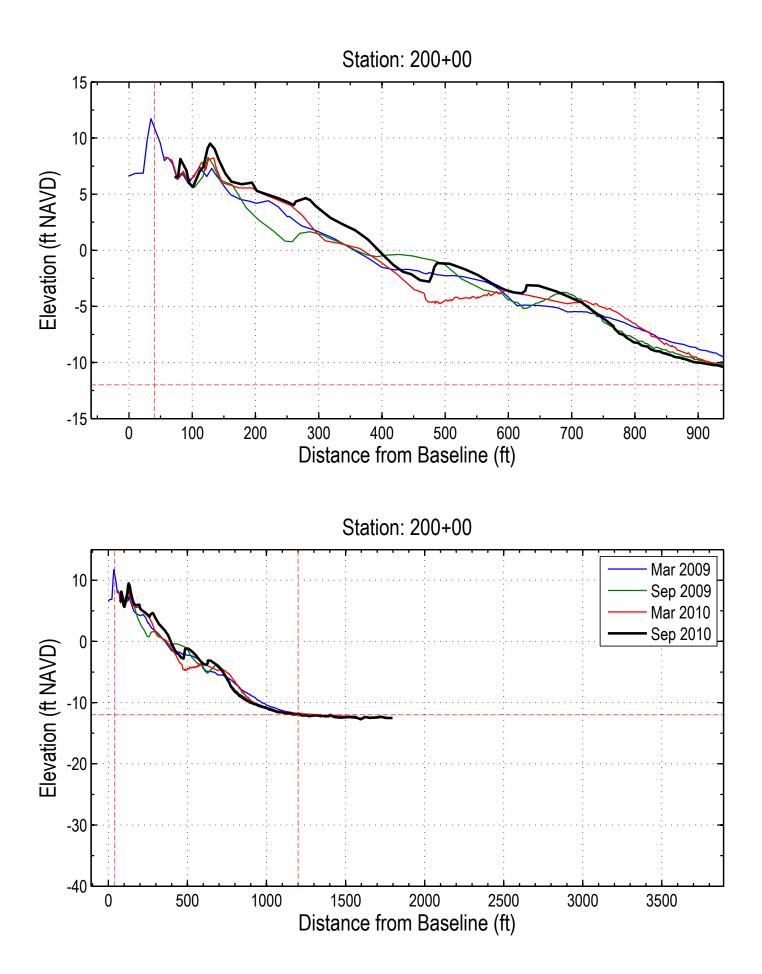


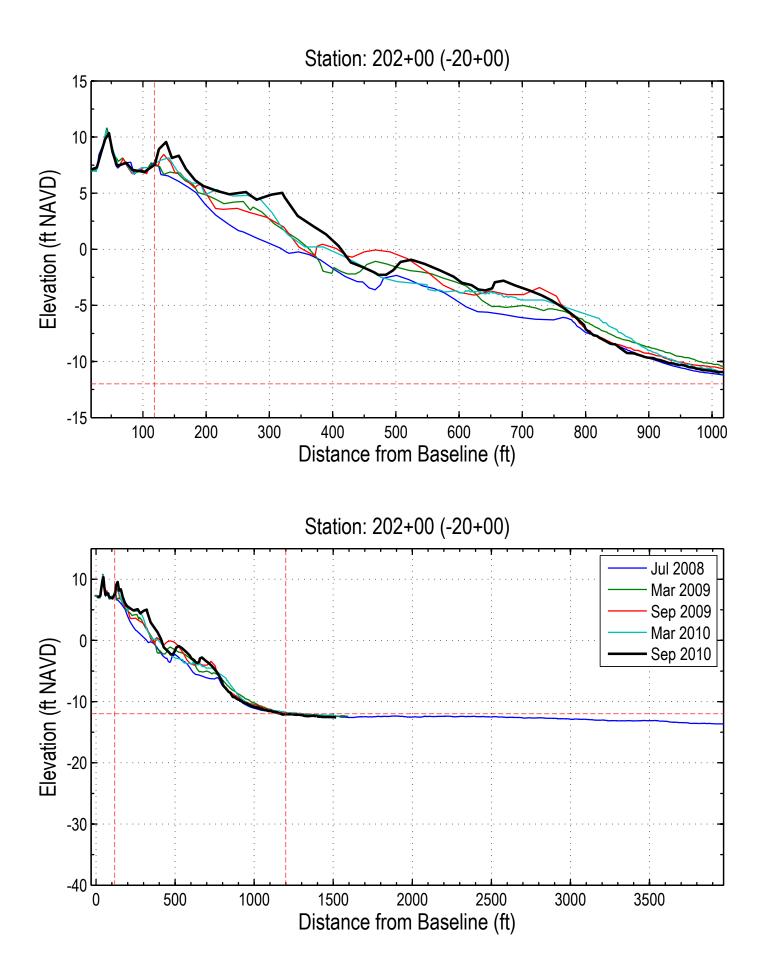


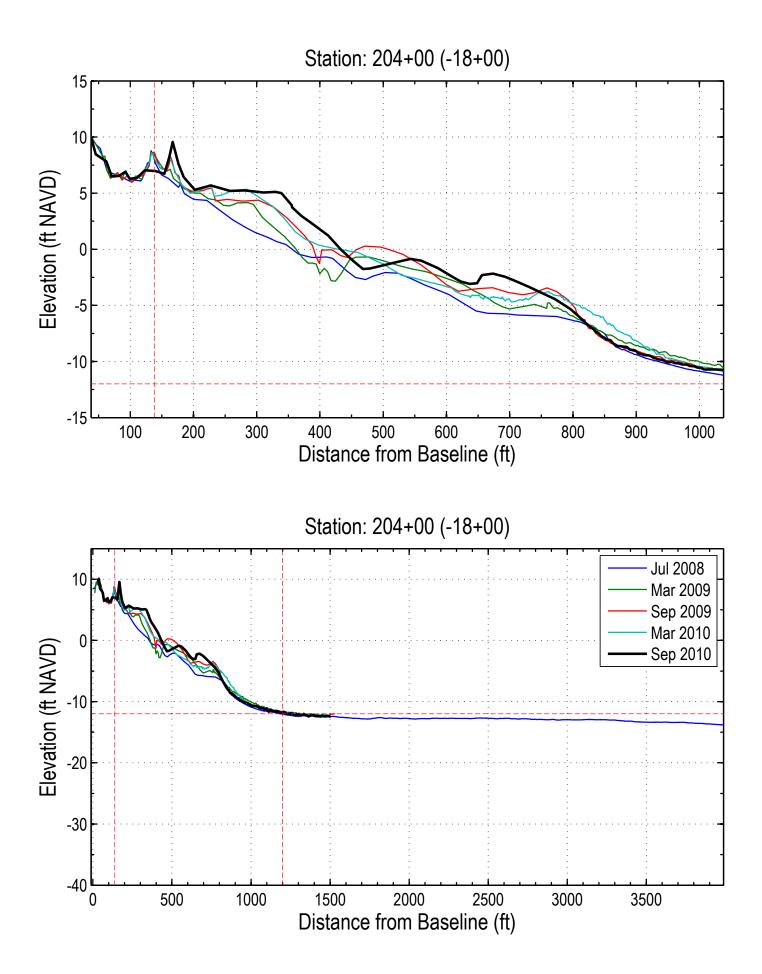


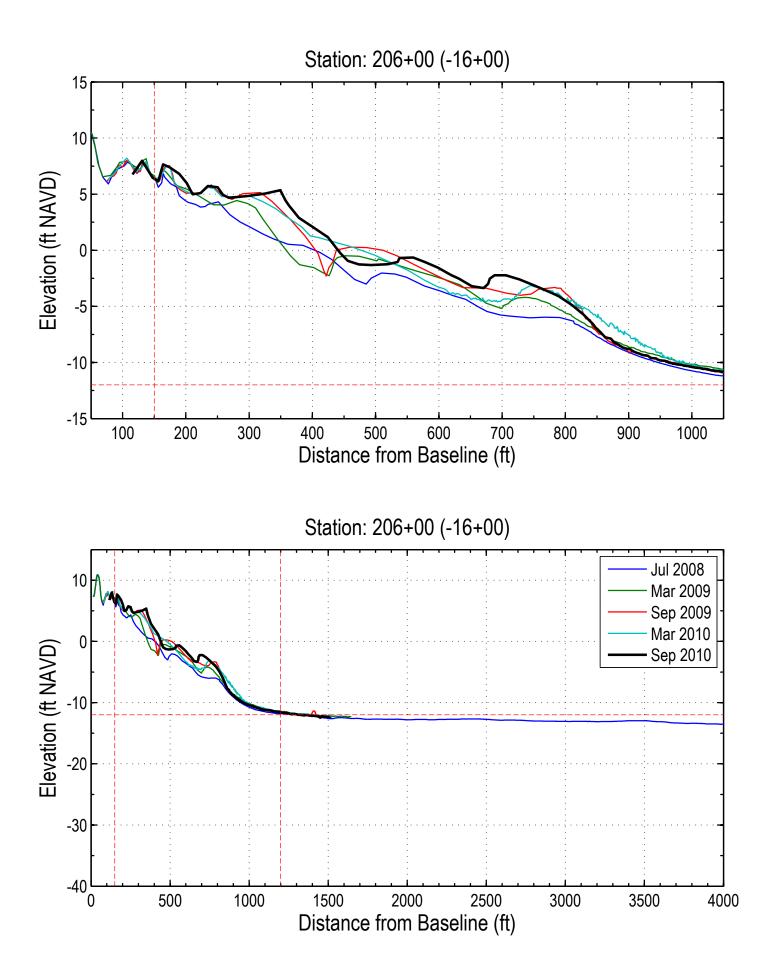


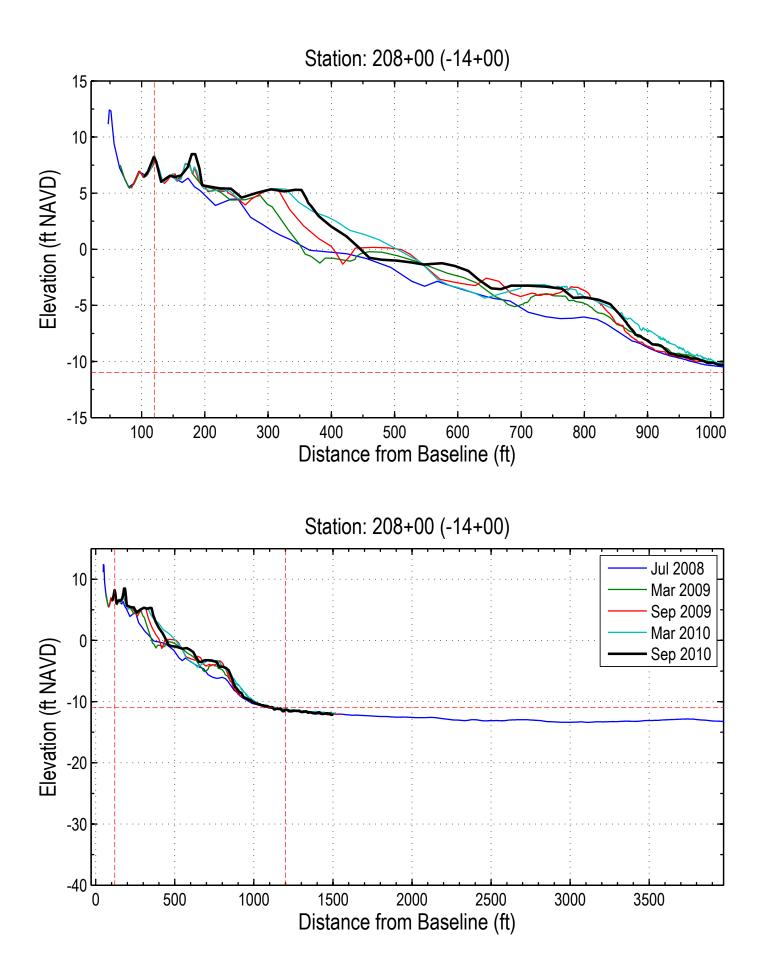


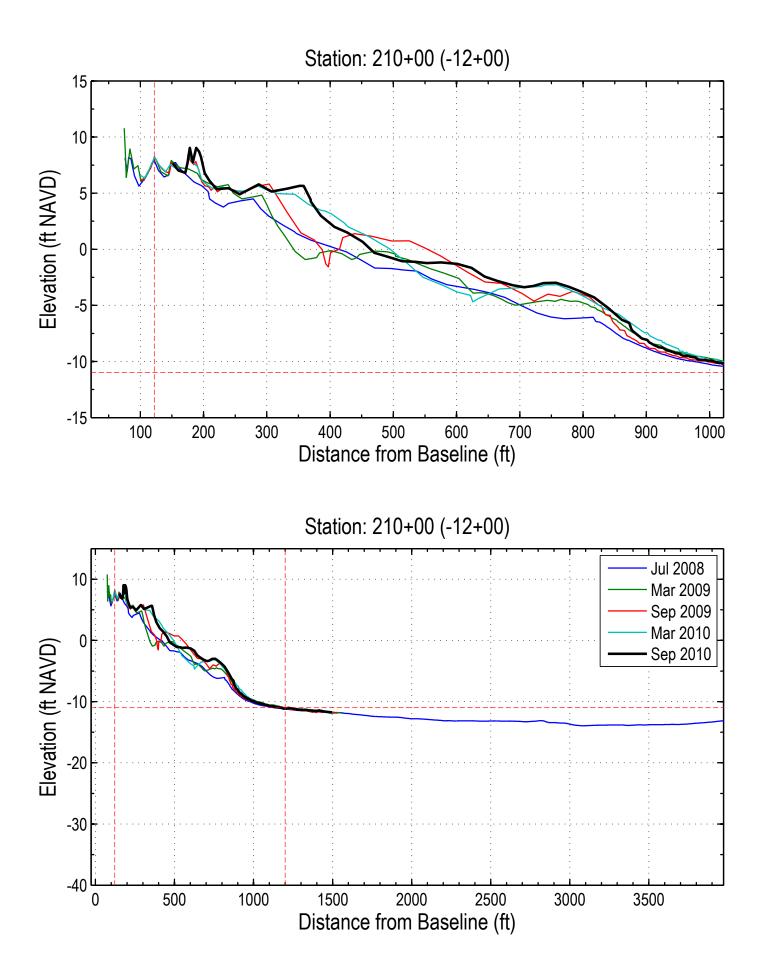


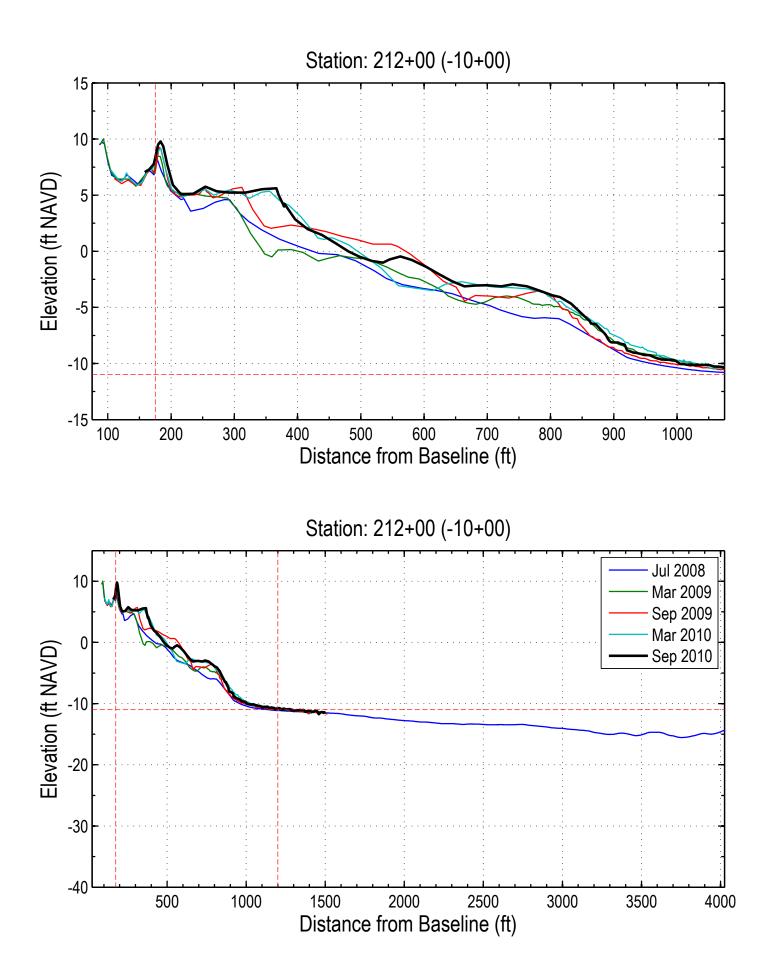


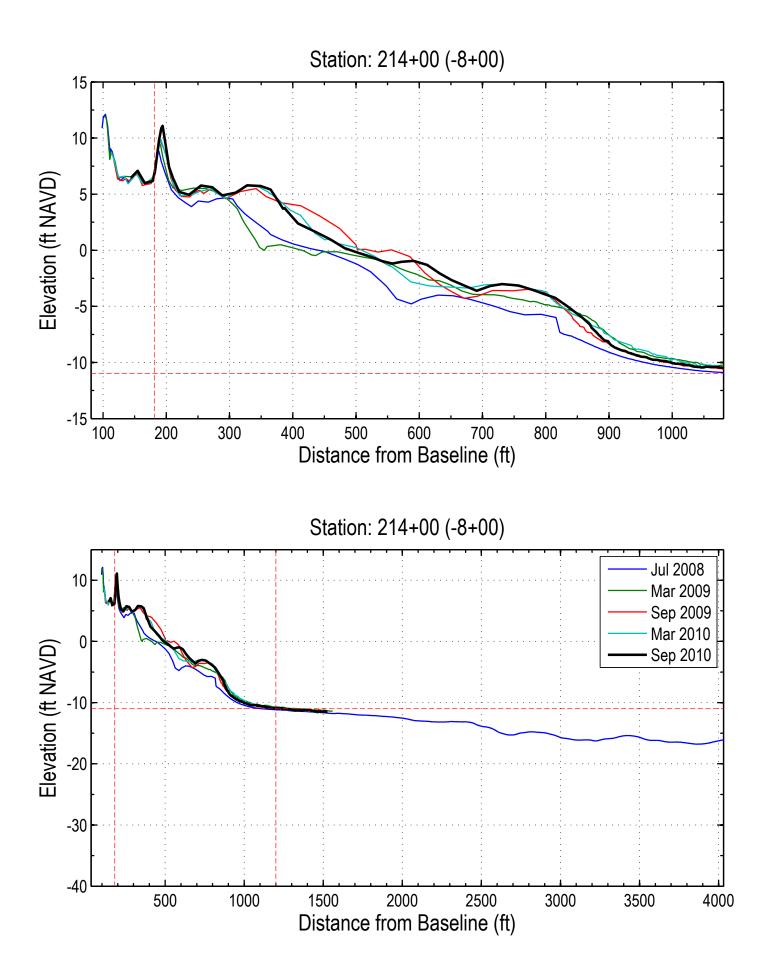


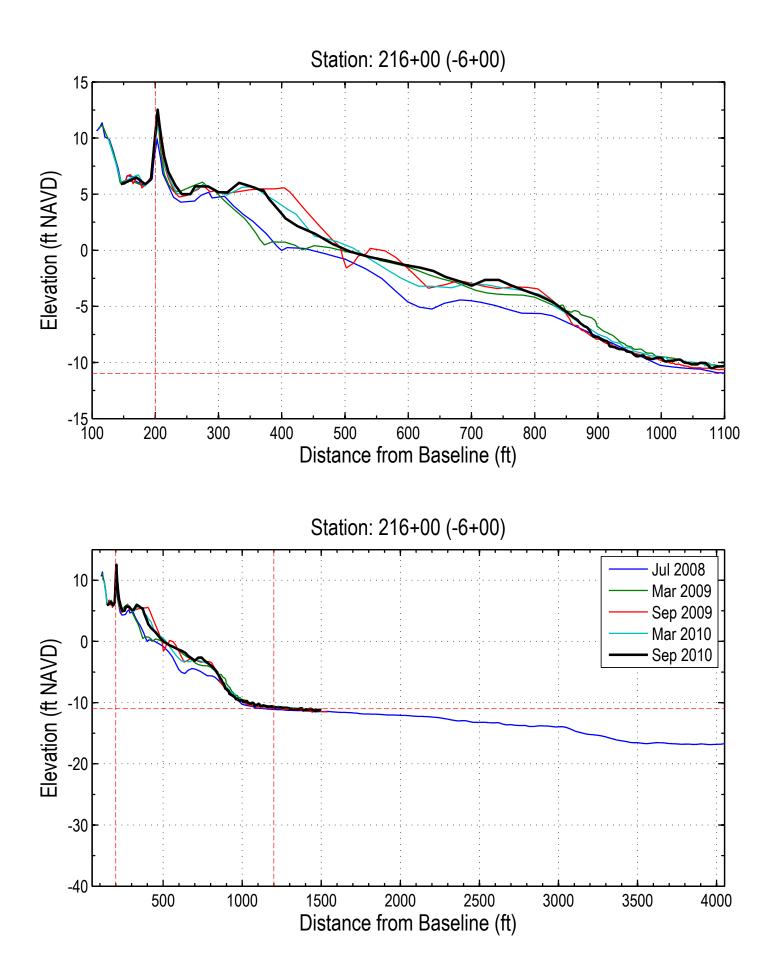


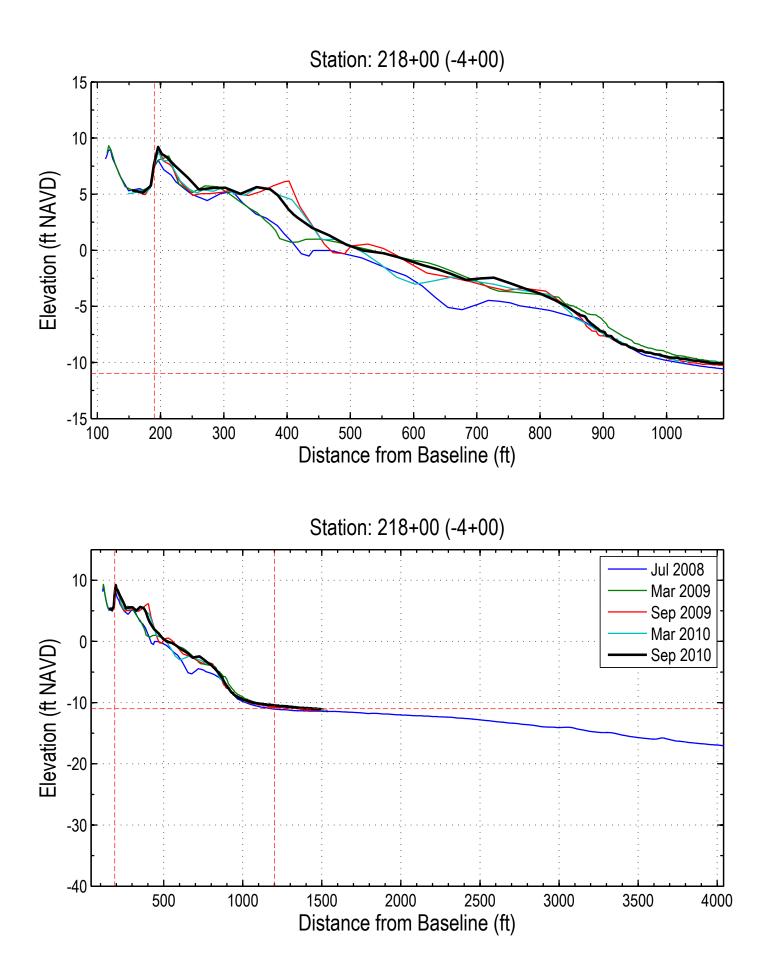


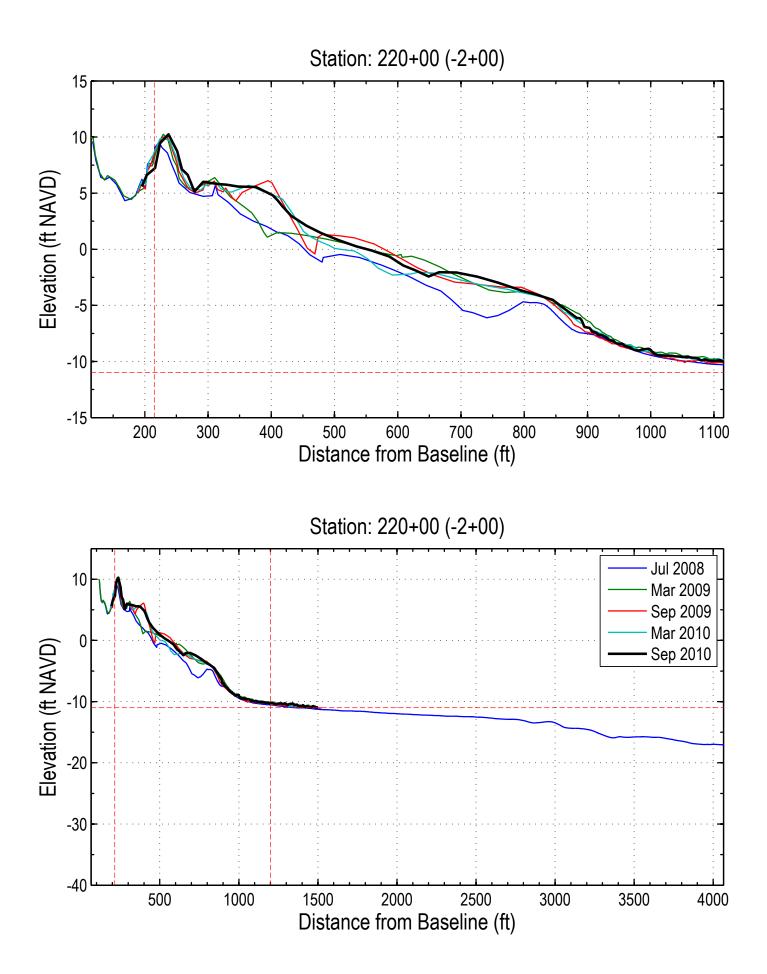


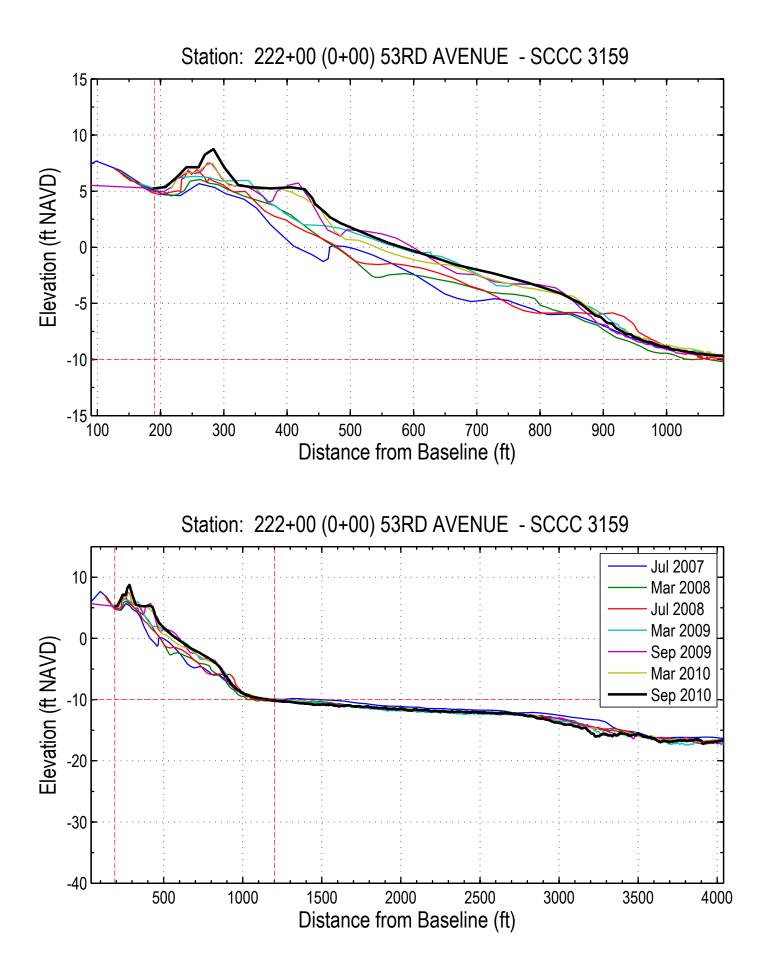


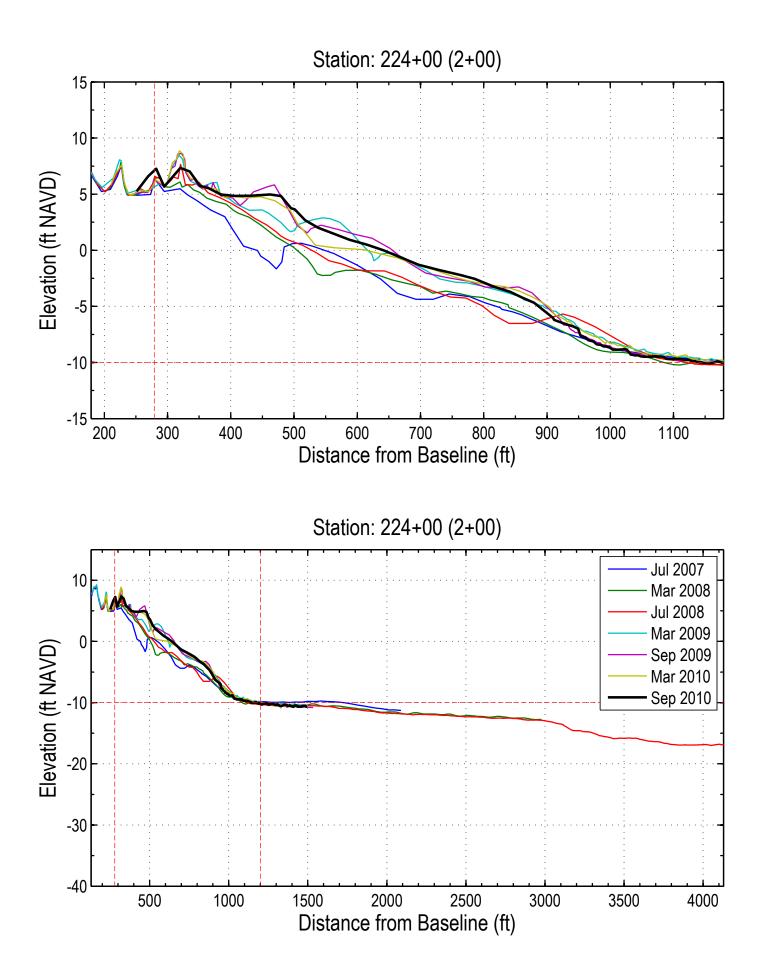


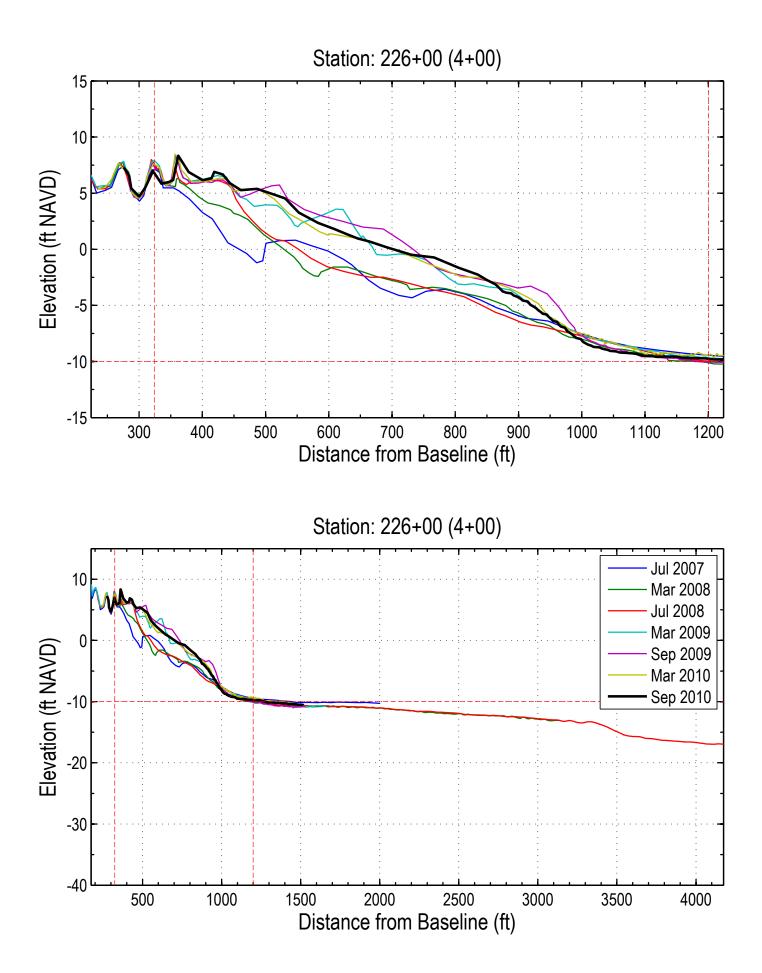


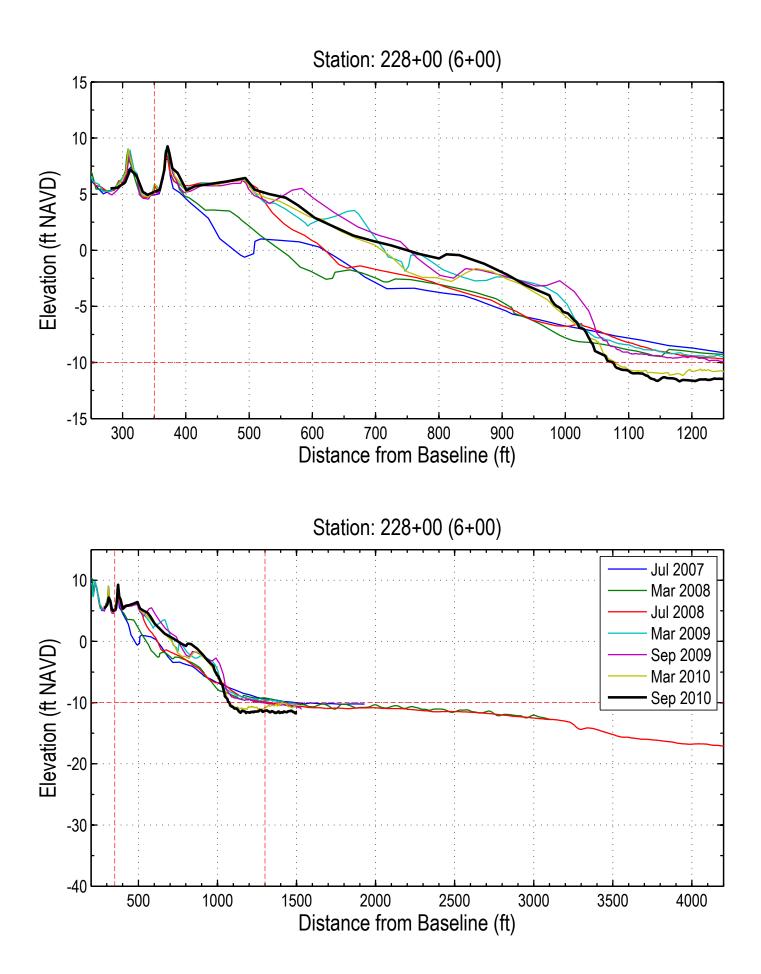


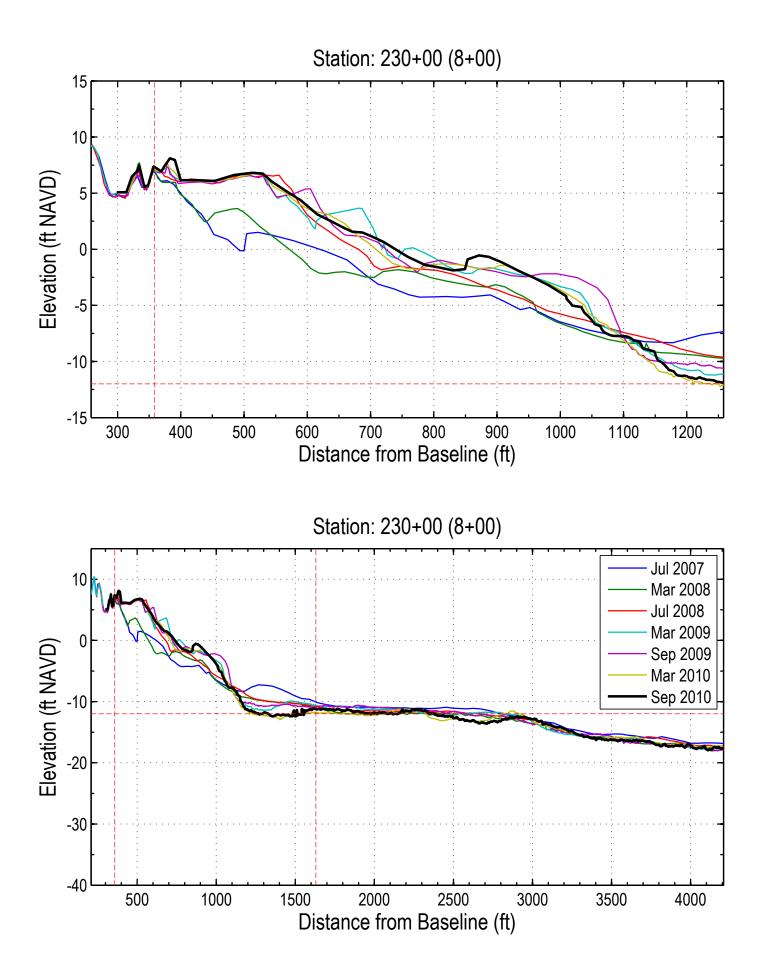


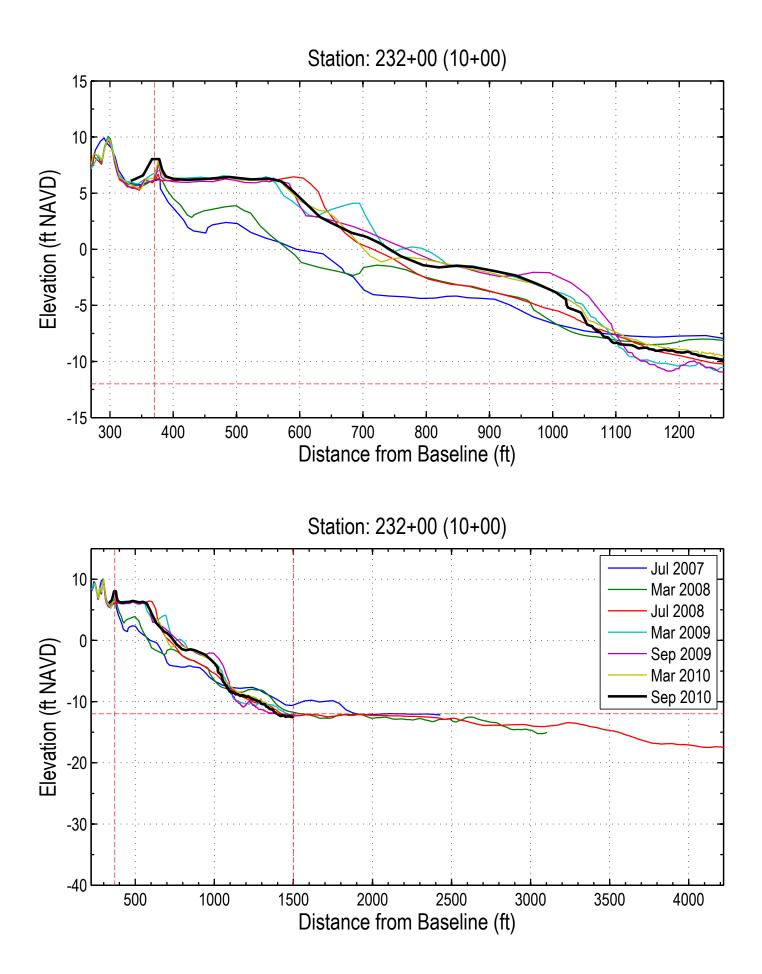


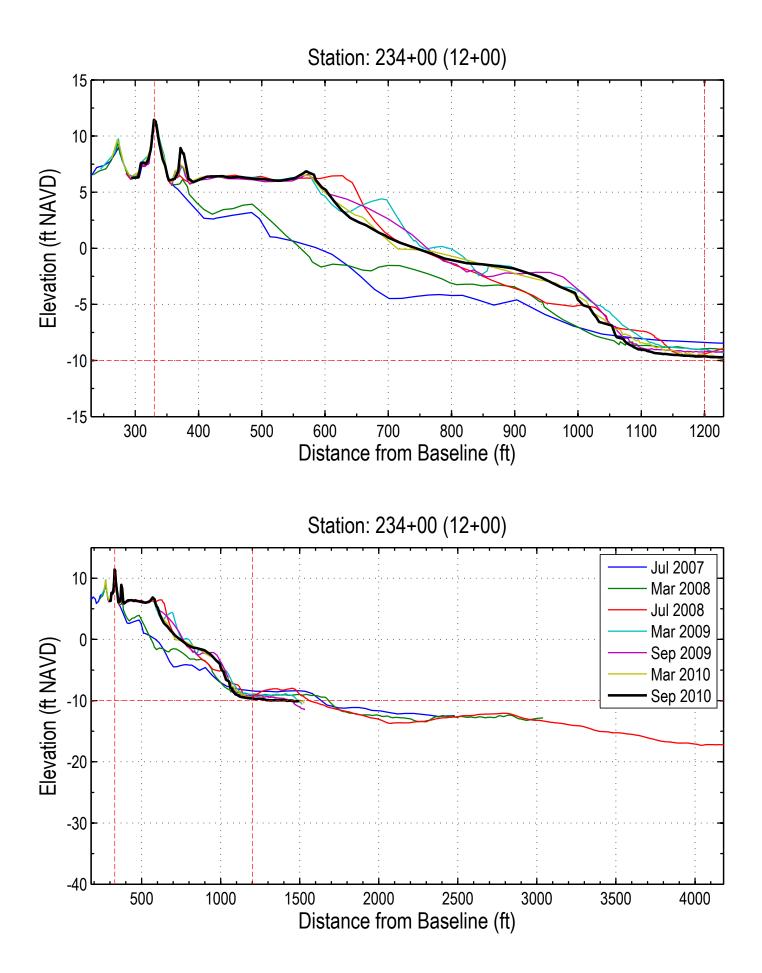


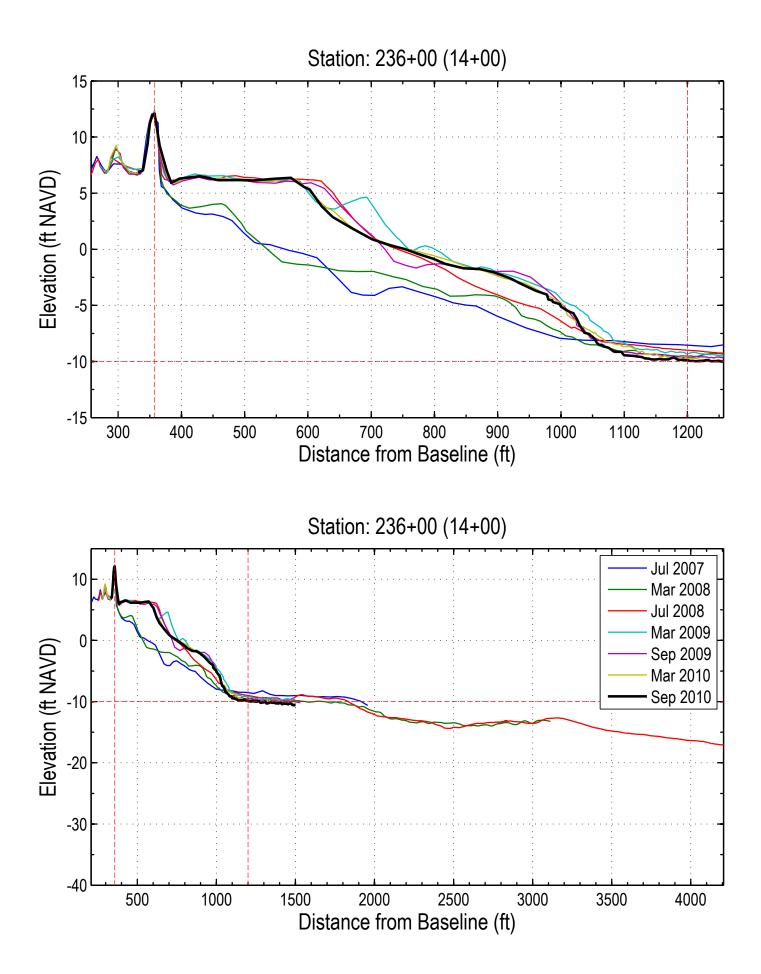


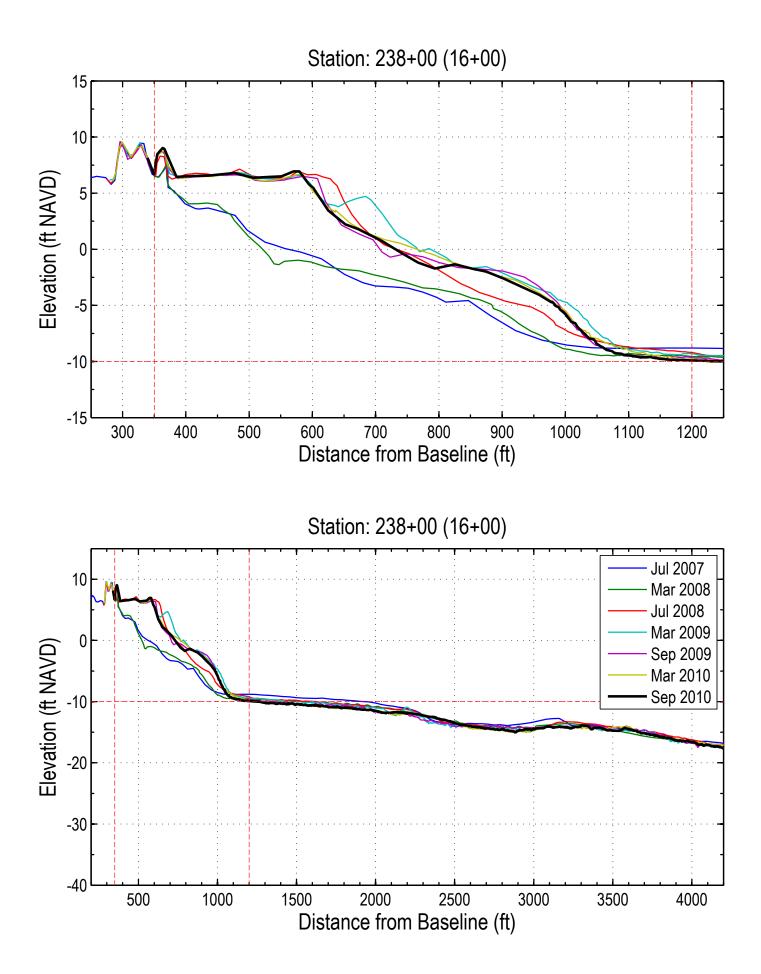


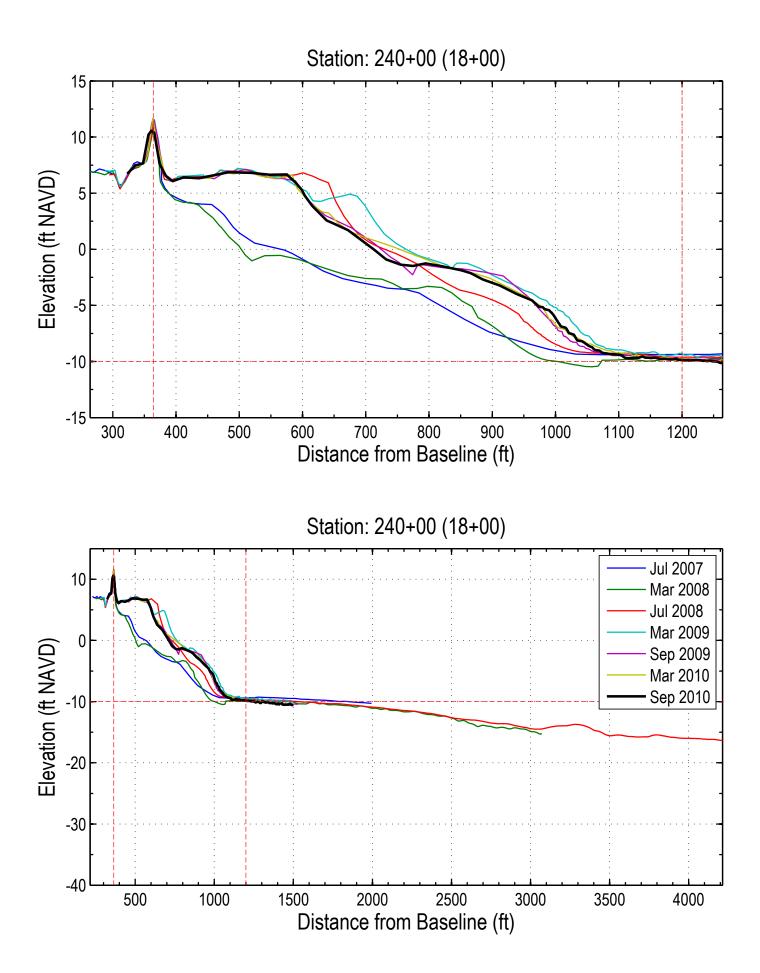


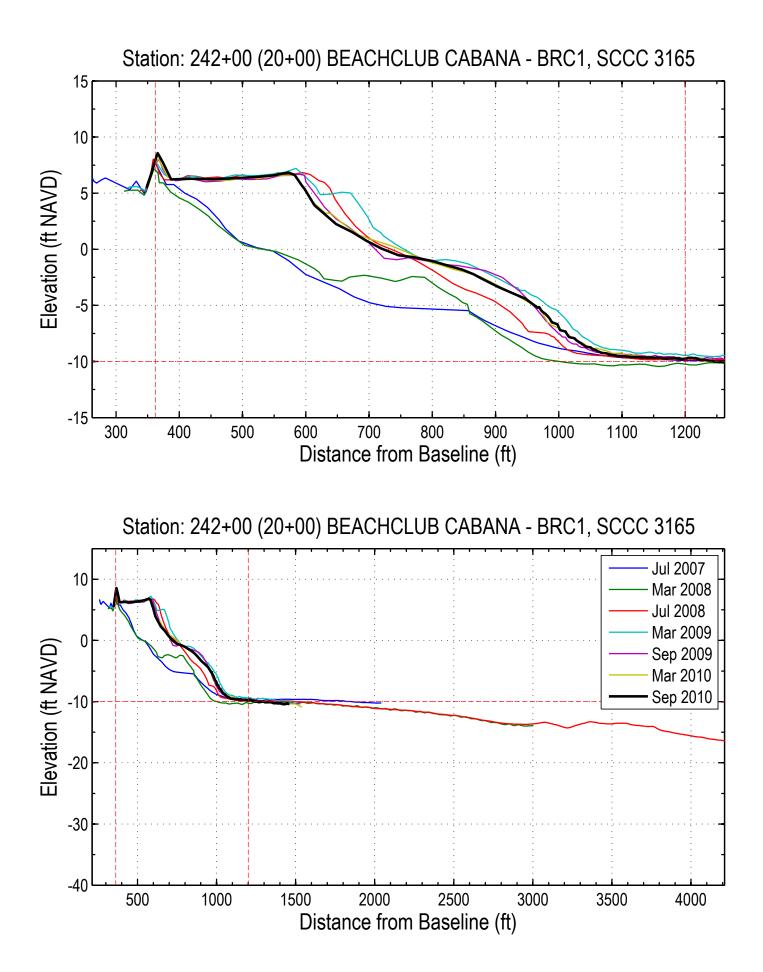


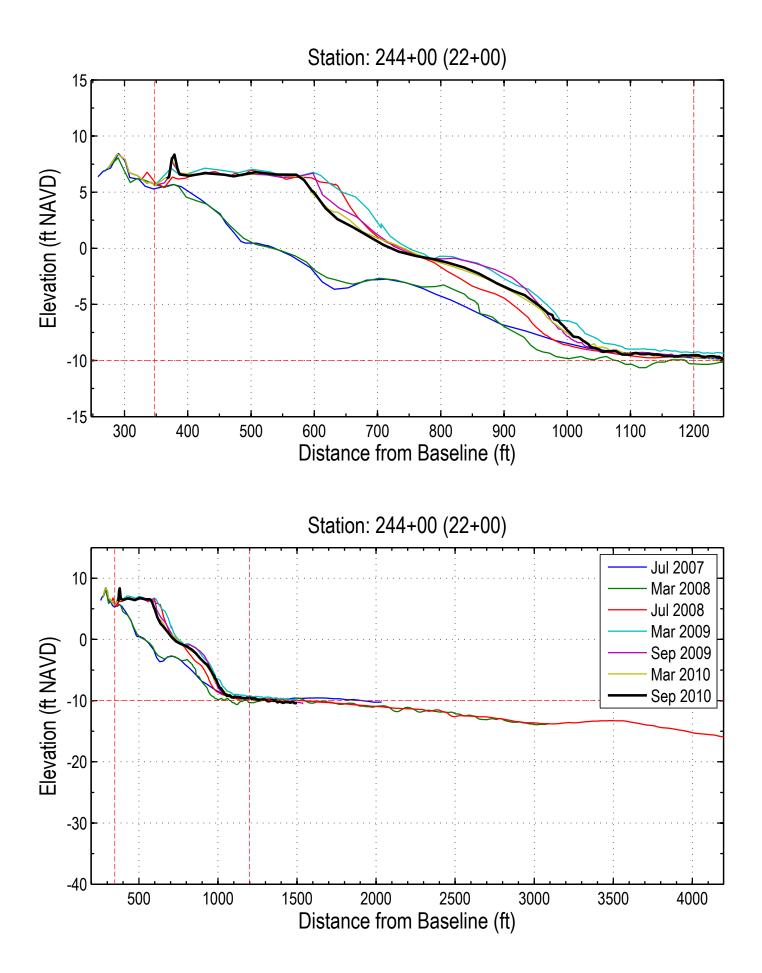


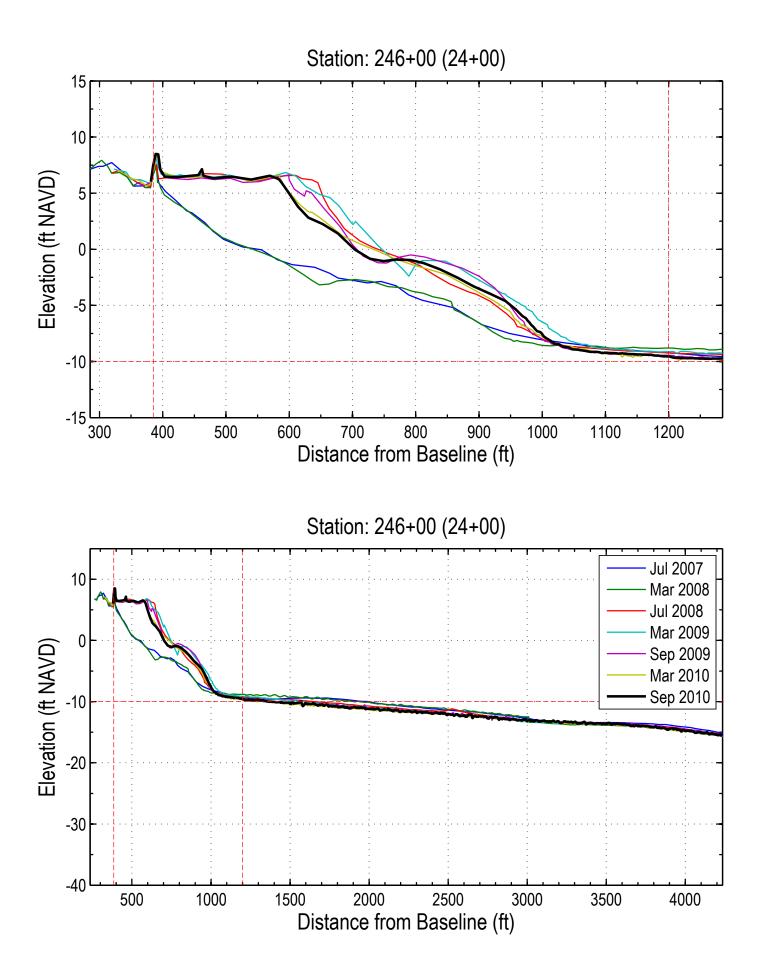


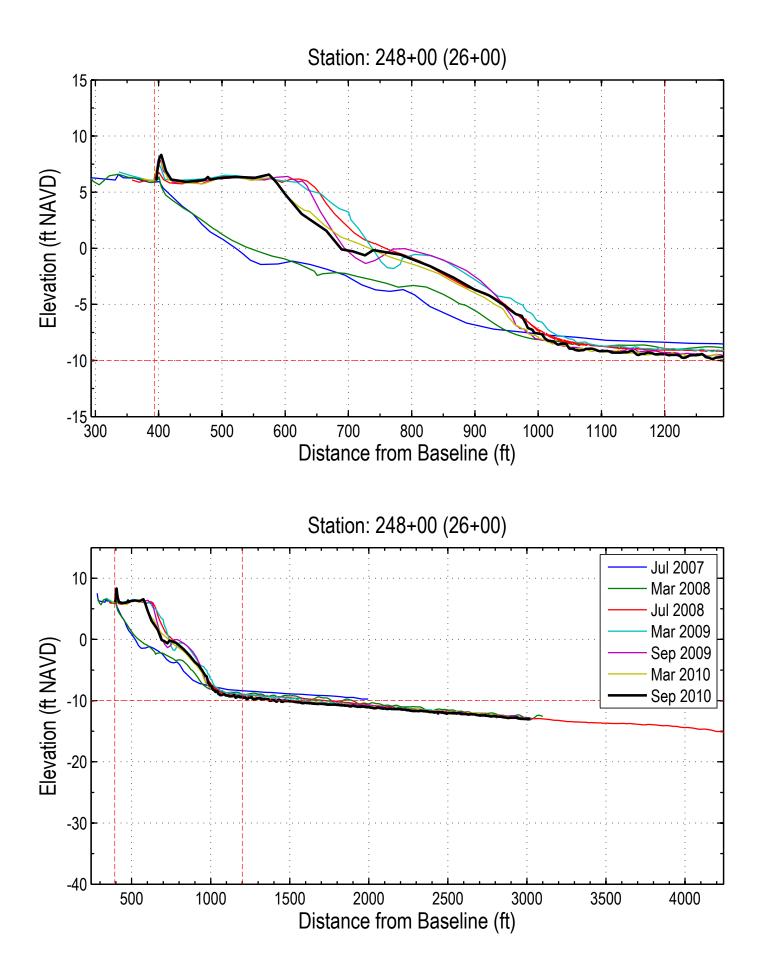


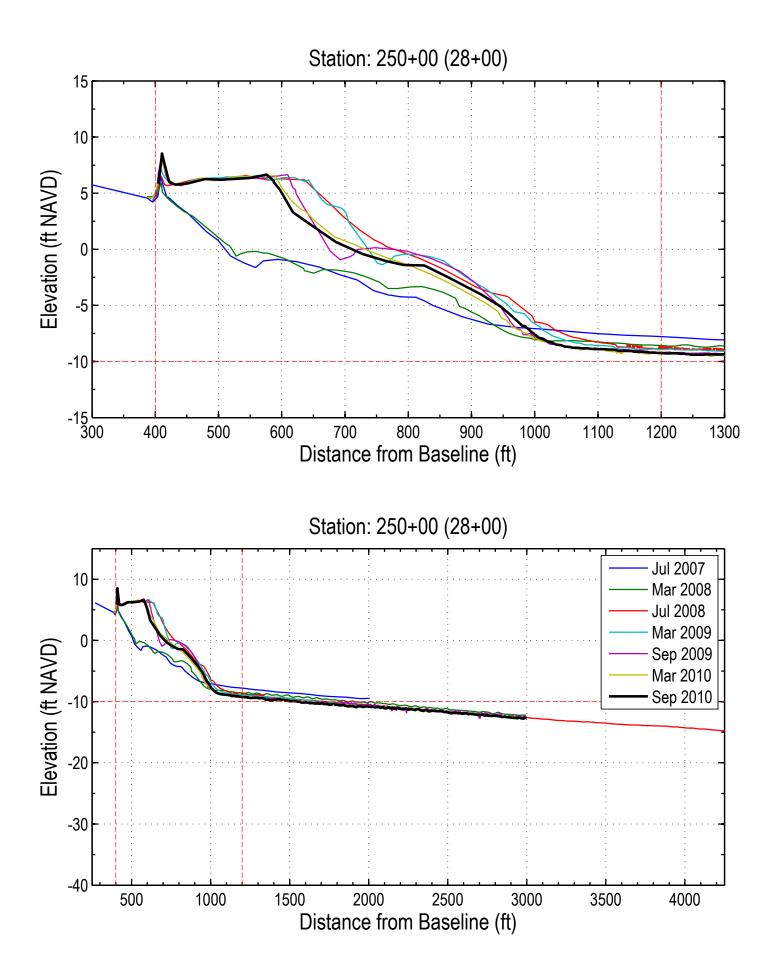


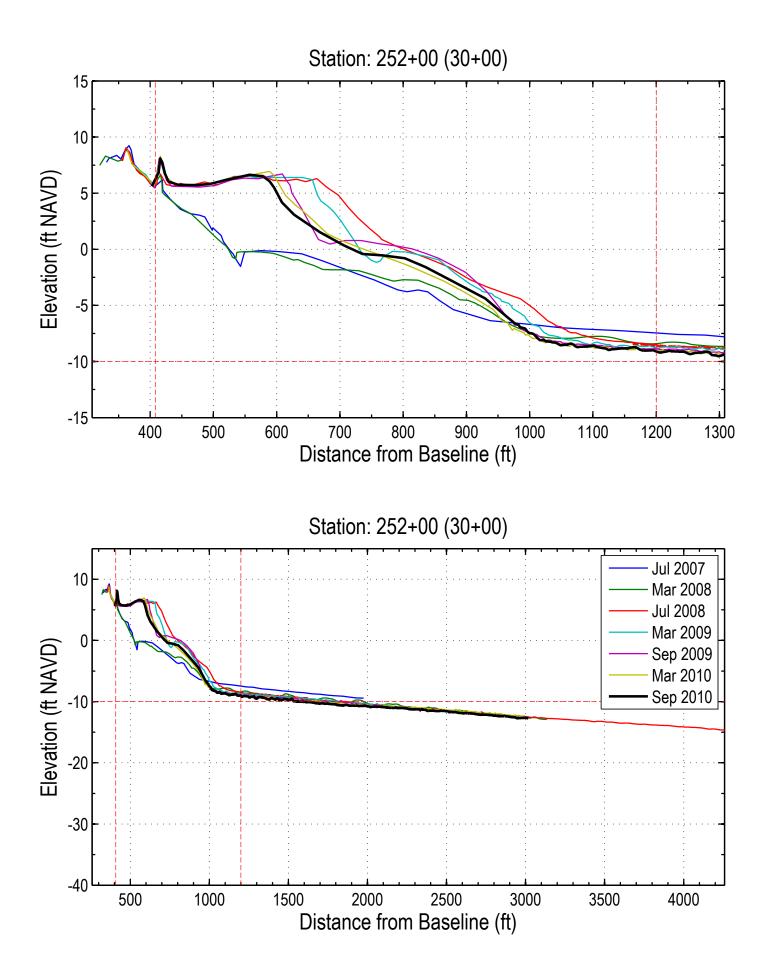


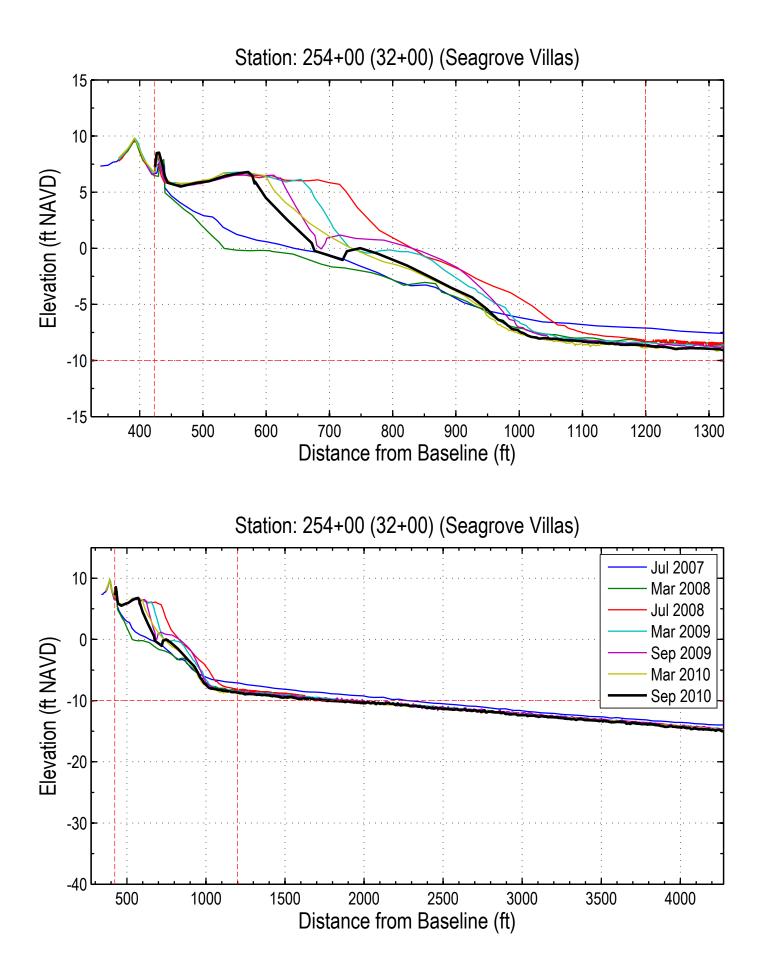


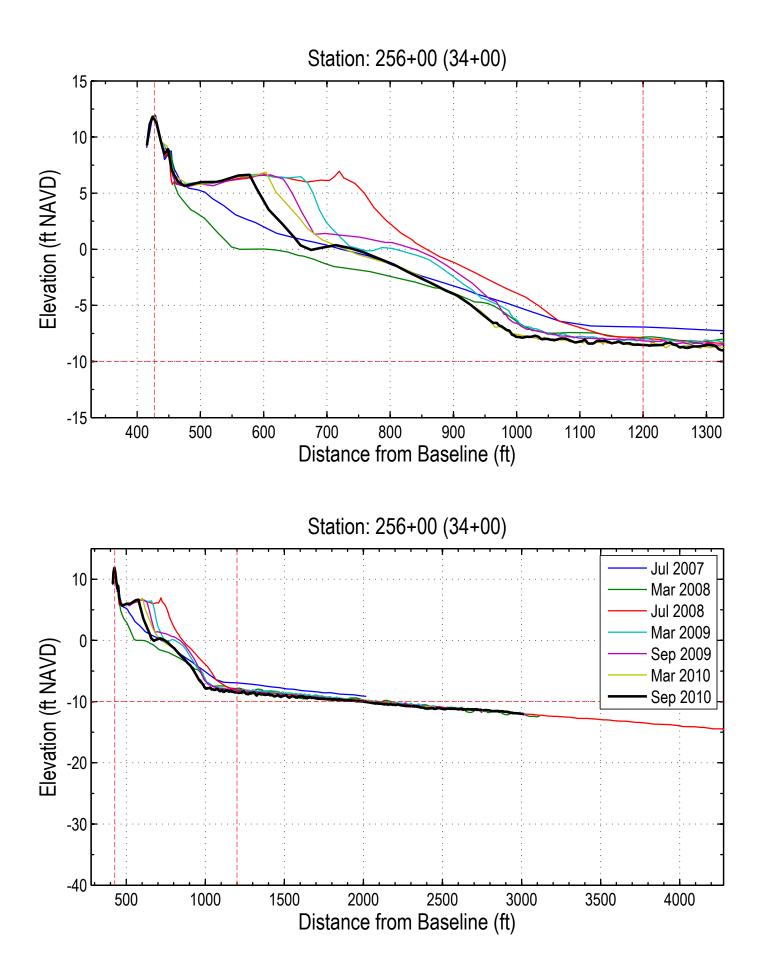


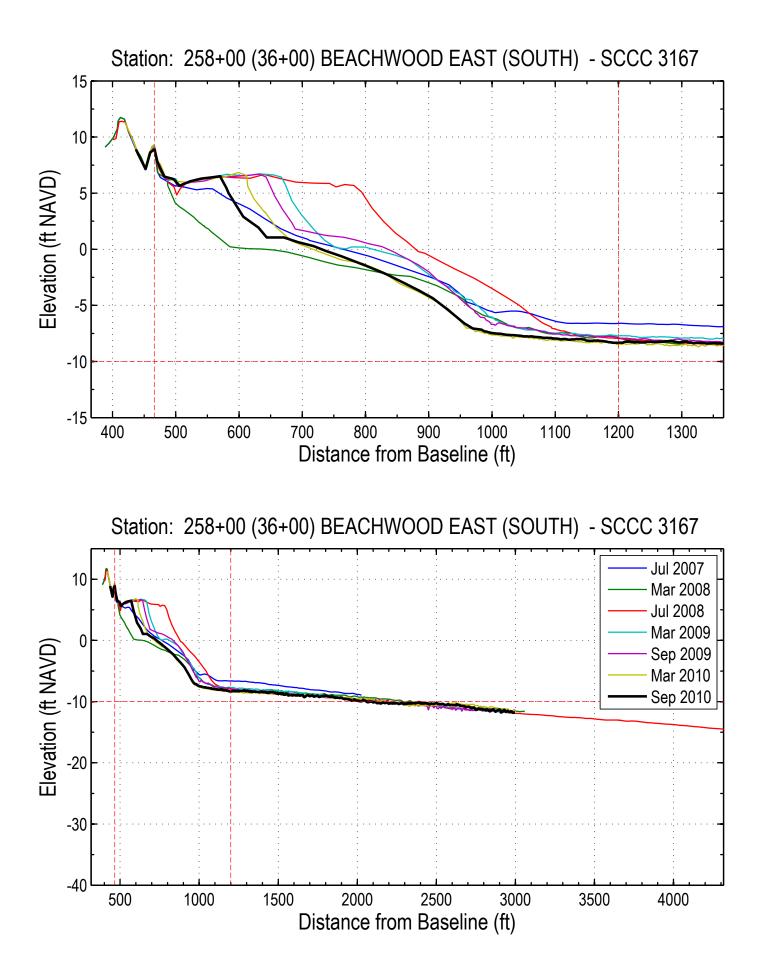


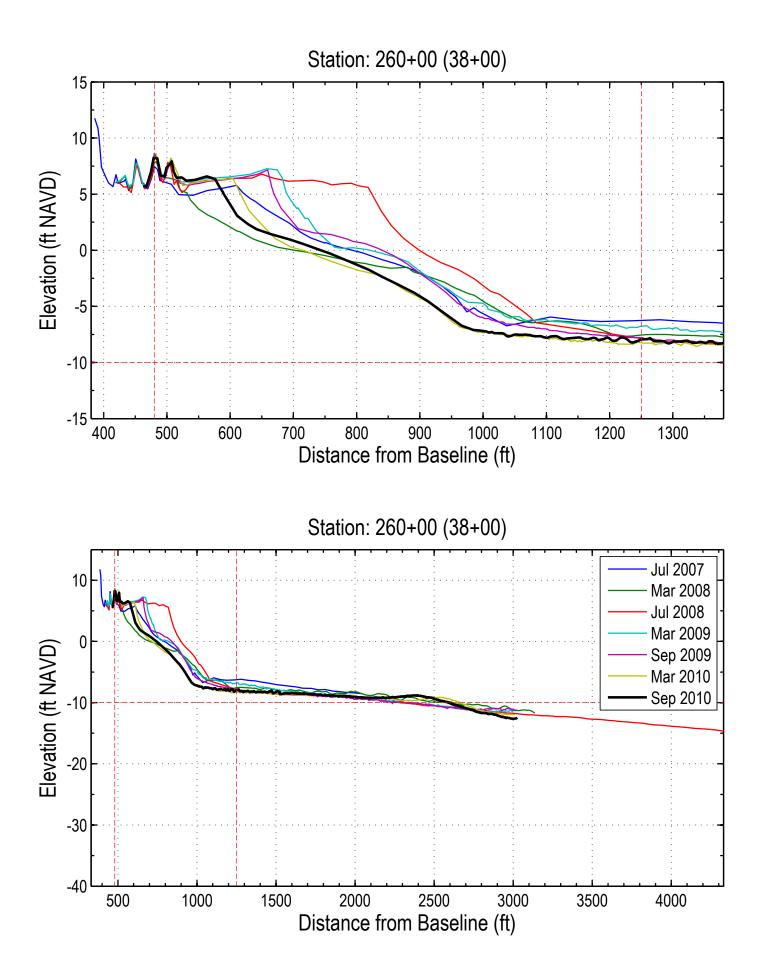


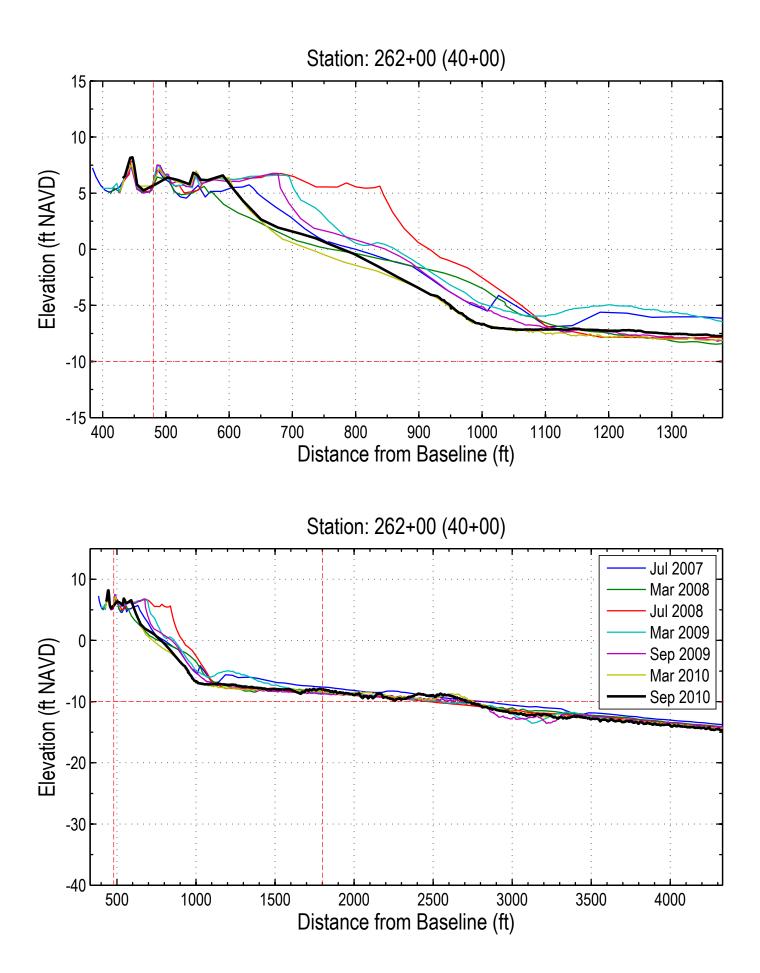


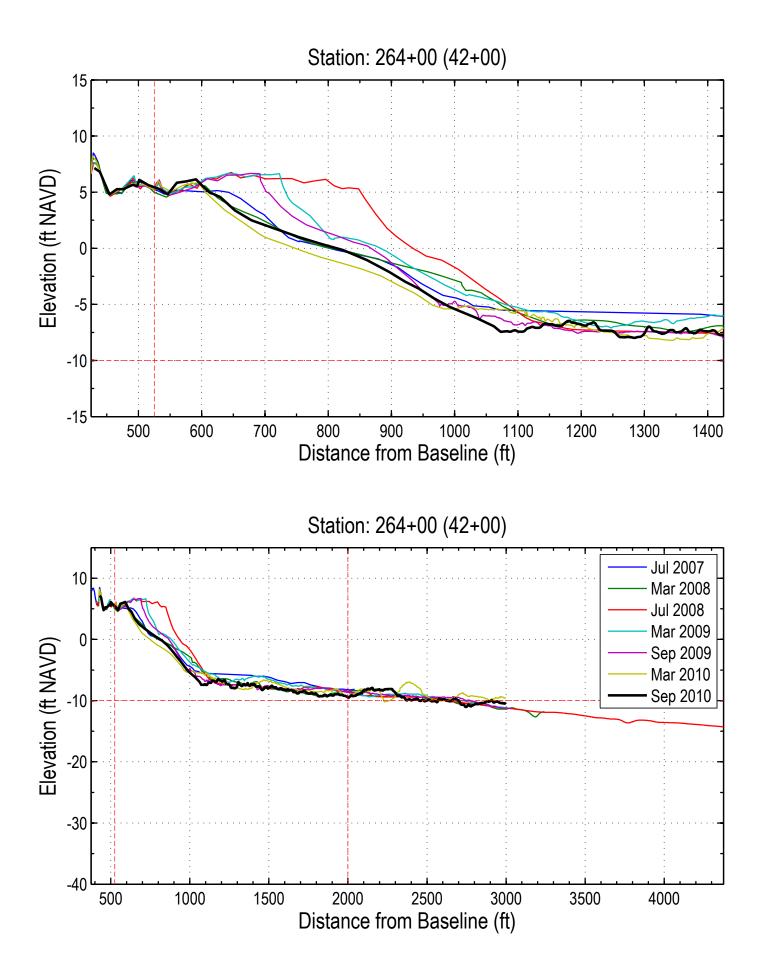


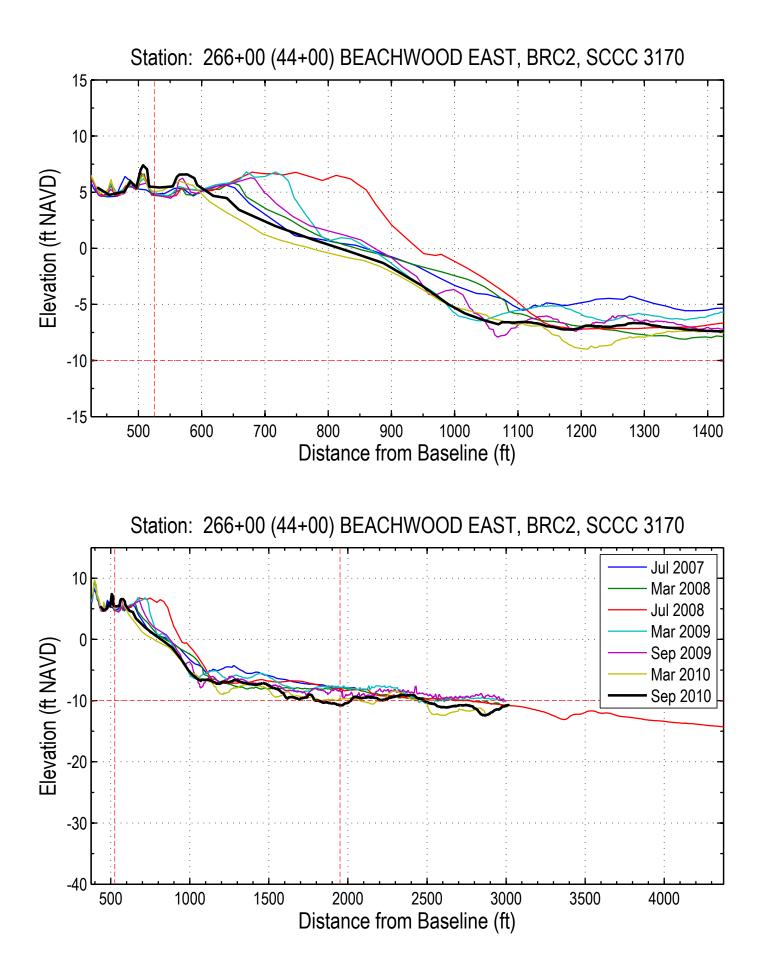


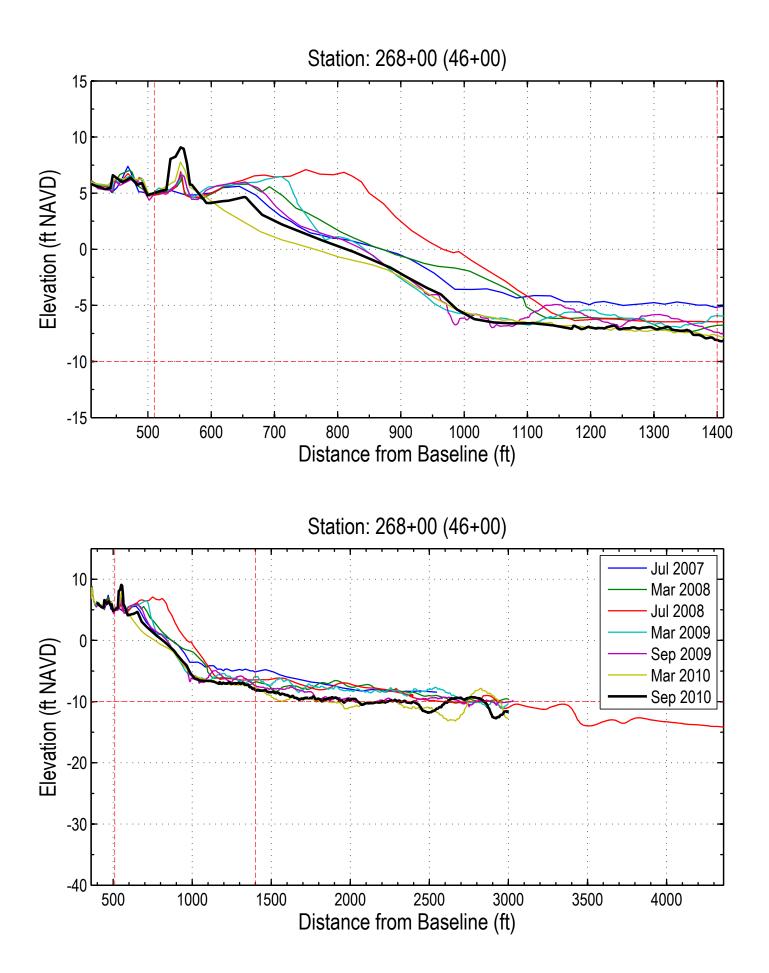


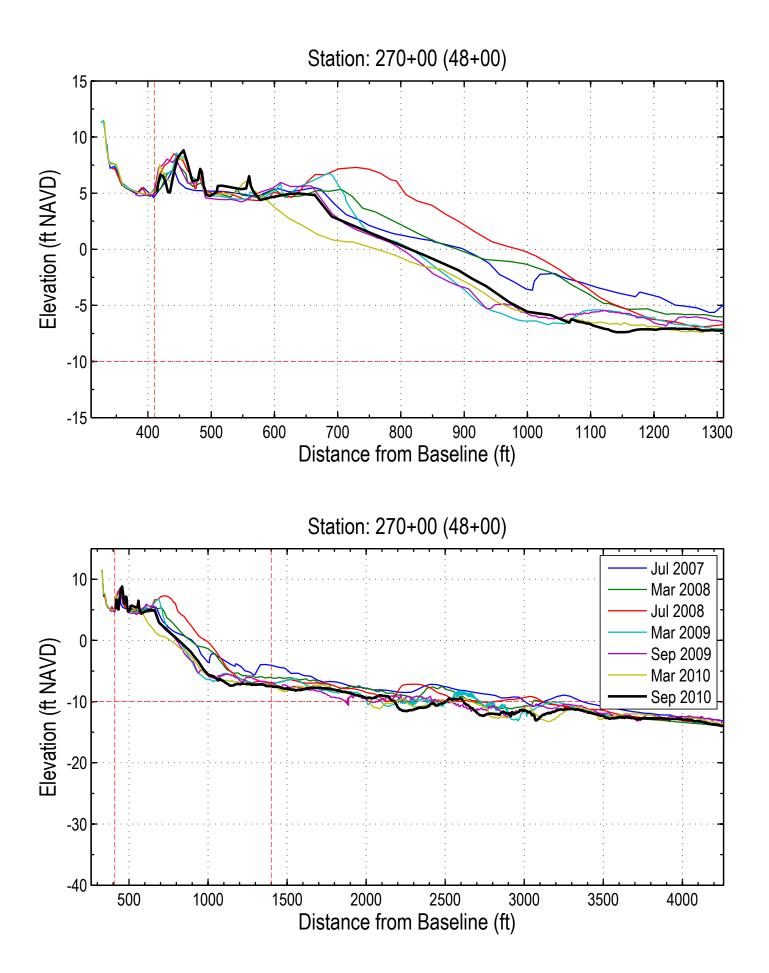


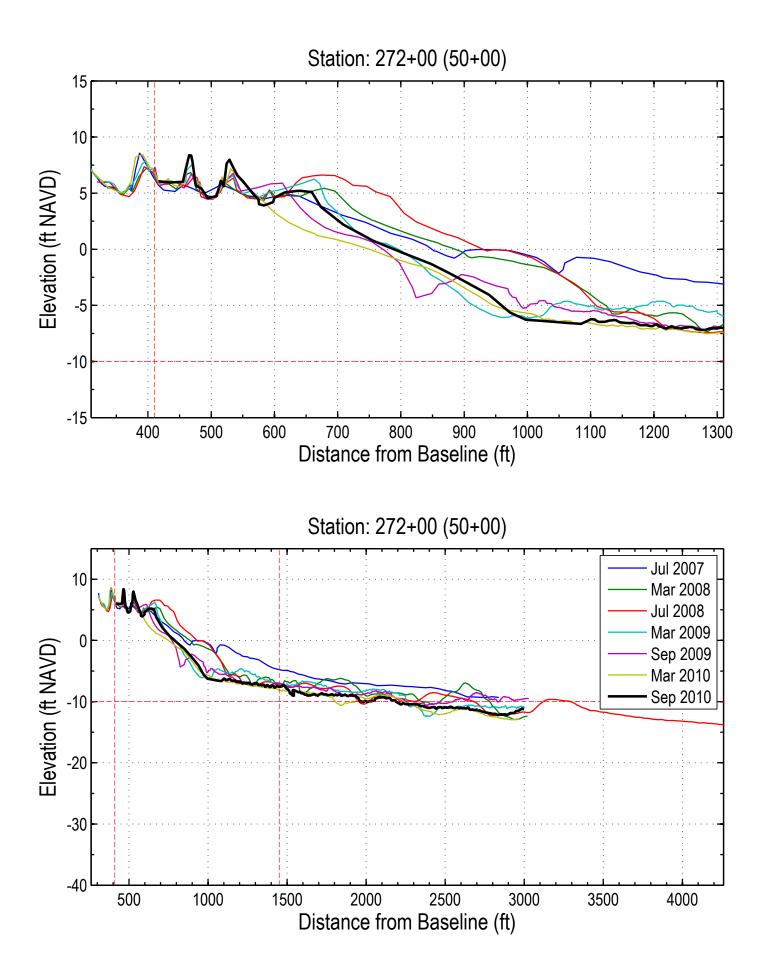


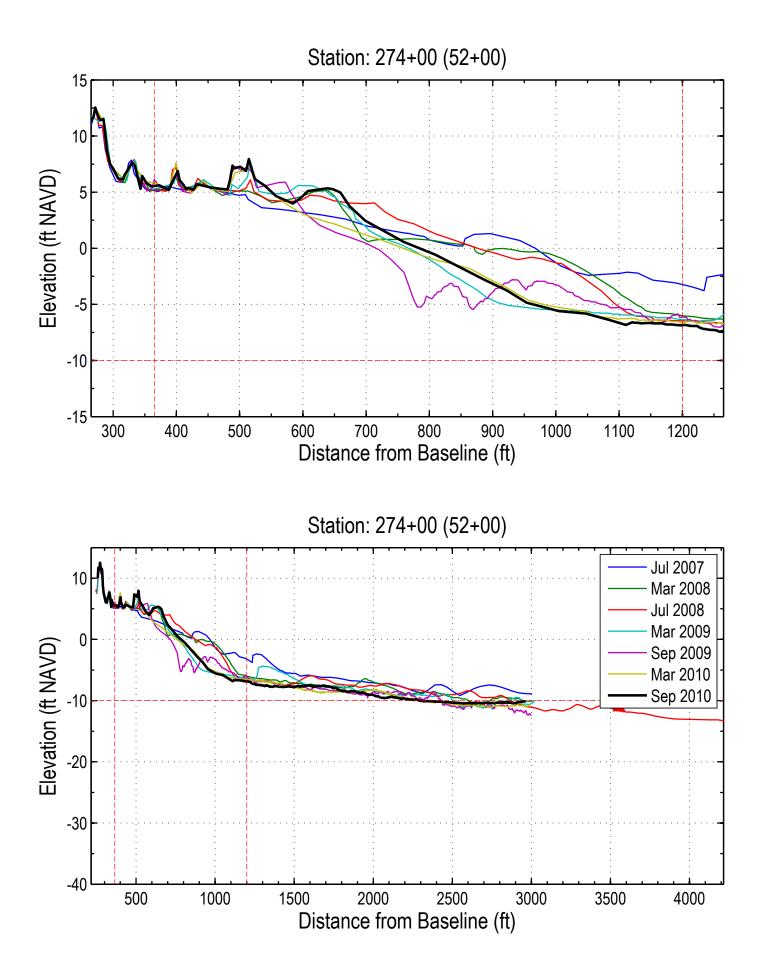


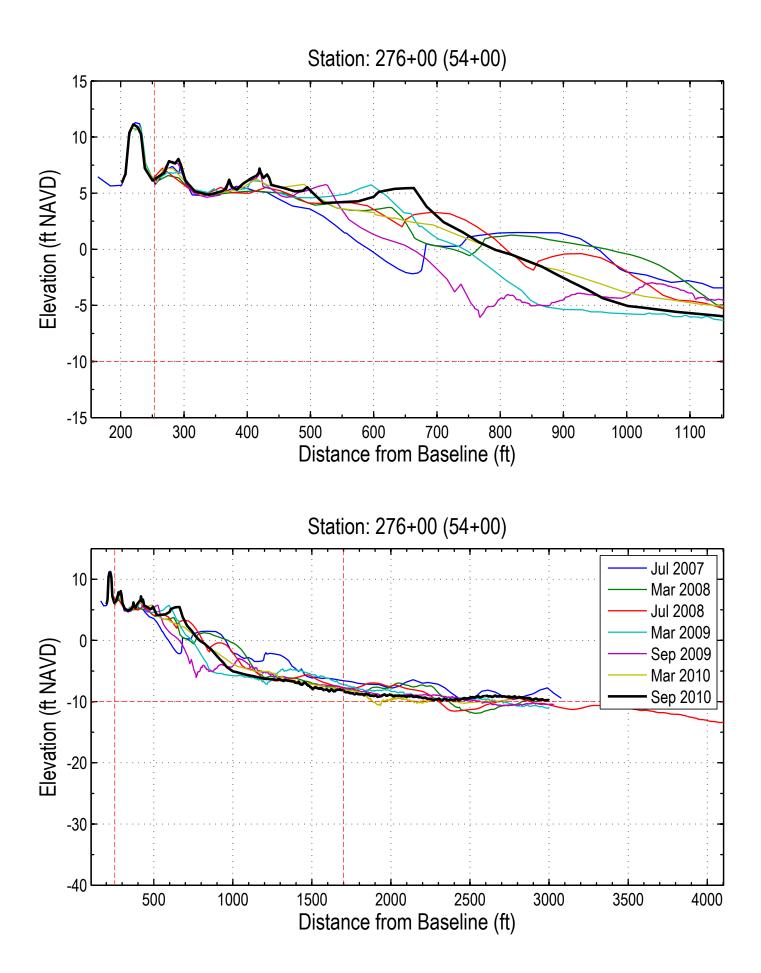


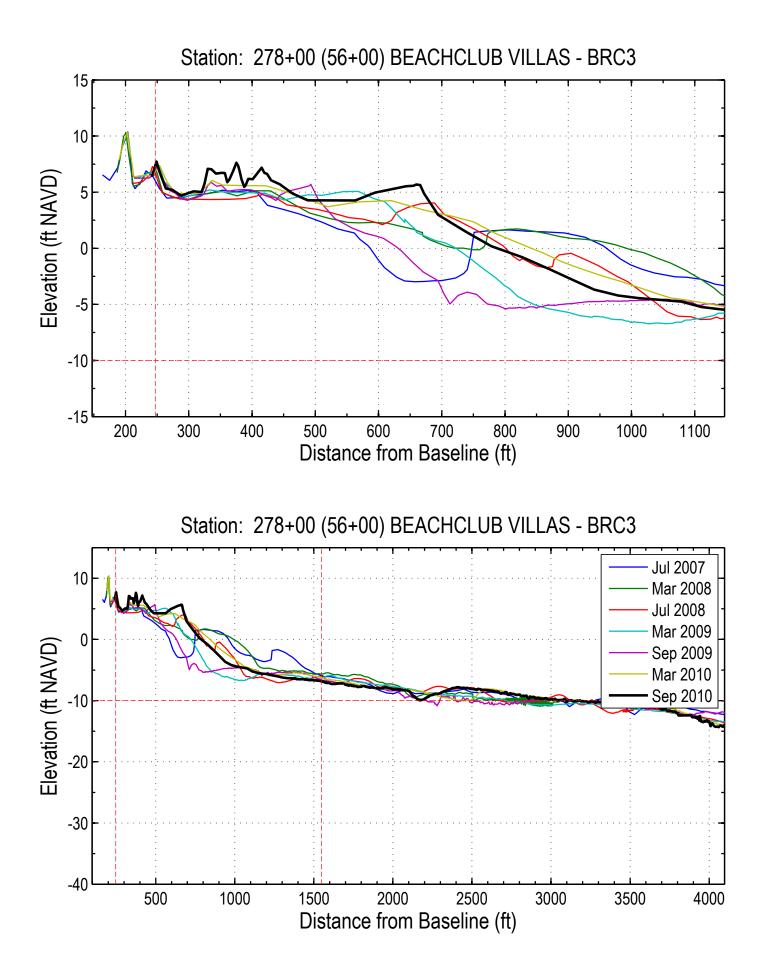


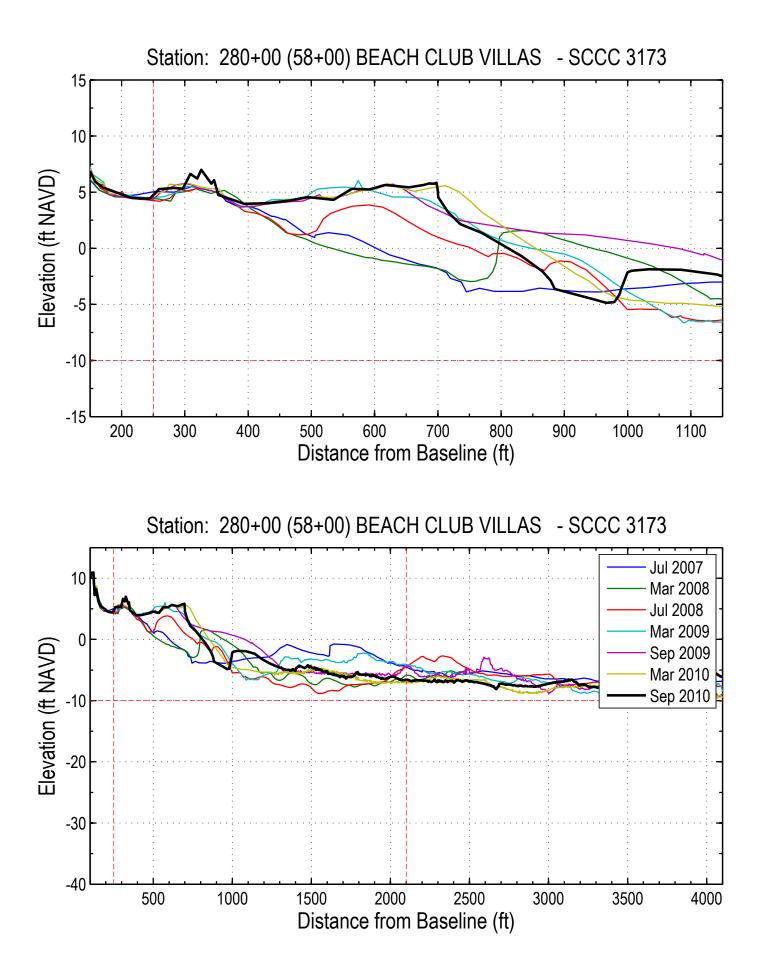


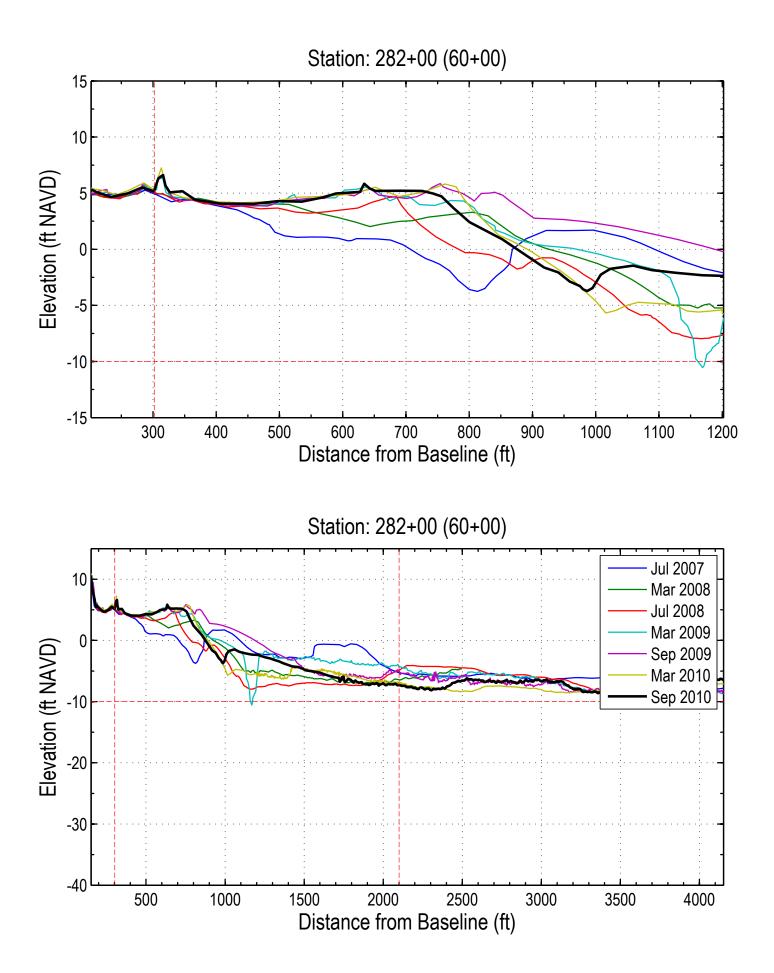


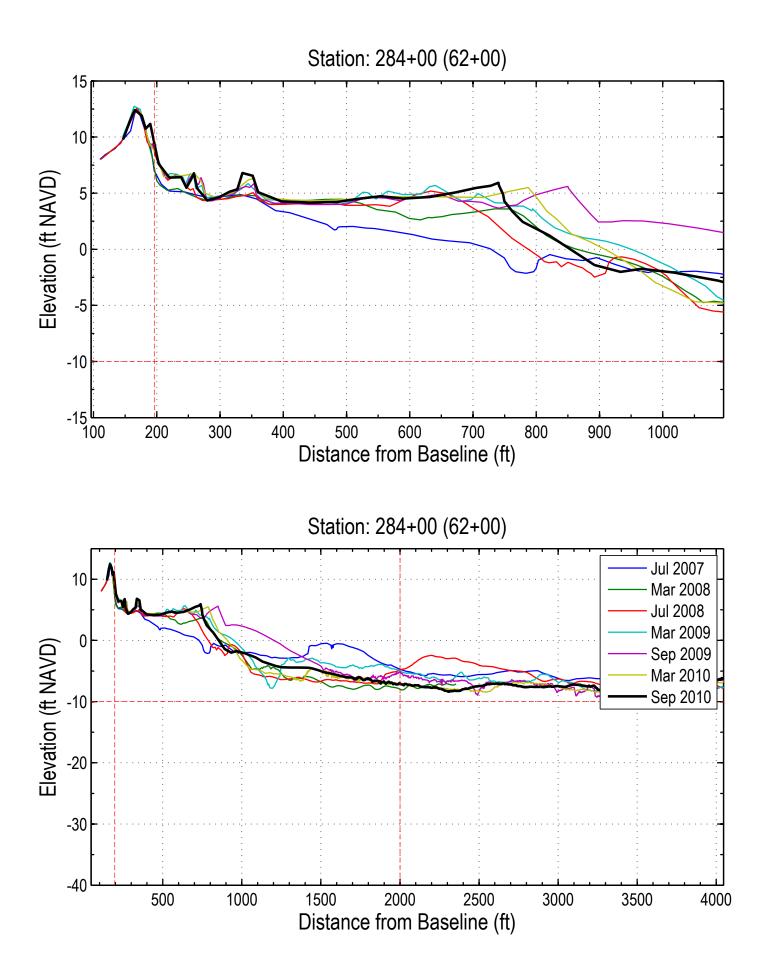


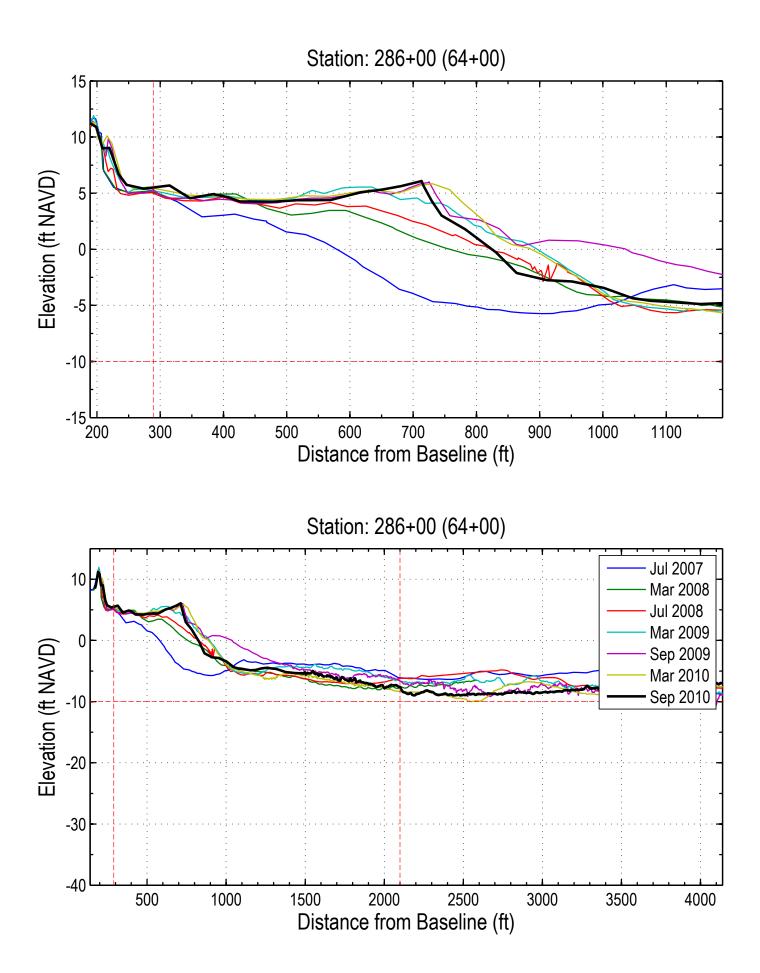


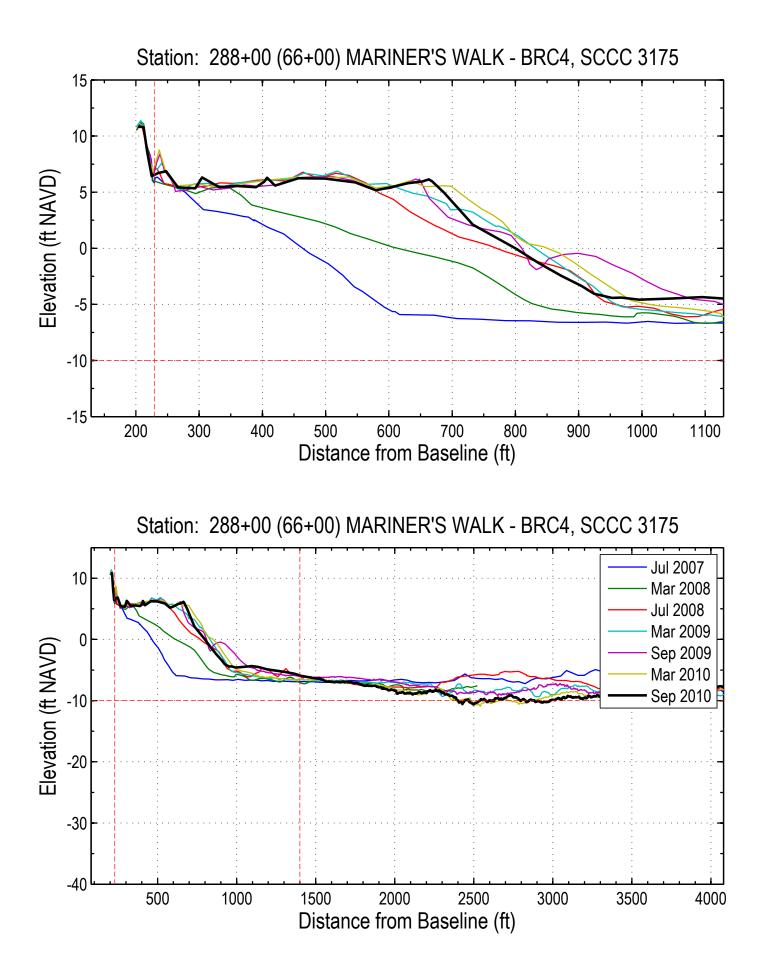


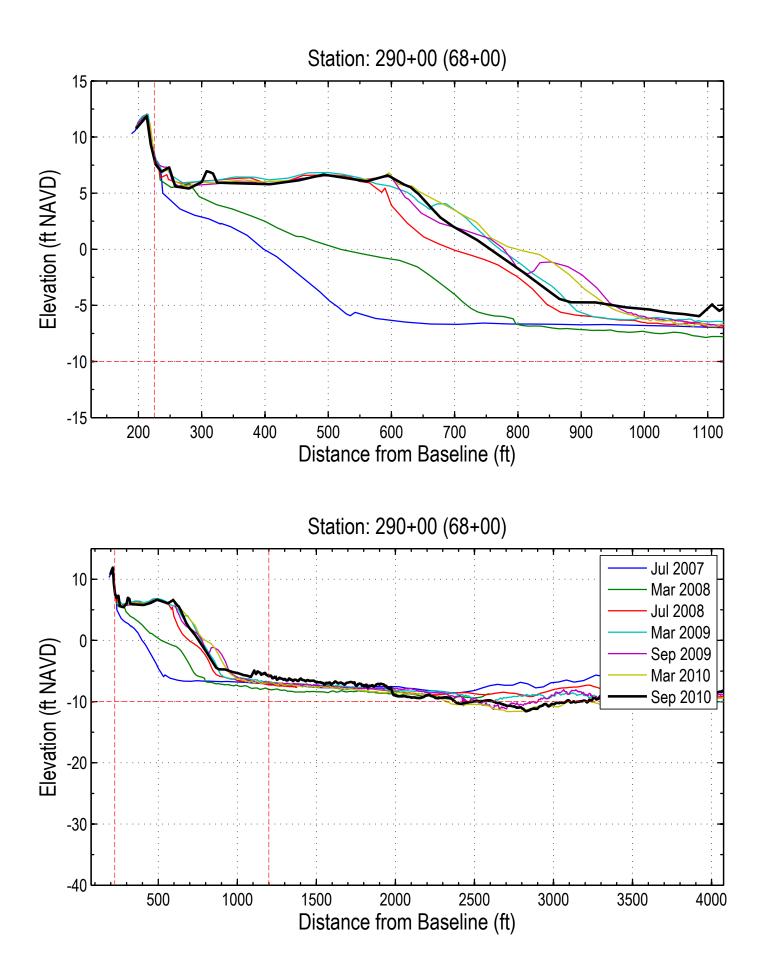


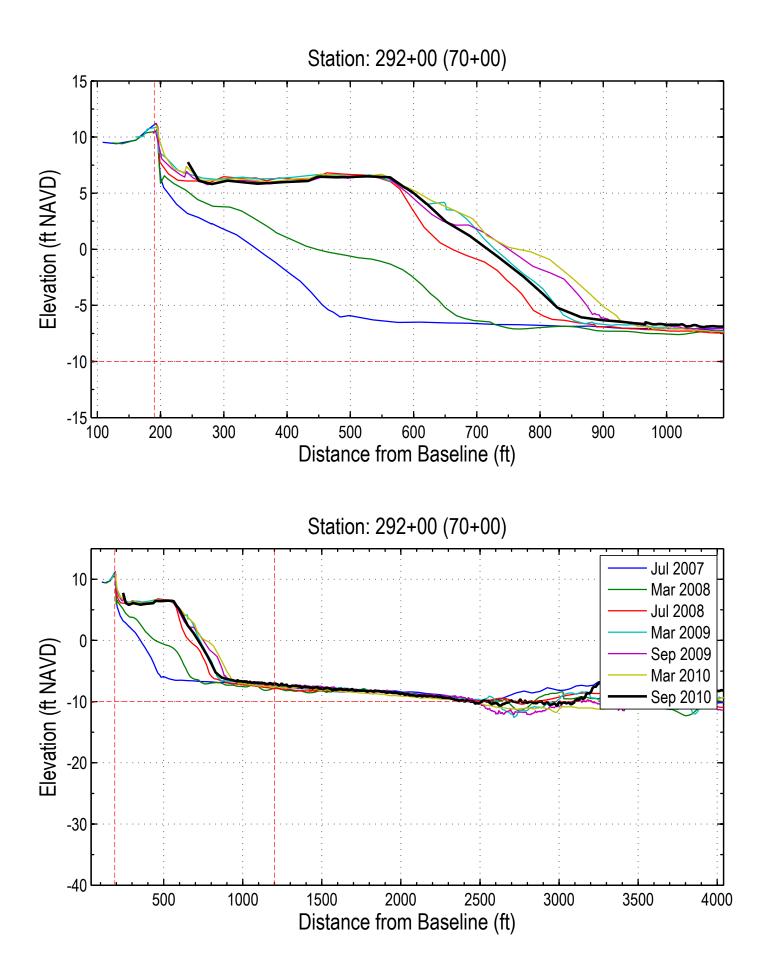


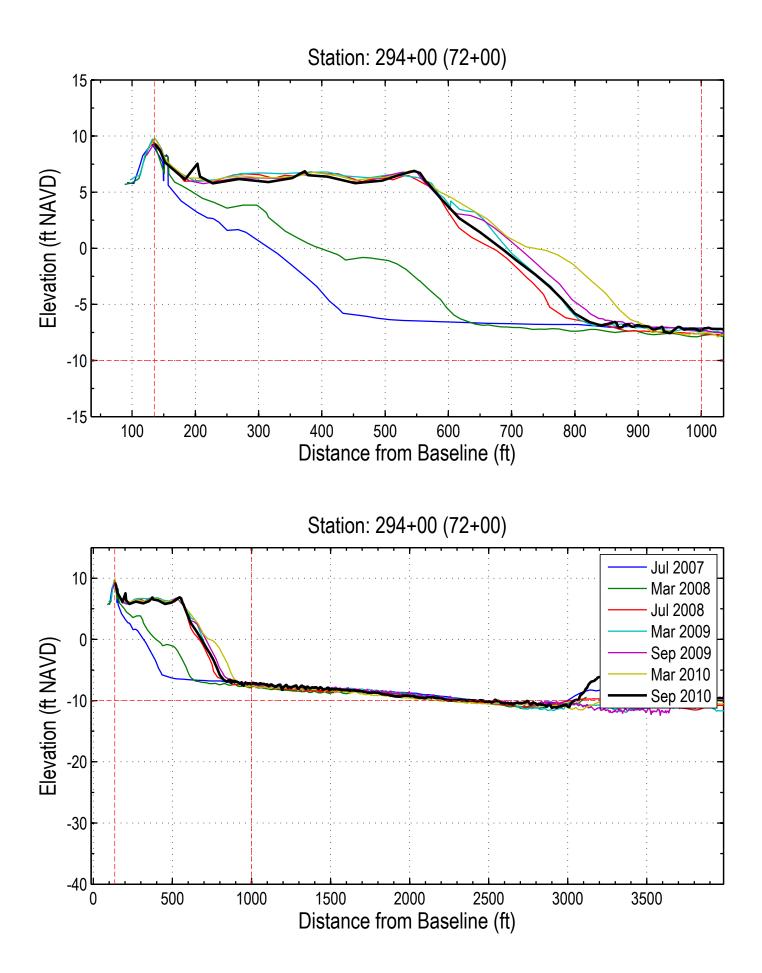


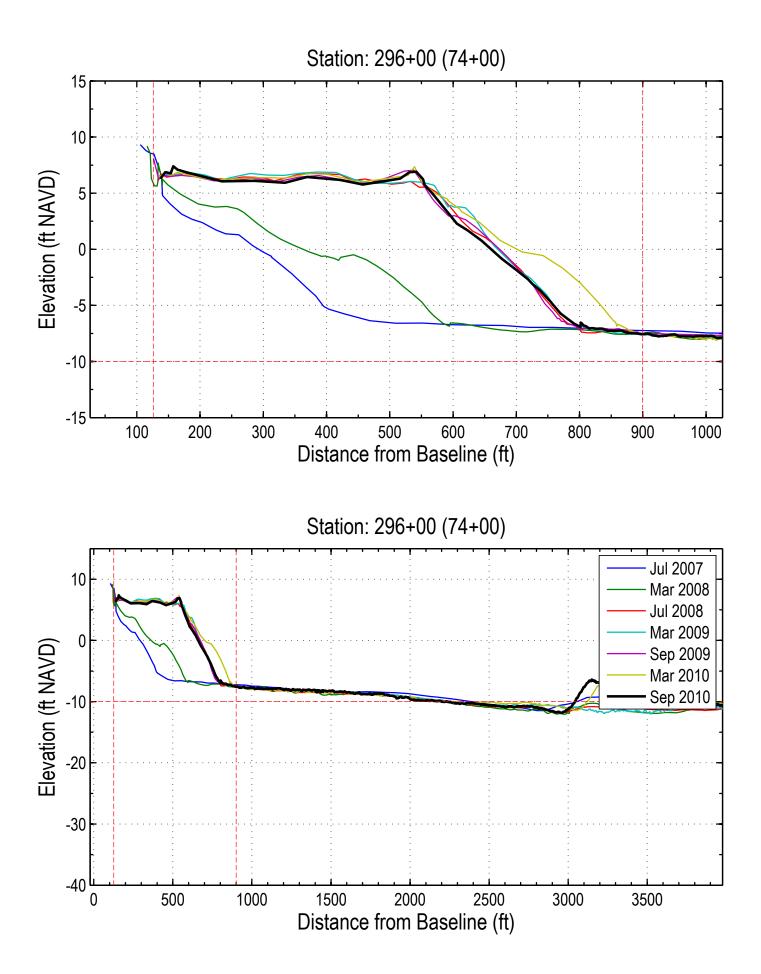


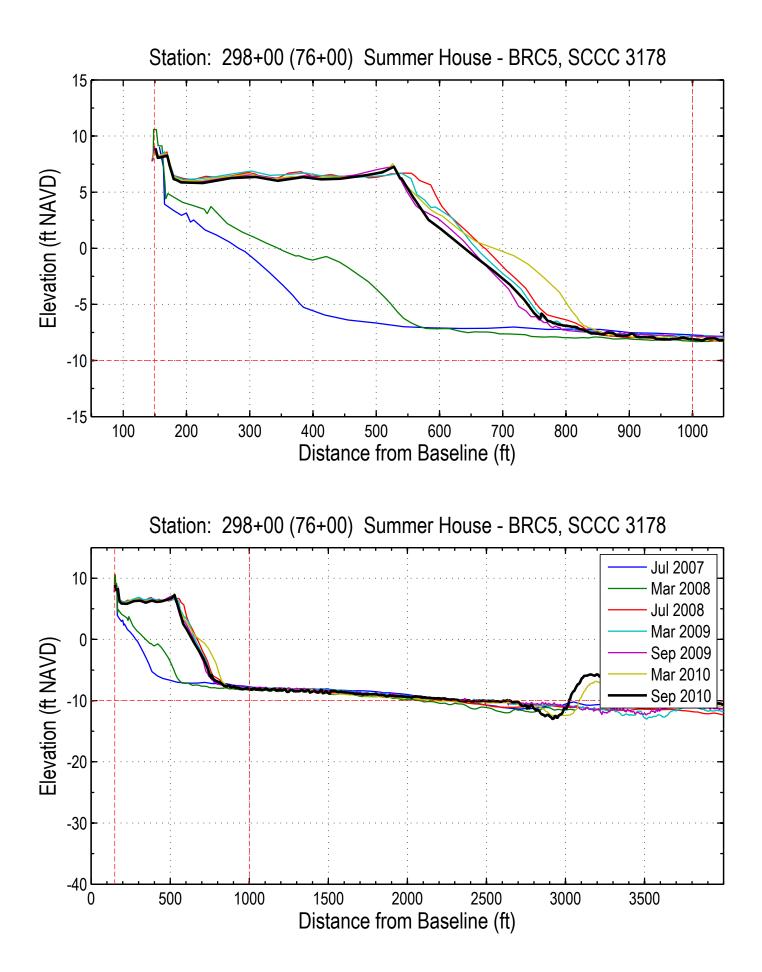


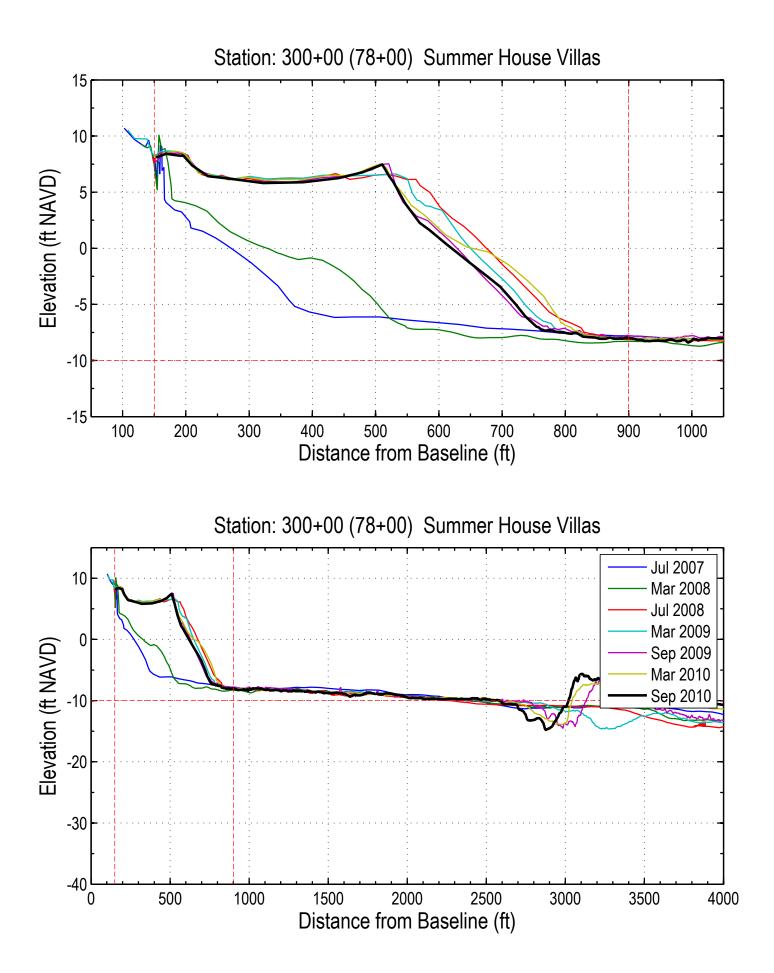


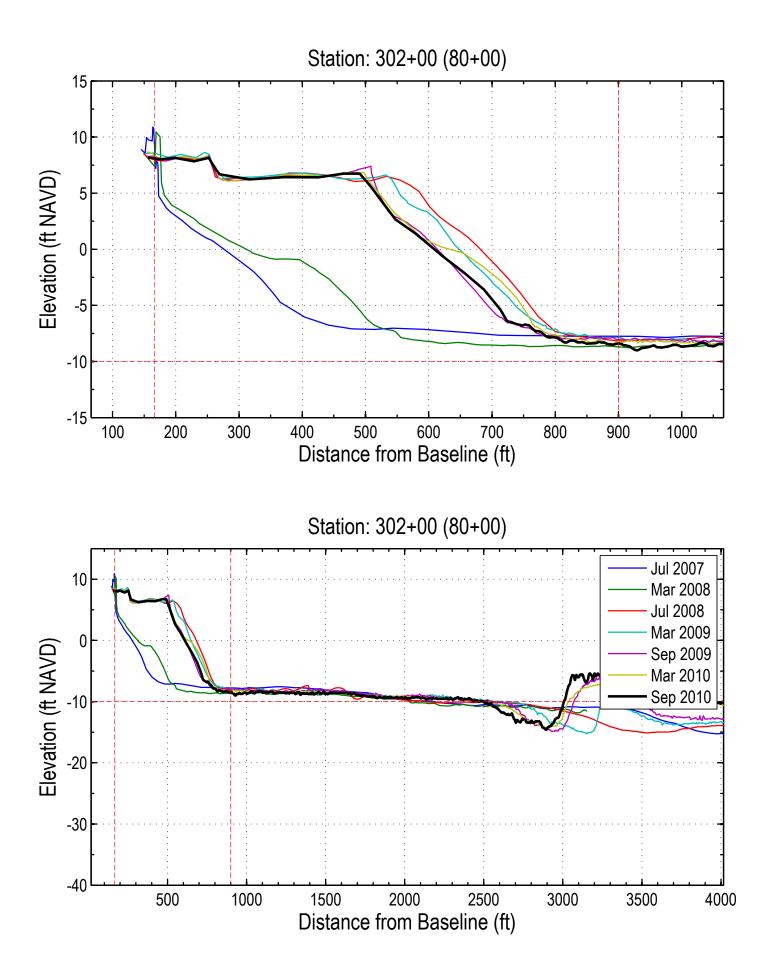


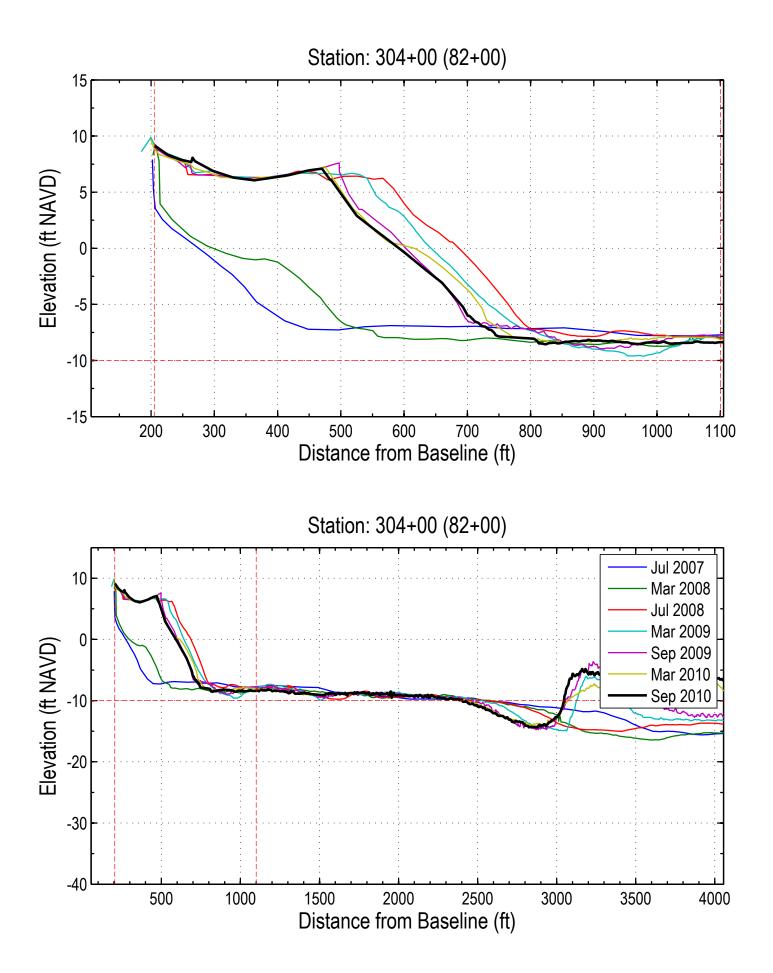


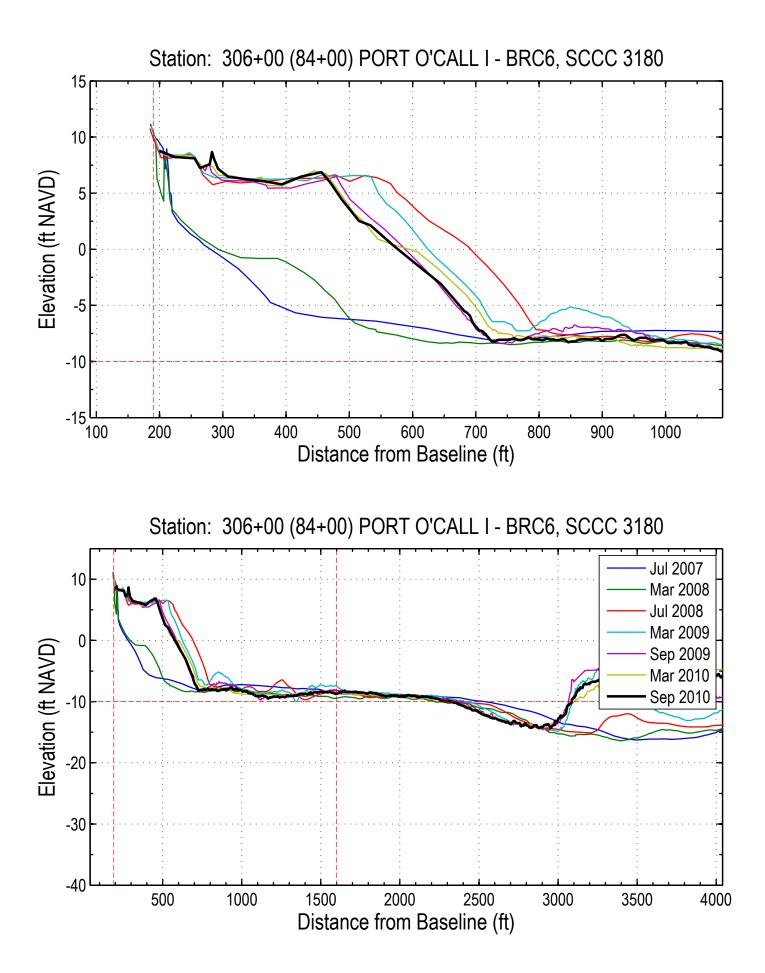


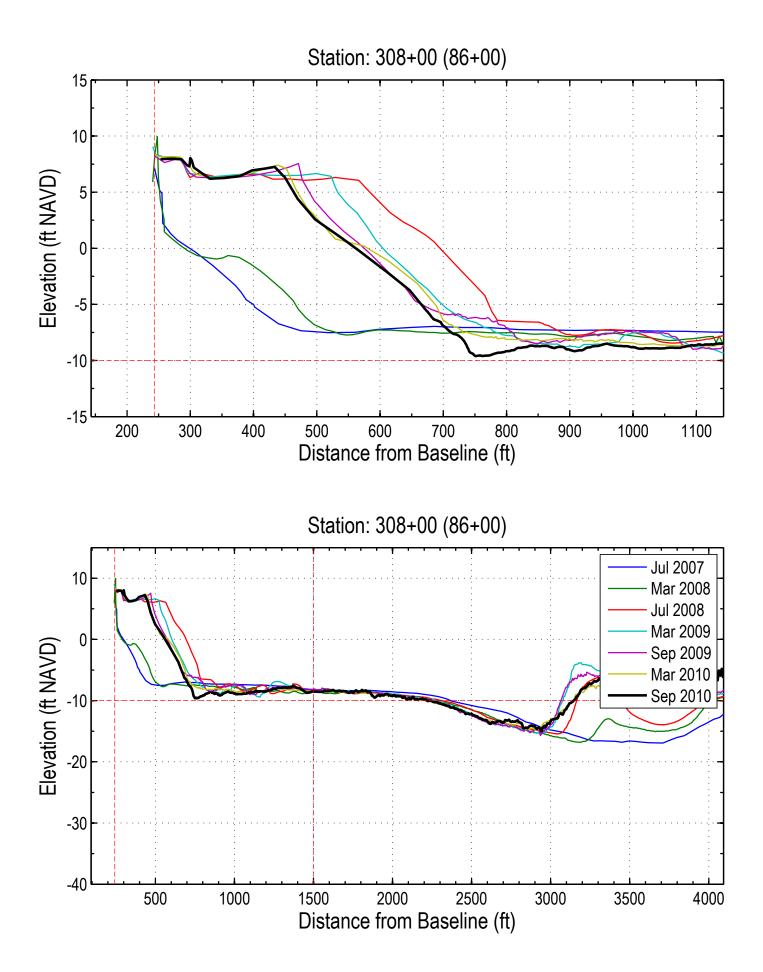


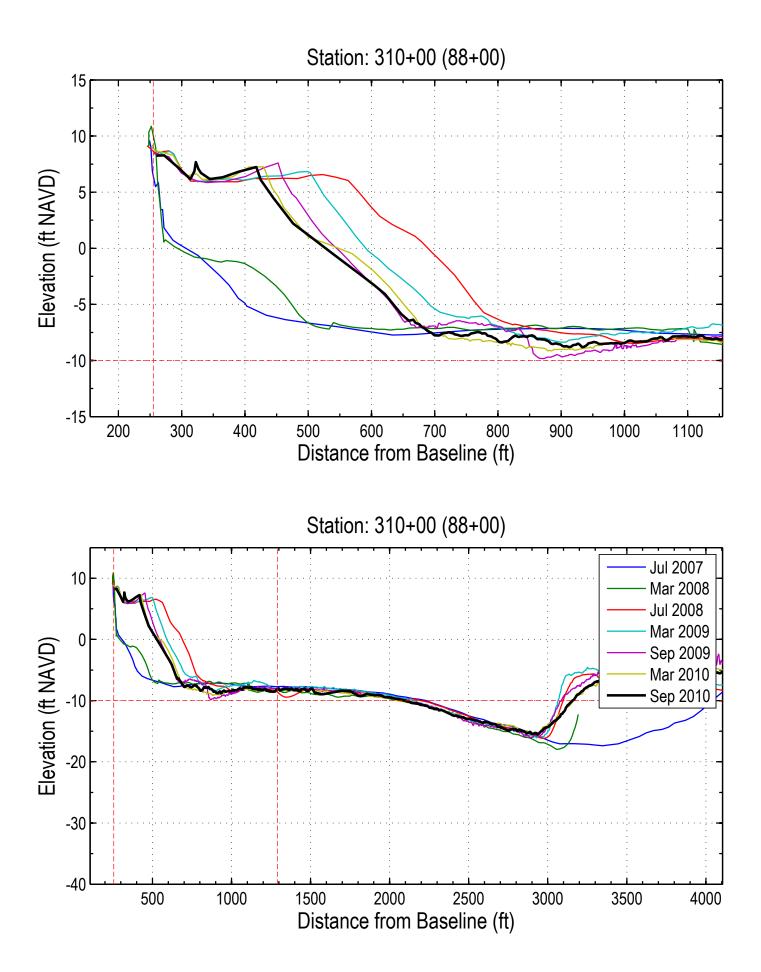


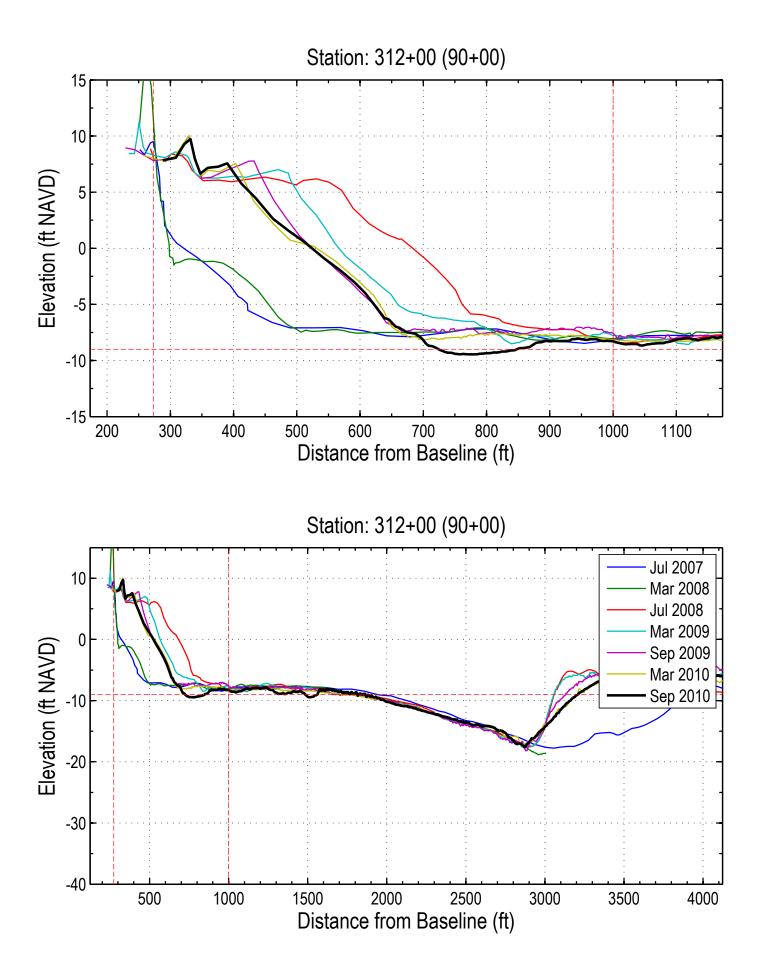


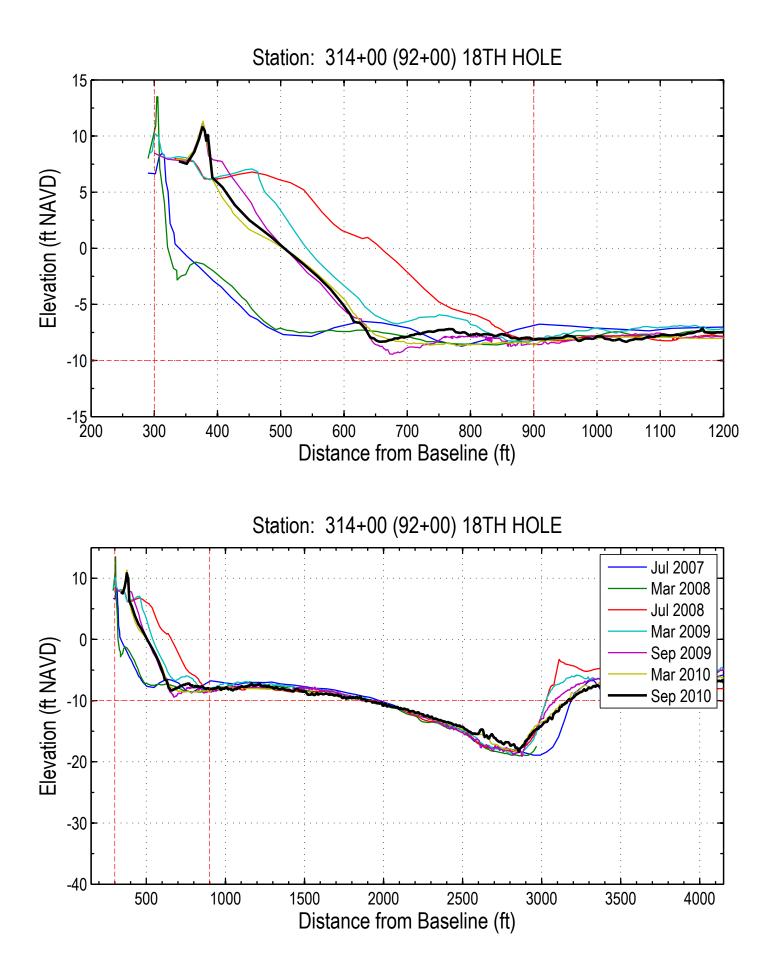


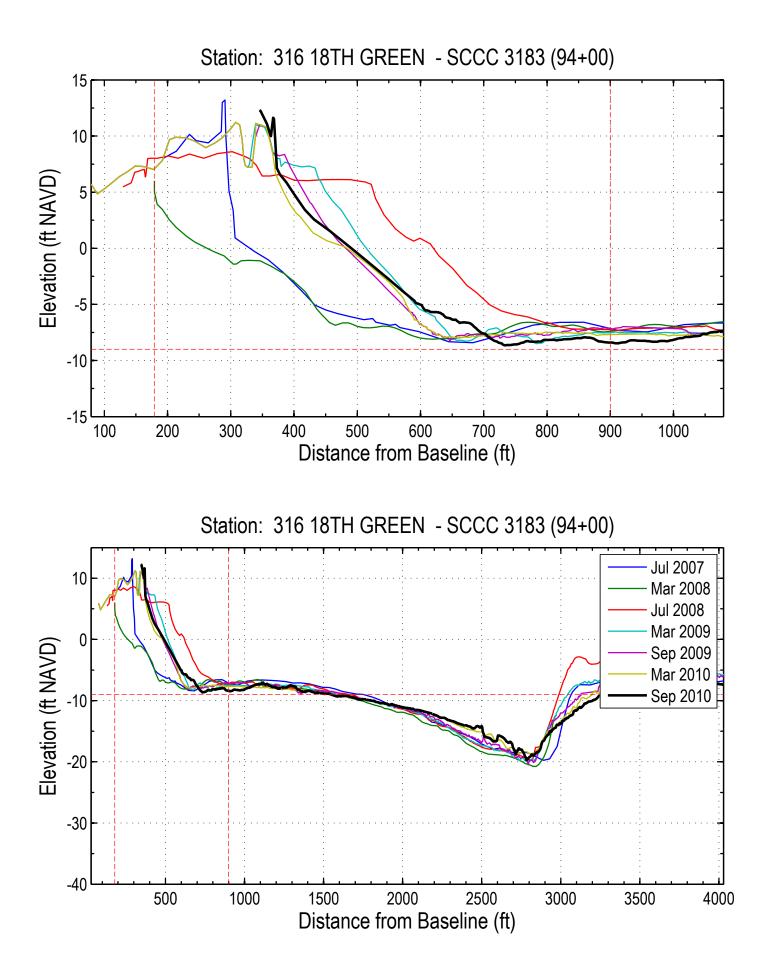


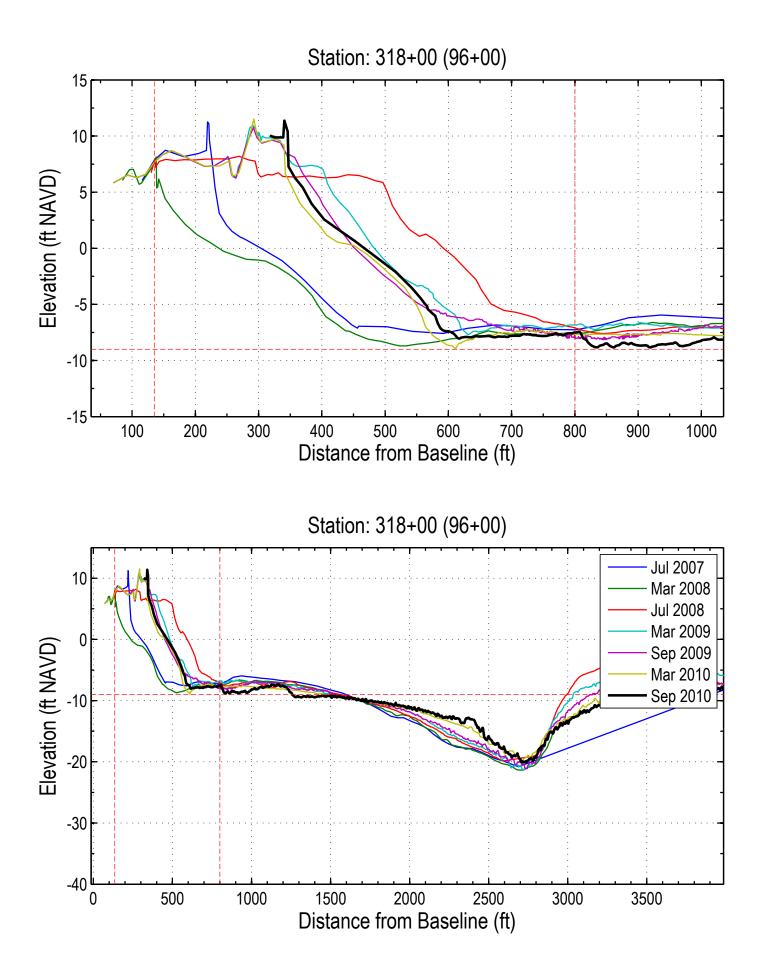


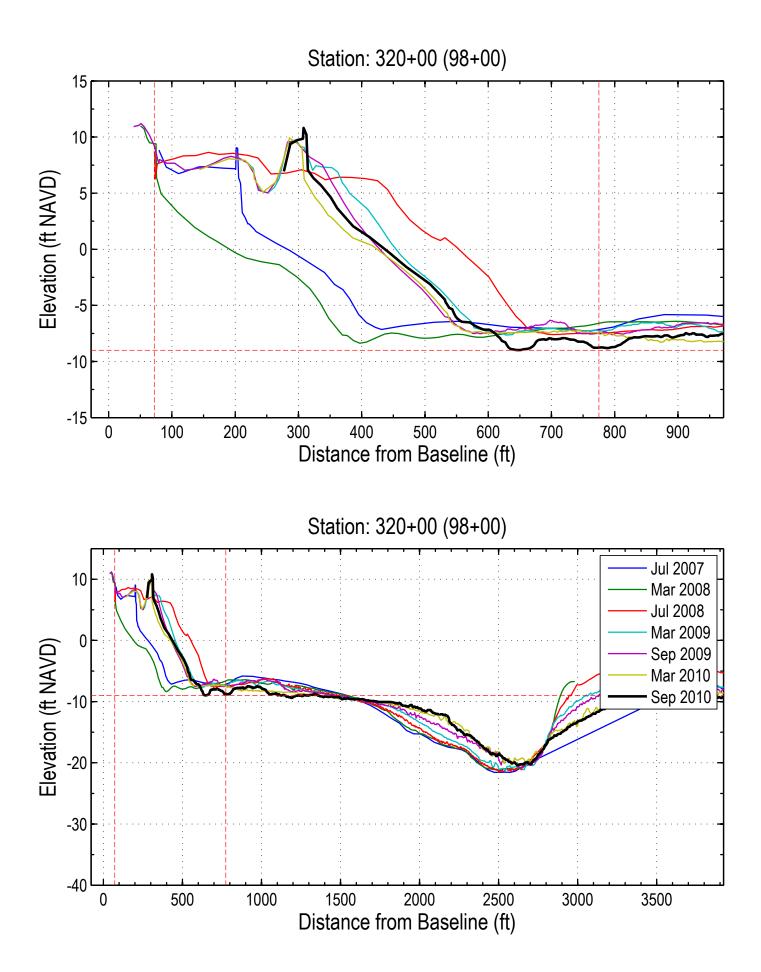


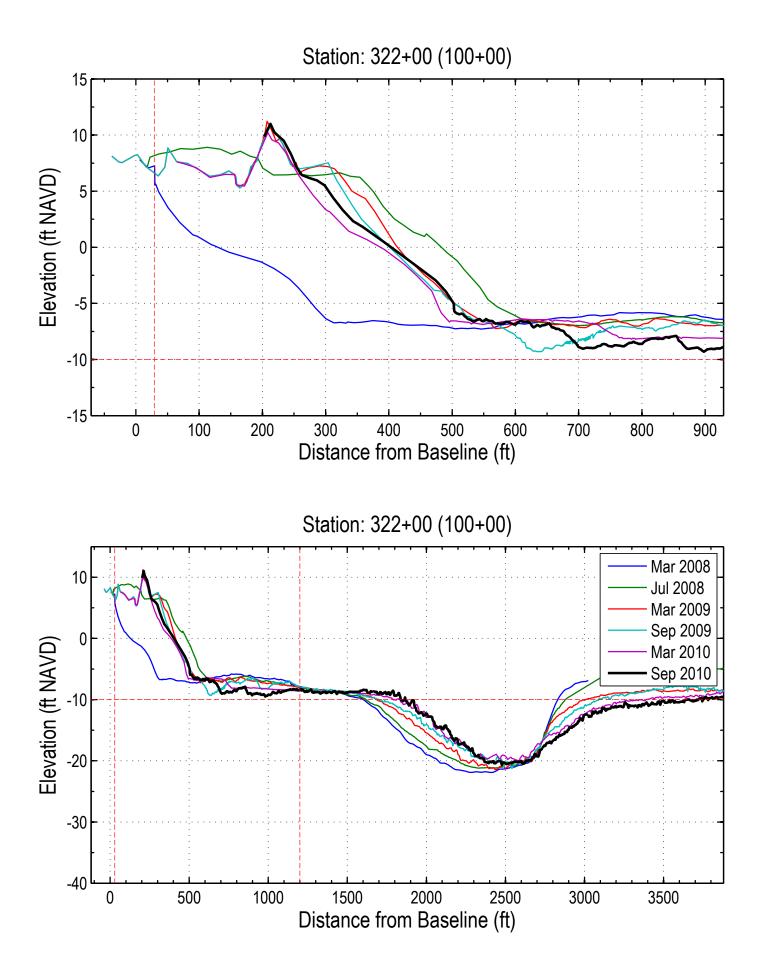


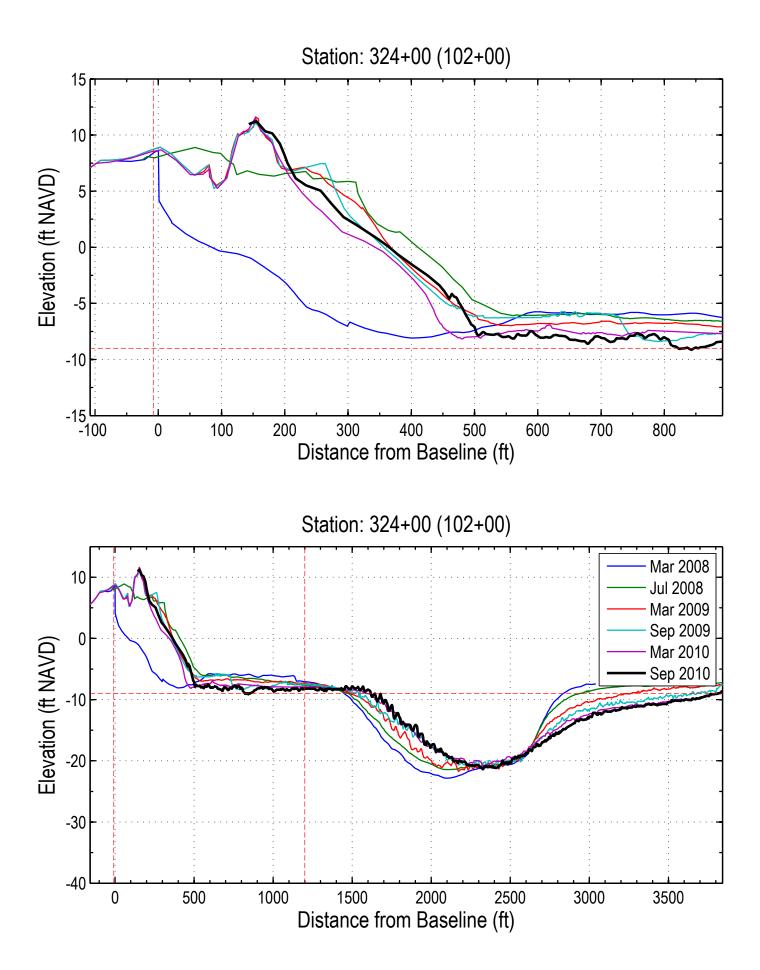


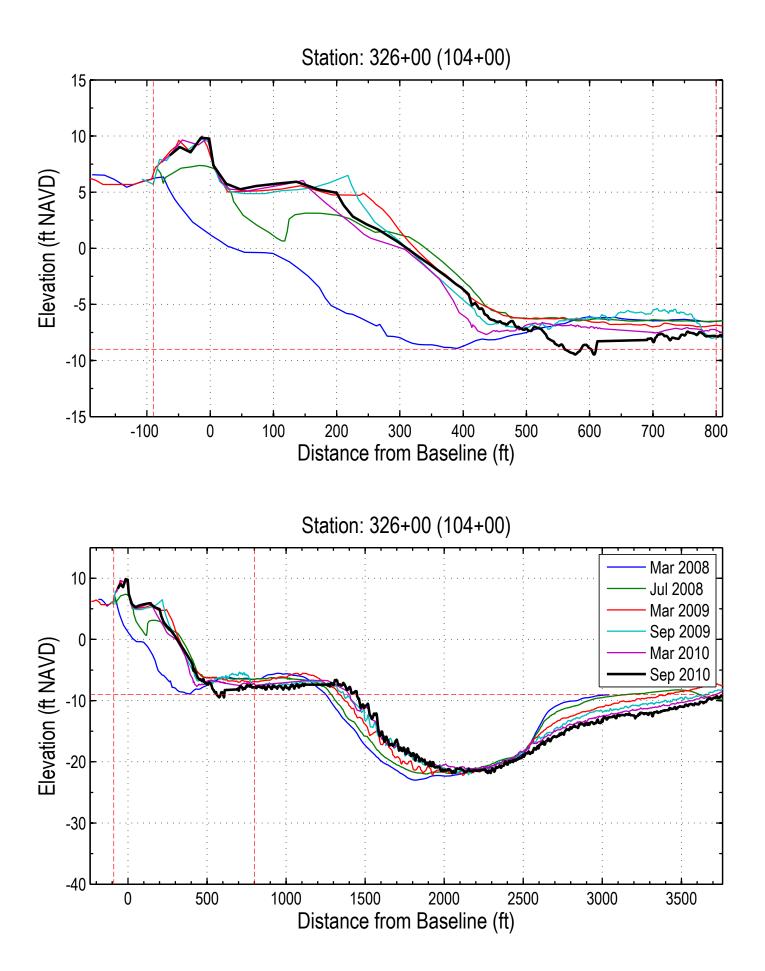


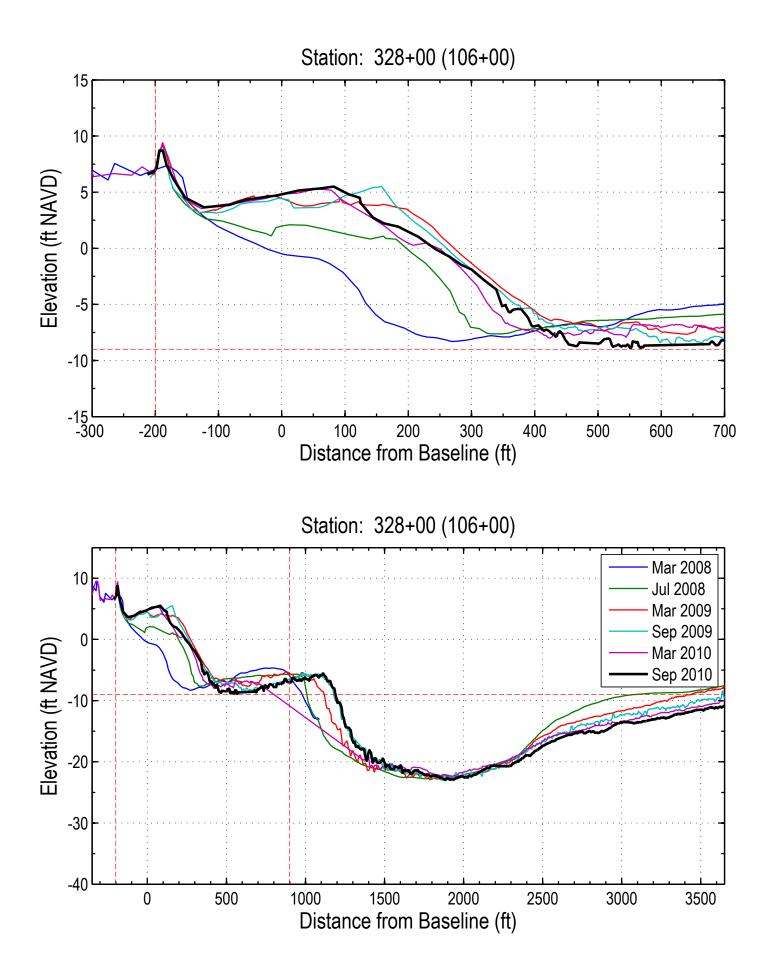


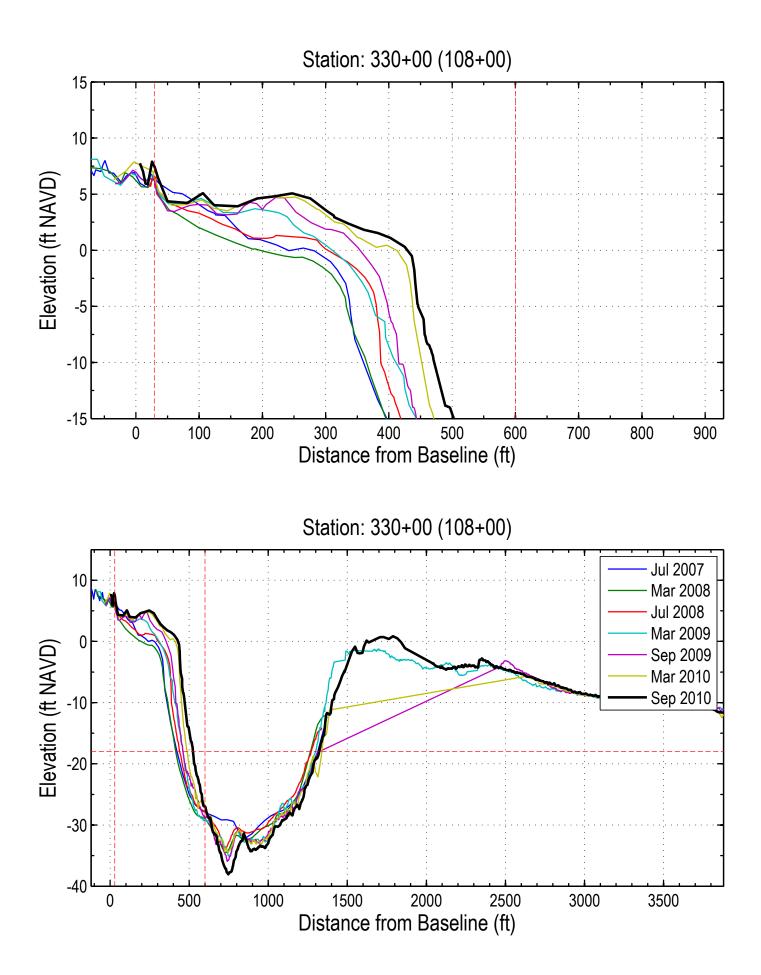


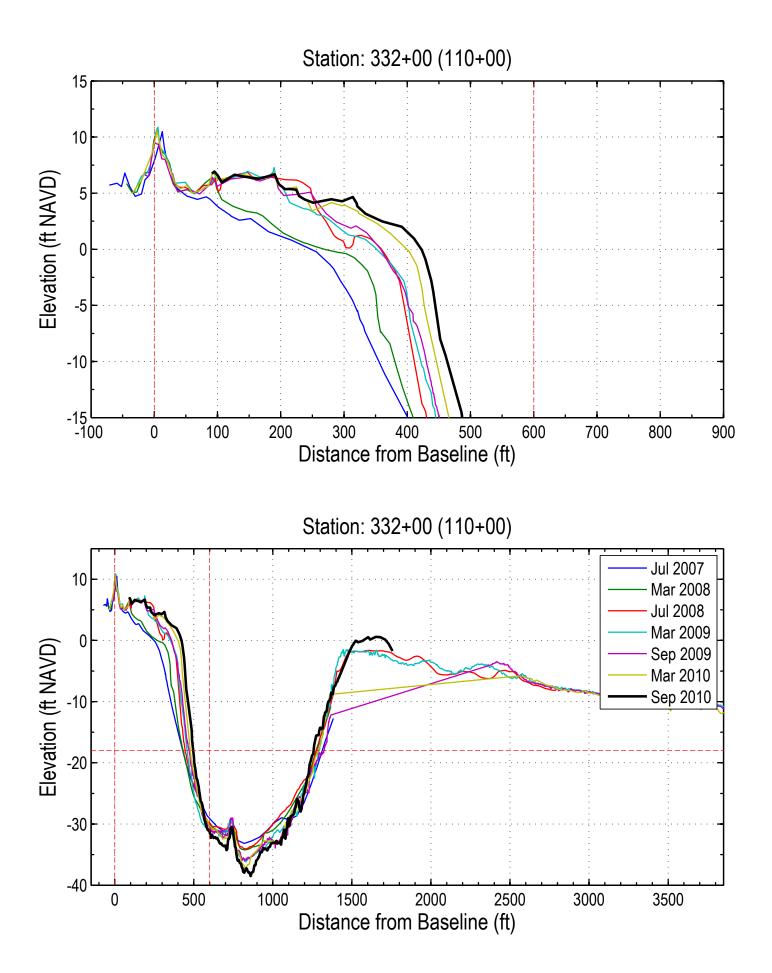


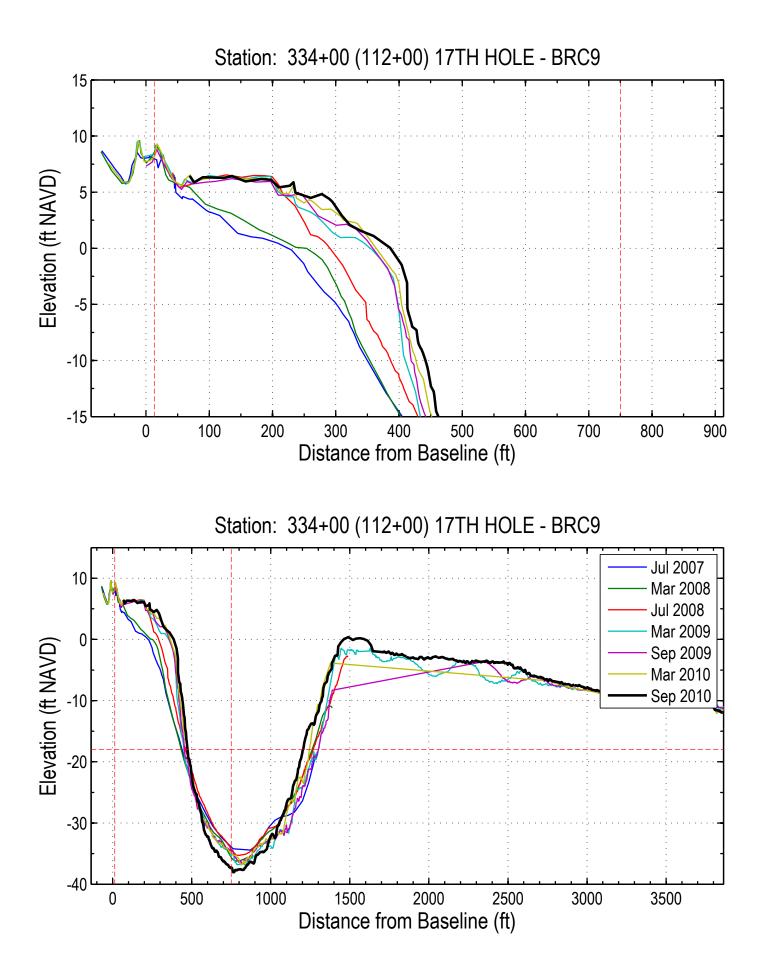


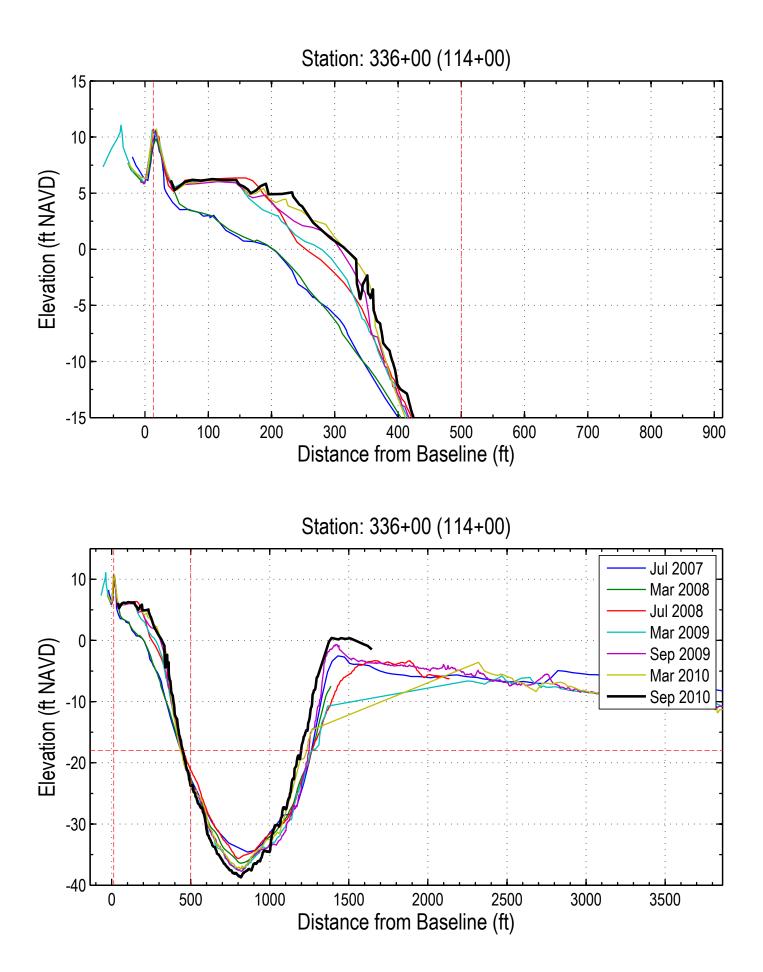


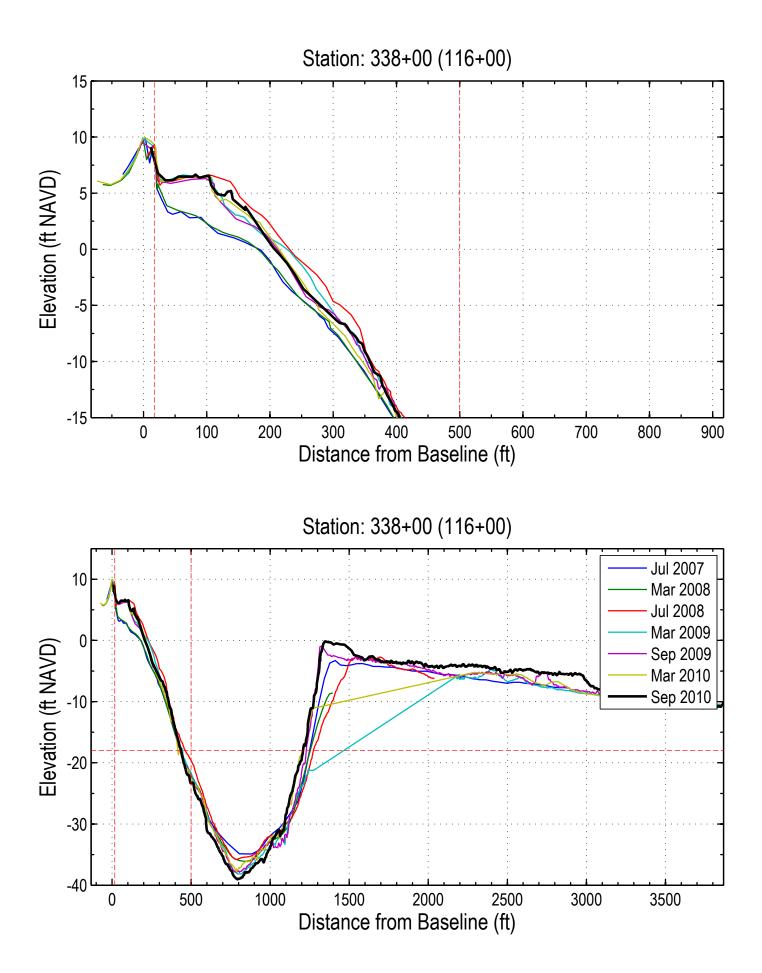


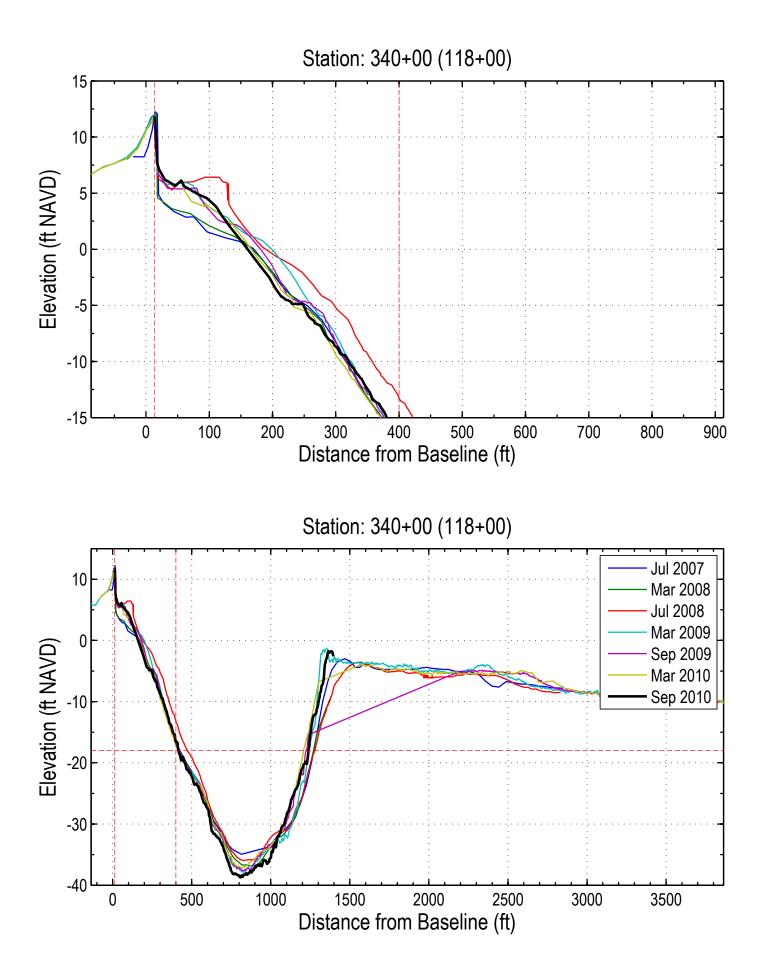


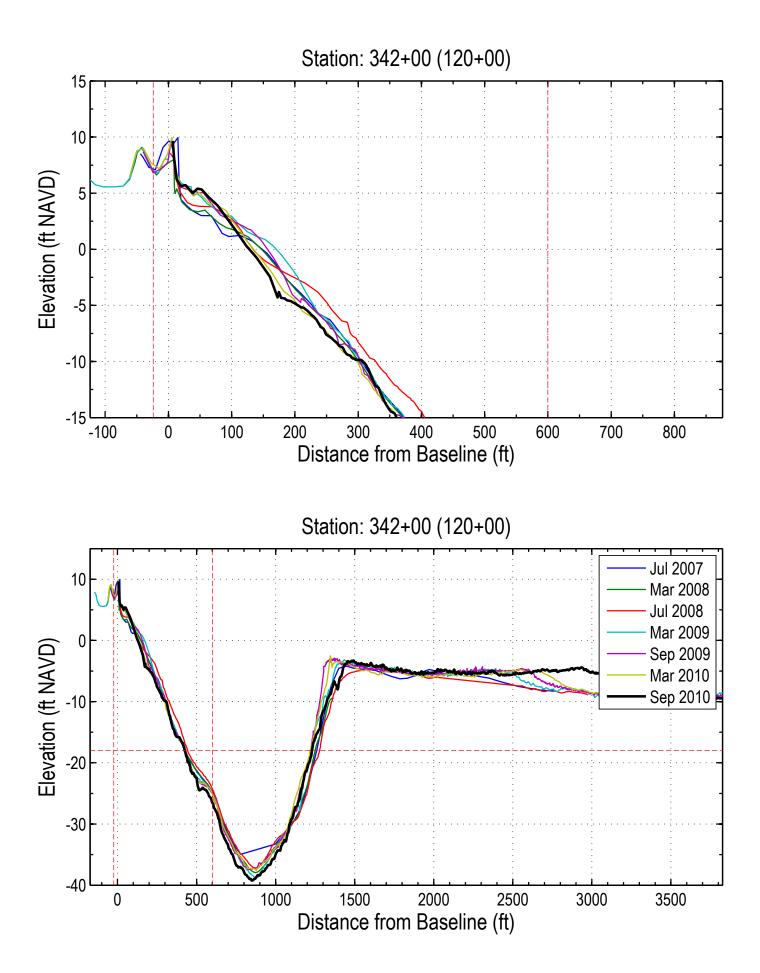


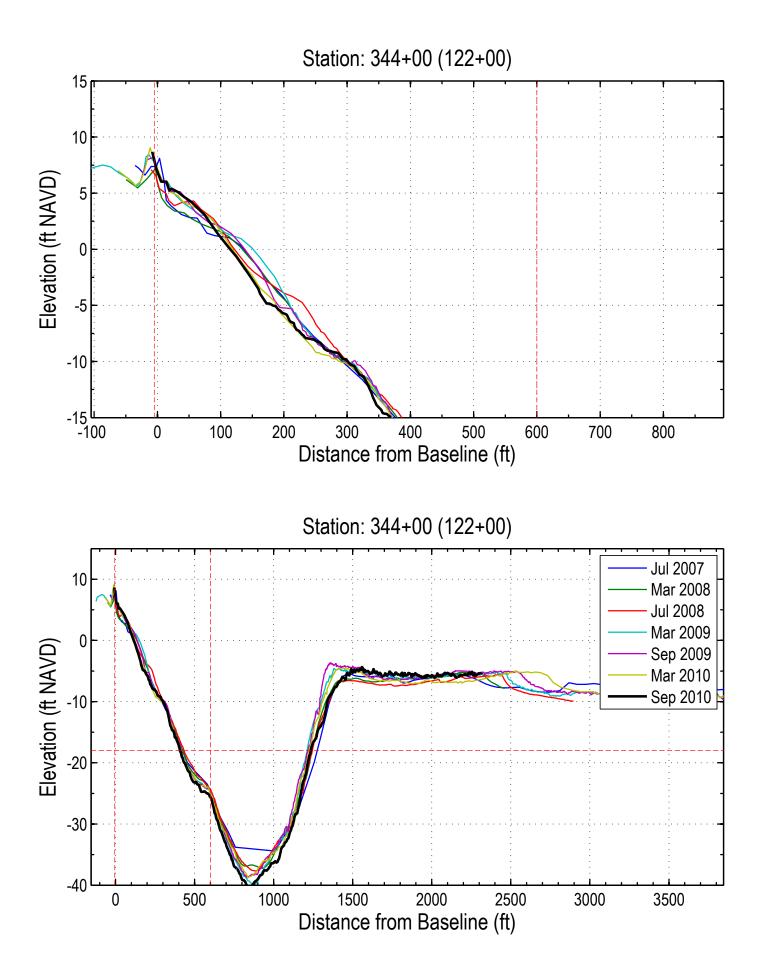


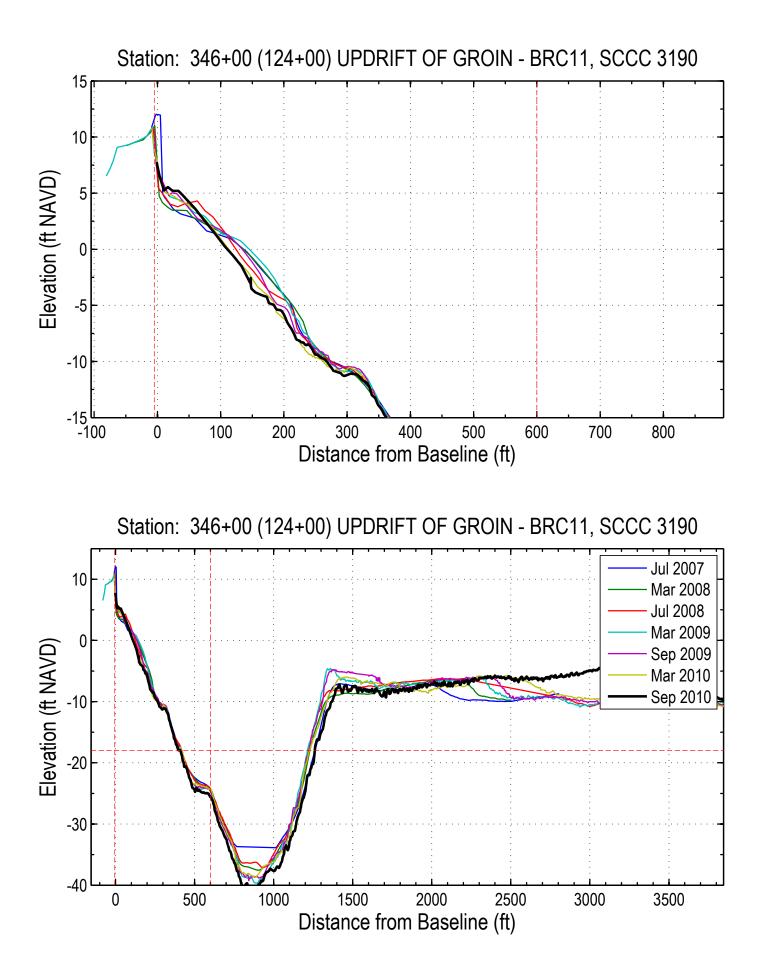


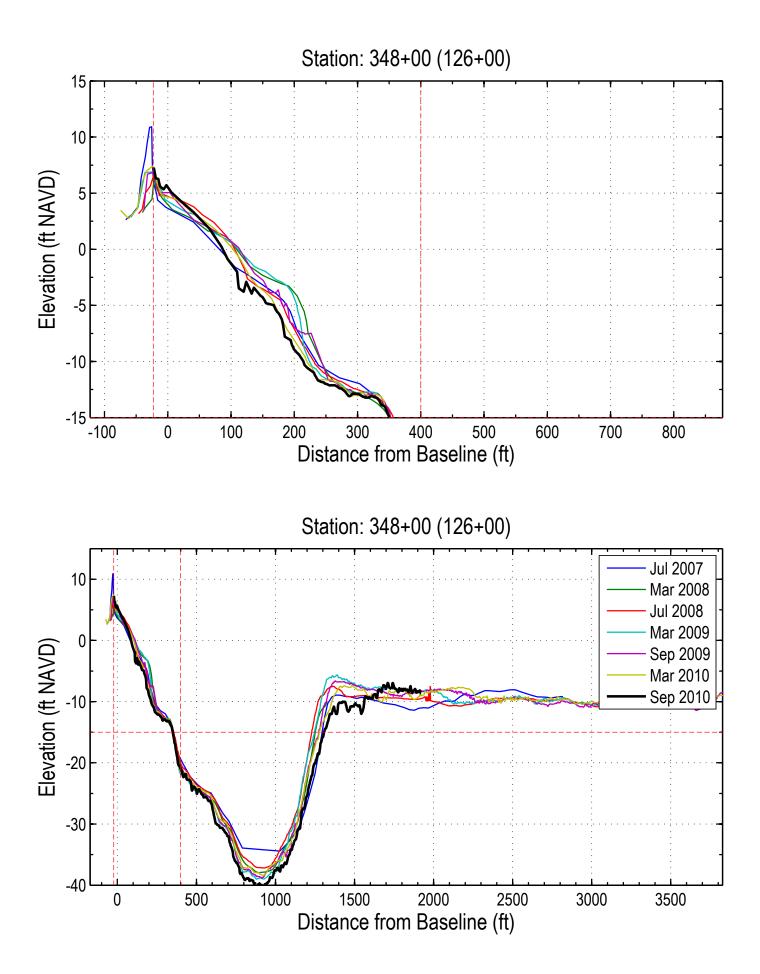


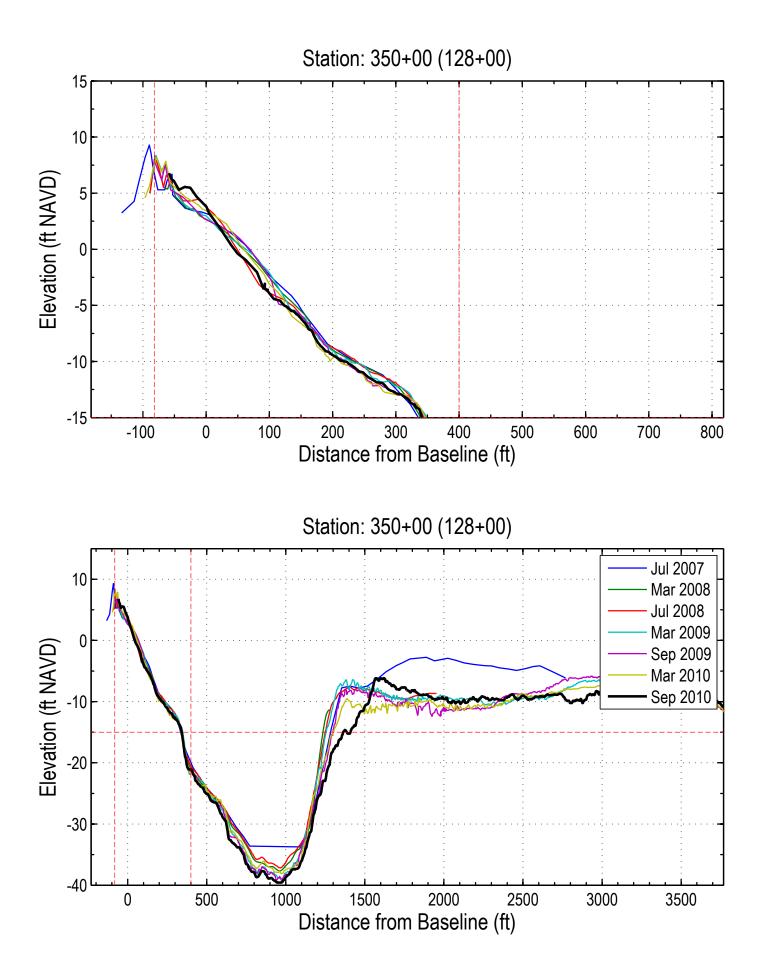


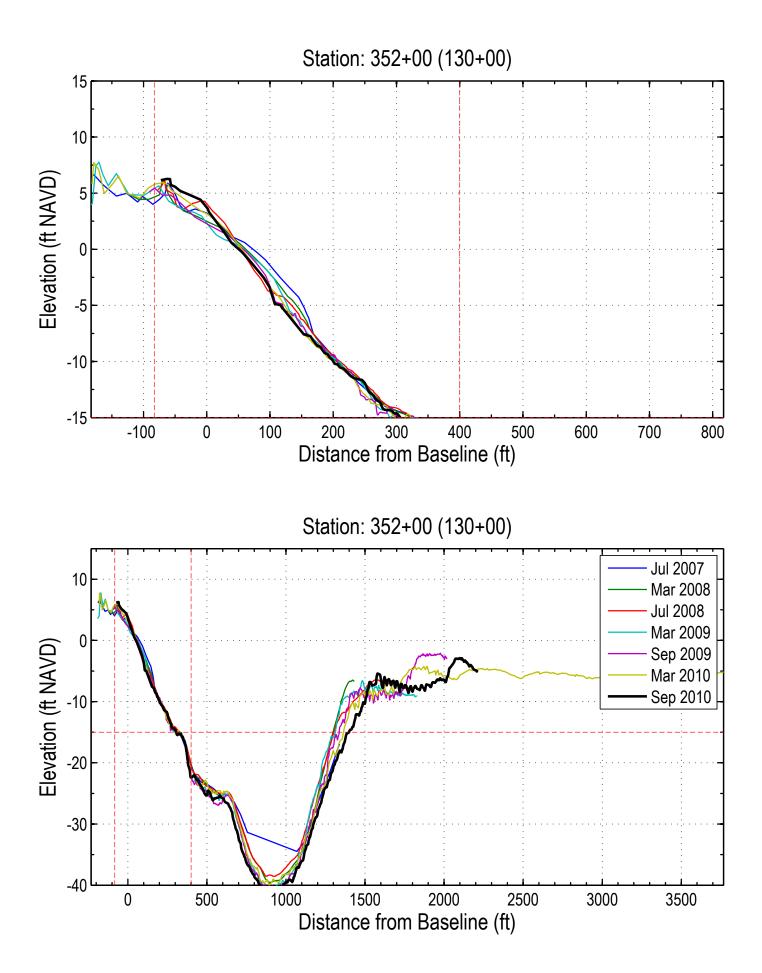


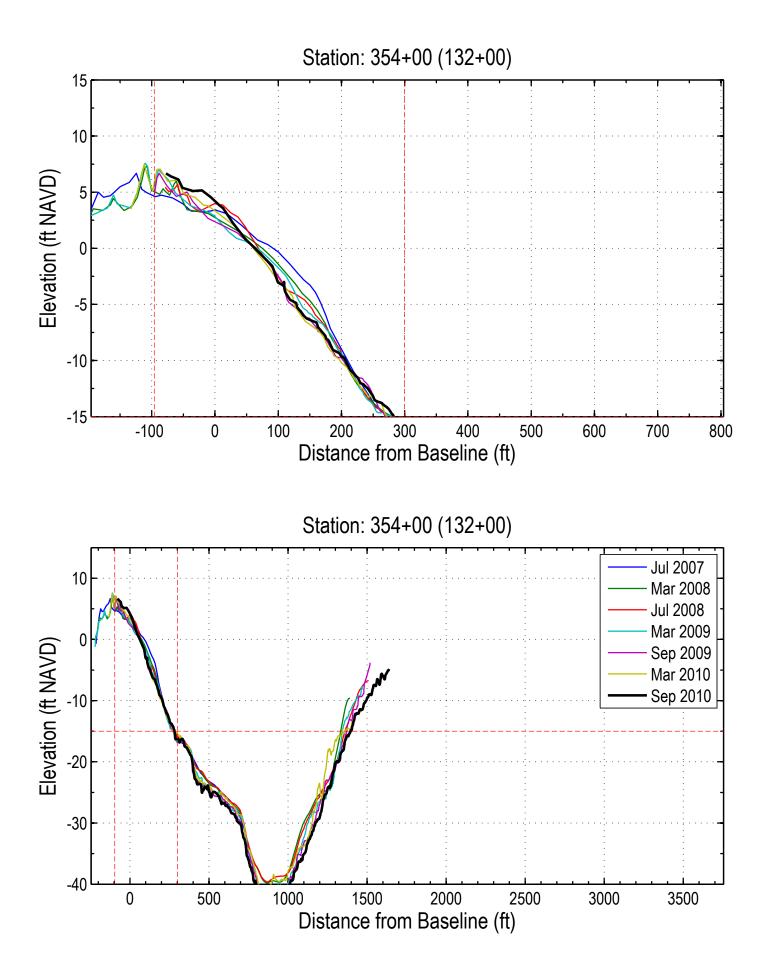


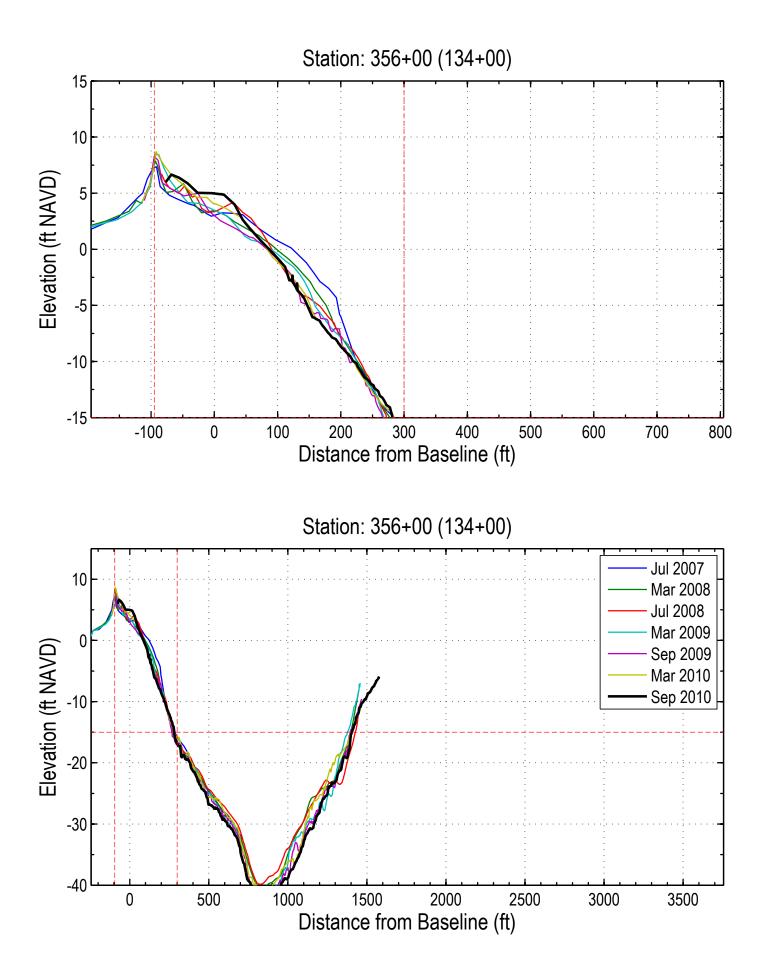


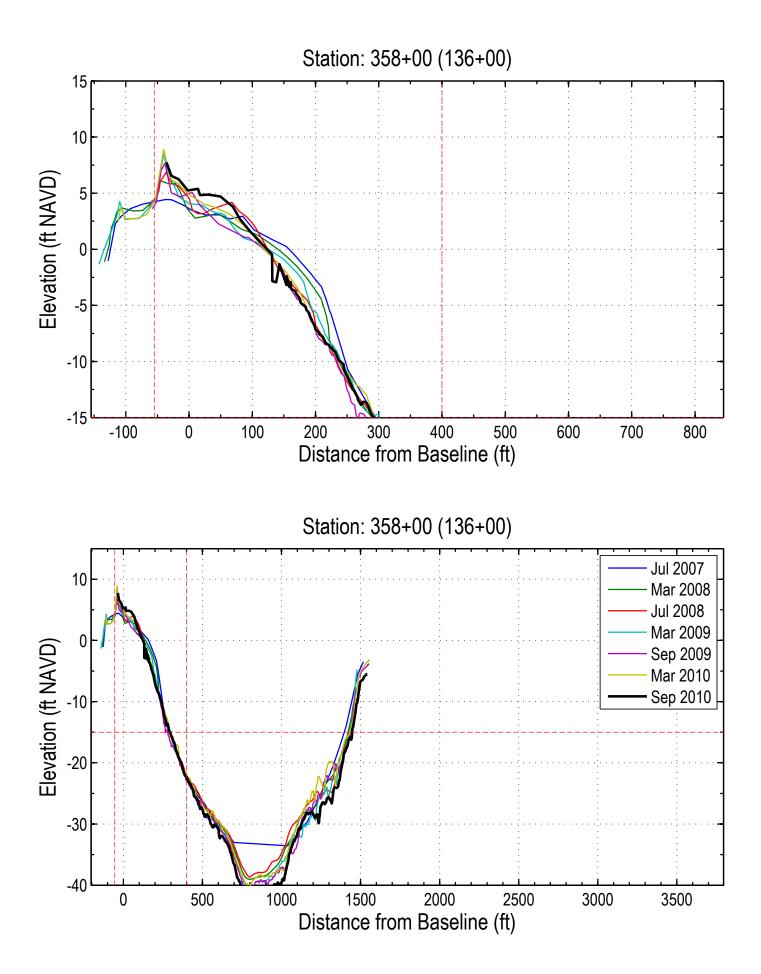


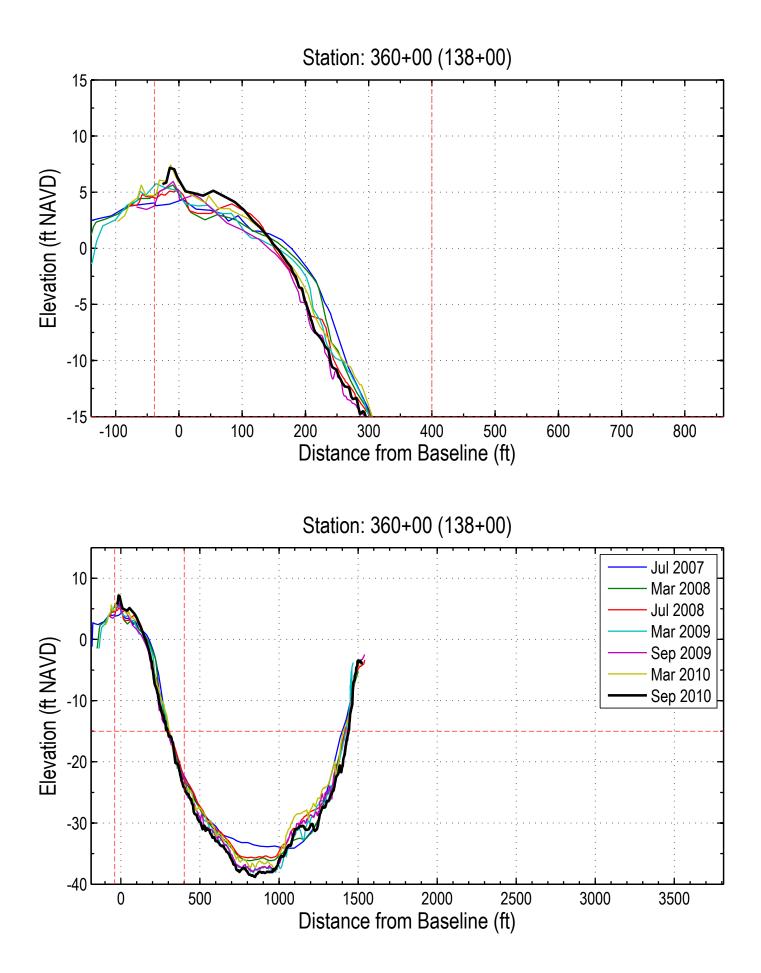


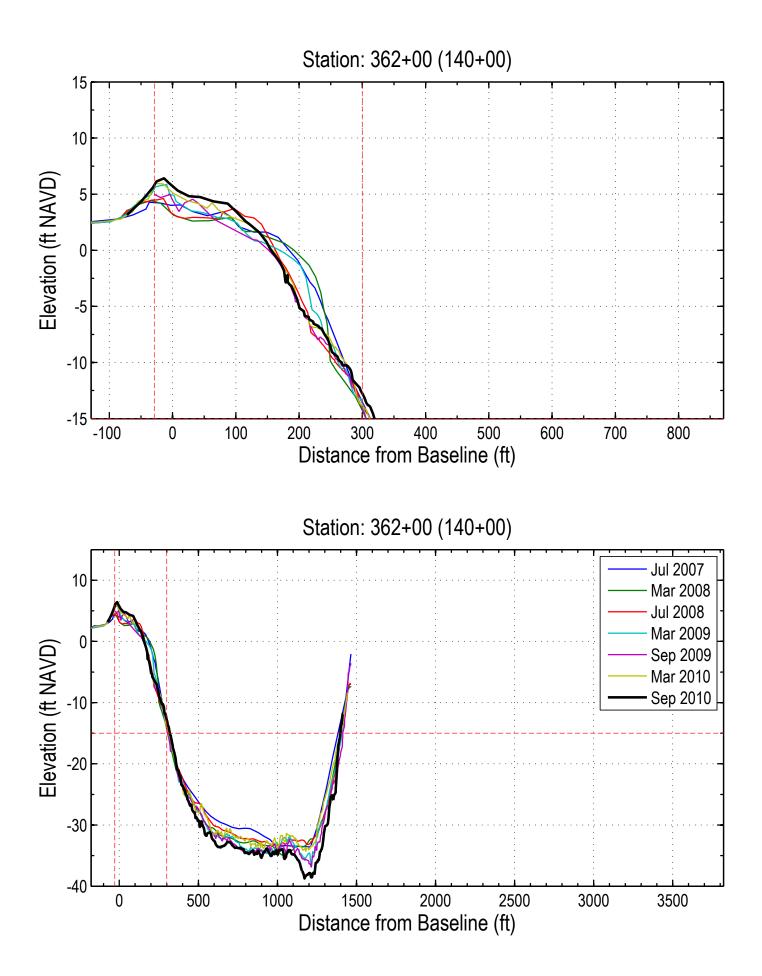


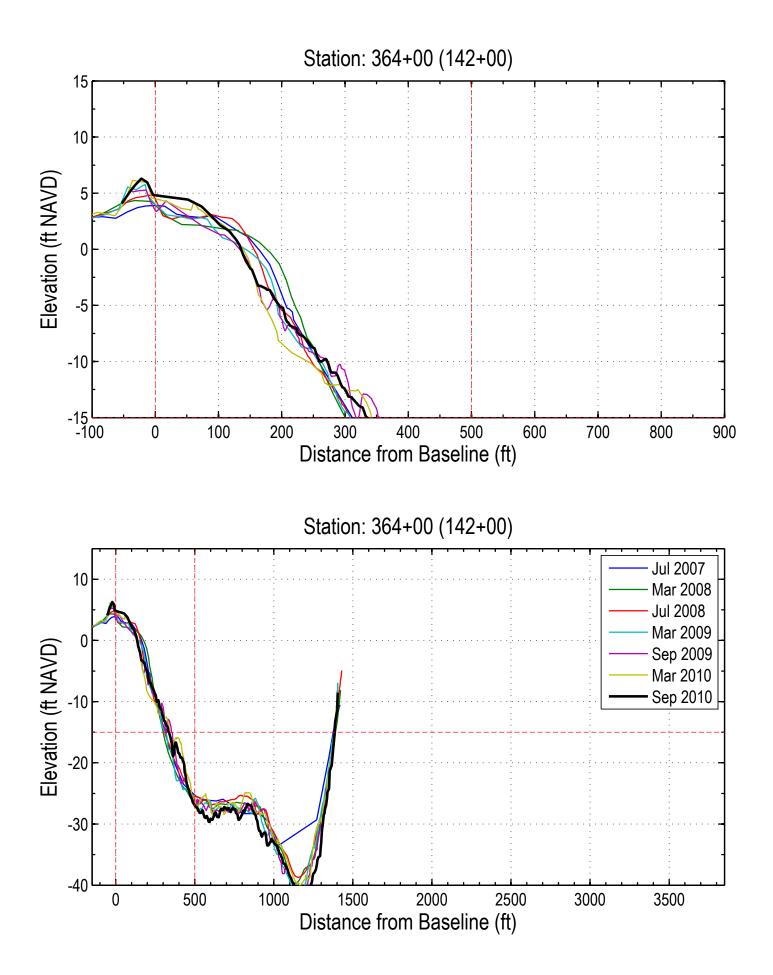


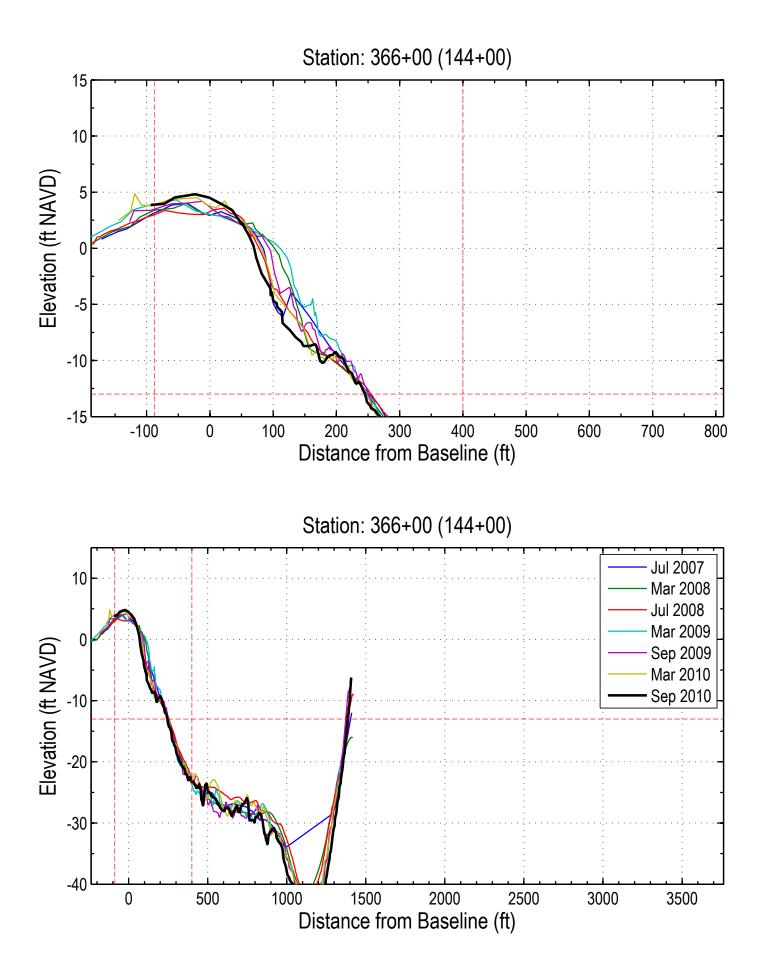


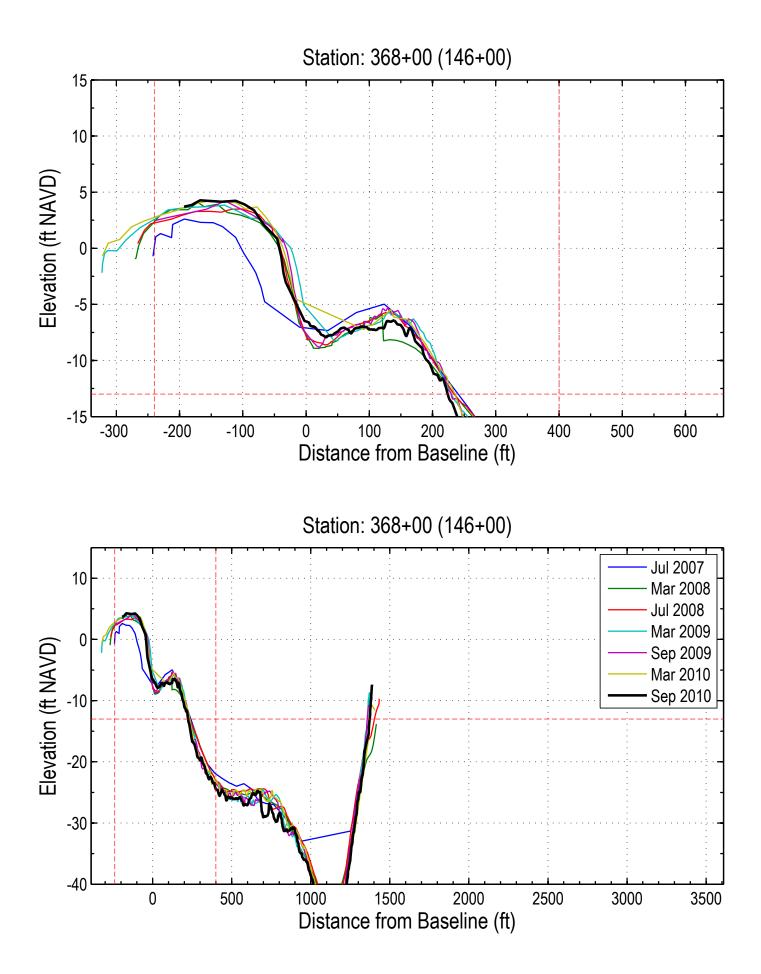


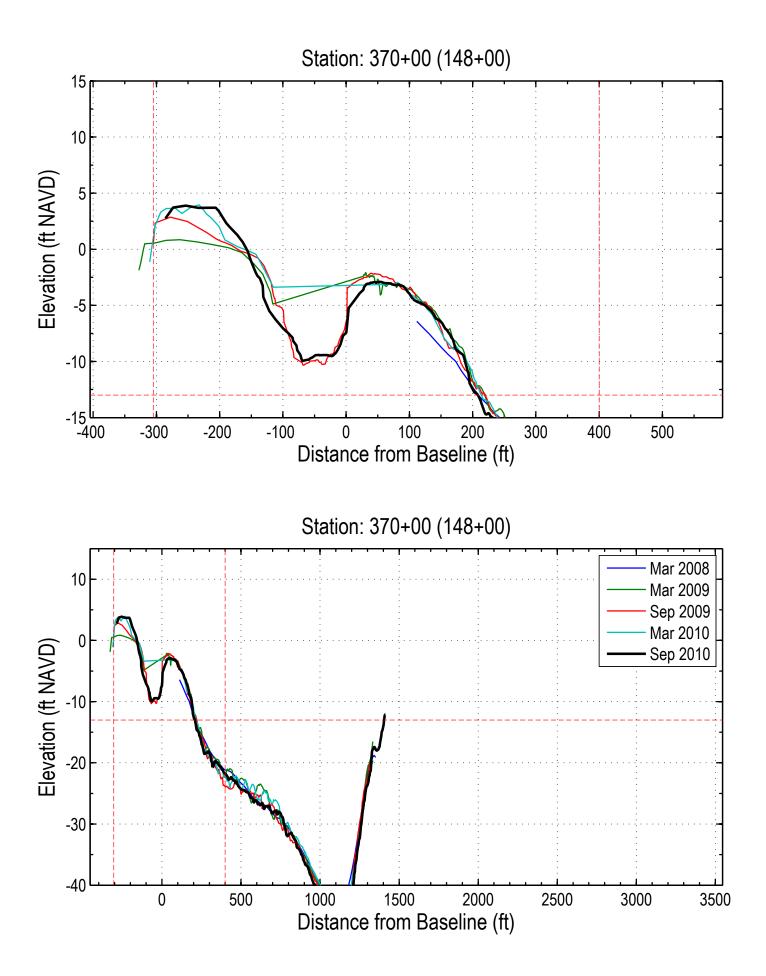


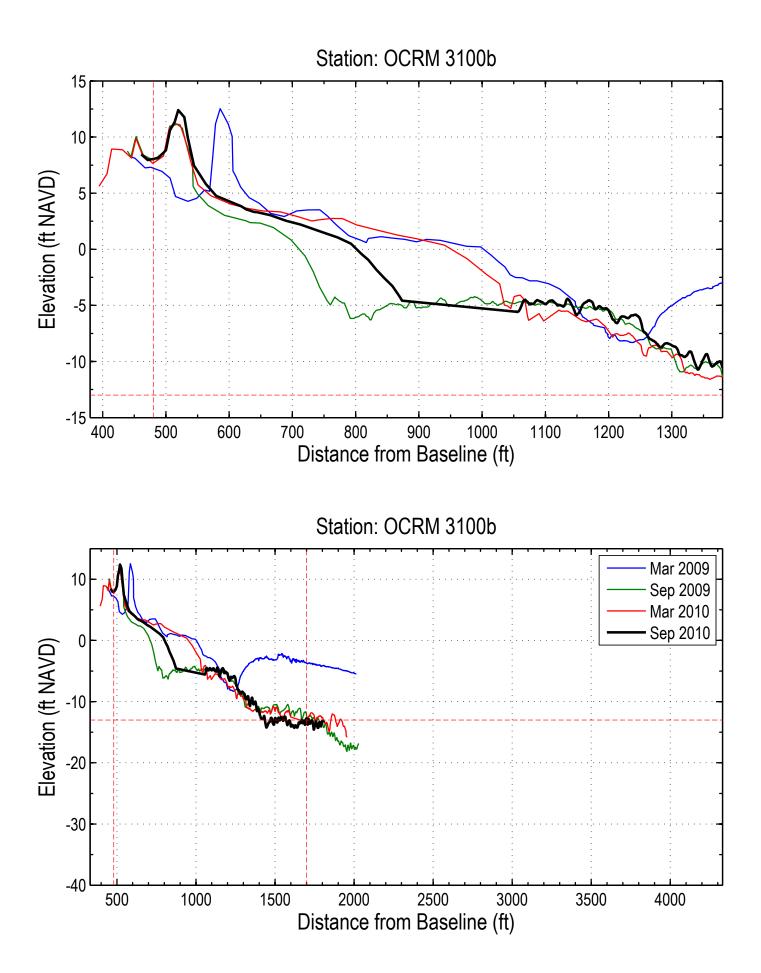


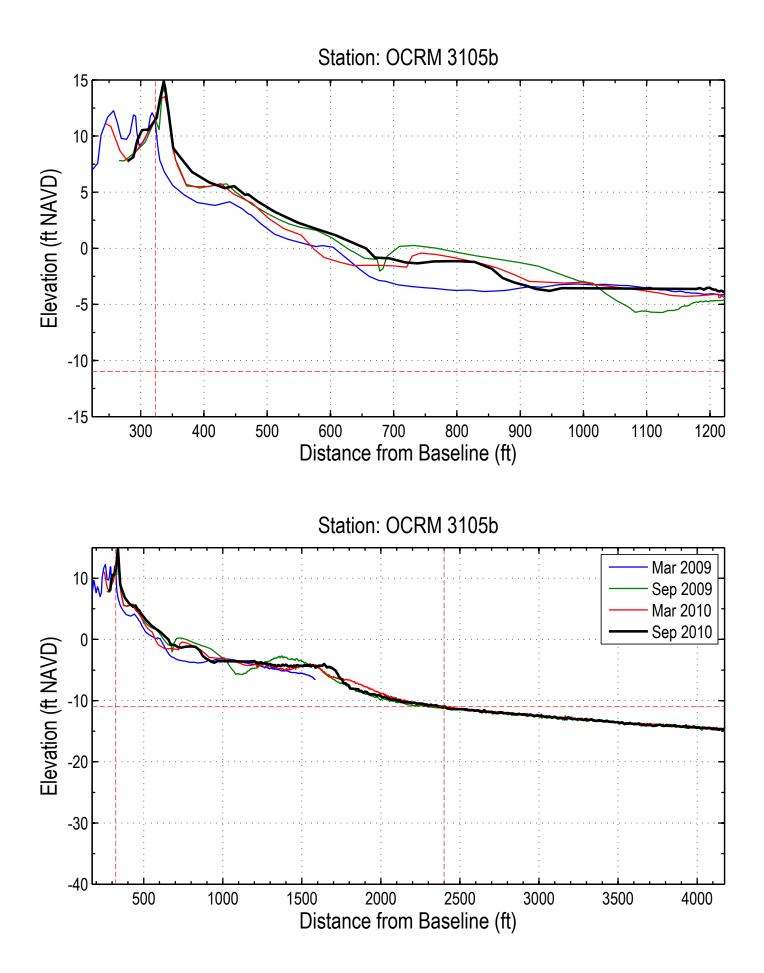


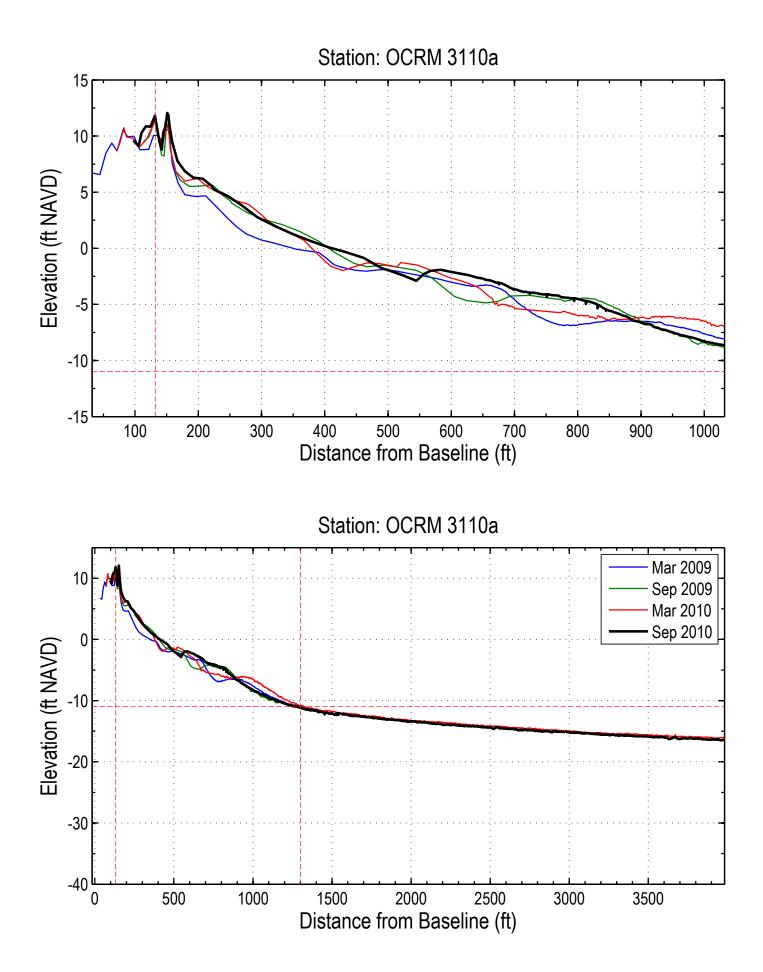


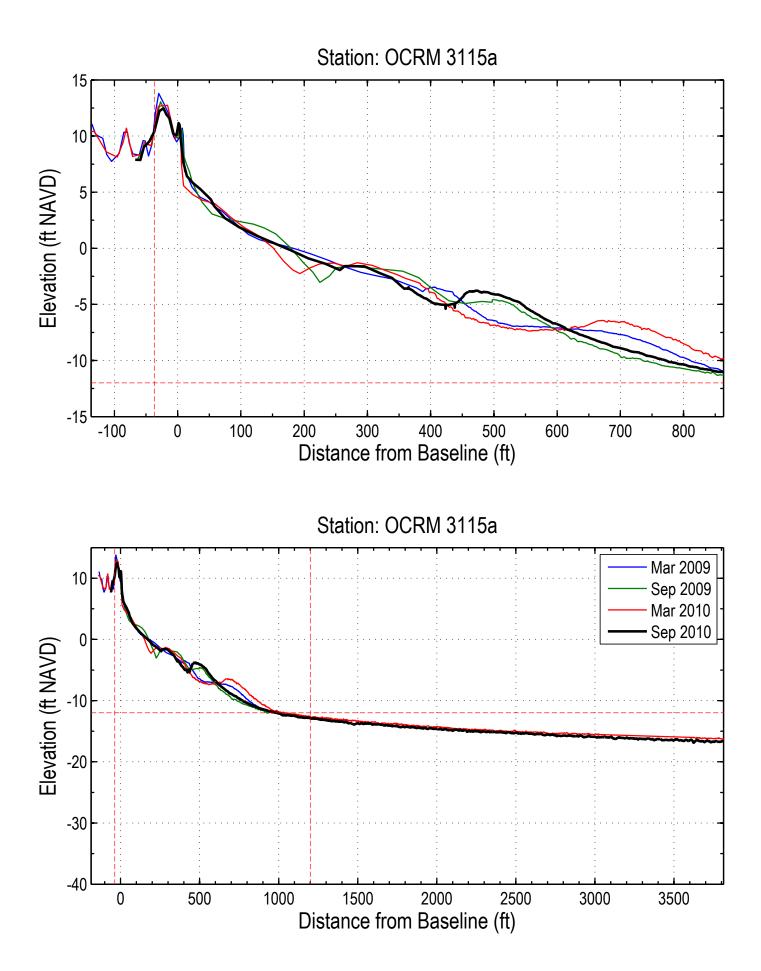


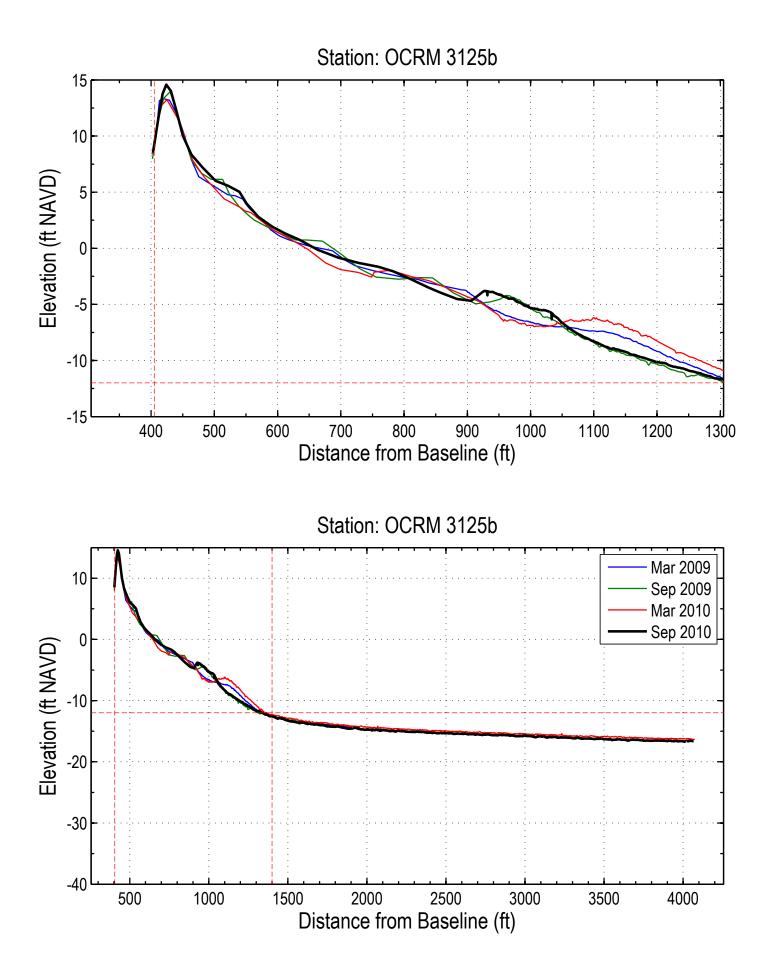


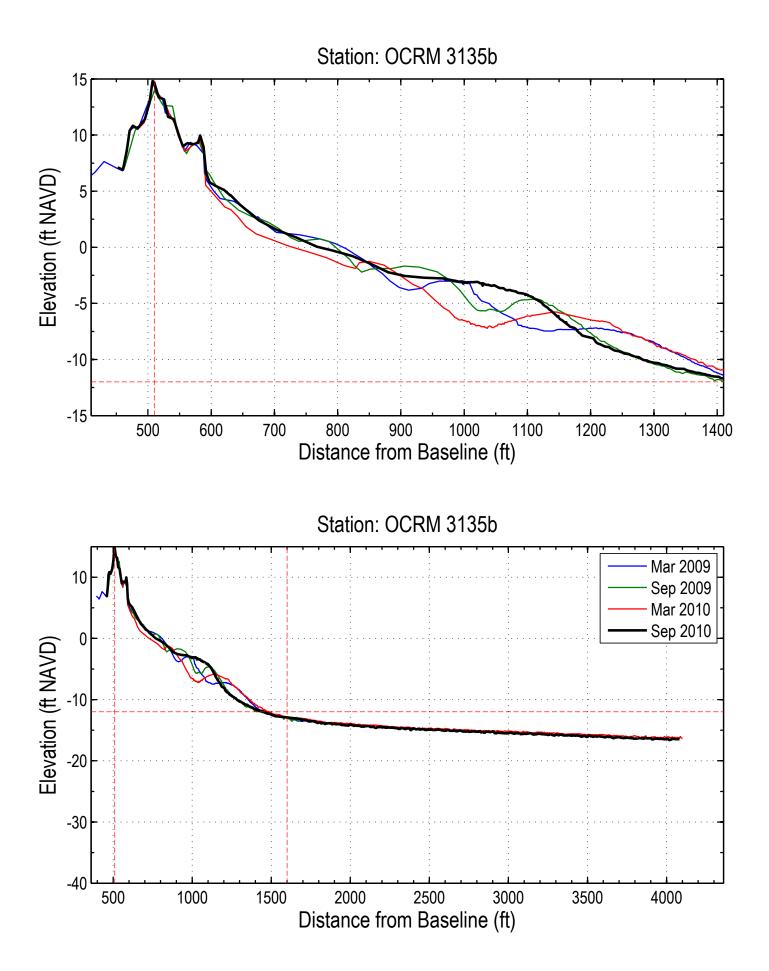


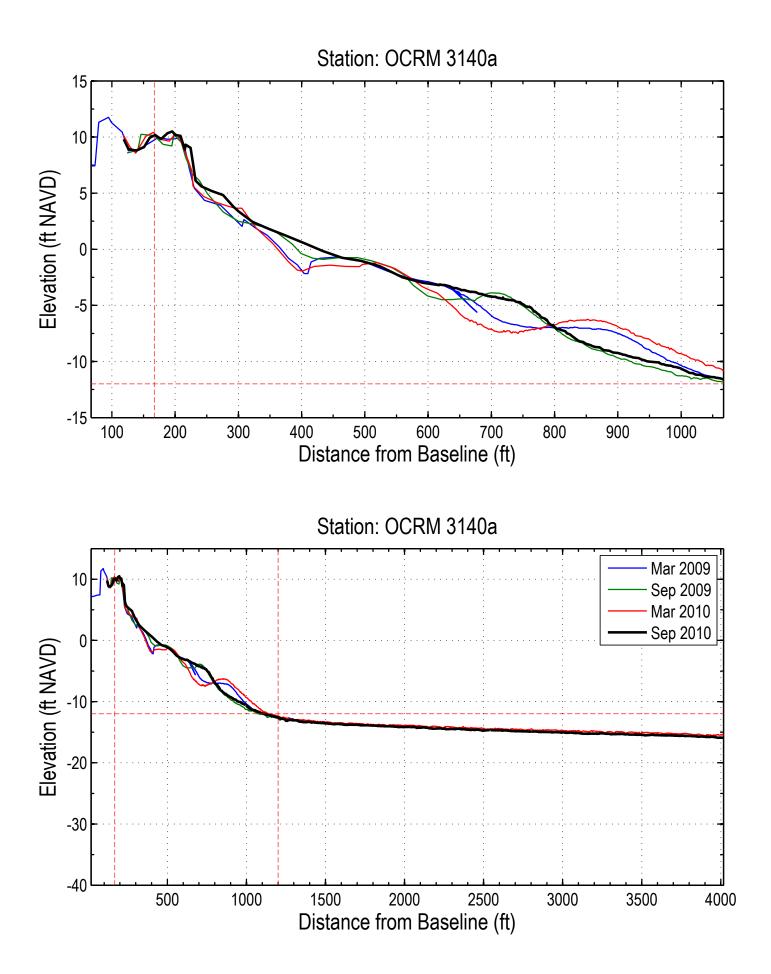


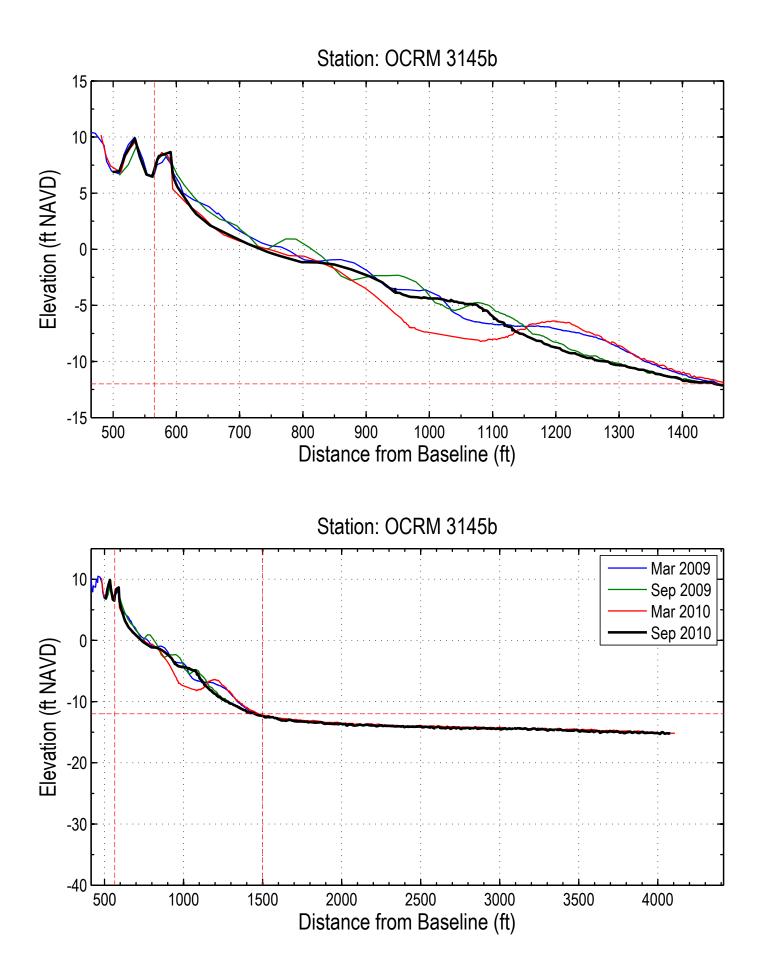


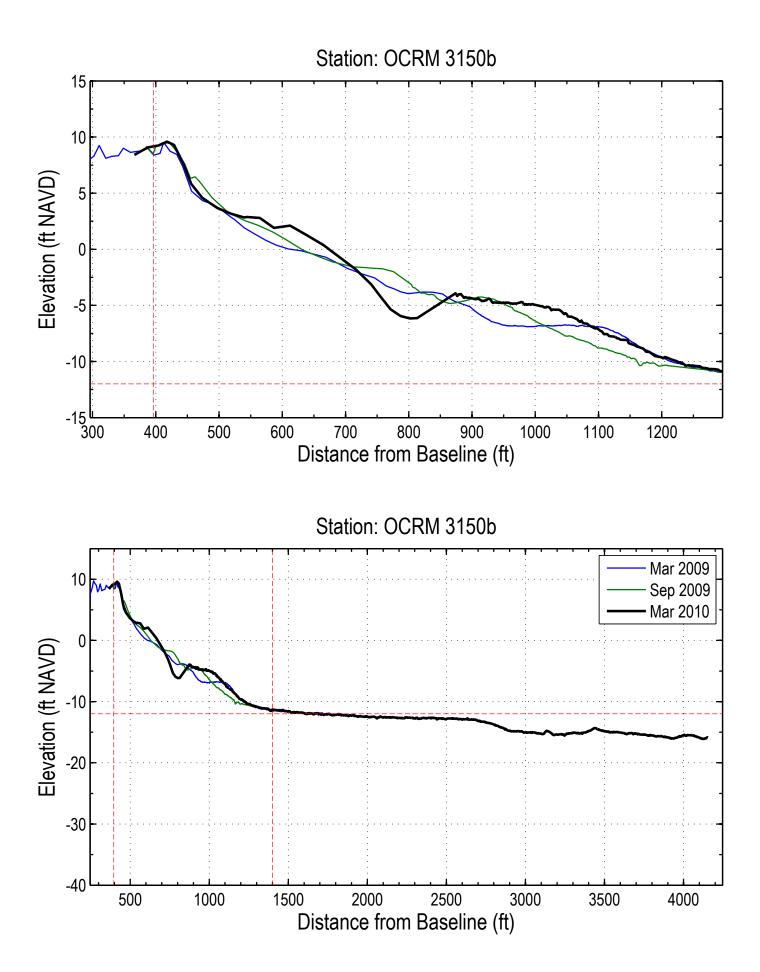












## **APPENDIX B**

## **Beach Compaction Results**

March 2010 – Memo to USFWS [Isle of Palms – Year 2]



DATE:	March 1,	2010
DAIL.	iviarun i,	2010

- To: USFWS ATTN: Melissa Bimbi
- cc: Linda Lovvorn Tucker, City of Isle of Palms
- FROM: Steven Traynum, Coastal Science and Engineering
- RE: Isle of Palms Beach Restoration Project **2010 Sediment Compaction Results** (Permit No 2007-02631-2IG-P) [CSE 2300]

Enclosed is the spreadsheet of 2010 beach-compaction readings for the Isle of Palms Beach Restoration Project. As per conditions of permit No 2002007-02631-2IG-P, annual sediment compaction test are required along the project area prior to turtle nesting season. In the event USFWS deems it necessary, CSE will arrange for the City of Isle of Palms to contract for tilling to reduce compaction.

Sediment compaction readings were taken 11 February 2010 and encompassed the beach from 47th Avenue to CSE's monitoring baseline station 337+00 (near the 17th Fairway, see attached maps). A total of 21 locations were measured at both the vegetation line (toe of dune) and middle of the berm at each location. Fifteen of the locations were in nourished areas, while six of the locations were not nourished and will be used as a native control values. Triplicate measurements were made with a cone penetrometer at 6", 12", and 18" depths, for a total of 378 measurements. A value of 1000 was given where sand was too compact or shell content prevented penetration to the appropriate depth. The triplicate measurements were averaged for each depth and location. Attachment 1 lists the raw and averaged results from the February 2010 sample.



March 1, 2010

The results are summarized as follows:

#### **Nourished Areas**

#### Dune

- 6" The average reading was 343 psi, 3 out of 15 stations averaged  $\geq$  500 psi.
- 12" The average reading was 579 psi, 8 out of 15 stations averaged  $\geq$  500 psi.
- 18" The average reading was 680 psi, 10 out of 15 stations averaged  $\geq$  500 psi.

#### Berm

- 6" The average reading was 328 psi, 0 out of 15 stations averaged  $\geq$  500 psi.
- 12" The average reading was 488 psi, 5 out of 15 stations averaged  $\geq$  500 psi.
- 18" The average reading was 715 psi, 10 out of 15 stations averaged  $\geq$  500 psi.

#### Non-Nourished Areas

#### Dune

- 6" The average reading was 282 psi, 0 out of 6 stations averaged  $\geq$  500 psi.
- 12" The average reading was 644 psi, 1 out of 6 stations averaged  $\geq$  500 psi.
- 18" The average reading was 808 psi, 2 out of 6 stations averaged  $\geq$  500 psi.

#### Berm

- 6" The average reading was 306 psi, 0 out of 6 stations averaged  $\geq$  500 psi.
- 12" The average reading was 534 psi, 2 out of 6 stations averaged  $\geq$  500 psi.
- 18" The average reading was 780 psi, 5 out of 6 stations averaged  $\geq$  500 psi.

The project area was tilled following nourishment in July 2008. Effects of the tilling are still evident, shown by the large deviation between compaction values at some stations (for example, the berm location at station 307+00 shows one value of 440 psi, and two where the instrument could not penetrate to depth. This is likely due to the 440 psi reading being directly where the tilling plow blade passed, and the others being taken between the blade paths).



It is also important to note that the dune stations were located near the seaward edge of sand fencing in areas where fencing was installed over the past year (between stations 292+00 and 337+00). Prior to the installation of the fencing, no substantial dunes were present in this area, and nourishment generally was placed all the way to buildings. Finally, some areas no longer possess nourishment sand, or do not presently possess a stable dune and/or berm (near the 18th hole of the Links Course, stations 312+00 through 330+00). These areas were not measured for compaction, as tilling would not be possible.

The present compaction survey represents the second year compaction measurements are required under special conditions of the permit. Compaction measurements will be repeated prior to turtle nesting season in 2011. Please contact Dr. Kana or me if you require additional information on CSE's compaction test methodology or results.

Sincerely,

Steven Traynum, MS

Attachments

				RE	Mem	o – 20	)10 Se	dimer	nt Con	npacti	on Re	sults f	for Isle	e of Pa	alms				
		<b>.</b>	Π	2					0	0	9	9		4 - 0	5				
		- 18"		467	813	940	813	633	840	540	1000	1000	400	4         404           3         651           9         680	_				
		12"	Averages		413	740	500	493	693	680	627	867	247	344 443 579	_				
		.9		333	407	36	400	207	233	427	287	513	187	249 288 343					
		18"		240 520 640	1000 1000 1400	860 1000	440 1000 1000	640 620 640	880 840	520 500	1000	1000 1000	940 380 380	Native Dune Native Berm Nourished Dune	Nourished Berm				
		12"		620 540 760	340 200 200	720 780 720	240 260 1000	480 480 520	740 680 660	700 600 740	840 720 320	840 880 880	260 140 340	Native Dune Native Berm Nourished D	Nourish				
		<b>.</b> 9		340 320	440 420 360	340 420 320	320 560 320	160 260 200	200 240 260	400 400 480	280 340 240	540 480 520	200 140 220						
		Sample		Q	в	•	в	D	В	D	æ	Q	m						
		Station			302+00		307+00	313+00	00.710	1337TUU	00+700	321.00	00+/22						
60		18" 1		827	1000	940	1000	887	807	477	940	1000	260	537	760	600	1000	647	493
arch 20	esent	12"	Averages	643	767	460	640	683	373	393	393	793	367	227	433	069	987	600	393
ents, Ma	g, where pr	.9	A	300	473	273	453	367	313	180	317	633	380	193	487	310	327	520	327
sle of Palms Compaction Measurements, March 2009	rus refer to the monitoring baseline (222+00 at 53rd Ave) measurements were taken at seaward edge of sand fencing, where present ed values indicated >510 psi threshold	18"		840 800 840	1000	940 940 940	1000 1000 1000	1000 960 700	940 480 1000	460 500 470	1000 1000 820	1000 1000 1000	300 320 160	620 500 490	780 780 720	660 640 500	1000 1000 1000	640 300 1000	520 120 840
on Mea	Stations refer to the monitoring baseline (222-00 at 53rd Ave, Dune measurements were taken at seaward edge of sand fen Colored values indicated >500 psi threshold.	12"		650 640 640	320 980 1000	600 460 320	640 640 640	650 740 660	200 320 600	480 380 320	700 180 300	800 800 780	310 460 330	180 320 180	480 340 480	660 650 760	960 1000 1000	460 380 960	340 200 640
mpactic	g baseline ( n at seawa psi thresho	.9												200 300 80					
Ims Col	ons refer to the monitoring baseline (22) measurements were taken at seaward red values indicated >500 psi threshold	Sample			8		8		в В						8 8	0 0	8 1 1 2		
e of Pal	refer to the asurement values indi	_											<u> </u>						
Isle	Stations Dune me Colored	Station			242+00		24/+00	007636	0.979	007730	0+767	001636	0+707	277+00		00+606	2367U	00+200	0+167
		18"		150	773	140	733	447	393	347	687	807	560	453	393	547	453	240	513
		12"	Averages	433	720	280	483	300	320	227	547	597	157	307	353	433	333	267	233
		.9		317	317	193	560	227	320	333	173	530	173	227	280	330	317	167	227
	cations	18"		100 170	700 780 840	140 100 140 100 140 140 140 140 140 140	800 700 700	440 560 340	380 460 340	220 360 460	620 660 780	940 820 660	510 510	420 500 440	160 320 700	500 520 620	440 160 760	200 320	620 760 160
	e native loc ie/structure eb 2010	12"		460 400	680 800	440 240 160	480 490 480	300 280 320	280 340 340	200 200 280	500 500 640	640 640 510	170 140 160	320 300	300 300 460	320 480 500	340 320 340	300 300	200 400 100
	Grey shaded samples are native locations D= Seaward edge of dune/structure B=Middle of berm Measurement taken 11 Feb 2010 Units are osi	.9		320 330 300	300 350 350	200 200	220 280 280	300 180 200	340 300 320	360 320 320	180 180	210 280 200	180 160	200 180 300	300 220 320	330 320 340	330 300 320	180 160 160	300 180 200
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	ڭ ݞ ݥ ݞ ݢ	Station \$			202+00			001616	00.414	007216	00+/17	001000	00+777	227+00		00+666	222400	0077266	201-102

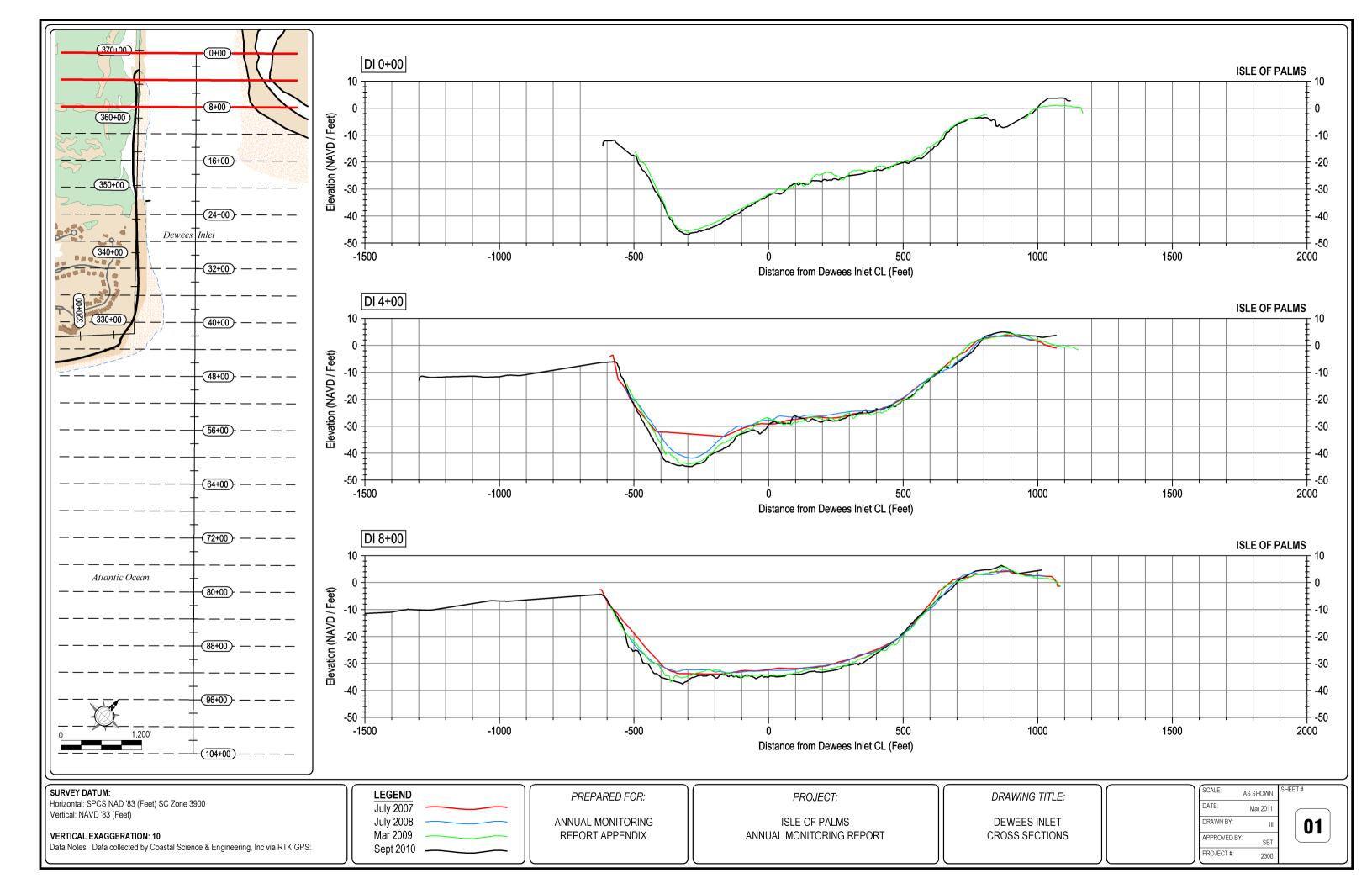


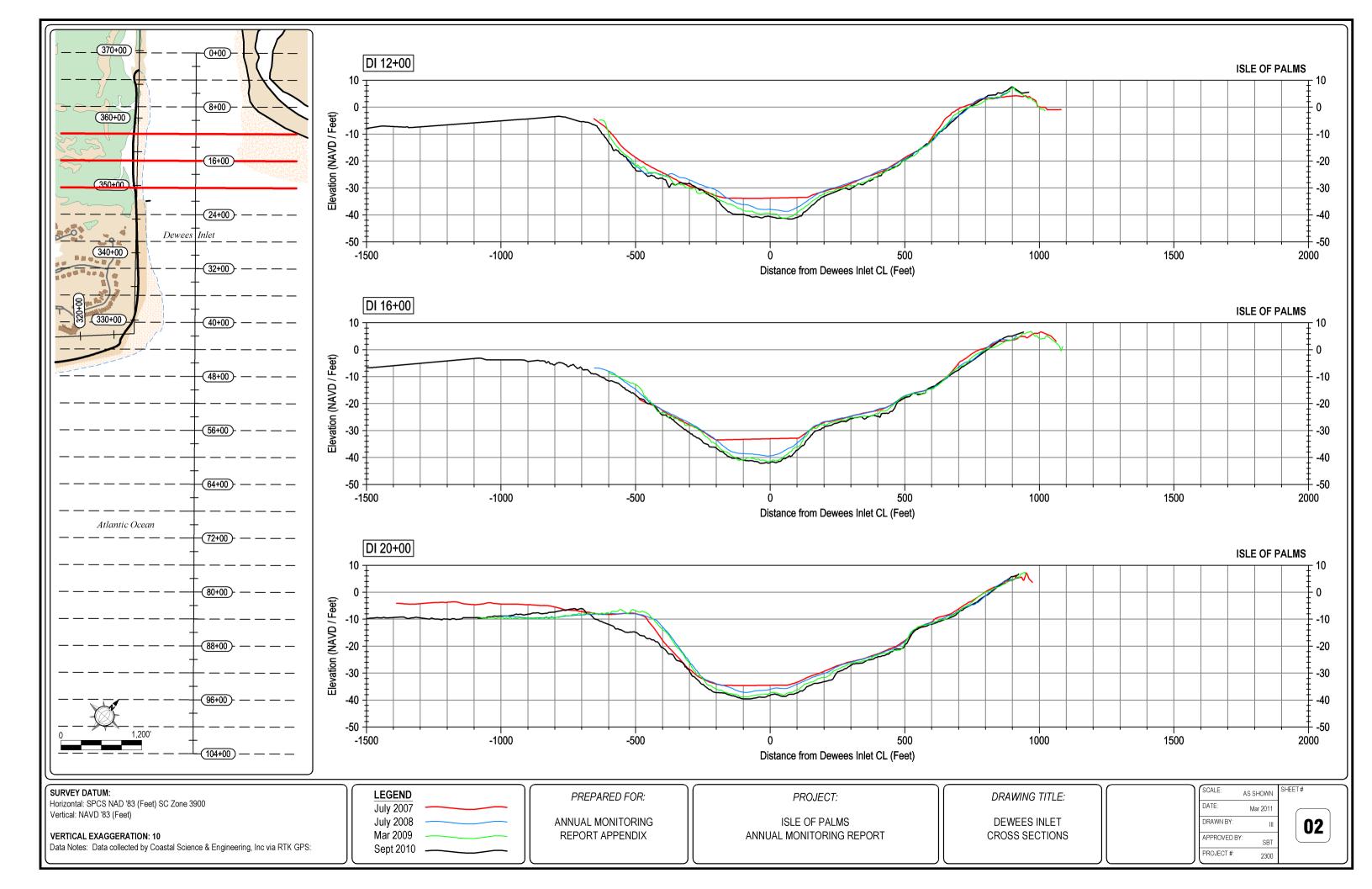
[2300] Page 4

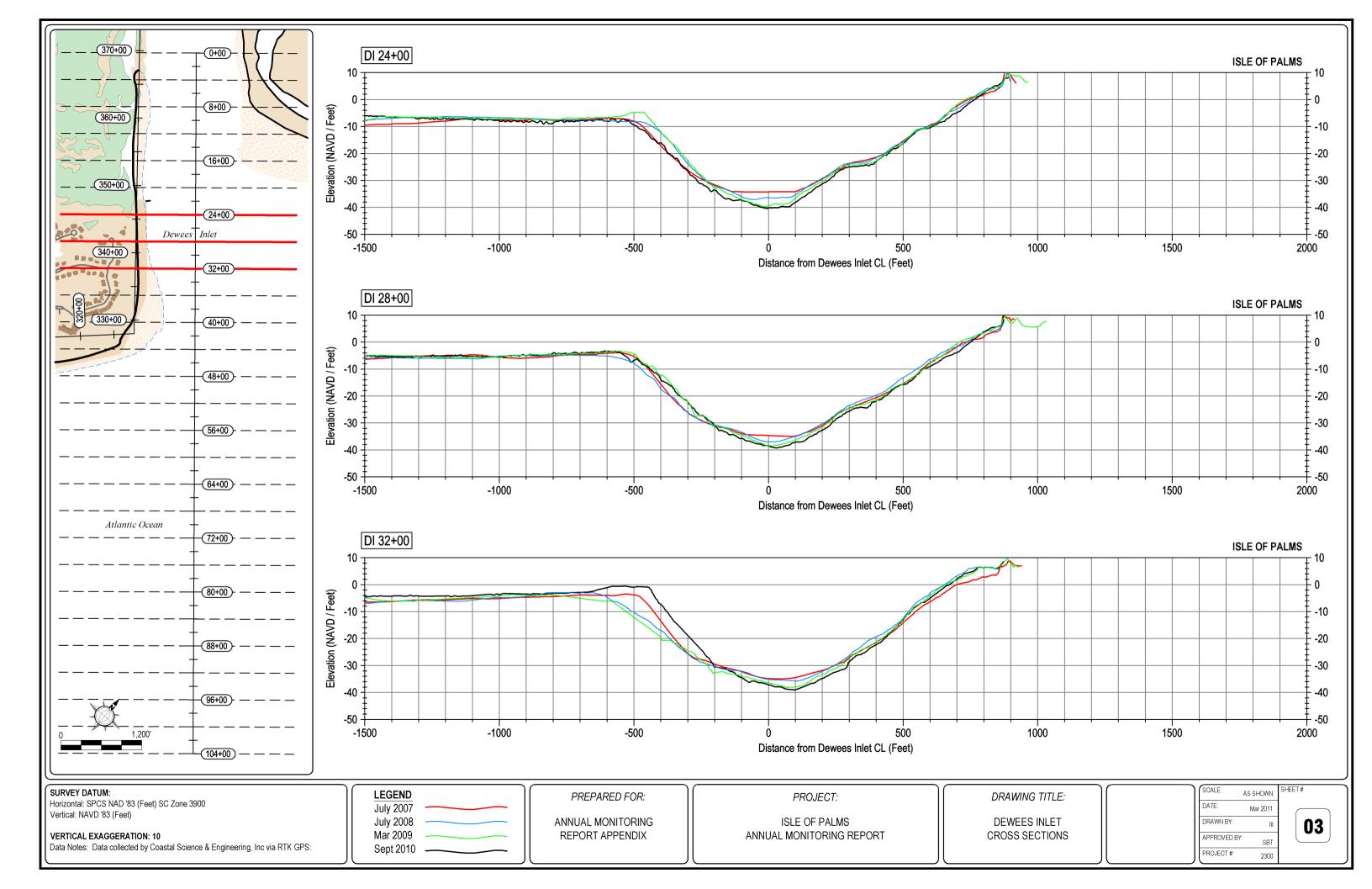
## **APPENDIX C**

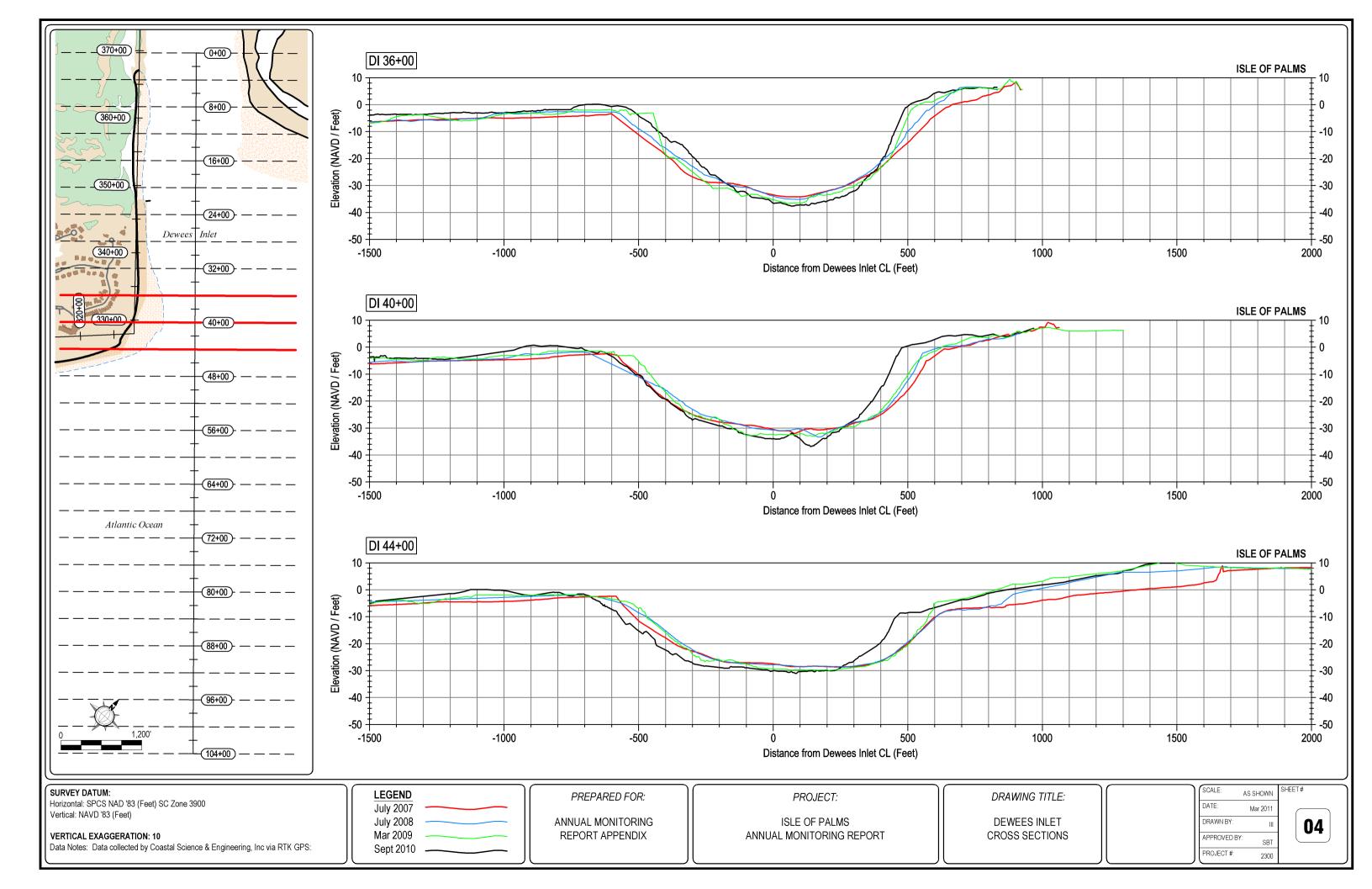
### **Dewees Inlet**

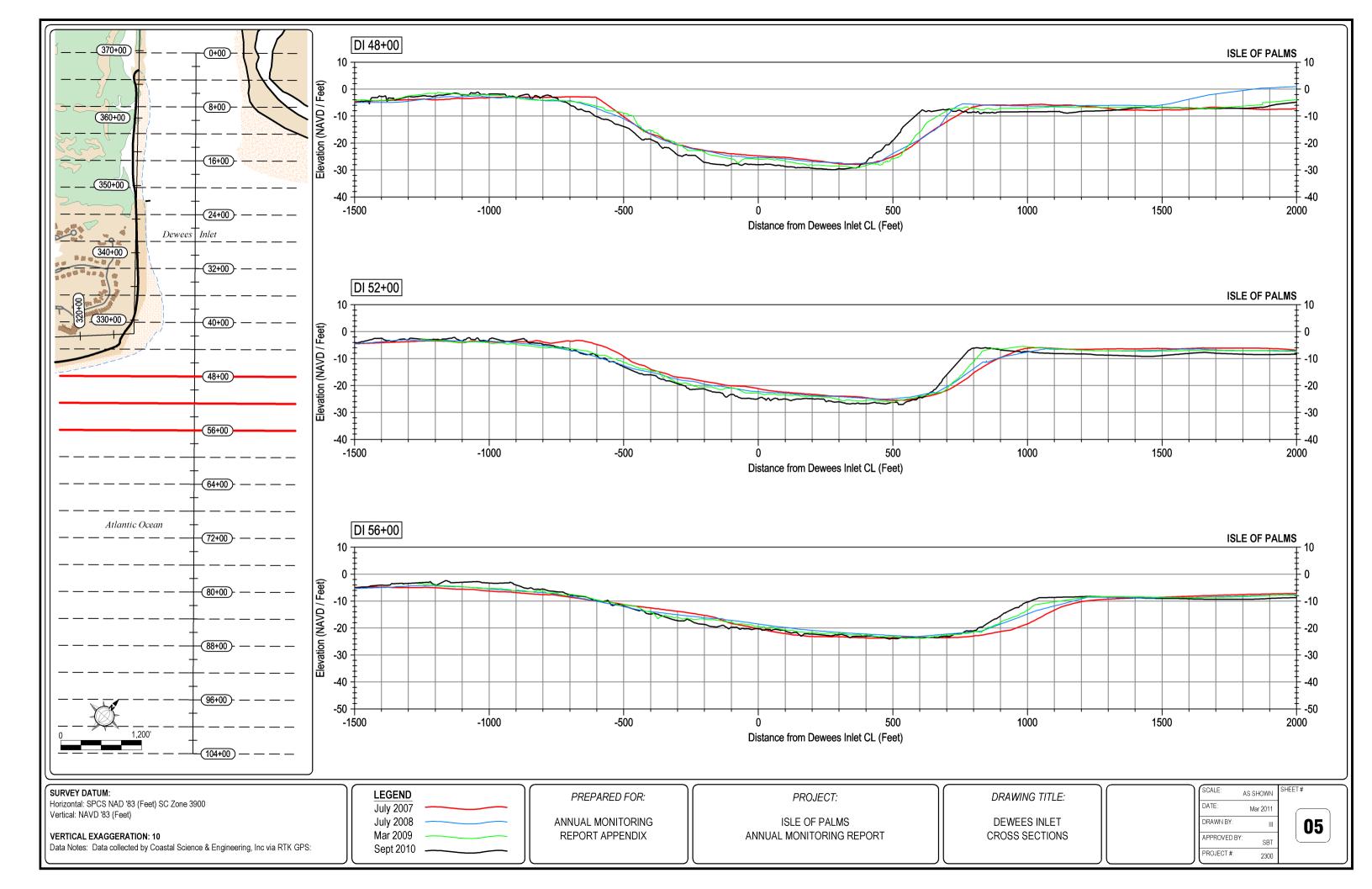
Secondary Channel Cross-Sections [Isle of Palms – Year 2]

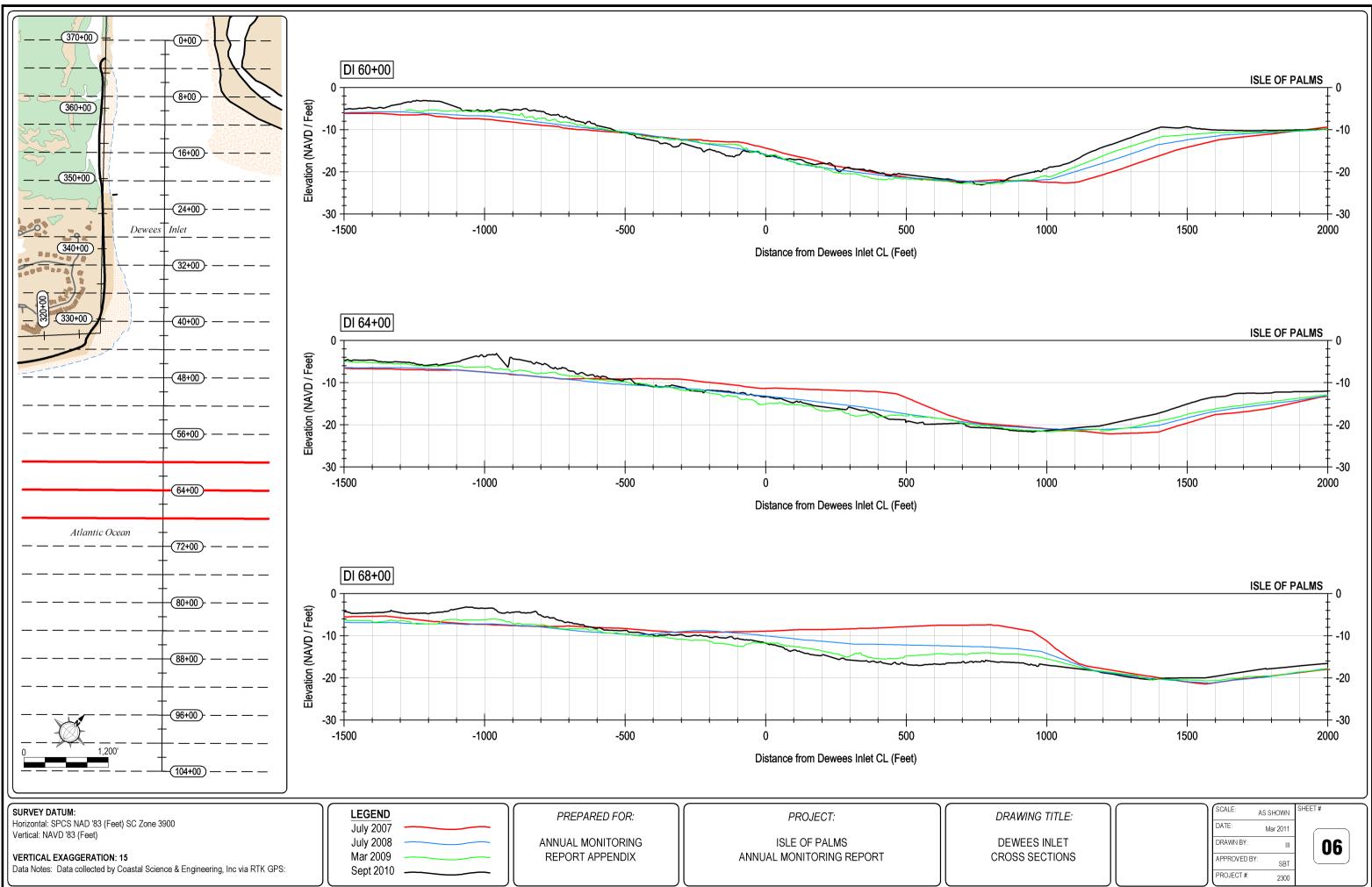




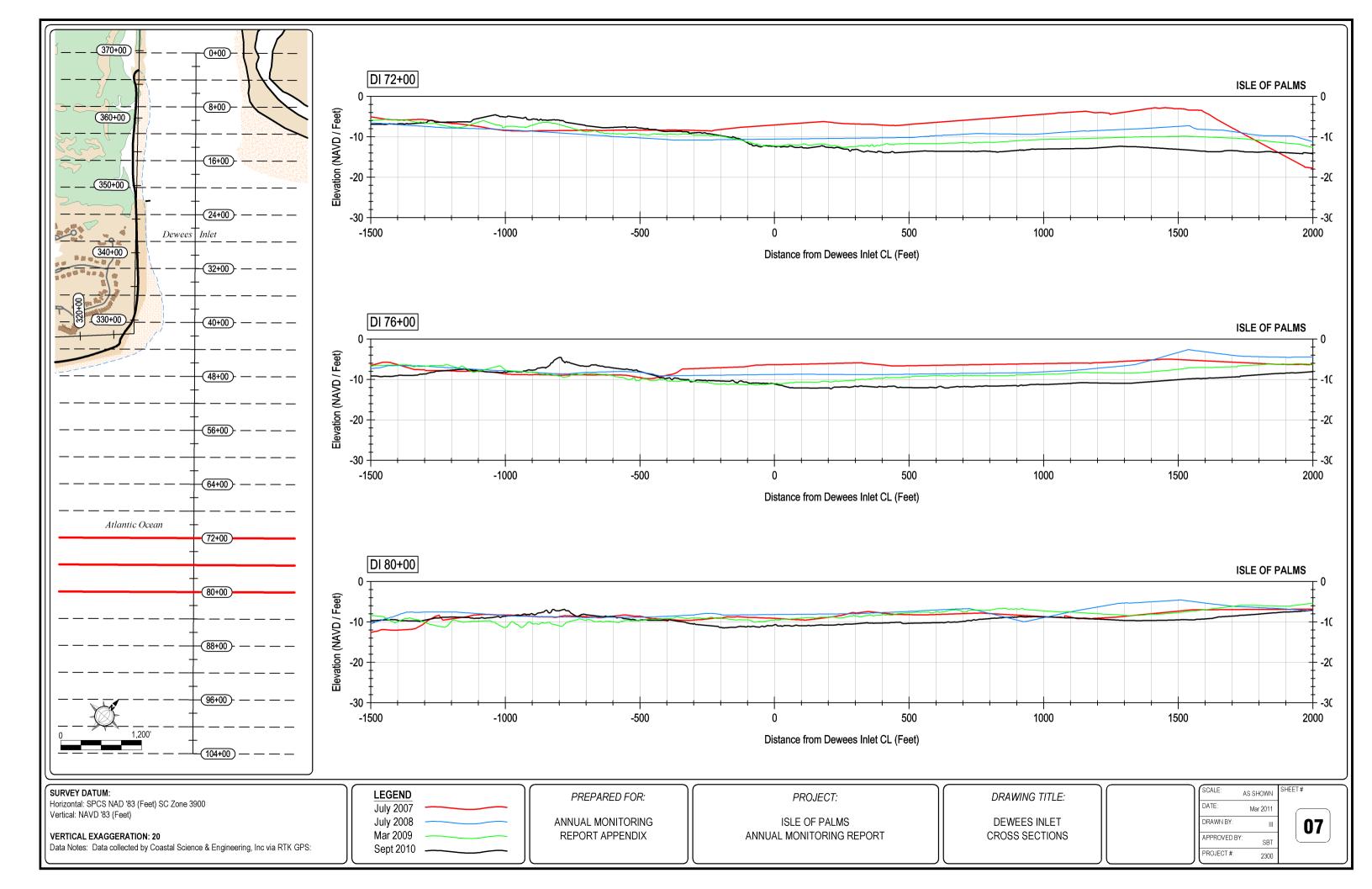


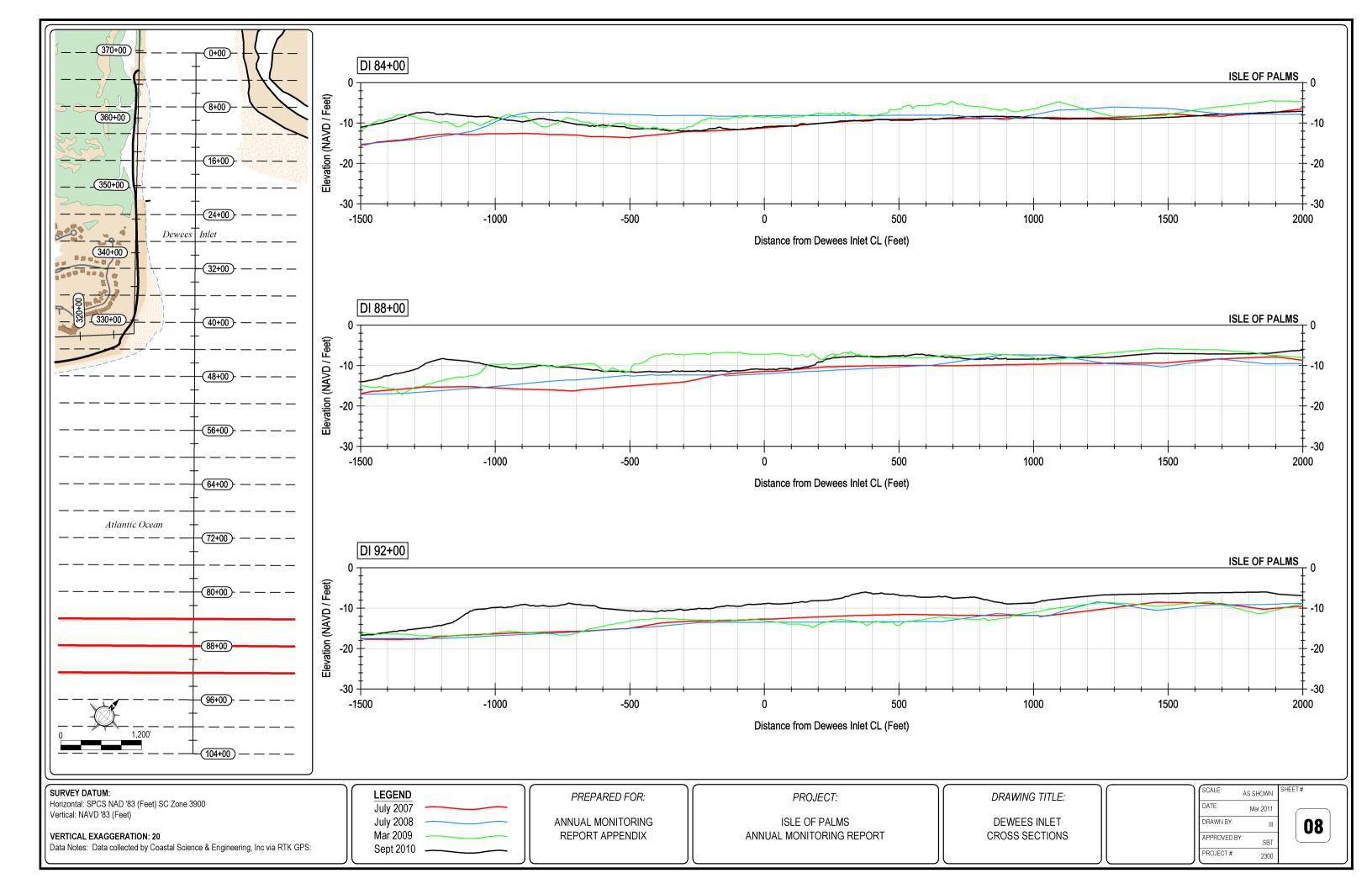


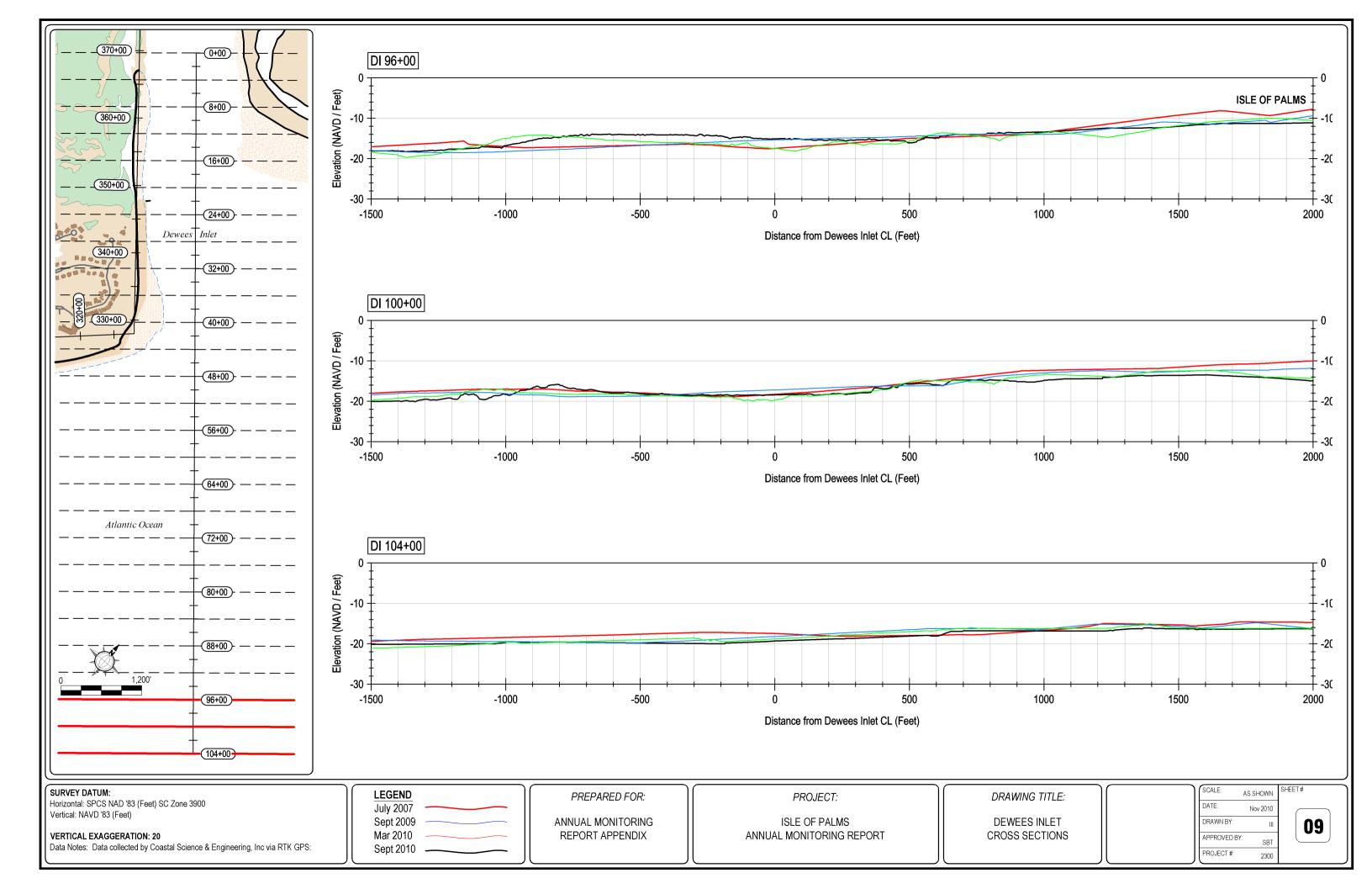




	SCALE:	AS SHOWN	SHEET#
RAWING TITLE:	DATE:	Mar 2011	
EWEES INLET	DRAWN BY:		06
DSS SECTIONS	APPROVED BY:	SBT	
	PROJECT #:	2300	



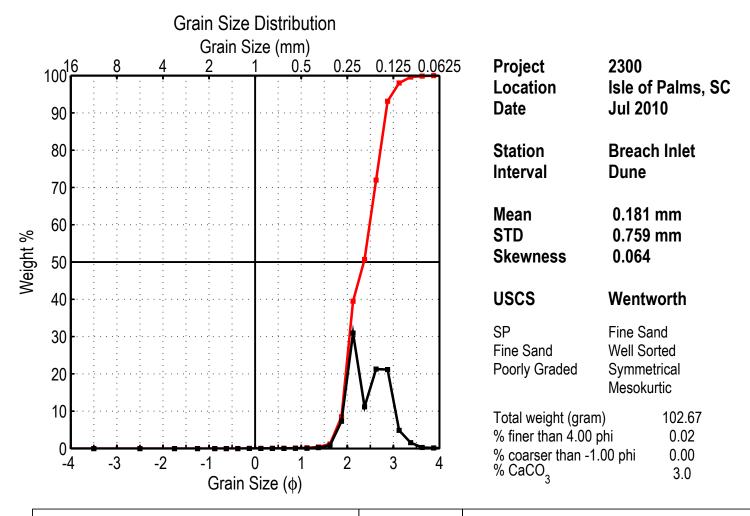




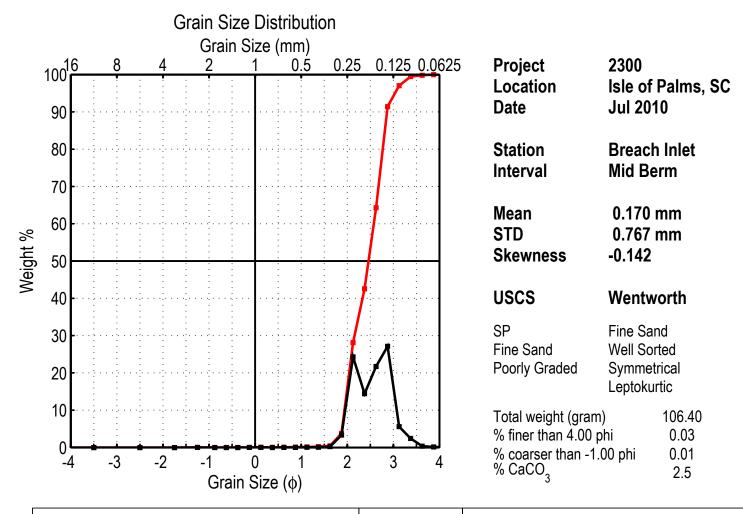
# **APPENDIX D**

### **Sediment Grain-Size Distributions**

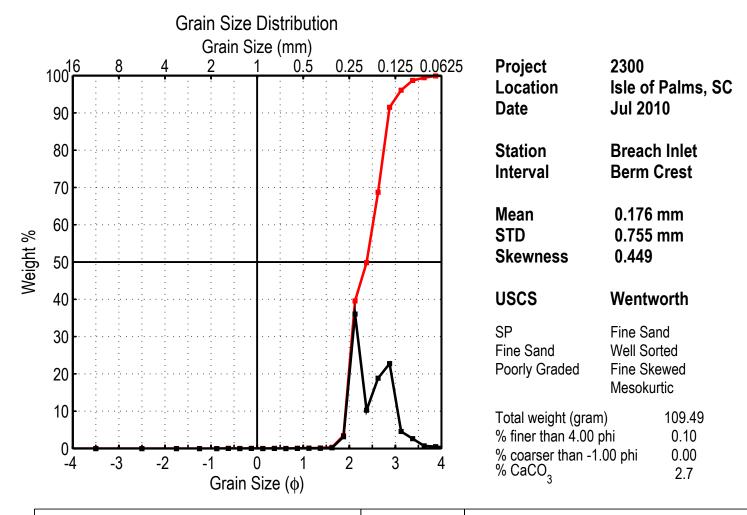
July 2010 – Two Years Post-Project [Isle of Palms – Year 2]



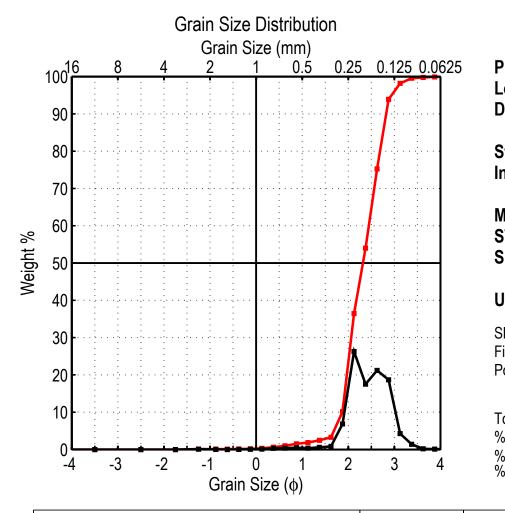
Class Limits		Weight	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Perce	ntiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
(φ)	(φ)	(gram)			4	1.555	Mean		2.467	0.181
-4	-4.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	1		Standard De	viation	0.398	0.759
-3 -2	-3.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	5	1.755	Skewness	Viction	0.064	0.100
	-2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	16	1.935				
-1.5	-1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	25	2.010	Kurtosis		3.149	
-1	-1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		2.360	Dispersion			
-0.75	-0.875	0.00	0.00	0.00	50		Standard De	viation		
-0.5	-0.625	0.00	0.00	0.00	75	2.660	Deviation fro	m Normal		
-0.25	-0.375	0.00	0.00	0.00	84	2.765				
0	-0.125	0.01	0.01	0.01	95	2.970				
0.25	0.125	0.01	0.01	0.02						
0.5	0.375	0.03	0.03	0.05	99	3.285				
0.75	0.625	0.02	0.02	0.07	Cronk	in Dhi I	Doromotoro	Inmon		Nord
1	0.875	0.05	0.05	0.12	Grapi		Parameters	Inman	Folk &	
1.25	1.125	0.07	0.07	0.19				1952	195	7
1.5	1.375	0.23	0.22	0.41						
1.75	1.625	0.85	0.83	1.24	Mean			2.350	2.35	3
2	1.875	7.49	7.30	8.53	Standa	rd Devia	tion	0.415	0.39	2
2.25	2.125	31.77	30.94	39.48	Skewne			-0.024	-0.01	
2.5	2.375	11.49	11.19	50.67		• • •		0.024	0.01	0
2.75	2.625	21.85	21.28	71.95	Skewne	. ,			0.70	•
3	2.875	21.75	21.18	93.13	Kurtosi	S		0.464	0.76	Ь
3.25 3.5	3.125	5.00	4.87	98.00						
3.5 3.75	3.375 3.625	1.62 0.27	1.58 0.26	99.58 99.84						
3.75 4	3.825 3.875	0.27	0.26	99.04 99.98						
4 >4.0	3.875 4.25	0.14	0.14	99.98 100.00						



Class Limit (¢)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Perce	ntiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
					1	1.665	Mean		2.556	0.170
-4	-4.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	5	1.885	Standard De	viation	0.382	0.767
-3	-3.5	0.00	0.00	0.00			Skewness		-0.142	
-2	-2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	16	2.000	Kurtosis		4.472	
-1.5	-1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	25	2.095			7.772	
-1	-1.25	0.01	0.01	0.01	50	2.460	Dispersion			
-0.75	-0.875	0.00	0.00	0.01			Standard De			
-0.5 -0.25	-0.625 -0.375	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.01 0.01	75	2.725	Deviation from	m Normal		
-0.25 0	-0.375	0.00	0.00	0.01	84	2.805				
0.25	0.125	0.03	0.03	0.04	95	3.035				
0.25	0.125	0.00	0.00	0.05	99	3.330				
0.75	0.625	0.02	0.02	0.07		0.000				
1	0.875	0.02	0.02	0.09	Grap	hic Phi	Parameters	Inman	Folk &	Ward
1.25	1.125	0.05	0.05	0.14				1952	195	
1.5	1.375	0.08	0.08	0.22				IJJZ	195	1
1.75	1.625	0.24	0.23	0.44	Mean			2.402	2.42	0
2	1.875	3.56	3.35	3.79			(°			
2.25	2.125	25.88	24.32	28.11		ard Devia	tion	0.402	0.37	
2.5	2.375	15.37	14.45	42.56	Skewn	ess (1)		-0.143	-0.07	'1
2.75	2.625	23.12	21.73	64.29	Skewn	ess (2)		0.000		
3	2.875	28.85	27.11	91.40	Kurtos	is		0.429	0.74	8
3.25	3.125	5.96	5.60	97.00		-				-
3.5	3.375	2.60	2.44	99.45						
3.75	3.625	0.38	0.36	99.80						
4	3.875	0.18	0.17	99.97						
>4.0	4.25	0.03	0.03	100.00						

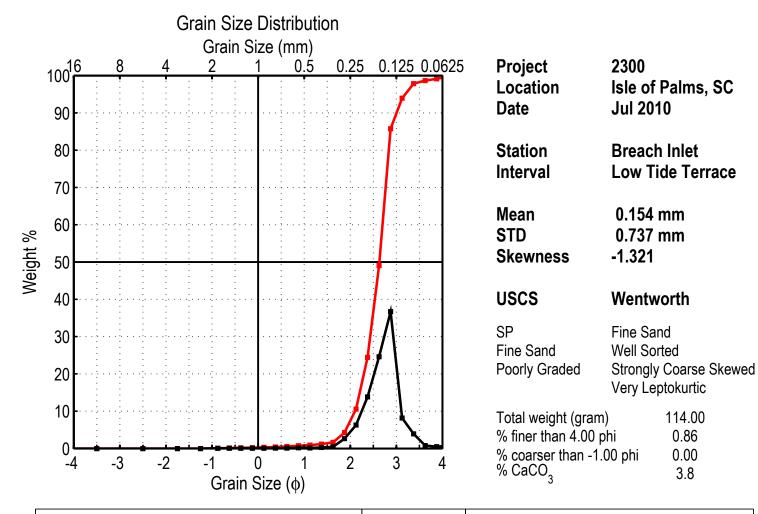


Class Limit		Weight	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	s Moment Measures (phi) (mm)
(φ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	<ul> <li>(φ)</li> <li>-4.5</li> <li>-3.5</li> <li>-2.5</li> <li>-1.75</li> <li>-1.25</li> <li>-0.875</li> <li>-0.625</li> <li>-0.375</li> <li>-0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> <li>0.375</li> </ul>	(gram) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.01	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.01	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.02	1       1.675         5       1.885         16       1.960         25       2.025         50       2.375         75       2.695         84       2.795         95       3.065         99       3.480	5Standard Deviation0.4060.7550Skewness0.4495Kurtosis3.5775Dispersion5Standard Deviation5Deviation from Normal55
0.5 0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.01 0.00 0.03 0.06 0.20 3.46 39.50 11.25 20.65 24.94 5.01 2.89 0.79 0.52 0.11	0.01 0.00 0.03 0.05 0.18 3.16 36.08 10.27 18.86 22.78 4.58 2.64 0.72 0.47 0.10	0.03 0.05 0.11 0.16 0.34 3.50 39.57 49.85 68.71 91.49 96.06 98.70 99.42 99.90 100.00		hi Parameters         Inman         Folk & Ward           1952         1957           2.377         2.377           eviation         0.417         0.388           1)         0.006         0.088

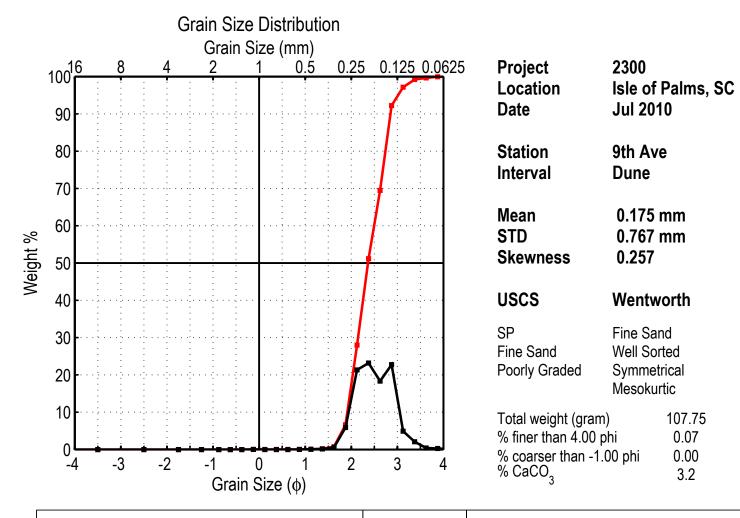


2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010
Breach Inlet Beach Face
0.186 mm 0.724 mm -1.292
Wentworth
Fine Sand Well Sorted Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic
) 109.86 hi 0.12 00 phi 0.09 4.4

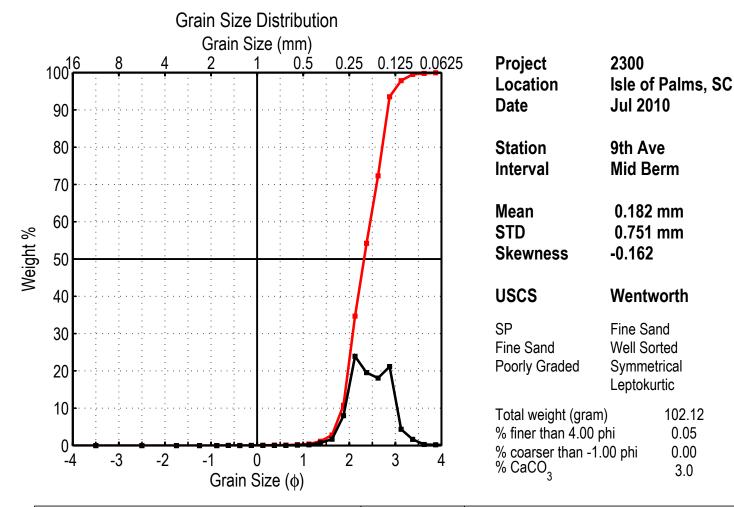
Class Limit (\phi)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Me	easures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.10 0.01 0.01 0.00 0.04 0.08 0.14 0.33	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.09 0.01 0.00 0.04 0.07 0.13 0.30	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.09 0.10 0.10 0.14 0.21 0.34 0.64	1         0.610           5         1.685           16         1.930           25         2.015           50         2.320           75         2.620           84         2.745           95         2.940           99         3.275	Mean Standard Dev Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Dev Deviation fron	iation	2.428 0.465 -1.292 10.042	0.186 0.724
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.42 0.53 0.41 0.63 0.93 7.53 28.89 19.27 23.32 20.51 4.70 1.54 0.21 0.14 0.13	$\begin{array}{c} 0.38\\ 0.48\\ 0.37\\ 0.57\\ 0.85\\ 6.85\\ 26.30\\ 17.54\\ 21.23\\ 18.67\\ 4.28\\ 1.40\\ 0.19\\ 0.13\\ 0.12\\ \end{array}$	1.02 1.50 1.88 2.45 3.30 10.15 36.45 53.99 75.21 93.88 98.16 99.56 99.75 99.88 100.00	Graphic Phi I Mean Standard Deviat Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis		Inman 1952 2.338 0.407 0.043 -0.018 0.540	Folk & V 195 2.33 0.39 0.01 0.85	<b>7</b> 2 4 5



Class Limit		Weight	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percent	tiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
(φ)	(φ)	(gram)			1	1.215	Mean		2.701	0.154
-4	-4.5	0.00	0.00	0.00			Standard Dev	/iation	0.441	0.737
-3	-3.5	0.00	0.00	0.00		1.905	Skewness		-1.321	
-2	-2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	16	2.225	Kurtosis		13.034	
-1.5	-1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	25	2.380			15.054	
-1	-1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00		2.630	Dispersion			
-0.75	-0.875	0.06	0.05	0.05			Standard Dev			
-0.5	-0.625	0.09	0.08	0.13		2.800	Deviation from	m Normal		
-0.25	-0.375 -0.125	0.05 0.08	0.04 0.07	0.18	84	2.865				
0 0.25	-0.125 0.125	0.08	0.07	0.25 0.32	95	3.195				
0.25	0.125	0.08	0.07	0.32	99	3.805				
0.75	0.625	0.11	0.10	0.41	55	0.000				
0.75	0.025	0.14	0.12	0.54	Granhi	c Phi F	Parameters	Inman	Folk & \	Nard
1.25	1.125	0.25	0.20	0.90	Orapin	•••••	arametero			
1.5	1.375	0.31	0.17	1.18				1952	195	1
1.75	1.625	0.53	0.46	1.64	M			0 5 4 5	0.57	<b>^</b>
2	1.875	3.02	2.65	4.29	Mean			2.545	2.57	
2.25	2.125	7.18	6.30	10.59	Standard	d Deviat	ion	0.320	0.35	5
2.5	2.375	15.77	13.83	24.42	Skewnes	ss (1)		-0.266	-0.19	5
2.75	2.625	28.06	24.61	49.04	Skewnes	. ,		-0.250		
3	2.875	41.85	36.71	85.75	Kurtosis	(=)		1.016	1.25	9
3.25	3.125	9.33	8.18	93.93	1 10010			1.010	1.20	0
3.5	3.375	4.47	3.92	97.85						
3.75	3.625	0.89	0.78	98.63						
4	3.875	0.58	0.51	99.14						
>4.0	4.25	0.98	0.86	100.00						



Class Limit		Weight	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measu	ires	(phi)	(mm)
(φ) -4	(φ) -4.5	(gram) 0.00	0.00	0.00	<b>1</b> 1.635	Mean Standard Deviatio	n	2.514 0.384	0.175 0.767
-3 -2	-3.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	<b>5</b> 1.805	Skewness		0.257	0.101
	-2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	<b>16</b> 1.985				
-1.5	-1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	<b>25</b> 2.090	Kurtosis		3.346	
-1	-1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	<b>50</b> 2.360	Dispersion			
-0.75	-0.875	0.00	0.00	0.00		Standard Deviatio	n		
-0.5	-0.625	0.00	0.00	0.00	<b>75</b> 2.685	Deviation from No	rmal		
-0.25	-0.375	0.00	0.00	0.00	<b>84</b> 2.785				
0	-0.125	0.01	0.01	0.01	<b>95</b> 3.015				
0.25	0.125	0.00	0.00	0.01	<b>99</b> 3.350				
0.5	0.375	0.00	0.00	0.01	<b>99</b> 3.330				
0.75 1	0.625	0.00	0.00	0.01 0.02	Graphic Phi	Daramotore Inn	nan	Folk & \	Nard
1.25	0.875 1.125	0.01 0.05	0.01 0.05	0.02					
1.25	1.125	0.05	0.05	0.08		19	52	195	(
1.75	1.625	0.14	0.13	0.19			~~-		_
2	1.875	6.34	5.88	6.65	Mean		385	2.37	
2.25	2.125	23.00	21.35	27.99	Standard Deviat	tion 0.4	400	0.38	3
2.5	2.375	24.97	23.17	51.16	Skewness (1)	0.	062	0.07	3
2.75	2.625	19.74	18.32	69.48	Skewness (2)		125		
3	2.875	24.50	22.74	92.22	Kurtosis		512	0.83	3
3.25	3.125	5.29	4.91	97.13	110110313	0.		0.00	0
3.5	3.375	2.25	2.09	99.22					
3.75	3.625	0.46	0.43	99.65					
4	3.875	0.30	0.28	99.93					
>4.0	4.25	0.08	0.07	100.00					



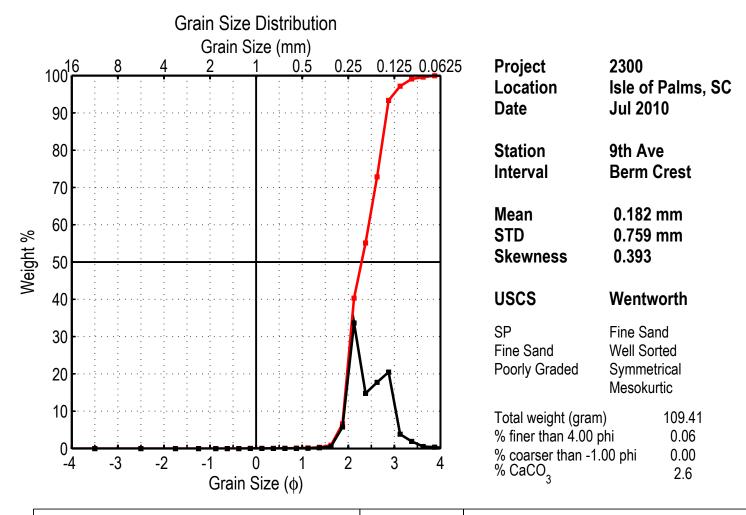
Class Limit (¢)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi)	(mm)
(ψ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25	<ul> <li>(Φ)</li> <li>-4.5</li> <li>-3.5</li> <li>-2.5</li> <li>-1.75</li> <li>-1.25</li> <li>-0.875</li> <li>-0.625</li> <li>-0.375</li> <li>-0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> </ul>	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.02 0.02	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.01	1         1.335           5         1.695           16         1.930           25         2.025           50         2.320           75         2.655           84         2.765           95         2.960	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	2.456 0.414 -0.162 4.145	0.182 0.751
0.5 0.75	0.375 0.625	0.04 0.04	0.04 0.04	0.09 0.13	<b>99</b> 3.300			
1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.10 0.19 0.72 1.71 8.17 24.41 19.94 18.48 21.62 4.45 1.68 0.29 0.18 0.05	0.10 0.19 0.71 1.67 8.00 23.90 19.53 18.10 21.17 4.36 1.65 0.28 0.18 0.05	0.23 0.41 1.12 2.79 10.79 34.69 54.22 72.32 93.49 97.85 99.49 99.77 99.95 100.00	Graphic Phi Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 2.348	Folk & V 1957 2.338 0.400 0.039 0.823	3 ) )

102.12

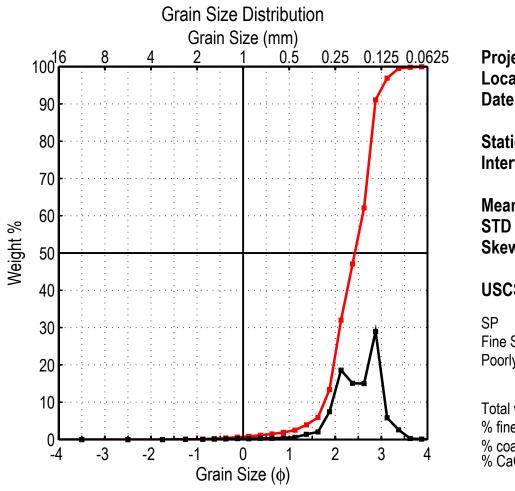
0.05

0.00

3.0

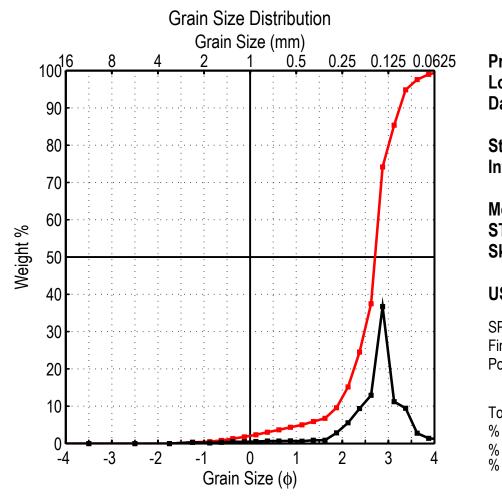


Class Limit		Weight	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Perce	ntiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
(φ)	(φ)	(gram)			1	1.630	Mean		2.462	0.182
-4	-4.5	0.00	0.00	0.00			Standard De	viation	0.398	0.759
-3 -2	-3.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	5	1.805	Skewness		0.393	
	-2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	16	1.945	Kurtosis		3.582	
-1.5	-1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	25	2.010			3.302	
-1	-1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	50	2.290	Dispersion			
-0.75	-0.875	0.00	0.00	0.00			Standard De	viation		
-0.5	-0.625	0.00	0.00	0.00	75	2.650	Deviation fro	m Normal		
-0.25	-0.375	0.00	0.00	0.00	84	2.760				
0	-0.125	0.01	0.01	0.01	95	2.985				
0.25	0.125	0.01	0.01	0.02	99	3.365				
0.5	0.375	0.02	0.02	0.04	99	3.303				
0.75	0.625	0.02	0.02	0.05	Gran	hic Dhi	Parameters	Inman	Folk &	Nord
1	0.875	0.04	0.04	0.09	Orapi		raiameters			
1.25 1.5	1.125	0.05	0.05	0.14 0.32				1952	195	1
	1.375 1.625	0.20	0.18							
1.75 2	1.625	0.59 6.31	0.54 5.77	0.86 6.63	Mean			2.353	2.33	2
2.25	2.125	36.84	33.67	40.30	Standa	ard Devia	tion	0.407	0.38	3
2.25	2.125	30.04 16.18	14.79	40.30 55.09	Skewn	ess (1)		0.153	0.16	6
2.5	2.625	19.41	17.74	72.83		iess (2)		0.258	0110	•
2.75	2.875	22.41	20.48	93.31		• • •			0.75	C
3.25	3.125	4.20	3.84	97.15	Kurtos	15		0.448	0.75	U
3.5	3.375	2.09	1.91	99.06						
3.75	3.625	0.58	0.53	99.59						
4	3.875	0.38	0.35	99.94						
>4.0	4.25	0.07	0.06	100.00						



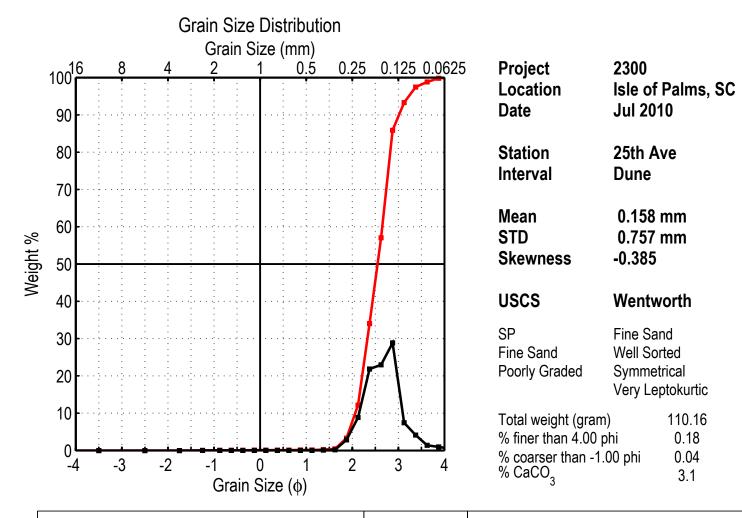
Project	2300
Location	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	9th Ave
nterval	Beach Face
Mean	0.180 mm
STD	0.684 mm
Skewness	-1.604
JSCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Moderately Well Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic
<sup>-</sup> otal weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.08

Class Limit (φ)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi) (mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.07 0.05 0.13 0.15 0.24 0.21 0.31	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.07 0.05 0.13 0.15 0.24 0.21 0.31	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.07 0.12 0.25 0.40 0.63 0.84 1.15	1         0.255           5         1.510           16         1.910           25         2.030           50         2.425           75         2.735           84         2.815           95         3.045           99         3.325	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	2.473 0.180 0.548 0.684 -1.604 9.115
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 3.875 4.25	0.32 0.45 0.60 1.42 2.05 7.54 18.81 15.27 15.18 29.31 5.90 2.64 0.30 0.11 0.08	0.32 0.44 0.59 1.40 2.03 7.46 18.60 15.10 15.01 28.98 5.83 2.61 0.30 0.11 0.08	1.46 1.91 2.50 3.91 5.93 13.39 31.99 47.08 62.09 91.07 96.91 99.52 99.81 99.92 100.00	Graphic Phi I Mean Standard Deviat Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 2.362	Folk & Ward 1957 2.383 0.459 -0.165 0.892

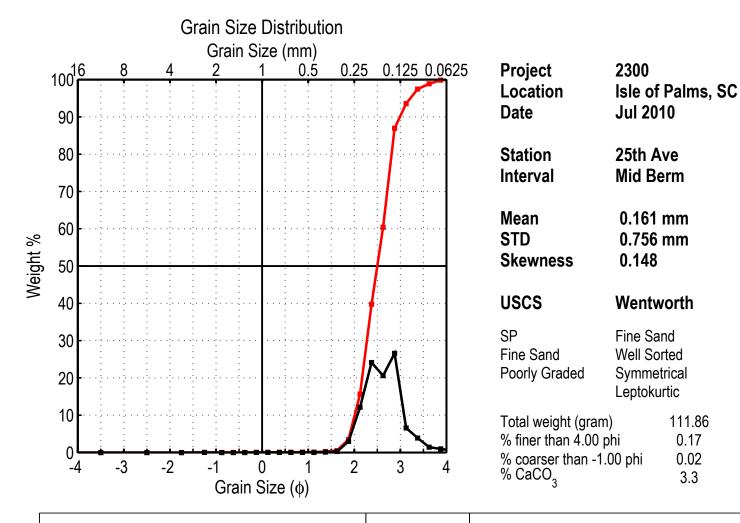


2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010					
9th Ave Low Tide Terrace					
0.155 mm 0.598 mm -2.168					
Wentworth					
Fine Sand Moderately Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic					
hi 112.22 hi 1.00 )0 phi 0.34 9.2					

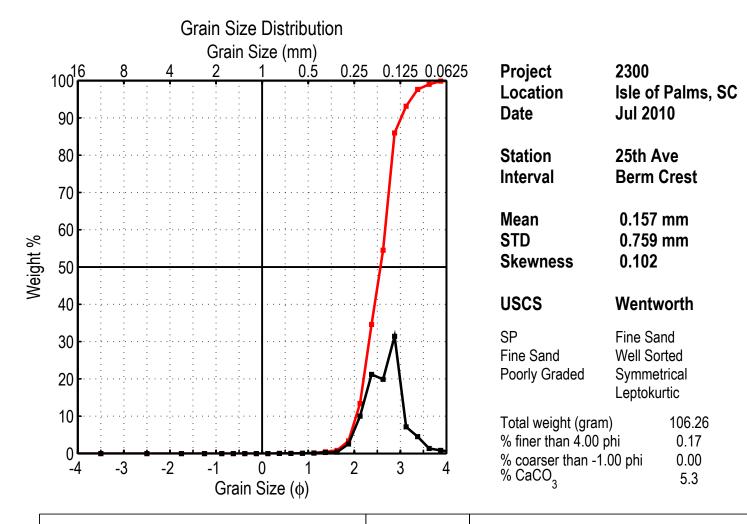
Class Limits (¢)	s Mid Point (ø)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Perce	entiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
-4	-4.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	1	-0.545	Mean Standard Da	viation	2.692	0.155
-3	-3.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	5	1.120	Standard De	viation	0.741	0.598
-2	-2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	16	2.145	Skewness		-2.168	
-1.5	-1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	25	2.385	Kurtosis		10.152	
-1	-1.25	0.38	0.34	0.34			Dispersion			
-0.75	-0.875	0.19	0.17	0.51			Standard De	viation		
-0.5	-0.625	0.38	0.34	0.85	75	2.895	Deviation fro	m Normal		
-0.25	-0.375	0.53	0.47	1.32	84	3.095				
0	-0.125	0.51	0.45	1.77	95	3.390				
0.25	0.125	0.62	0.55	2.33	99	3.875				
0.5 0.75	0.375 0.625	0.77 0.74	0.69 0.66	3.01 3.67	33	3.075				
0.75	0.825	0.74 0.79	0.66	4.38	Gran	hic Phi	Parameters	Inman	Folk & \	Nard
1.25	1.125	0.79	0.70	5.02	Olup					
1.5	1.375	0.97	0.86	5.88				1952	195	1
1.75	1.625	1.00	0.89	6.77	Maan			0.000	0.65	0
2	1.875	3.18	2.83	9.61	Mean			2.620	2.65	
2.25	2.125	6.25	5.57	15.18		ard Devia	tion	0.475	0.58	
2.5	2.375	10.50	9.36	24.53	Skewr	ness (1)		-0.189	-0.29	5
2.75	2.625	14.51	12.93	37.46	Skewr	ness (2)		-0.958		
3	2.875	41.19	36.70	74.17	Kurtos	sis		1.389	1.82	4
3.25	3.125	12.57	11.20	85.37						
3.5	3.375	10.60	9.45	94.81						
3.75	3.625	3.12	2.78	97.59						
4	3.875	1.58	1.41	99.00						
>4.0	4.25	1.12	1.00	100.00						



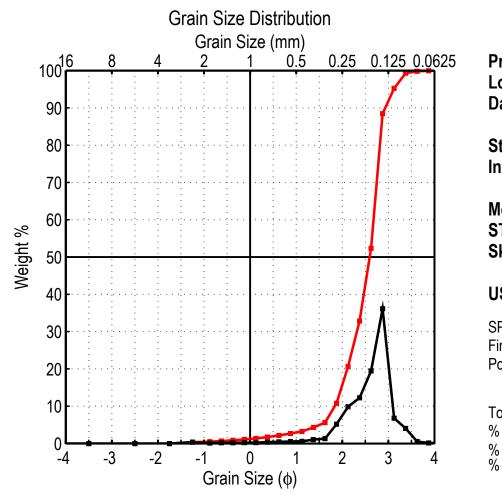
Class Limit		Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi) (mm)
(φ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	<ul> <li>(φ)</li> <li>-4.5</li> <li>-3.5</li> <li>-2.5</li> <li>-1.75</li> <li>-1.25</li> <li>-0.875</li> <li>-0.625</li> <li>-0.375</li> <li>-0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> <li>0.375</li> </ul>	(gram) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.04 0.03 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.04 0.03 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.04 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.10 0.11 0.12	11.67551.920162.170252.270502.550752.780842.860953.230993.665	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	2.666 0.158 0.402 0.757 -0.385 9.615
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.01 0.02 0.01 0.10 0.23 3.16 9.76 24.06 25.33 31.77 8.20 4.56 1.54 1.08 0.20	0.01 0.02 0.01 0.09 0.21 2.87 8.86 21.84 22.99 28.84 7.44 4.14 1.40 0.98 0.18	0.12 0.13 0.15 0.25 0.45 3.32 12.18 34.02 57.02 85.86 93.30 97.44 98.84 99.82 100.00	Graphic Phi F Mean Standard Deviati Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 2.515	Folk & Ward 1957 2.527 0.371 -0.032 1.053



(¢)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Perce	entiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
		(0)	0.00	0.00	1	1.665	Mean		2.633	0.161
-4	-4.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	5	1.905	Standard De	viation	0.403	0.756
-3 -2	-3.5	0.00	0.00	0.00			Skewness		0.148	
	-2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	16	2.130	Kurtosis		5.759	
-1.5 -1	-1.75 -1.25	0.00 0.02	0.00 0.02	0.00 0.02	25	2.220	Dispersion		0.100	
-0.75	-0.875	0.02	0.02	0.02	50	2.500				
-0.75	-0.675	0.00	0.00	0.02						
-0.25	-0.025	0.00	0.00	0.02			Deviation fro	m Normal		
-0.25	-0.375	0.00	0.00	0.02	84	2.845				
0.25	0.125	0.02	0.02	0.04	95	3.220				
0.5	0.375	0.01	0.01	0.05	99	3.660				
0.75	0.625	0.01	0.01	0.06						
1	0.875	0.03	0.03	0.09	Grap	hic Phi	Parameters	Inman	Folk &	Ward
1.25	1.125	0.02	0.02	0.11				1952	195	
1.5	1.375	0.13	0.12	0.22				1992	195	1
1.75	1.625	0.33	0.30	0.52	Mean			2.487	2.49	2
2	1.875	3.33	2.98	3.50			e.			
2.25	2.125	13.57	12.13	15.63		ard Devia	tion	0.357	0.37	
2.5	2.375	26.97	24.11	39.74	Skewn	iess (1)		-0.035	0.03	0
2.75	2.625	23.07	20.62	60.36	Skewn	iess (2)		0.175		
3	2.875	29.75	26.60	86.96	Kurtos	( )		0.839	0.98	9
3.25	3.125	7.36	6.58	93.54						-
3.5	3.375	4.36	3.90	97.43						
3.75	3.625	1.59	1.42	98.86						
4	3.875	1.09	0.97	99.83						
>4.0	4.25	0.19	0.17	100.00						

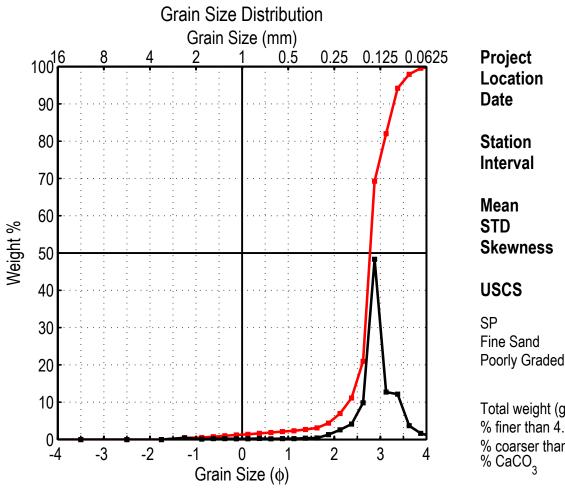


(φ)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Perce	illies	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
	-4.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	1	1.645	Mean		2.668	0.157
-4 -3	-4.5 -3.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	5	1.915	Standard De	viation	0.397	0.759
-3 -2	-3.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	16	2.155	Skewness		0.102	
-1.5	-1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00			Kurtosis		4.111	
-1.5	-1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	25	2.260	Dispersion			
-0.75	-0.875	0.00	0.00	0.00	50	2.570	Standard De	viation		
-0.5	-0.625	0.00	0.00	0.00	75	2.790				
-0.25	-0.375	0.00	0.00	0.00	84	2.860	Deviation fro	mnormal		
0	-0.125	0.00	0.00	0.00	-					
0.25	0.125	0.00	0.00	0.00	95	3.230				
0.5	0.375	0.01	0.01	0.01	99	3.630				
0.75	0.625	0.01	0.01	0.02						
1	0.875	0.05	0.05	0.07	Grapl	hic Phi	Parameters	Inman	Folk & V	Ward
1.25	1.125	0.11	0.10	0.17	-			1952	195	7
1.5	1.375	0.28	0.26	0.43				1002	100	•
1.75	1.625	0.41	0.39	0.82	Mean			2.508	2.52	8
2	1.875	2.72	2.56	3.38		ard Devia	tion	0.352	0.37	
2.25	2.125	10.64	10.01	13.39			lion			
2.5	2.375	22.54	21.21	34.60		iess (1)		-0.177	-0.08	67
2.75	2.625	21.14	19.89	54.50	Skewn	iess (2)		0.007		
3	2.875	33.41	31.44	85.94	Kurtos	is		0.865	1.01	7
3.25	3.125	7.61	7.16	93.10						
3.5	3.375	4.81	4.53	97.63						
3.75	3.625	1.44	1.36	98.98						
4	3.875	0.90	0.85	99.83						
>4.0	4.25	0.18	0.17	100.00						



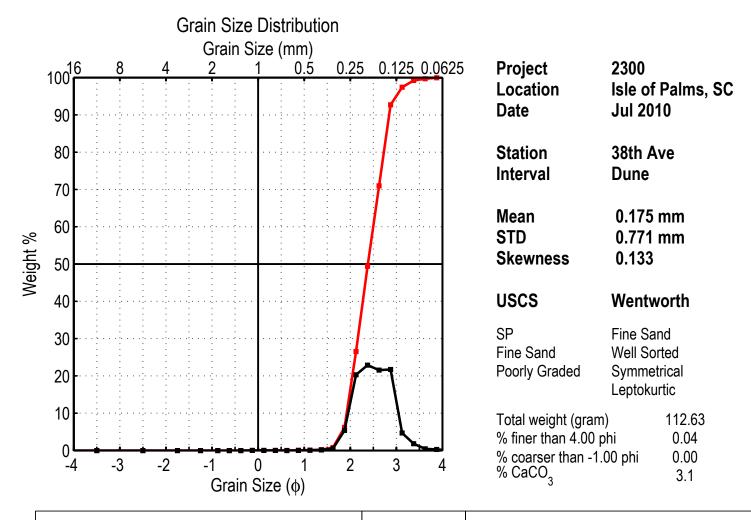
2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010
25th Ave Beach Face
0.169 mm 0.658 mm -2.540
Wentworth
Fine Sand Moderately Well Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic
106.77 hi 0.06 00 phi 0.38 5.7

Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %		Ioment Measures	(phi) (mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.41 0.12 0.19 0.21 0.23 0.27 0.41	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.38 0.11 0.18 0.20 0.22 0.25 0.38	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.38 0.50 0.67 0.87 1.09 1.34 1.72	5         1.510         Si           16         2.010         Ki           25         2.215         D           50         2.595         Si	lean tandard Deviation kewness urtosis ispersion tandard Deviation eviation from Normal	2.565 0.169 0.603 0.658 -2.540 13.661
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.46 0.56 0.61 1.12 1.40 5.51 10.50 13.06 20.79 38.58 7.24 4.33 0.55 0.16 0.06	0.43 0.52 0.57 1.05 1.31 5.16 9.83 12.23 19.47 36.13 6.78 4.06 0.52 0.15 0.06	2.15 2.68 3.25 4.30 5.61 10.77 20.61 32.84 52.31 88.44 95.22 99.28 99.79 99.94 100.00	Graphic Phi Para Mean Standard Deviation Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	ameters Inman 1952 2.427 0.417 -0.401 -0.677 0.922	Folk & Ward 1957 2.483 0.452 -0.377 1.164

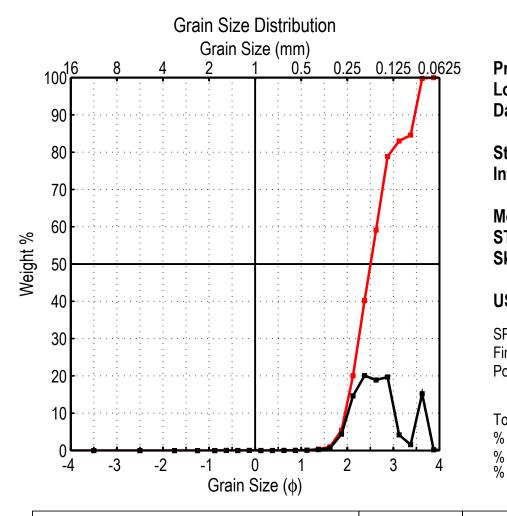


oject	2300
cation	Isle of Palms, SC
ite	Jul 2010
ation	25th Ave
erval	Low Tide Terrace
ean	0.138 mm
D	0.660 mm
ewness	-3.257
SCS	Wentworth
e Sand orly Graded	Fine Sand Moderately Well Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic
tal weight (gram) finer than 4.00 pl coarser than -1.0 CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.45

Class Limit		Weight	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles Mome	ent Measures	(phi)	(mm)
(φ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	<ul> <li>(φ)</li> <li>-4.5</li> <li>-3.5</li> <li>-2.5</li> <li>-1.75</li> <li>-1.25</li> <li>-0.875</li> <li>-0.625</li> <li>-0.375</li> <li>-0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> <li>0.375</li> </ul>	(gram) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.52 0.12 0.26 0.27 0.25 0.23 0.32	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.44 0.10 0.22 0.23 0.21 0.19 0.27	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.44 0.54 0.76 0.99 1.20 1.40 1.67	5         1.935         Skewn           16         2.500         Kurtosi           25         2.645         Dispers           50         2.775         Standa	S	2.861 0.600 -3.257 20.234	0.138 0.660
0.75 1 1.25 1.5	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375	0.22 0.30 0.27 0.43	0.19 0.25 0.23 0.36	1.86 2.11 2.34 2.70	Graphic Phi Paramet	ers Inman 1952	Folk & V 1957	
1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.47 1.53 3.04 4.90 11.61 57.04 15.01 14.37 4.40 1.95 0.53	0.40 1.30 2.58 4.15 9.84 48.32 12.72 12.17 3.73 1.65 0.45	3.10 4.40 6.97 11.12 20.96 69.28 82.00 94.17 97.90 99.55 100.00	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	2.833 0.333 0.173 -0.278 1.248	2.81 0.39 0.02 1.80	3 5

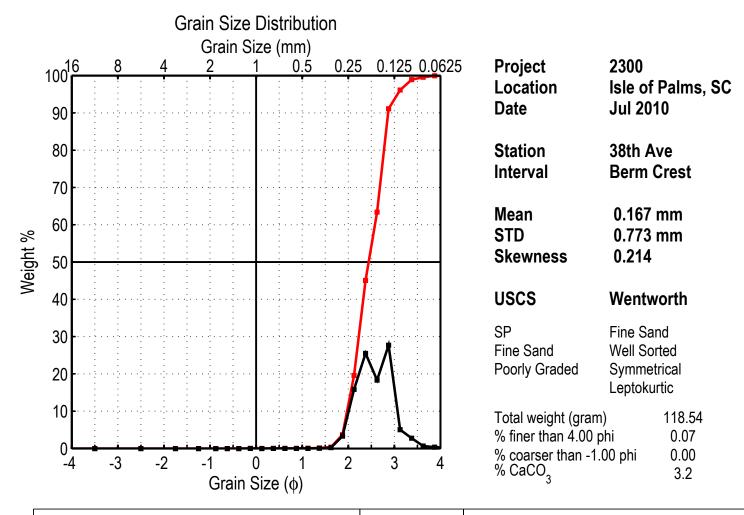


(φ)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Perce	ntiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
			0.00	0.00	1	1.635	Mean		2.517	0.175
-4	-4.5	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	5	1.820	Standard De	viation	0.376	0.771
-3 -2	-3.5 -2.5	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00			Skewness		0.133	
-2 -1.5	-2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	16	1.995	Kurtosis		3.848	
-1.5	-1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	25	2.105	Dispersion			
-0.75	-0.875	0.00	0.00	0.00	<b>FO</b> 0.000 .		Standard De	viation		
-0.5	-0.625	0.00	0.00	0.00	75	2.670				
-0.25	-0.375	0.00	0.00	0.00			Deviation from	minormal		
0.20	-0.125	0.02	0.02	0.02	84	2.775				
0.25	0.125	0.01	0.01	0.03	95	3.000				
0.5	0.375	0.01	0.01	0.04	99	3.345				
0.75	0.625	0.00	0.00	0.04						
1	0.875	0.02	0.02	0.05	Grap	hic Phi	Parameters	Inman	Folk & \	Nard
1.25	1.125	0.06	0.05	0.11	•			1952	195	7
1.5	1.375	0.16	0.14	0.25				IJUL	150	
1.75	1.625	0.61	0.54	0.79	Mean			2.385	2.38	3
2	1.875	6.08	5.40	6.19		and Davia	tion			
2.25	2.125	22.90	20.33	26.52		ard Devia	lion	0.390	0.37	
2.5	2.375	25.76	22.87	49.39		iess (1)		0.013	0.03	2
2.75	2.625	24.29	21.57	70.96	Skewn	iess (2)		0.077		
3	2.875	24.47	21.73	92.68	Kurtos	is		0.513	0.85	6
3.25	3.125	5.30	4.71	97.39						
3.5	3.375	2.07	1.84	99.23						
3.75	3.625	0.52	0.46	99.69						
4	3.875	0.30	0.27	99.96						
>4.0	4.25	0.05	0.04	100.00	1					

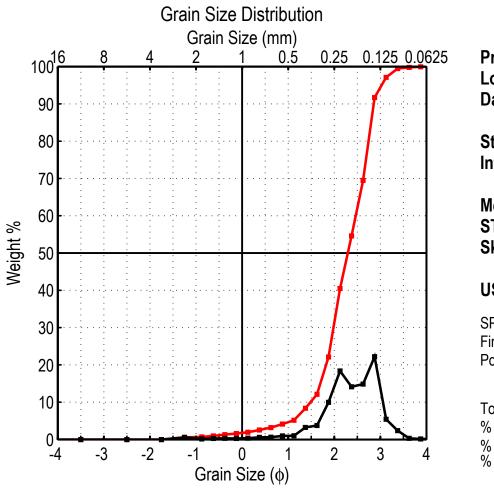


2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010				
38th Ave Mid Berm				
0.155 mm 0.697 mm 0.398				
Wentworth				
Fine Sand Moderately Well Sorted Symmetrical Mesokurtic				
hi 0.04 0 phi 0.00 3.8				

Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles		Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.01	5 1 16 2 25 2 50 2 75 2 84 3 95 3	1.620 1.850 2.055 2.185 2.505 2.825 3.285 3.285 3.545 3.610	Mean Standard Dev Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Dev Deviation from	viation	2.694 0.521 0.398 2.733	0.155 0.697
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.01 0.03 0.07 0.31 0.83 5.51 18.29 25.10 23.61 24.64 5.20 1.97 18.99 0.24 0.05	$\begin{array}{c} 0.01\\ 0.02\\ 0.06\\ 0.25\\ 0.66\\ 4.41\\ 14.65\\ 20.10\\ 18.91\\ 19.73\\ 4.16\\ 1.58\\ 15.21\\ 0.19\\ 0.04 \end{array}$	0.02 0.05 0.10 0.35 1.02 5.43 20.08 40.18 59.09 78.82 82.98 84.56 99.77 99.96 100.00	<b>Graphic</b> Mean Standard Skewnes Skewnes Kurtosis	Deviat s (1)	Parameters	Inman 1952 2.670 0.615 0.268 0.313 0.378	Folk & V 195 2.61 0.56 0.24 1.08	<b>7</b> 5 4 8

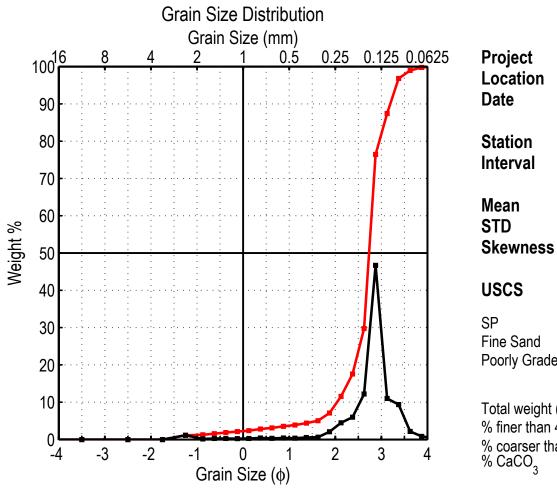


Class Limit (\phi)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles		Percentiles		Percentiles		Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
(¢) -4 -3	(¢) -4.5 -3.5	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00		1.670 1.895	Mean Standard Dev	viation	2.580 0.372	0.167 0.773				
-3 -2	-3.5 -2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00		2.070	Skewness		0.214					
-1.5	-1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00		2.180	Kurtosis		3.707					
-1 -0.75	-1.25 -0.875	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	50 2.440 Dispersion Standard D			/iation						
-0.5	-0.625	0.00	0.00	0.00	75	2.730	Deviation from							
-0.25 0	-0.375 -0.125	0.00 0.01	0.00 0.01	0.00 0.01		2.810								
0.25	0.125	0.00	0.00	0.01		3.070								
0.5 0.75	0.375 0.625	0.01 0.01	0.01 0.01	0.02 0.03	99	3.415								
1	0.875	0.02	0.02	0.04	Graphi	c Phi I	Parameters	Inman	Folk & \	Nard				
1.25 1.5	1.125 1.375	0.03 0.10	0.03 0.08	0.07 0.15				1952	195	7				
1.75	1.625	0.26	0.22	0.37	Mean			2.440	2.44	0				
2 2.25	1.875 2.125	3.96 18.80	3.34 15.86	3.71 19.57	Standard Deviation		ion	0.370	0.36					
2.25	2.375	30.23	25.50	45.07	Skewnes	ss (1)		0.000	0.03	6				
2.75	2.625	21.72	18.32	63.40	Skewnes	ss (2)		0.115		_				
3 3.25	2.875 3.125	32.84 5.96	27.70 5.03	91.10 96.13	Kurtosis			0.588	0.87	6				
3.5	3.375	3.28	2.77	98.89										
3.75 4	3.625 3.875	0.79 0.44	0.67 0.37	99.56 99.93										
4 >4.0	3.075 4.25	0.44	0.37	99.93 100.00										



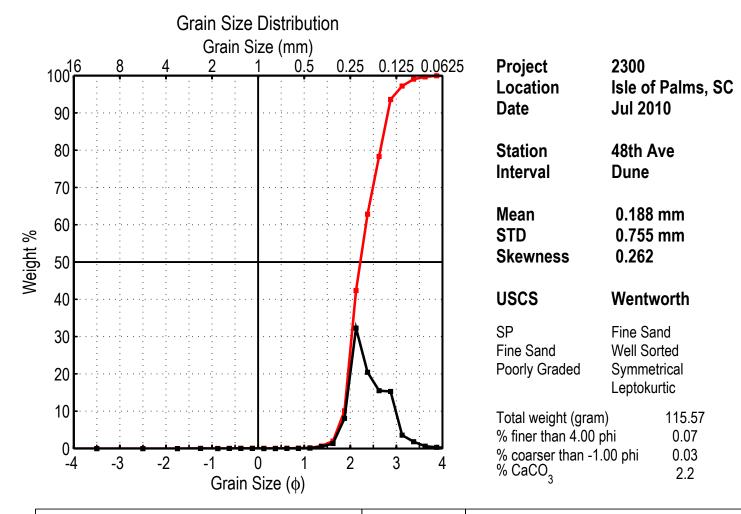
Project	2300				
∟ocation	Isle of Palms, SC				
Date	Jul 2010				
Station	38th Ave				
nterval	Beach Face				
Mean	0.199 mm				
STD	0.621 mm				
Skewness	-1.810				
JSCS	Wentworth				
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Moderately Well Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic				
Fotal weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.06				

Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Meas	ures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.65 0.17 0.32 0.37 0.33 0.44 0.68	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.56 0.15 0.28 0.32 0.29 0.38 0.59	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.56 0.71 0.99 1.31 1.59 1.97 2.56	1-0.61551.085161.720251.915502.295752.685842.790953.030993.325	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from No	n	2.331 0.688 -1.810 8.924	0.199 0.621
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.72 1.10 1.19 3.74 4.32 11.52 21.25 16.32 17.19 25.68 6.26 2.74 0.35 0.19 0.07	0.62 0.95 1.03 3.24 3.74 9.97 18.38 14.12 14.87 22.21 5.42 2.37 0.30 0.16 0.06	3.18 4.13 5.16 8.40 12.14 22.10 40.48 54.60 69.47 91.69 97.10 99.47 99.78 99.94 100.00	Graphic Phi F Mean Standard Deviati Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	2. on 0. -0. -0.	man 9 <b>52</b> 255 535 .075 .444 818	Folk & V 195 2.26 0.56 -0.15 1.03	<b>7</b> 8 2 9

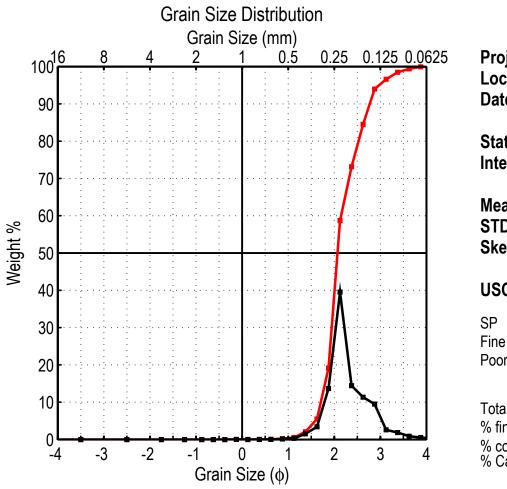


Location Date	Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010						
Station Interval	38th Ave Low Tide Terrace						
Mean STD Skewness	0.151 mm 0.608 mm -3.203						
USCS	Wenty	Wentworth					
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Moderately Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic						
Total weight (gram % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1. % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi	110 0.2 1.1 8.	22  2				
Moment Measure	s (I	ohi)	(mm)				
Mean Standard Deviation		.728 .718	0.151 0.608				

Class Limit		Weight	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi) (m	m)
(φ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	<ul> <li>(φ)</li> <li>-4.5</li> <li>-3.5</li> <li>-2.5</li> <li>-1.75</li> <li>-1.25</li> <li>-0.875</li> <li>-0.625</li> <li>-0.375</li> <li>-0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> <li>0.375</li> </ul>	(gram) 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.24 0.18 0.31 0.33 0.28 0.31 0.44	0.00 0.00 0.00 1.12 0.16 0.28 0.30 0.25 0.28 0.40	0.00 0.00 0.00 1.12 1.28 1.56 1.86 2.11 2.39 2.79	1-1.30551.615162.310252.530502.735752.865843.045953.325993.635	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	2.728 0.1 0.718 0.6 -3.203 16.461	
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 3.875 4.25	0.36 0.45 0.42 0.57 0.67 2.28 4.97 6.63 13.49 51.69 12.16 10.36 2.41 0.91 0.24	$\begin{array}{c} 0.33\\ 0.41\\ 0.38\\ 0.51\\ 0.61\\ 2.06\\ 4.49\\ 5.99\\ 12.19\\ 46.69\\ 10.98\\ 9.36\\ 2.18\\ 0.82\\ 0.22\\ \end{array}$	3.12 3.52 3.90 4.42 5.02 7.08 11.57 17.56 29.75 76.44 87.43 96.78 98.96 99.78 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi</b> Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 2.678	Folk & War 1957 2.697 0.443 -0.233 2.092	d

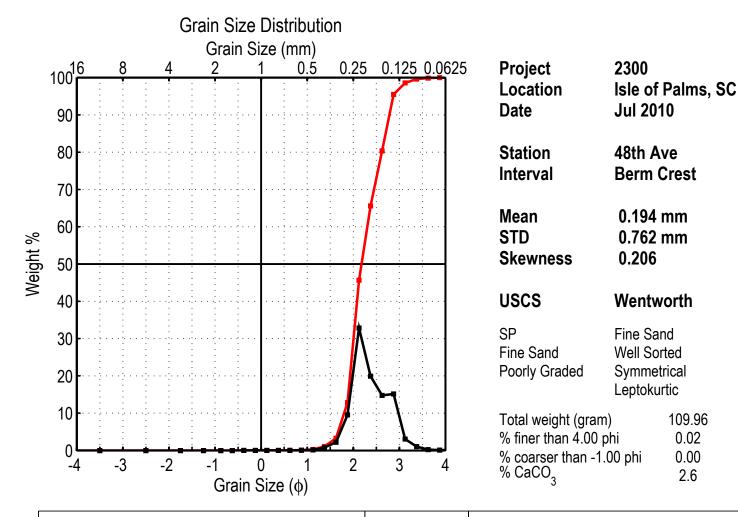


Class Limit (\phi)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi) (mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.01	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.01	$\begin{array}{c} 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.03\\ 0.03\\ 0.03\\ 0.03\\ 0.04\\ 0.05\\$	11.43551.715161.920251.990502.220752.570842.720952.975993.370	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	2.409 0.188 0.406 0.755 0.262 5.732
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.01 0.04 0.12 0.56 1.54 9.36 37.29 23.61 17.92 17.67 4.13 2.13 0.70 0.35 0.08	$\begin{array}{c} 0.01 \\ 0.03 \\ 0.10 \\ 0.48 \\ 1.33 \\ 8.10 \\ 32.27 \\ 20.43 \\ 15.51 \\ 15.29 \\ 3.57 \\ 1.84 \\ 0.61 \\ 0.30 \\ 0.07 \end{array}$	0.06 0.10 0.20 0.68 2.02 10.12 42.38 62.81 78.32 93.61 97.18 99.02 99.63 99.93 100.00	Graphic Phi F Mean Standard Deviat Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 2.320	Folk & Ward 1957 2.287 0.391 0.224 0.890

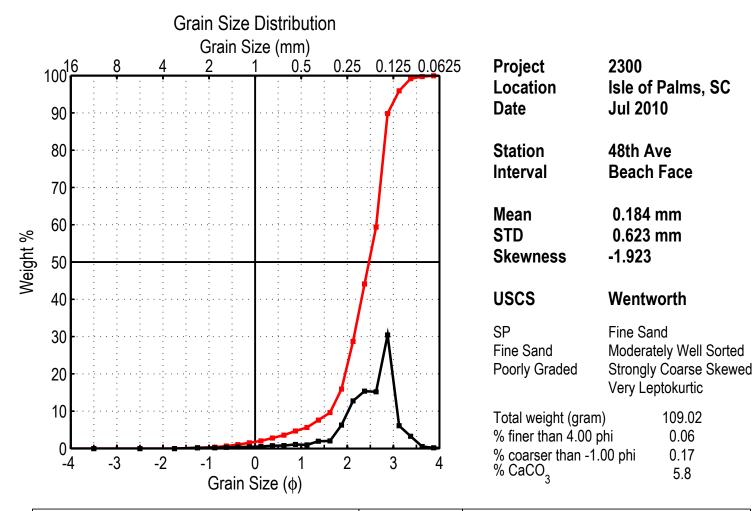


Project	2300				
Location	Isle of Palms, SC				
Date	Jul 2010				
Station	48th Ave				
Interval	Mid Berm				
Mean	0.204 mm				
STD	0.738 mm				
Skewness	0.727				
USCS	Wentworth				
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Well Sorted Fine Skewed Leptokurtic				
Total weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 pl % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.08				

Class Limit		Weight	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Perce	ntiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
(φ)	(φ)	(gram)			1	1.200	Mean		2.294	0.204
-4	-4.5	0.00	0.00	0.00			Standard De	viation	0.438	0.738
-3	-3.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	5	1.590	Skewness		0.727	
-2	-2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	16	1.815	Kurtosis		4.617	
-1.5	-1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	25	1.910			4.017	
-1	-1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	50	2.070	Dispersion			
-0.75	-0.875	0.00	0.00	0.00			Standard De	viation		
-0.5	-0.625	0.00	0.00	0.00	75	2.415	Deviation from	m Normal		
-0.25	-0.375	0.00	0.00	0.00	84	2.615				
0	-0.125	0.02	0.02	0.02	95	2.970				
0.25	0.125	0.00	0.00	0.02						
0.5	0.375	0.02	0.02	0.03	99	3.520				
0.75	0.625	0.04	0.03	0.07	Cron	hia Dhi I	Deremetere	Inmon		Nord
1	0.875	0.18	0.15	0.22	Grapi		Parameters	Inman	Folk &	
1.25	1.125	0.39	0.33	0.56				1952	195	7
1.5	1.375	1.77	1.52	2.08						
1.75	1.625	4.00	3.43	5.51	Mean			2.215	2.16	7
2	1.875	15.94	13.67	19.18	Standa	ard Devia	tion	0.400	0.40	9
2.25	2.125	46.12	39.55	58.73		iess (1)		0.362	0.33	
2.5	2.375	16.81	14.42	73.14		. ,			0.00	0
2.75	2.625	13.24	11.35	84.50		iess (2)		0.525		•
3	2.875	11.07	9.49	93.99	Kurtos	IS		0.725	1.12	0
3.25	3.125	3.05	2.62	96.60						
3.5	3.375	2.20	1.89	98.49						
3.75	3.625	1.02	0.87	99.37						
4	3.875	0.65	0.56	99.92						
>4.0	4.25	0.09	0.08	100.00						



	s Mid Point	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Perce	entiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
( <b>þ</b> )	(φ)				1	1.350	Mean		2.368	0.194
-4	-4.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	5	1.670	Standard De	viation	0.392	0.762
-3 -2	-3.5	0.00	0.00	0.00			Skewness		0.206	
-2 -1.5	-2.5 -1.75	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	16	1.900	Kurtosis		3.786	
-1.5 -1	-1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	25	1.970	Dispersion		011 00	
-0.75	-0.875	0.00	0.00	0.00	50	2.180	Standard De	viction		
-0.75	-0.625	0.00	0.00	0.00	75	2.535				
-0.25	-0.375	0.00	0.00	0.00			Deviation from	ninormal		
0	-0.125	0.01	0.01	0.02	84	2.685				
0.25	0.125	0.01	0.01	0.03	95	2.865				
0.5	0.375	0.01	0.01	0.04	99	3.235				
0.75	0.625	0.03	0.03	0.06						
1	0.875	0.06	0.05	0.12	Grapl	hic Phi	Parameters	Inman	Folk & \	Nard
1.25	1.125	0.18	0.16	0.28	-			1952	195	7
1.5	1.375	0.88	0.80	1.08						•
1.75	1.625	2.44	2.22	3.30	Mean			2.293	2.25	5
2	1.875	10.48	9.53	12.83		ard Devia	tion	0.393	0.37	
2.25	2.125	36.09	32.82	45.65			uon			
2.5	2.375	21.89	19.91	65.56		iess (1)		0.287	0.21	1
2.75	2.625	16.24	14.77	80.33	Skewn	iess (2)		0.223		
3	2.875	16.66	15.15	95.48	Kurtos	is		0.522	0.86	7
3.25	3.125	3.37	3.06	98.54						
3.5	3.375	1.16	1.05	99.60						
3.75	3.625	0.28	0.25	99.85						
4	3.875	0.14	0.13	99.98						
>4.0	4.25	0.02	0.02	100.00						



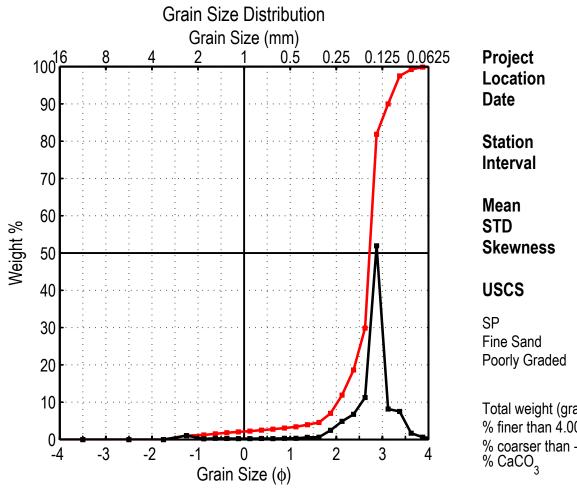
Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Perce	ntiles	Moment Meas	sures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.19 0.20 0.33 0.43 0.50 0.58 0.83	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.17 0.18 0.30 0.39 0.46 0.53 0.76	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.17 0.36 0.66 1.05 1.51 2.05 2.81	1 5 25 50 75 84 95 99	-0.410 0.955 1.875 2.050 2.470 2.755 2.825 3.090 3.360	Mean Standard Deviat Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviat Deviation from N	ion	2.444 0.684 -1.923 8.492	0.184 0.623
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.85 1.21 1.04 2.15 2.20 6.87 13.92 16.79 16.60 33.20 6.67 3.57 0.59 0.23 0.07	$\begin{array}{c} 0.78\\ 0.78\\ 1.11\\ 0.95\\ 1.97\\ 2.02\\ 6.30\\ 12.77\\ 15.40\\ 15.23\\ 30.45\\ 6.12\\ 3.27\\ 0.54\\ 0.21\\ 0.06\end{array}$	3.59 4.70 5.65 7.62 9.64 15.94 28.71 44.11 59.34 89.79 95.91 99.18 99.72 99.94 100.00	<b>Graph</b> Mean Standa Skewn	hic Phi l ard Devia less (1) less (2)	tion ( -I	1952 2.350 0.475 0.253 0.942 1.247	Folk & V 195 2.39 0.56 -0.33 1.24	<b>7</b> 0 1 6

109.02

0.06

0.17

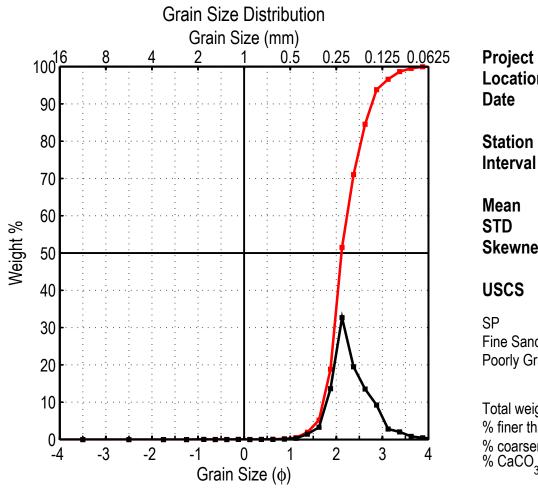
5.8



Project Location Date	2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010
Station Interval	48th Ave Low Tide Terrace
Mean STD Skewness	0.153 mm 0.621 mm -3.372
USCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Moderately Well Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic
Total weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 pl % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.15

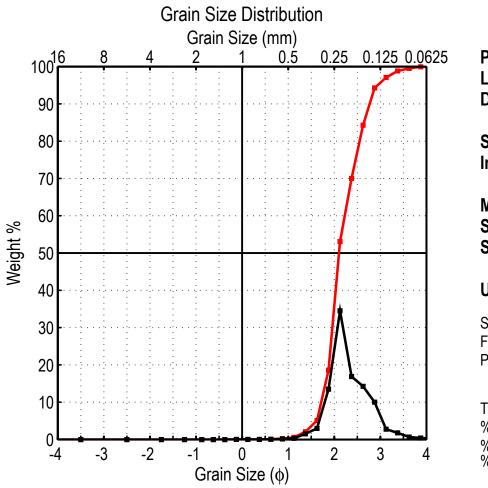
(φ)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi) (mm)
-4	-4.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	<b>1</b> -1.265	Mean Standard Deviation	2.709 0.153 0.687 0.621
-3	-3.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	<b>5</b> 1.670	Skewness	-3.372
-2	-2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	<b>16</b> 2.275		
-1.5	-1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	<b>25</b> 2.515	Kurtosis	18.030
-1	-1.25	1.25	1.04	1.04	<b>50</b> 2.720	Dispersion	
-0.75	-0.875	0.23	0.19	1.23		Standard Deviation	
-0.5	-0.625	0.38	0.31	1.54	<b>75</b> 2.840	Deviation from Normal	
-0.25	-0.375	0.35	0.29	1.83	<b>84</b> 2.940		
0	-0.125	0.26	0.22	2.05	<b>95</b> 3.290		
0.25	0.125	0.26	0.22	2.26			
0.5	0.375	0.32	0.26	2.53	<b>99</b> 3.595		
0.75	0.625	0.29	0.24	2.77	Graphic Phi F	Parameters Inman	Folk & Ward
1	0.875 1.125	0.39 0.37	0.32	3.09	Graphic Fill F		
1.25 1.5	1.125	0.37	0.31 0.56	3.40 3.96		1952	1957
1.75	1.625	0.08	0.50	3.90 4.57			
2	1.875	2.97	2.46	7.03	Mean	2.607	2.645
2.25	2.125	5.89	4.88	11.91	Standard Deviat	ion 0.333	0.412
2.25	2.375	8.14	6.74	18.65	Skewness (1)	-0.338	-0.317
2.75	2.625	13.58	11.25	29.89	Skewness (2)	-0.722	
3	2.875	62.72	51.94	81.83	Kurtosis	1.436	2.043
3.25	3.125	9.85	8.16	89.99	1/01/0515	1.430	2.040
3.5	3.375	9.07	7.51	97.50			
3.75	3.625	2.07	1.71	99.21			
4	3.875	0.77	0.64	99.85			
>4.0	4.25	0.18	0.15	100.00			

Т



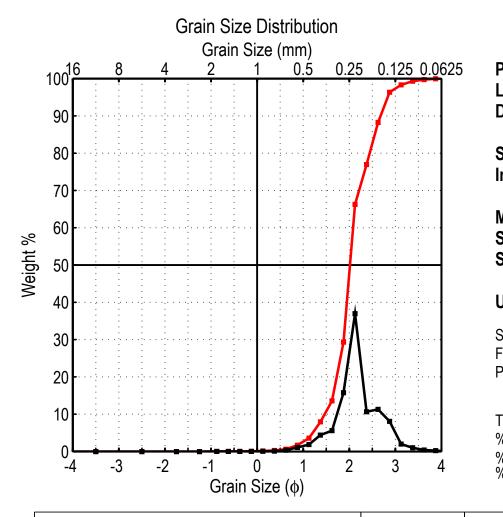
2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010				
51st Ave Dune				
0.200 mm 0.740 mm 0.553				
Wentworth				
Fine Sand Well Sorted Fine Skewed Leptokurtic				
) 102.09 hi 0.08 00 phi 0.00 3.0				

Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Mea	asures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.75 -0.25 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.02	<ol> <li>1.210</li> <li>1.610</li> <li>16 1.825</li> <li>25 1.920</li> <li>50 2.115</li> <li>75 2.450</li> <li>84 2.615</li> <li>95 2.985</li> <li>99 3.480</li> </ol>	Mean Standard Devia Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Devia Deviation from	ation	2.319 0.434 0.553 4.592	0.200 0.740
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.03 0.13 0.31 1.48 3.33 13.92 33.34 19.91 13.81 9.45 2.87 2.09 0.86 0.44 0.08	$\begin{array}{c} 0.03\\ 0.13\\ 0.30\\ 1.45\\ 3.26\\ 13.64\\ 32.66\\ 19.50\\ 13.53\\ 9.26\\ 2.81\\ 2.05\\ 0.84\\ 0.43\\ 0.08\\ \end{array}$	0.07 0.20 0.50 1.95 5.21 18.85 51.50 71.01 84.53 93.79 96.60 98.65 99.49 99.92 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi</b> Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis		Inman 1952 2.220 0.395 0.266 0.462 0.741	Folk & V 195 2.18 0.40 0.26 1.06	<b>7</b> 5 6 6



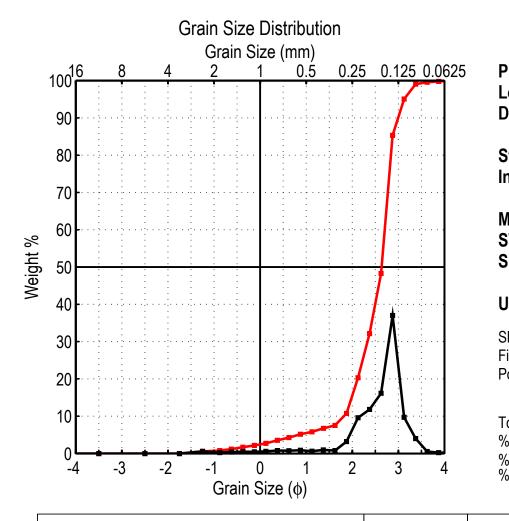
Project	2300				
Location	Isle of Palms, SC				
Date	Jul 2010				
Station	51st Ave				
Interval	Mid Berm				
Mean	0.201 mm				
STD	0.742 mm				
Skewness	0.514				
USCS	Wentworth				
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Well Sorted Fine Skewed Leptokurtic				
Fotal weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 pl % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.08				

Class Limit (¢)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Mea	sures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	1       1.195         5       1.615         16       1.825         25       1.920         50       2.100         75       2.465         84       2.620         95       2.940         99       3.440	Mean Standard Deviat Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviat Deviation from N	ion	2.316 0.431 0.514 4.363	0.201 0.742
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.05 0.17 0.36 1.59 3.16 14.23 36.37 17.80 15.04 10.55 2.92 1.87 0.71 0.45 0.08	0.02 0.05 0.16 0.34 1.51 3.00 13.50 34.51 16.89 14.27 10.01 2.77 1.77 0.67 0.43 0.08	0.09 0.25 0.59 2.10 5.10 18.60 53.11 70.00 84.27 94.28 97.05 98.82 99.50 99.92 100.00		ation	nman 1952 2.223 0.398 0.308 0.308 0.447 0.667	Folk & V 195 2.18 0.40 0.28 0.99	<b>7</b> 2 0 8



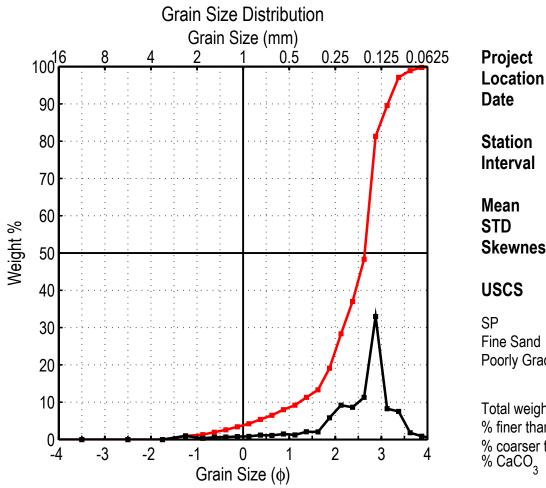
2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010				
51st Ave Berm Crest				
0.222 mm 0.714 mm -0.136				
Wentworth				
Fine Sand Well Sorted Symmetrical Leptokurtic				
) 104.12 hi 0.05 00 phi 0.00 3.5				

Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percent	iles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.04 0.06 0.12	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.08 0.13 0.26	5 1 16 1 25 1 50 2 75 2 84 2 95 2	0.710 .205 .665 2.015 2.330 2.530 2.835 0.300	Mean Standard Dev Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Dev Deviation from	viation	2.169 0.486 -0.136 4.795	0.222 0.714
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.255 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.38 1.13 1.95 4.56 5.83 16.41 38.47 11.12 11.76 8.41 2.06 1.05 0.43 0.24 0.05	0.36 1.09 1.87 4.38 5.60 15.76 36.95 10.68 11.29 8.08 1.98 1.01 0.41 0.23 0.05	0.62 1.71 3.58 7.96 13.56 29.32 66.27 76.95 88.24 96.32 98.30 99.31 99.72 99.95 100.00	<b>Graphic</b> Mean Standard Skewness Skewness Kurtosis	Deviat s (1)	Parameters	Inman 1952 2.098 0.433 0.191 0.012 0.884	Folk & V 195 2.07 0.46 0.09 1.27	<b>7</b> 70 53 98



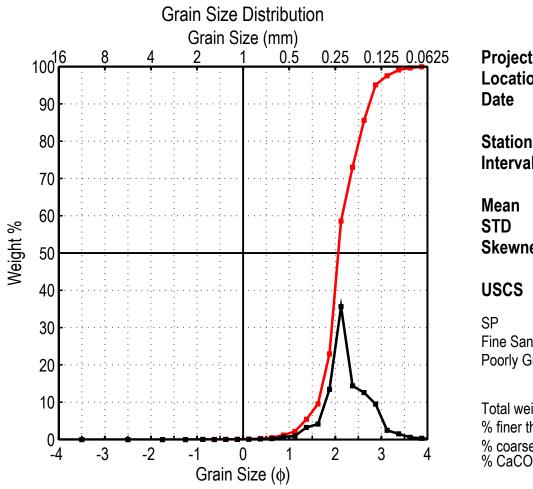
Project	2300
.ocation	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	51st Ave
nterval	Beach Face
/lean	0.172 mm
STD	0.603 mm
Skewness	-2.505
JSCS	Wentworth
SP Tine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Moderately Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic
otal weight (gram) 6 finer than 4.00 p 6 coarser than -1.0 6 CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.22

Class Limits (¢)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures (phi) (mm)
(\phi) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.59 0.24 0.41 0.52 0.49 0.60 0.81	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.57 0.23 0.39 0.50 0.47 0.58 0.78	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.57 0.80 1.19 1.69 2.16 2.74 3.52	1         -0.745           5         0.825           16         2.010           25         2.225           50         2.635           75         2.805           84         2.865           95         3.125           99         3.375	Mean2.5440.172Standard Deviation0.7300.603Skewness-2.505Kurtosis11.102DispersionStandard DeviationDeviation from Normal
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.80 0.93 0.65 0.99 0.81 3.33 9.95 12.30 16.79 38.49 10.12 4.16 0.55 0.23 0.23	0.77 0.89 0.63 0.95 0.78 3.20 9.57 11.83 16.15 37.01 9.73 4.00 0.53 0.22 0.22	4.29 5.18 5.81 6.76 7.54 10.74 20.31 32.14 48.28 85.30 95.03 99.03 99.03 99.56 99.78 100.00	Graphic Ph Mean Standard Dev Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	-0.462 -0.518



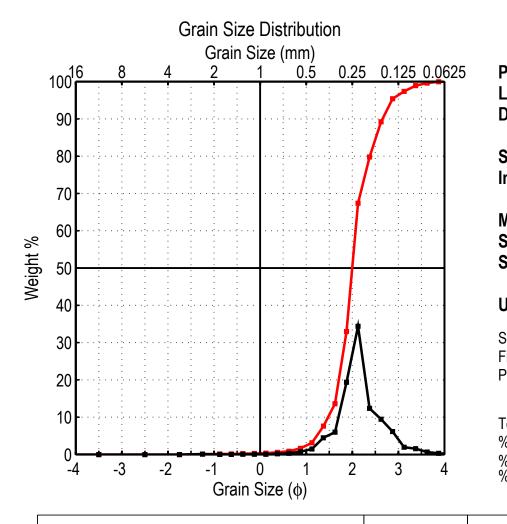
Project	2300
₋ocation	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	51st Ave
nterval	Low Tide Terrace
Mean	0.182 mm
STD	0.536 mm
Skewness	-1.836
JSCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Moderately Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Leptokurtic
Fotal weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.22

Class Limit (¢)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.75 -0.25 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.98 0.34 0.64 0.65 0.80 0.82 1.16	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.98 0.34 0.64 0.65 0.80 0.82 1.16	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.98 1.32 1.96 2.61 3.41 4.23 5.39	1         -1.225           5         0.290           16         1.740           25         2.035           50         2.640           75         2.825           84         2.955           95         3.305           99         3.650	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	2.455 0.182 0.899 0.536 -1.836 6.943
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 3.875 4.25	1.11 1.49 1.22 2.09 2.04 5.80 9.22 8.67 11.31 32.99 8.28 7.54 1.83 0.86 0.22	$\begin{array}{c} 1.11\\ 1.49\\ 1.22\\ 2.09\\ 2.04\\ 5.80\\ 9.21\\ 8.66\\ 11.30\\ 32.97\\ 8.28\\ 7.54\\ 1.83\\ 0.86\\ 0.22 \end{array}$	6.50 7.99 9.20 11.29 13.33 19.13 28.34 37.01 48.31 81.28 89.56 97.09 98.92 99.78 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi</b> Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 2.348	Folk & Ward 1957 2.445 0.761 -0.520 1.564



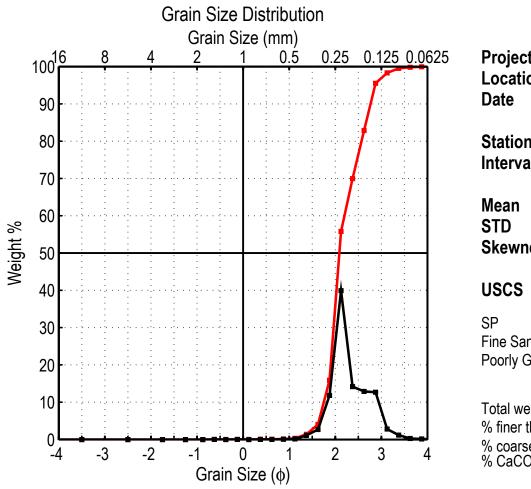
Project	2300				
∟ocation	Isle of Palms, SC				
Date	Jul 2010				
Station	222+00				
nterval	Dune				
Mean	0.210 mm				
STD	0.720 mm				
Skewness	-0.030				
JSCS	Wentworth				
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Well Sorted Symmetrical Leptokurtic				

Class Limit (\phi)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Me	easures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.02 0.04 0.06 0.15	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.02 0.03 0.05 0.13	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.03 0.06 0.11 0.24	10.81551.345161.745251.890502.065752.415842.595952.875993.365	Mean Standard Dev Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Dev Deviation fron	iation	2.249 0.474 -0.030 4.895	0.210 0.720
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.29 0.79 1.14 3.79 4.83 15.62 41.42 16.74 14.65 11.04 2.85 1.79 0.65 0.36 0.08	0.25 0.68 0.98 3.26 4.15 13.43 35.61 14.39 12.59 9.49 2.45 1.54 0.56 0.31 0.07	0.49 1.17 2.15 5.41 9.56 22.99 58.60 72.99 85.58 95.07 97.52 99.06 99.62 99.93 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi F</b> Mean Standard Deviat Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis		Inman 1952 2.170 0.425 0.247 0.106 0.800	Folk & V 195 2.13 0.44 0.15 1.19	<b>7</b> 5 4 3



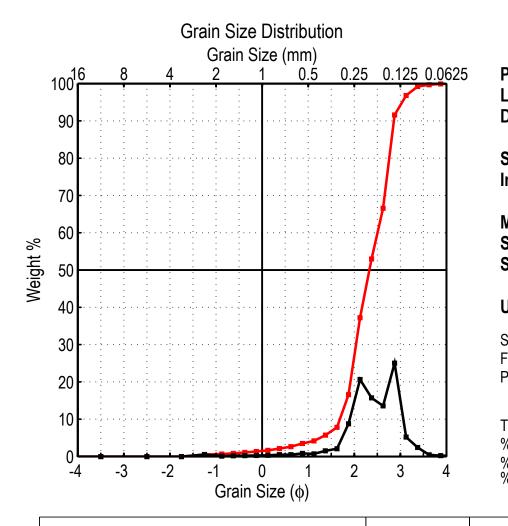
Project	2300			
₋ocation	Isle of Palms, SC			
Date	Jul 2010			
Station	222+00			
nterval	Mid Berm			
Mean	0.225 mm			
STD	0.703 mm			
Skewness	-0.340			
JSCS	Wentworth			
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Moderately Well Sorted Symmetrical Leptokurtic			
Fotal weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 pl % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.06			

(¢)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Perce	ntiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
			0.00	0.00	1	0.660	Mean		2.152	0.225
-4 -3	-4.5	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	5	1.230	Standard De	viation	0.508	0.703
-3 -2	-3.5 -2.5	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00			Skewness		-0.340	
-2 -1.5	-2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	16	1.655	Kurtosis		7.386	
-1.5	-1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	25	1.770	Dispersion			
-0.75	-0.875	0.03	0.03	0.14	50	2.000	Standard De	viation		
-0.75	-0.625	0.03	0.03	0.14	75	2.280				
-0.25	-0.375	0.06	0.06	0.23			Deviation fro	minormal		
0.20	-0.125	0.07	0.07	0.30	84	2.485				
0.25	0.125	0.08	0.08	0.37	95	2.860				
0.5	0.375	0.21	0.20	0.57	99	3.405				
0.75	0.625	0.33	0.31	0.89						
1	0.875	0.81	0.77	1.66	Grap	hic Phi l	Parameters	Inman	Folk & V	Ward
1.25	1.125	1.56	1.49	3.14	•			1952	195	7
1.5	1.375	4.72	4.49	7.63				1302	150	
1.75	1.625	6.29	5.99	13.62	Mean			2.070	2.04	7
2	1.875	20.33	19.35	32.97		and David	tion	0.415	0.45	
2.25	2.125	36.14	34.40	67.38		ard Deviat	lion			
2.5	2.375	13.00	12.38	79.75	Skewn	ess (1)		0.169	0.11	2
2.75	2.625	9.94	9.46	89.21	Skewn	ess (2)		0.108		
3	2.875	6.48	6.17	95.38	Kurtos	is		0.964	1.31	0
3.25	3.125	2.07	1.97	97.35						
3.5	3.375	1.65	1.57	98.92						
3.75	3.625	0.71	0.68	99.60						
4	3.875	0.36	0.34	99.94						
>4.0	4.25	0.06	0.06	100.00						



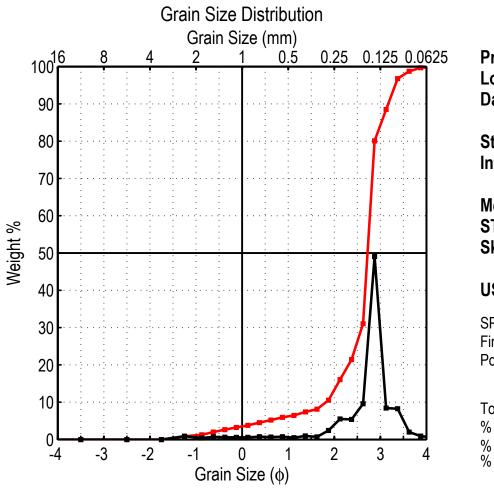
2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010			
222+00 Berm Crest			
0.201 mm 0.756 mm 0.406			
Wentworth			
Fine Sand Well Sorted Symmetrical Leptokurtic			
) 105.21 hi 0.05 00 phi 0.00 2.8			

Class Limit (φ)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Meas	ures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.03 0.00 0.02	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.03 0.00 0.02	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.01	11.28551.645161.875251.930502.090752.475842.650952.865993.270	Mean Standard Deviatio Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviatio Deviation from No	n	2.316 0.403 0.406 4.288	0.201 0.756
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.02 0.08 0.17 1.13 2.80 12.45 41.98 14.91 13.56 13.33 2.95 1.24 0.31 0.17 0.05	0.02 0.08 0.16 1.07 2.66 11.83 39.90 14.17 12.89 12.67 2.80 1.18 0.29 0.16 0.05	0.08 0.15 0.31 1.39 4.05 15.88 55.78 69.96 82.84 95.51 98.32 99.50 99.79 99.95 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi F</b> Mean Standard Deviat Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	19 2. ion 0. 0. 0.	<b>nan</b> 9 <b>52</b> 263 387 445 426 574	Folk & V 195 2.20 0.37 0.35 0.91	<b>7</b> 5 9 8



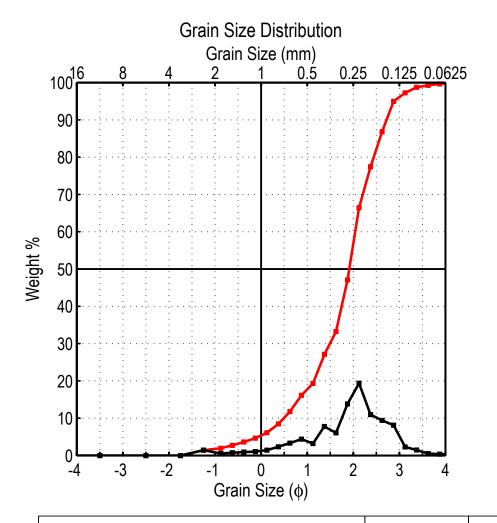
2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010				
222+00 Beach Face				
0.190 mm 0.639 mm -2.007				
Wentworth				
Fine Sand Moderately Well Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic				
) 101.19 hi 0.09 )0 phi 0.53 4.4				

οίασο Επτιά (φ)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Perce	entiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
(Ψ) -4	·4.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	1	-0.470	Mean		2.393	0.190
-4 -3	-4.5 -3.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	5	1.255	Standard De	viation	0.646	0.639
-2	-2.5	0.00	0.00	0.00	16	1.860	Skewness		-2.007	
-1.5	-1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	-		Kurtosis		10.774	
-1	-1.25	0.54	0.53	0.53	25	1.975	Dispersion			
-0.75	-0.875	0.13	0.13	0.66	50	2.330	Standard De	viation		
-0.5	-0.625	0.18	0.18	0.84	75	2.710	Deviation fro			
-0.25	-0.375	0.26	0.26	1.10	84	2.800		nnonnal		
0	-0.125	0.27	0.27	1.36	-					
0.25	0.125	0.31	0.31	1.67	95	3.040				
0.5	0.375	0.48	0.47	2.14	99	3.350				
0.75	0.625	0.52	0.51	2.66				-		
1	0.875	0.83	0.82	3.48	Grap	hic Phi	Parameters	Inman	Folk & \	Ward
1.25	1.125	0.72	0.71	4.19	_			1952	195	7
1.5	1.375	1.56	1.54	5.73						-
1.75	1.625	2.12	2.10	7.83	Mean			2.330	2.33	0
2	1.875	8.87	8.77	16.59		ard Devia	tion	0.470	0.50	
2.25	2.125	20.89	20.64	37.24			uon			
2.5	2.375	15.92	15.73	52.97		ness (1)		0.000	-0.10	)2
2.75	2.625	13.74	13.58	66.55	Skewr	ness (2)		-0.388		
3	2.875	25.33	25.03	91.58	Kurtos	sis		0.899	0.99	)5
3.25	3.125	5.27	5.21	96.79						
3.5	3.375	2.46	2.43	99.22						
3.75	3.625	0.46	0.45	99.67						
4	3.875	0.24	0.24	99.91						
>4.0	4.25	0.09	0.09	100.00						



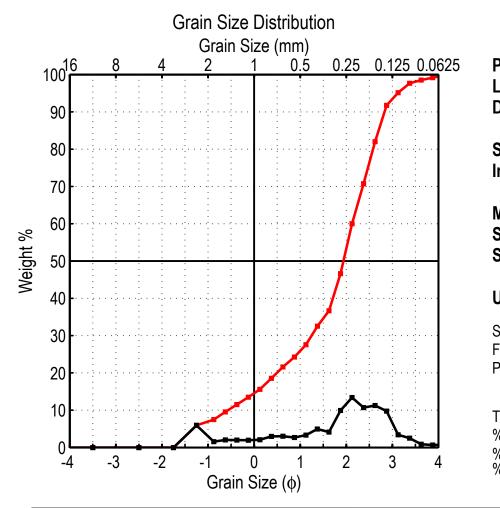
Project	2300
_ocation	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	222+00
nterval	Low Tide Terrace
Mean	0.161 mm
STD	0.563 mm
Skewness	-2.590
JSCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Moderately Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic
<sup>-</sup> otal weight (gram) ⁄ <sub>6</sub> finer than 4.00 p ⁄ <sub>6</sub> coarser than -1.0 ⁄ <sub>6</sub> CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.34

Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Meas	sures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.99 0.45 0.82 0.71 0.67 0.64 0.84	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.88 0.40 0.73 0.63 0.59 0.57 0.74	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.88 1.27 2.00 2.63 3.22 3.79 4.53	1         -1.135           5         0.550           16         2.120           25         2.470           50         2.720           75         2.850           84         2.990           95         3.320           99         3.695	Mean Standard Deviati Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviati Deviation from N	ion	2.639 0.828 -2.590 10.750	0.161 0.563
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.76 0.84 0.58 1.08 0.81 2.73 6.23 6.08 10.85 55.43 9.53 9.33 2.25 1.04 0.38	0.67 0.74 0.51 0.96 0.72 2.42 5.51 5.38 9.60 49.04 8.43 8.25 1.99 0.92 0.34	5.20 5.94 6.46 7.41 8.13 10.54 16.06 21.43 31.03 80.07 88.50 96.75 98.74 99.66 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi</b> Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	1 2 1 - 1 -	1 <b>man</b> 1 <b>952</b> 2.555 0.435 0.379 1.805 2.184	Folk & V 195 2.61 0.63 -0.47 2.98	<b>7</b> 0 7 3



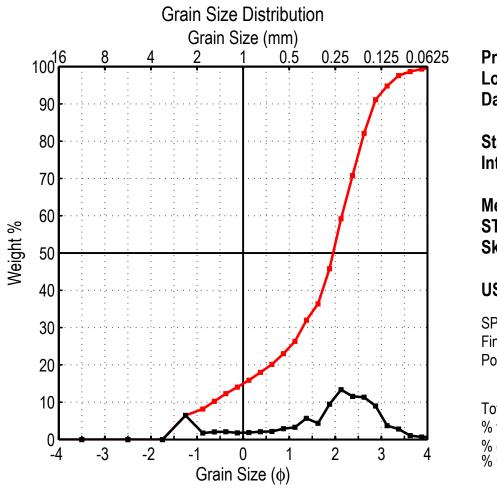
Project	2300				
Location	Isle of Palms, SC				
Date	Jul 2010				
Station	242+00				
Interval	Dune				
Mean	0.275 mm				
STD	0.529 mm				
Skewness	-0.997				
USCS	Wentworth				
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Medium Sand Moderately Sorted Coarse Skewed Leptokurtic				
Total weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.38				

Class Limit		Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Me	asures	(phi)	(mm)
(φ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	<ul> <li>(φ)</li> <li>-4.5</li> <li>-3.5</li> <li>-2.5</li> <li>-1.75</li> <li>-1.25</li> <li>-0.875</li> <li>-0.625</li> <li>-0.375</li> <li>-0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> <li>0.375</li> </ul>	$\begin{array}{c} 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 1.55\\ 0.56\\ 0.80\\ 1.00\\ 1.11\\ 1.55\\ 2.51\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 1.44\\ 0.52\\ 0.74\\ 0.93\\ 1.03\\ 1.44\\ 2.34 \end{array}$	0.00 0.00 0.00 1.44 1.96 2.71 3.64 4.67 6.12 8.46	1-1.4055-0.070160.865251.305501.915752.320842.550952.880993.500	Mean Standard Devia Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Devia Deviation from	ation	1.863 0.919 -0.997 4.499	0.275 0.529
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	3.55 4.71 3.42 8.38 6.52 14.88 20.79 11.79 10.12 8.72 2.47 1.60 0.57 0.38 0.41	2.34 3.31 4.39 3.18 7.80 6.07 13.86 19.36 10.98 9.42 8.12 2.30 1.49 0.53 0.35 0.38	11.76 16.15 19.33 27.13 33.21 47.06 66.42 77.40 86.82 94.94 97.24 98.73 99.26 99.62 100.00			Inman 1952 1.707 0.843 -0.246 -0.605 0.751	Folk & M 195 1.77 0.86 -0.29 1.19	<b>7</b> 7 8 6



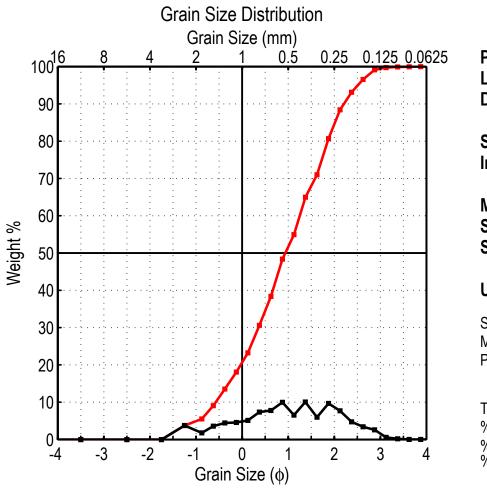
Project Location Date	2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010
Station nterval	242+00 Mid Berm
Mean STD Skewness	0.307 mm 0.414 mm -0.872
JSCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Medium Sand Poorly Sorted Coarse Skewed Mesokurtic
Fotal weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.82

Class Limit		Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi) (mm)
(φ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	<ul> <li>(φ)</li> <li>-4.5</li> <li>-3.5</li> <li>-2.5</li> <li>-1.75</li> <li>-1.25</li> <li>-0.875</li> <li>-0.625</li> <li>-0.375</li> <li>-0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> <li>0.375</li> </ul>	0.00 0.00 0.00 6.37 1.66 2.17 2.13 2.11 2.25 3.19	0.00 0.00 0.00 5.95 1.55 2.03 1.99 1.97 2.10 2.98	0.00 0.00 0.00 5.95 7.50 9.53 11.52 13.49 15.59 18.57	1-1.6655-1.330160.160250.930501.940752.470842.675953.115993.805	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	1.703 0.307 1.272 0.414 -0.872 3.018
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	3.26 2.85 3.54 5.31 4.42 10.64 14.34 11.47 12.07 10.44 3.64 2.68 0.94 0.70 0.88	3.05 2.66 3.31 4.96 4.13 9.94 13.39 10.71 11.27 9.75 3.40 2.50 0.88 0.65 0.82	21.61 24.28 27.58 32.54 36.67 46.61 60.00 70.72 81.99 91.74 95.14 97.65 98.52 99.18 100.00	Graphic Phi F Mean Standard Deviat Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 1.418	Folk & Ward 1957 1.592 1.302 -0.443 1.183



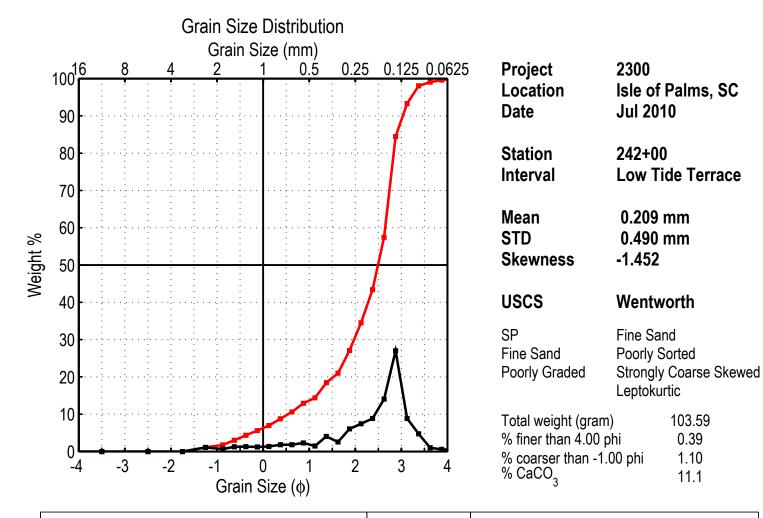
Project	2300
Location	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	242+00
nterval	Berm Crest
Mean	0.305 mm
STD	0.411 mm
Skewness	-0.923
JSCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Medium Sand Poorly Sorted Coarse Skewed Mesokurtic
Fotal weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 pl % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.68

Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Me	easures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 7.37 1.97 2.35 2.38 2.02 2.11 2.37	0.00 0.00 0.00 6.44 1.72 2.05 2.08 1.77 1.84 2.07	0.00 0.00 0.00 6.44 8.17 10.22 12.30 14.07 15.91 17.98	1         -1.670           5         -1.360           16         0.135           25         1.025           50         1.955           75         2.470           84         2.680           95         3.145           99         3.760	Mean Standard Dev Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Dev Deviation fron	iation	1.712 1.284 -0.923 3.084	0.305 0.411
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 3.875 4.25	2.46 3.31 3.75 6.51 4.98 10.82 15.30 13.23 12.97 10.28 4.22 3.23 1.19 0.78 0.78	2.15 2.89 3.28 5.69 4.35 9.46 13.38 11.57 11.34 8.99 3.69 2.82 1.04 0.68 0.68	20.13 23.03 26.31 32.00 36.35 45.81 59.19 70.76 82.09 91.08 94.77 97.60 98.64 99.32 100.00	Graphic Phi Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis		Inman 1952 1.407 1.273 -0.430 -0.835 0.770	Folk & V 195 1.59 1.31 -0.45 1.27	<b>7</b> 0 9 1

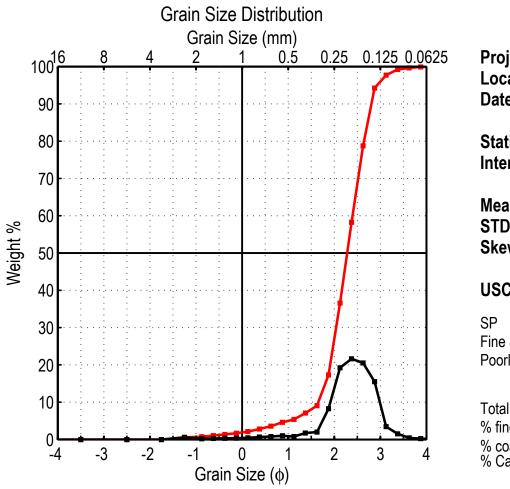


2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010
242+00 Beach Face
0.492 mm 0.484 mm -0.237
Wentworth
Medium Sand Poorly Sorted Symmetrical Platykurtic
) 103.78 hi 0.02 )0 phi 3.74 25.3

Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Mea	sures	(phi)	(mm)
(Ψ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 3.88 1.83 3.72 4.61 4.74 5.34 7.64	$\begin{array}{c} 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 3.74\\ 1.76\\ 3.58\\ 4.44\\ 4.57\\ 5.15\\ 7.36\end{array}$	0.00 0.00 0.00 3.74 5.50 9.09 13.53 18.10 23.24 30.60	1         -1.615           5         -0.980           16         -0.240           25         0.185           50         0.935           75         1.730           84         1.985           95         2.510           99         2.865	Mean Standard Devia Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Devia Deviation from I	tion	1.023 1.046 -0.237 2.411	0.492 0.484
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	$\begin{array}{c} 8.06 \\ 10.37 \\ 6.81 \\ 10.45 \\ 6.22 \\ 10.05 \\ 8.00 \\ 4.92 \\ 3.55 \\ 2.68 \\ 0.62 \\ 0.20 \\ 0.04 \\ 0.03 \\ 0.02 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 7.77\\ 9.99\\ 6.56\\ 10.07\\ 5.99\\ 9.68\\ 7.71\\ 4.74\\ 3.42\\ 2.58\\ 0.60\\ 0.19\\ 0.04\\ 0.03\\ 0.02\end{array}$	38.37 48.36 54.92 64.99 70.99 80.67 88.38 93.12 96.54 99.12 99.72 99.91 99.95 99.98 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi</b> Mean Standard Devi Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	ation	nman 1952 0.873 1.112 -0.056 -0.153 0.569	Folk & V 195 0.89 1.08 -0.07 0.92	<b>7</b> 13 15 17

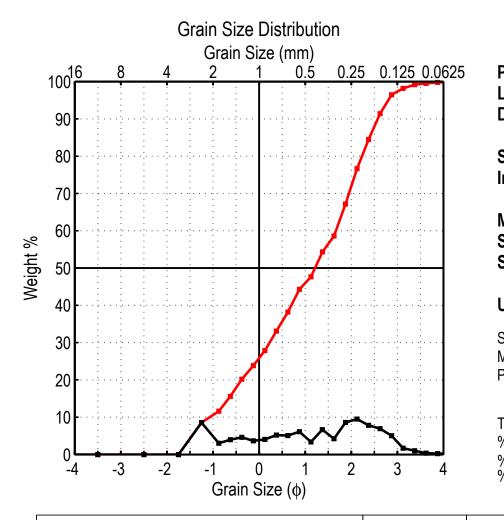


Class Limit		Weight	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi) (mm)
(φ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25	<ul> <li>(φ)</li> <li>-4.5</li> <li>-3.5</li> <li>-2.5</li> <li>-1.75</li> <li>-1.25</li> <li>-0.875</li> <li>-0.625</li> <li>-0.375</li> <li>-0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> </ul>	(gram) 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.14 0.70 1.31 1.36 1.28 1.42	0.00 0.00 0.00 1.10 0.68 1.26 1.31 1.24 1.37	0.00 0.00 0.00 1.10 1.78 3.04 4.35 5.59 6.96	1         -1.295           5         -0.245           16         1.225           25         1.790           50         2.495           75         2.790           84         2.870           95         3.215	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	2.259 0.209 1.028 0.490 -1.452 4.756
0.5 0.75 1 1.25	0.375 0.625 0.875 1.125	1.88 1.91 2.39 1.54	1.81 1.84 2.31 1.49	8.77 10.62 12.93 14.41	99 3.610 Graphic Phi	Parameters Inman 1952	Folk & Ward 1957
1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	4.20 2.64 6.30 7.70 9.17 14.56 27.96 9.19 4.93 1.03 0.58 0.40	4.05 2.55 6.08 7.43 8.85 14.06 26.99 8.87 4.76 0.99 0.56 0.39	18.47 21.02 27.10 34.53 43.38 57.44 84.43 93.30 98.06 99.05 99.61 100.00	Mean Standard Deviat Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	2.048 tion 0.823 -0.544 -1.228 1.103	2.197 0.935 -0.564 1.418



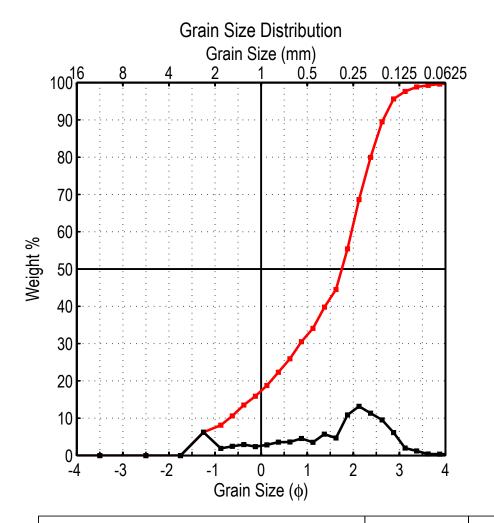
Project	2300
ocation	Isle of Palms, SC
)ate	Jul 2010
Station	262+00
nterval	Dune
lean	0.200 mm
STD	0.634 mm
Skewness	-2.159
ISCS	Wentworth
P	Fine Sand
ine Sand	Moderately Well Sorted
oorly Graded	Strongly Coarse Skewed
	Very Leptokurtic
otal weight (gram)	104.80
6 finer than 4.00 pl	
6 coarser than -1.0	
6 CaCO <sub>3</sub>	6.0
3	

Class Limit (¢)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percent	tiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.59 0.19 0.31 0.32 0.38 0.45 0.69	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.56 0.18 0.30 0.31 0.36 0.43 0.66	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.56 0.74 1.04 1.35 1.71 2.14 2.80	5 1 25 1 50 2 75 2 84 2 95 2	0.660 1.005 1.835 1.975 2.280 2.580 2.580 2.710 2.930 3.340	Mean Standard Dev Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Dev Deviation from	viation	2.320 0.658 -2.159 10.930	0.200 0.634
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.84 1.05 0.82 1.80 2.08 8.64 20.16 22.69 21.51 16.25 3.62 1.59 0.45 0.25 0.12	0.80 1.00 0.78 1.72 1.98 8.24 19.24 21.65 20.52 15.51 3.45 1.52 0.43 0.24 0.11	3.60 4.60 5.38 7.10 9.08 17.33 36.56 58.22 78.74 94.25 97.70 99.22 99.65 99.89 100.00	Graphic Mean Standard Skewnes Skewnes Kurtosis	l Deviat ss (1)	Parameters	Inman 1952 2.273 0.438 -0.017 -0.714 1.200	Folk & V 195 2.27 0.51 -0.17 1.30	<b>7</b> 5 0 1



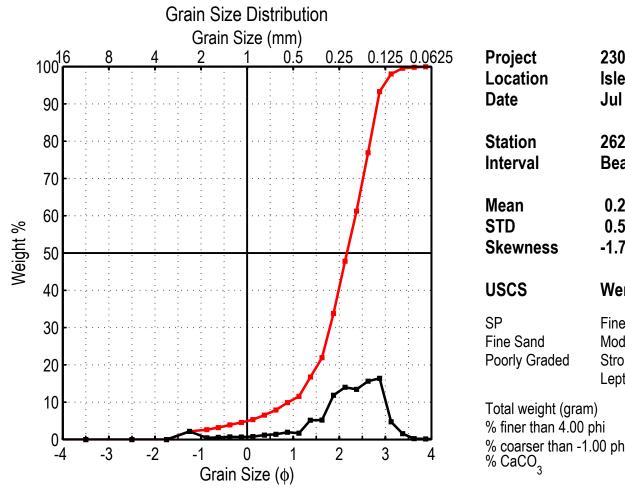
2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010
262+00 Mid Berm
0.459 mm 0.400 mm -0.290
Wentworth
Medium Sand Poorly Sorted Symmetrical Platykurtic
) 106.91 hi 0.22 )0 phi 8.57 28.4

Class Limit (\phi)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	$\begin{array}{c} 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 9.16\\ 3.23\\ 4.26\\ 4.91\\ 3.90\\ 4.35\\ 5.57\end{array}$	0.00 0.00 0.00 8.57 3.02 3.98 4.59 3.65 4.07 5.21	0.00 0.00 0.00 8.57 11.59 15.57 20.17 23.81 27.88 33.09	1       -1.690         5       -1.460         16       -0.600         25       -0.050         50       1.215         75       2.080         84       2.360         95       2.805         99       3.330	Mean Standard Dev Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Dev Deviation fror	viation	1.123 1.321 -0.290 2.010	0.459 0.400
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	5.44 6.55 3.58 7.12 4.54 9.20 10.14 8.35 7.42 5.41 1.81 1.09 0.37 0.27 0.24	5.09 6.13 3.35 6.66 4.25 8.61 9.48 7.81 6.94 5.06 1.69 1.02 0.35 0.25 0.22	38.18 44.31 47.66 54.32 58.56 67.17 76.65 84.46 91.40 96.46 98.16 99.18 99.52 99.78 100.00	Graphic Phi I Mean Standard Deviat Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis		Inman 1952 0.880 1.480 -0.226 -0.367 0.441	Folk & V 195 0.99 1.38 -0.24 0.82	<b>7</b> 02 06 00



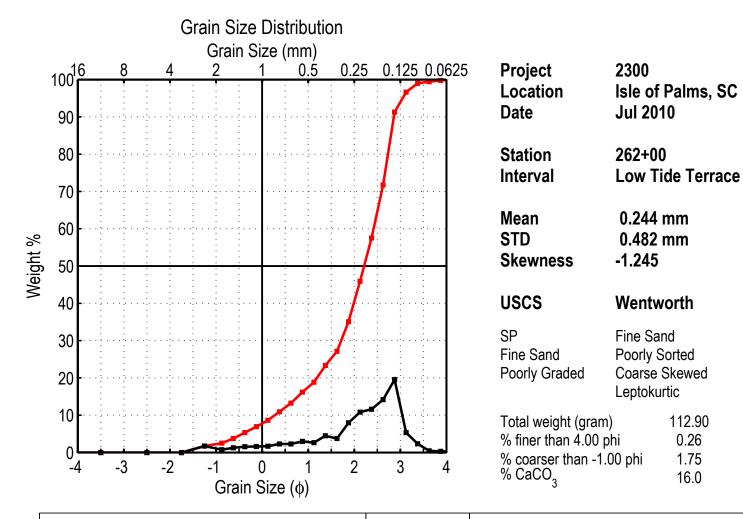
Project	2300
Location	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	262+00
Interval	Berm Crest
Mean	0.358 mm
STD	0.420 mm
Skewness	-0.722
USCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Medium Sand Poorly Sorted Coarse Skewed Mesokurtic
Total weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.42

Class Limit		Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
(φ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	<ul> <li>(φ)</li> <li>-4.5</li> <li>-3.5</li> <li>-2.5</li> <li>-1.75</li> <li>-1.25</li> <li>-0.875</li> <li>-0.625</li> <li>-0.375</li> <li>-0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> <li>0.375</li> </ul>	0.00 0.00 0.00 6.53 1.99 2.56 3.06 2.49 2.99 3.74	0.00 0.00 0.00 6.25 1.90 2.45 2.93 2.38 2.86 3.58	0.00 0.00 0.00 6.25 8.15 10.60 13.52 15.90 18.76 22.34	1         -1.670           5         -1.350           16         -0.115           25         0.560           50         1.750           75         2.265           84         2.480           95         2.850           99         3.480	Mean Standard Der Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Der Deviation from	viation	1.481 1.250 -0.722 2.648	0.358 0.420
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	3.77 4.78 3.71 6.00 4.93 11.38 13.80 11.86 9.96 6.43 2.08 1.27 0.43 0.36 0.44	3.61 4.57 3.55 5.74 4.71 10.88 13.20 11.34 9.53 6.15 1.99 1.21 0.41 0.34 0.42	25.95 30.52 34.07 39.80 44.52 55.40 68.60 79.94 89.47 95.62 97.61 98.82 99.23 99.23 99.58 100.00	Graphic Phi Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis		Inman 1952 1.182 1.298 -0.437 -0.771 0.618	Folk & V 195 1.37 1.28 -0.45 1.01	<b>7</b> 22 55 57

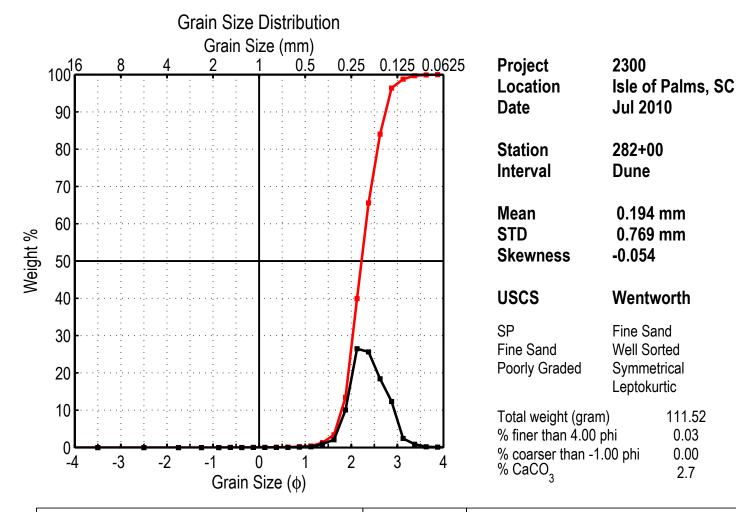


Project	2300
Location	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	262+00
Interval	Beach Face
Mean	0.232 mm
STD	0.532 mm
Skewness	-1.702
USCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Moderately Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Leptokurtic
Fotal weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.05

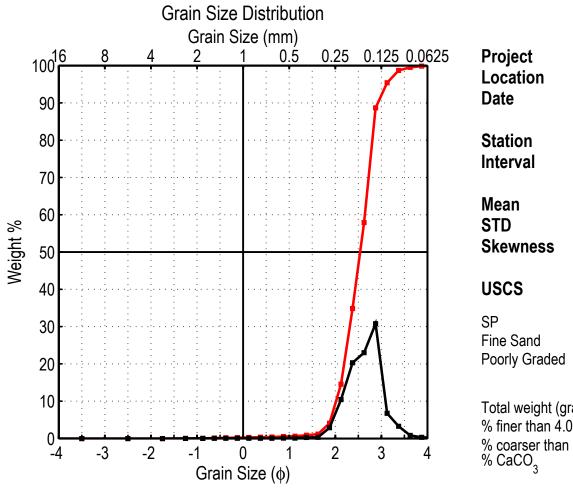
Class Limit (\phi)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi) (m	m)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 2.24 0.49 0.59 0.75 0.67 0.82 1.22	0.00 0.00 0.00 2.15 0.47 0.57 0.72 0.64 0.79 1.17	0.00 0.00 0.00 2.15 2.63 3.19 3.92 4.56 5.35 6.52	1-1.52050.015161.340251.690502.165752.595842.735952.965993.285	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	2.105 0.2 0.910 0.5 -1.702 6.460	
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	$\begin{array}{c} 1.44\\ 2.05\\ 1.77\\ 5.36\\ 5.43\\ 12.31\\ 14.55\\ 13.99\\ 16.26\\ 17.04\\ 4.91\\ 1.61\\ 0.25\\ 0.15\\ 0.05\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.39\\ 1.97\\ 1.70\\ 5.16\\ 5.22\\ 11.84\\ 14.00\\ 13.46\\ 15.64\\ 16.39\\ 4.72\\ 1.55\\ 0.24\\ 0.14\\ 0.05\end{array}$	7.91 9.88 11.58 16.74 21.96 33.80 47.80 61.26 76.90 93.29 98.02 99.57 99.81 99.95 100.00	Graphic Phi P Mean Standard Deviati Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 2.037	Folk & War 1957 2.080 0.796 -0.320 1.336	d



	s Mid Point	Weight	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles Mo	oment Measures	(phi) (mm)
(φ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.75 -0.25 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	<ul> <li>(φ)</li> <li>-4.5</li> <li>-3.5</li> <li>-2.5</li> <li>-1.75</li> <li>-1.25</li> <li>-0.875</li> <li>-0.625</li> <li>-0.375</li> <li>-0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> <li>0.375</li> <li>2.225</li> </ul>	(gram) 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.98 0.85 1.42 1.78 1.81 1.93 2.57	0.00 0.00 0.00 1.75 0.75 1.26 1.58 1.60 1.71 2.28	0.00 0.00 0.00 1.75 2.51 3.76 5.34 6.94 8.65 10.93	5         -0.430         Ske           16         0.855         Kur           25         1.485         Dis           50         2.215         Sta	an Indard Deviation ewness rtosis opersion Indard Deviation viation from Normal	2.036 0.244 1.054 0.482 -1.245 4.101
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	2.61 3.35 2.98 5.08 4.26 8.98 12.25 13.10 16.03 22.08 6.03 2.66 0.52 0.34 0.29	$\begin{array}{c} 2.31 \\ 2.97 \\ 2.64 \\ 4.50 \\ 3.77 \\ 7.95 \\ 10.85 \\ 11.60 \\ 14.20 \\ 19.56 \\ 5.34 \\ 2.36 \\ 0.46 \\ 0.30 \\ 0.26 \end{array}$	13.24 16.21 18.85 23.35 27.12 35.08 45.93 57.53 71.73 91.28 96.63 98.98 99.44 99.74 100.00	Graphic Phi Paran Mean Standard Deviation Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	meters         Inman 1952           1.818         0.963           -0.413         -0.940           0.808         0.808	Folk & Ward 1957 1.950 1.009 -0.467 1.209

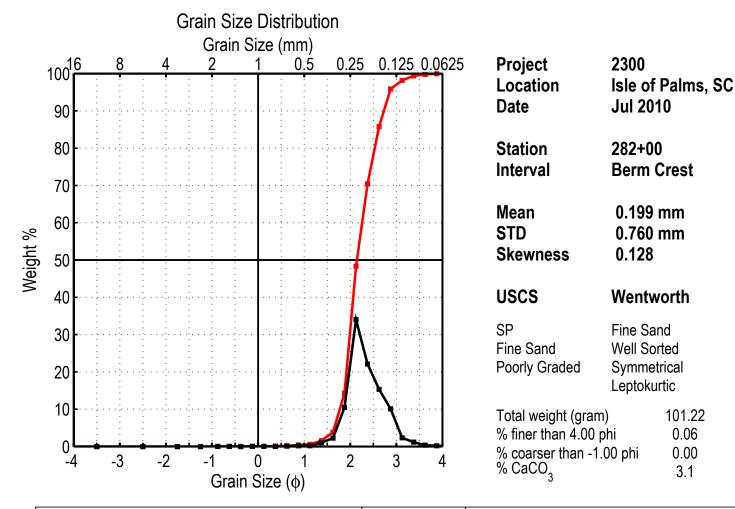


Class Limit (ø)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi) (mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.03	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.03	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.01	1       1.285         5       1.665         16       1.900         25       1.985         50       2.225         75       2.505         84       2.625         95       2.845         99       3.180	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	2.367 0.194 0.379 0.769 -0.054 4.640
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.04 0.14 0.20 1.03 2.32 11.21 29.53 28.59 20.57 13.77 2.71 0.98 0.22 0.11 0.03	0.04 0.13 0.92 2.08 10.05 26.48 25.64 18.45 12.35 2.43 0.88 0.20 0.10 0.03	0.10 0.22 0.40 1.33 3.41 13.46 39.94 65.58 84.02 96.37 98.80 99.68 99.87 99.97 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi</b> Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 2.263	Folk & Ward 1957 2.250 0.360 0.077 0.930

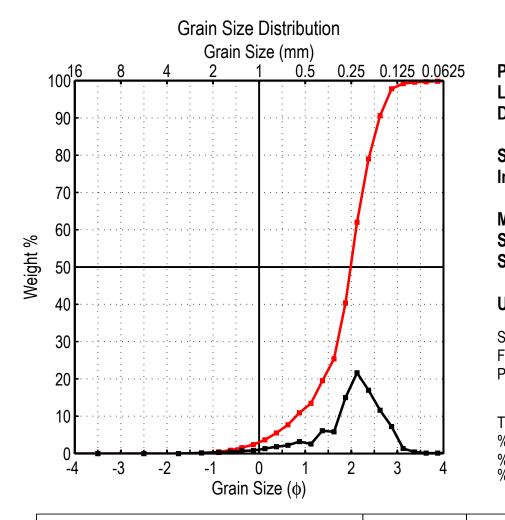


ocation	Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010			
tation nterval	282+00 Mid Berm			
lean TD kewness	0.162 mm 0.750 mm -1.348			
SCS	Wentworth			
P ine Sand oorly Graded	Fine Sand Well Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic			
otal weight (gram) o finer than 4.00 pl o coarser than -1.0 o CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.13			

Class Limits		Weight	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles Moment	Measures	(phi)	(mm)
<ul> <li>(φ)</li> <li>-4</li> <li>-3</li> <li>-2</li> <li>-1.5</li> <li>-1</li> <li>-0.75</li> <li>-0.5</li> <li>-0.25</li> <li>0</li> <li>0.25</li> <li>0.5</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(φ)</li> <li>-4.5</li> <li>-3.5</li> <li>-2.5</li> <li>-1.75</li> <li>-1.25</li> <li>-0.875</li> <li>-0.625</li> <li>-0.375</li> <li>-0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> <li>0.375</li> </ul>	(gram) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.04 0.06 0.07 0.06 0.05 0.07	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.04 0.06 0.07 0.06 0.05 0.07	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.06 0.11 0.18 0.24 0.28 0.35	1       1.475       Mean         5       1.895       Standard         16       2.145       Skewness         25       2.255       Dispersion         50       2.540       Standard         75       2.765       Deviation         84       2.835       95         95       3.110       99	i 1	2.629 0.415 -1.348 12.764	0.162 0.750
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625	0.07 0.11 0.10 0.28 0.33	0.07 0.10 0.09 0.26 0.31	0.42 0.52 0.61 0.88 1.19	Graphic Phi Parameter	s Inman 1952 2.490	Folk & \ 195 2.50	7
2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	3.08 11.08 21.51 24.40 32.59 7.14 3.49 0.89 0.36 0.14	2.91 10.46 20.30 23.03 30.76 6.74 3.29 0.84 0.34 0.13	4.10 14.56 34.86 57.89 88.65 95.39 98.69 99.53 99.87 100.00	Standard Deviation Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	0.345 -0.145 -0.109 0.761	0.35 -0.10 0.97	7 3

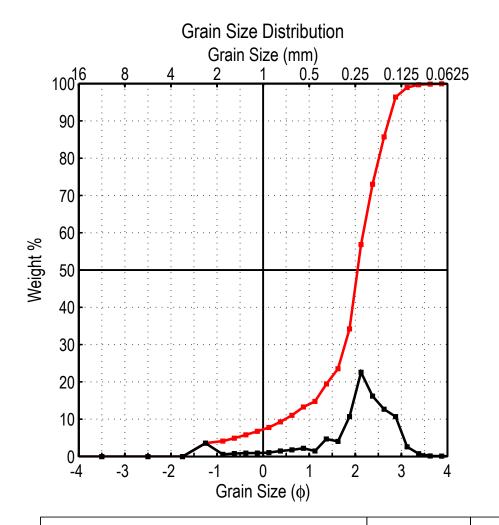


Class Limits Mid Poin (φ) (φ)	t Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %		oment Measures	(phi)	(mm)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.01	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.00 0.03 0.02 0.03	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.02 0.02 0.05 0.07 0.10	5         1.655         Ske           16         1.885         Kur           25         1.955         Disj           50         2.145         Stat	an ndard Deviation ewness tosis persion ndard Deviation <i>v</i> iation from Normal	2.328 0.395 0.128 5.760	0.199 0.760
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.09 0.21 0.19 1.00 2.30 10.60 34.43 22.37 15.52 10.22 2.36 1.20 0.37 0.20 0.06	0.09 0.21 0.19 0.99 2.27 10.47 34.02 22.10 15.33 10.10 2.33 1.19 0.37 0.20 0.06	0.19 0.40 0.58 1.57 3.84 14.32 48.33 70.43 85.76 95.86 98.19 99.38 99.74 99.94 100.00	Graphic Phi Paran Mean Standard Deviation Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	neters         Inman 1952           2.240         0.355           0.268         0.310           0.690         0.690	Folk & V 1957 2.208 0.359 0.225	7 3 9 5



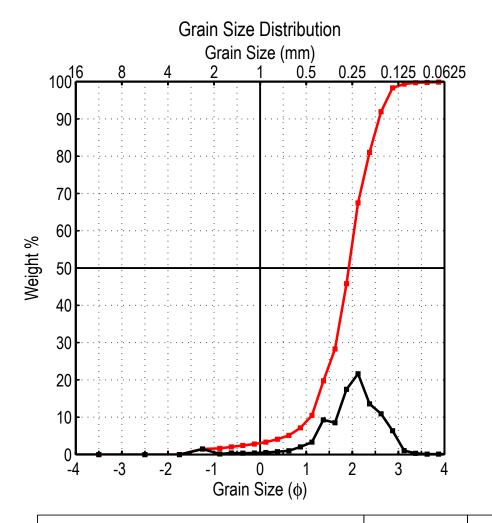
2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010
282+00 Beach Face
0.254 mm 0.600 mm -1.197
Wentworth
Medium Sand Moderately Sorted Coarse Skewed Leptokurtic
) 101.33 hi 0.21 00 phi 0.17 8.1

Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.17 0.27 0.43 0.71 0.82 1.32 1.86	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.17 0.27 0.42 0.70 0.81 1.30 1.84	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.17 0.43 0.86 1.56 2.37 3.67 5.51	1         -0.575           5         0.305           16         1.230           25         1.610           50         1.985           75         2.315           84         2.485           95         2.780           99         3.095	Mean Standard Dev Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Dev Deviation from	viation	1.976 0.738 -1.197 5.156	0.254 0.600
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.125 3.625 3.875 4.25	2.22 3.26 2.57 6.18 5.90 15.18 21.94 17.21 11.75 7.32 1.38 0.40 0.11 0.12 0.21	2.19 3.22 2.54 6.10 5.82 14.98 21.65 16.98 11.60 7.22 1.36 0.39 0.11 0.12 0.21	7.70 10.91 13.45 19.55 25.37 40.35 62.01 78.99 90.59 97.81 99.17 99.57 99.67 99.79 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi</b> Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis		Inman 1952 1.857 0.627 -0.203 -0.705 0.972	Folk & V 195 1.90 0.68 -0.28 1.43	7 10 19 30



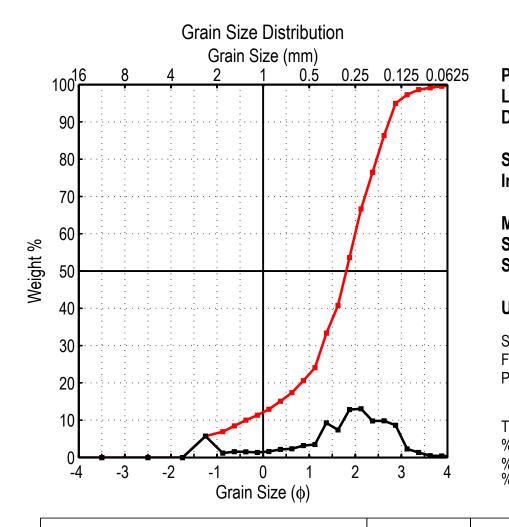
Project	2300		
Location	Isle of Palms, SC		
Date	Jul 2010		
Station	282+00		
Interval	Low Tide Terrace		
Mean	0.259 mm		
STD	0.507 mm		
Skewness	-1.718		
USCS	Wentworth		
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Medium Sand Moderately Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Leptokurtic		
Total weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.07		

Class Limit	s Mid Point (ø)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measure		
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 3.96 0.62 0.87 1.00 1.02 1.17 1.63	0.00 0.00 0.00 3.57 0.56 0.79 0.90 0.92 1.06 1.47	0.00 0.00 0.00 3.57 4.13 4.92 5.82 6.74 7.80 9.27	1       -1.610         5       -0.600         16       1.190         25       1.660         50       2.050         75       2.415         84       2.590         95       2.845         99       3.140	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Norm	1.948 0.25 0.979 0.50 -1.718 5.901 al	
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	1.99 2.47 1.63 5.21 4.51 11.84 25.03 17.93 14.07 11.85 2.86 0.81 0.16 0.10 0.08	$\begin{array}{c} 1.80\\ 2.23\\ 1.47\\ 4.70\\ 4.07\\ 10.68\\ 22.59\\ 16.18\\ 12.70\\ 10.69\\ 2.58\\ 0.73\\ 0.14\\ 0.09\\ 0.07\\ \end{array}$	11.06 13.29 14.76 19.47 23.54 34.22 56.81 72.99 85.69 96.38 98.96 99.69 99.84 99.93 100.00	Graphic Phi Pa Mean Standard Deviatio Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 1.890	1957       1.943       0.872       0.384	



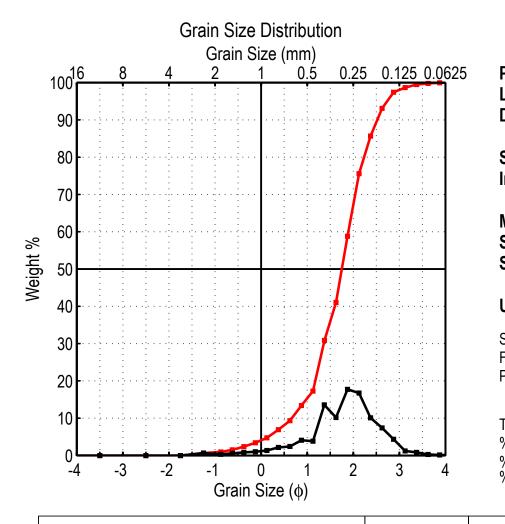
Project	2300		
Location	Isle of Palms, SC		
Date	Jul 2010		
Station	302+00		
Interval	Dune		
Mean	0.260 mm		
STD	0.601 mm		
Skewness	-1.673		
USCS	Wentworth		
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Medium Sand Moderately Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic		
Total weight (gram % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.13		

Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles I	Moment Measures	(phi)	(mm)
(\$\phi) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.75 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	$\begin{array}{c} 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 0.00\\ 1.82\\ 0.21\\ 0.50\\ 0.46\\ 0.49\\ 0.65\\ 0.94 \end{array}$	0.00 0.00 0.00 1.47 0.17 0.40 0.37 0.40 0.52 0.76	0.00 0.00 0.00 1.47 1.64 2.04 2.41 2.81 3.33 4.09	5         0.595         6           16         1.275         8           25         1.530         6           50         1.925         6	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	1.944 0.734 -1.673 8.085	0.260 0.601
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	1.27 2.53 4.12 11.51 10.58 21.67 26.84 16.82 13.53 7.88 1.31 0.41 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.16	$\begin{array}{c} 1.02\\ 2.04\\ 3.32\\ 9.29\\ 8.54\\ 17.48\\ 21.66\\ 13.57\\ 10.92\\ 6.36\\ 1.06\\ 0.33\\ 0.10\\ 0.10\\ 0.10\\ 0.13\end{array}$	5.12 7.16 10.48 19.77 28.30 45.79 67.44 81.02 91.93 98.29 99.35 99.68 99.77 99.87 100.00	Graphic Phi Pau Mean Standard Deviation Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 1.860	Folk & V 1957 1.882 0.618 -0.174 1.199	2 3 4



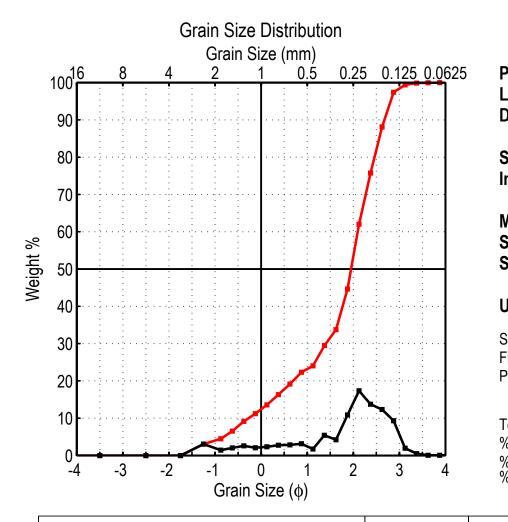
Project	2300		
Location	Isle of Palms, SC		
Date	Jul 2010		
Station	302+00		
Interval	Mid Berm		
Mean	0.314 mm		
STD	0.447 mm		
Skewness	-1.018		
USCS	Wentworth		
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Medium Sand Poorly Sorted Coarse Skewed Mesokurtic		
Total weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.47		

Class Limit (\phi)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percen	tiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 6.14 1.26 1.67 1.62 1.45 1.70 2.30	0.00 0.00 0.00 5.74 1.18 1.56 1.51 1.36 1.59 2.15	0.00 0.00 0.00 5.74 6.92 8.48 10.00 11.35 12.94 15.09	5 16 25 50 75 84 95	-1.665 -1.315 0.475 1.150 1.805 2.340 2.565 2.875 3.560	Mean Standard Der Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Der Deviation from	viation	1.670 1.161 -1.018 3.628	0.314 0.447
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.255 3.625 3.875 4.25	2.48 3.41 3.73 9.91 7.92 13.74 13.96 10.48 10.54 9.26 2.45 1.46 0.53 0.43 0.50	2.32 3.19 3.49 9.27 7.41 12.85 13.05 9.80 9.86 8.66 2.29 1.37 0.50 0.40 0.47	17.41 20.60 24.09 33.36 40.76 53.61 66.66 76.46 86.32 94.98 97.27 98.63 99.13 99.53 100.00	<b>Graphi</b> Mean Standard Skewnes Skewnes Kurtosis	d Deviat ss (1) ss (2)	Parameters	Inman 1952 1.520 1.045 -0.273 -0.981 1.005	Folk & V 195 1.61 1.15 -0.38 1.44	<b>7</b> 5 7 1



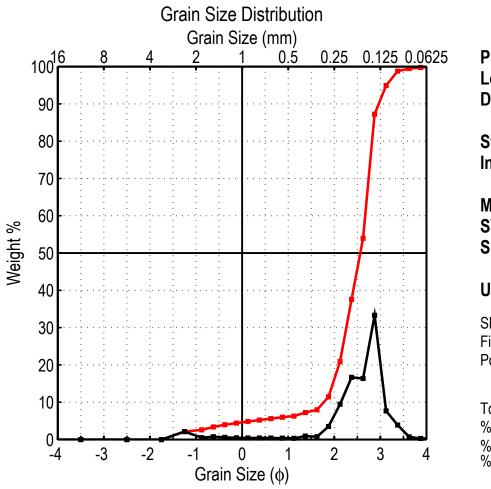
Project	2300			
Location	Isle of Palms, SC			
Date	Jul 2010			
Station	302+00			
Interval	Berm Crest			
Mean	0.293 mm			
STD	0.583 mm			
Skewness	-0.919			
USCS	Wentworth			
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Medium Sand Moderately Sorted Coarse Skewed Leptokurtic			
Total weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.06			

Class Limit (¢)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.72 0.35 0.63 0.94 1.12 1.50 2.39	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.65 0.32 0.57 0.85 1.01 1.36 2.16	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.65 0.97 1.54 2.38 3.40 4.75 6.91	<ol> <li>-0.860</li> <li>0.155</li> <li>16</li> <li>1.040</li> <li>25</li> <li>1.265</li> <li>50</li> <li>1.750</li> <li>75</li> <li>2.115</li> <li>84</li> <li>2.335</li> <li>95</li> <li>2.735</li> <li>99</li> <li>3.230</li> </ol>	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	1.772 0.778 -0.919 4.822	0.293 0.583
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.55 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	2.68 4.53 4.27 15.05 11.26 19.65 18.55 11.18 8.19 4.81 1.37 0.94 0.33 0.17 0.07	$\begin{array}{c} 2.42 \\ 4.09 \\ 3.86 \\ 13.60 \\ 10.17 \\ 17.75 \\ 16.76 \\ 10.10 \\ 7.40 \\ 4.35 \\ 1.24 \\ 0.85 \\ 0.30 \\ 0.15 \\ 0.06 \end{array}$	9.33 13.42 17.28 30.88 41.05 58.80 75.56 85.65 93.05 97.40 98.64 99.49 99.78 99.94 100.00	Graphic Phi I Mean Standard Deviat Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 1.688	Folk & V 195 1.70 0.71 -0.16 1.24	<b>7</b> 8 5 6



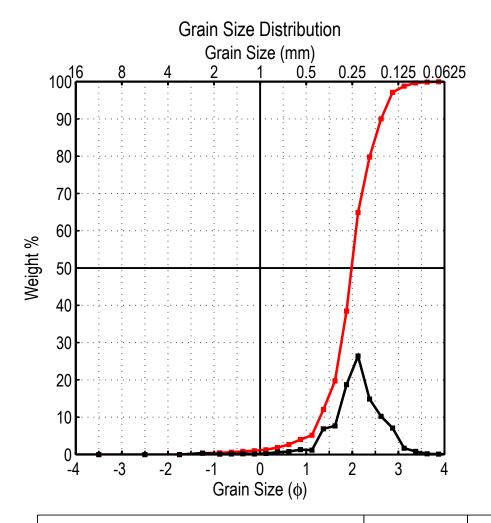
2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010		
302+00 Beach Face		
0.303 mm 0.465 mm -1.143		
Wentworth		
Medium Sand Poorly Sorted Coarse Skewed Mesokurtic		
) 106.12 hi 0.04 00 phi 3.05 13.4		

	Class Limits Mid Point		Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	s (phi) (mm)
(φ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	<ul> <li>(φ)</li> <li>-4.5</li> <li>-3.5</li> <li>-2.5</li> <li>-1.75</li> <li>-1.25</li> <li>-0.875</li> <li>-0.625</li> <li>-0.375</li> <li>-0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> <li>0.375</li> </ul>	(gram) 0.00 0.00 0.00 3.24 1.54 2.18 2.75 2.21 2.47 2.94	0.00 0.00 0.00 3.05 1.45 2.05 2.59 2.08 2.33 2.77	0.00 0.00 0.00 3.05 4.50 6.56 9.15 11.23 13.56 16.33	1       -1.585         5       -0.815         16       0.345         25       1.170         50       1.950         75       2.360         84       2.540         95       2.810         99       3.080	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Norma	1.721 0.303 1.104 0.465 -1.143 3.456
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	$\begin{array}{c} 0.625\\ 0.875\\ 1.125\\ 1.375\\ 1.625\\ 1.875\\ 2.125\\ 2.375\\ 2.625\\ 2.875\\ 3.125\\ 3.375\\ 3.625\\ 3.875\\ 4.25\\ \end{array}$	3.01 3.36 1.83 5.78 4.49 11.56 18.43 14.58 13.10 9.90 2.07 0.51 0.08 0.05 0.04	2.84 3.17 1.72 5.45 4.23 10.89 17.37 13.74 12.34 9.33 1.95 0.48 0.08 0.05 0.04	19.17 22.33 24.06 29.50 33.74 44.63 62.00 75.74 88.08 97.41 99.36 99.84 99.92 99.96 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi</b> Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 1.442	<b>1957</b> 1.612 1.098 -0.494



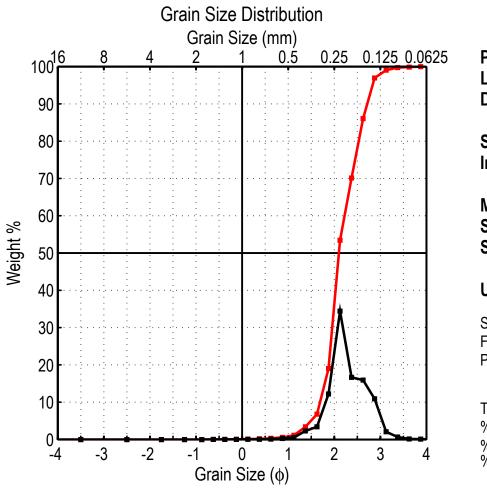
2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010			
302+00 Low Tide Terrace			
0.181 mm 0.548 mm -2.687			
Wentworth			
Fine Sand Moderately Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic			
) 110.57 hi 0.22 00 phi 2.11 9.7			

	Class Limits Mid Point (φ) (φ)		Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi) (mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	(gram) 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.33 0.55 0.83 0.66 0.51 0.44 0.45	0.00 0.00 0.00 2.11 0.50 0.75 0.60 0.46 0.40 0.41	0.00 0.00 0.00 2.11 2.60 3.36 3.95 4.41 4.81 5.22	1-1.51550.240161.995252.185502.565752.785842.850953.130993.450	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	2.464 0.181 0.868 0.548 -2.687 11.097
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.43 0.41 0.34 1.04 0.81 3.86 10.45 18.42 18.11 36.81 8.48 4.31 0.76 0.33 0.24	0.39 0.37 0.31 0.94 0.73 3.49 9.45 16.66 16.38 33.29 7.67 3.90 0.69 0.30 0.22	5.61 5.98 6.29 7.23 7.96 11.45 20.90 37.56 53.94 87.23 94.90 98.80 99.48 99.78 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi I</b> Mean Standard Deviat Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 2.422	Folk & Ward 1957 2.470 0.652 -0.471 1.974



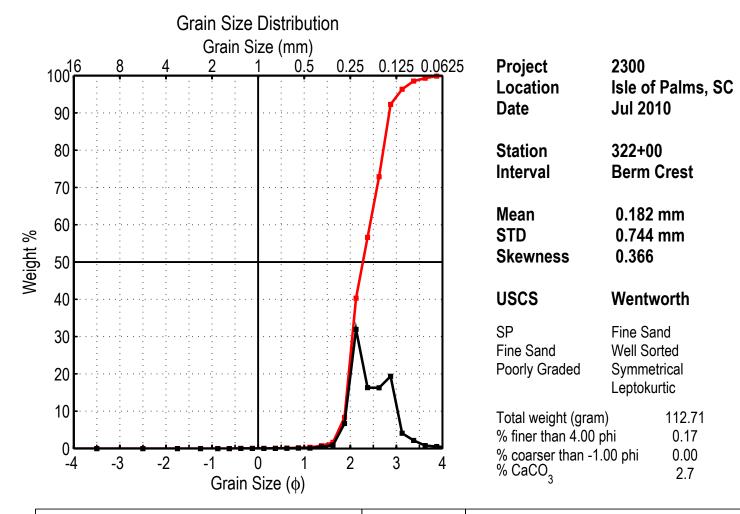
Project	2300
Location	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	322+00
Interval	Dune
Mean	0.237 mm
STD	0.665 mm
Skewness	-1.298
USCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Moderately Well Sorted Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic
Total weight (gram % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.05

Class Limit (\phi)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measu	ires	(phi)	(mm)
(\$) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.38 0.10 0.18 0.23 0.18 0.23 0.18 0.30 0.66	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.35 0.09 0.17 0.21 0.17 0.28 0.61	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.35 0.44 0.61 0.82 0.99 1.27 1.88	1         -0.115           5         1.085           16         1.505           25         1.695           50         1.985           75         2.295           84         2.480           95         2.800           99         3.185	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Not	n	2.078 0.588 -1.298 8.449	0.237 0.665
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.87 1.43 1.28 7.45 8.29 20.27 28.58 16.09 11.05 7.68 1.84 0.92 0.22 0.12 0.05	0.80 1.32 1.18 6.89 7.66 18.74 26.42 14.87 10.22 7.10 1.70 0.85 0.20 0.11 0.05	2.68 4.00 5.19 12.07 19.74 38.48 64.90 79.77 89.99 97.09 98.79 99.64 99.84 99.95 100.00	Graphic Phi Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	19 1.9 1.0 0.4 0.0 -0.0	nan 52 992 488 015 087 759	Folk & V 195 1.99 0.50 -0.01 1.17	<b>7</b> 0 4 7

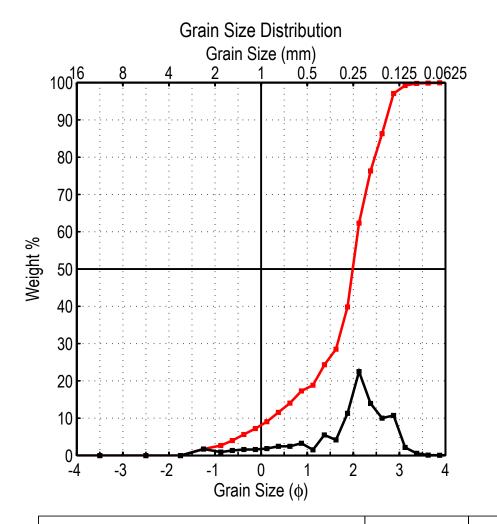


Project	2300
Location	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	322+00
Interval	Mid Berm
Mean	0.205 mm
STD	0.748 mm
Skewness	-0.247
USCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Well Sorted Symmetrical Leptokurtic
Total weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.03

Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measu	ires	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.02 0.04 0.05 0.07	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.02 0.04 0.05 0.07	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.03 0.07 0.11 0.18	1       1.070         5       1.490         16       1.815         25       1.920         50       2.100         75       2.450         84       2.595         95       2.830         99       3.120	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Not	า	2.283 0.419 -0.247 5.060	0.205 0.748
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.13 0.27 0.58 2.38 3.58 12.76 36.02 17.43 16.66 11.42 2.19 0.69 0.17 0.11 0.03	0.12 0.26 0.55 2.28 3.42 12.20 34.43 16.66 15.93 10.92 2.09 0.66 0.16 0.11 0.03	0.31 0.56 1.12 3.39 6.82 19.01 53.45 70.11 86.03 96.95 99.04 99.70 99.87 99.97 100.00	Graphic Phi Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	19 2.2 ation 0.3 0.2 0.7	nan 1 <b>52</b> 205 390 269 154 718	Folk & \ 195 2.17 0.39 0.17 1.03	<b>7</b> 0 8 9

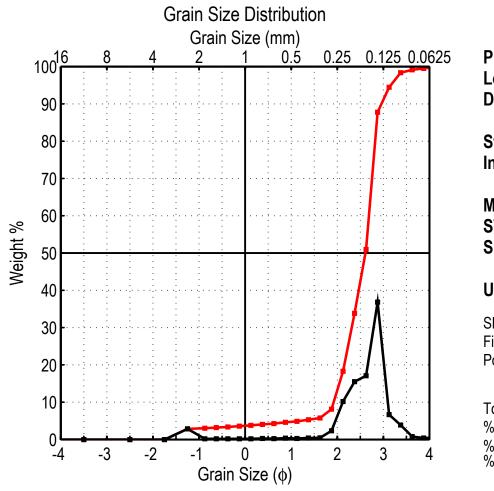


Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Mea	asures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	11.44551.750161.935252.005502.275752.650842.770953.045993.530	Mean Standard Devia Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Devia Deviation from	ation	2.456 0.426 0.366 4.271	0.182 0.744
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 3.875 4.25	0.05 0.10 0.49 1.00 7.57 36.00 18.40 18.33 21.82 4.63 2.42 0.90 0.60 0.19	$\begin{array}{c} 0.04\\ 0.09\\ 0.12\\ 0.43\\ 0.89\\ 6.72\\ 31.94\\ 16.33\\ 16.26\\ 19.36\\ 4.11\\ 2.15\\ 0.80\\ 0.53\\ 0.17\\ \end{array}$	0.11 0.20 0.32 0.75 1.64 8.36 40.30 56.62 72.89 92.25 96.35 98.50 99.30 99.83 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi</b> Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis		Inman 1952 2.353 0.417 0.186 0.293 0.551	Folk & V 195 2.32 0.40 0.18 0.82	<b>7</b> 5 7



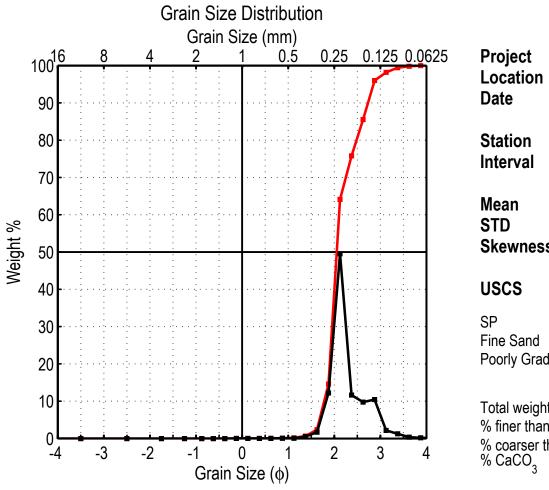
Project	2300
Location	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	322+00
Interval	Beach Face
Mean	0.276 mm
STD	0.509 mm
Skewness	-1.332
USCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Medium Sand Moderately Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Leptokurtic
Total weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.06

Class Limit (φ)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles Mo	ment Measures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 1.93 1.01 1.47 1.77 1.77 2.03 2.72	0.00 0.00 0.00 1.76 0.92 1.34 1.61 1.61 1.85 2.48	0.00 0.00 0.00 1.76 2.68 4.01 5.62 7.24 9.08 11.56	5         -0.470         Ske           16         0.775         Kurt           25         1.415         Disp           50         1.990         Star	an ndard Deviation wness tosis persion ndard Deviation riation from Normal	1.859 0.974 -1.332 4.436	0.276 0.509
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	$\begin{array}{c} 2.72\\ 3.61\\ 1.69\\ 6.04\\ 4.58\\ 12.42\\ 24.72\\ 15.35\\ 10.99\\ 11.81\\ 2.36\\ 0.62\\ 0.11\\ 0.08\\ 0.07\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.48\\ 3.29\\ 1.54\\ 5.50\\ 4.17\\ 11.30\\ 22.50\\ 13.97\\ 10.00\\ 10.75\\ 2.15\\ 0.56\\ 0.10\\ 0.07\\ 0.06\end{array}$	14.03 17.32 18.86 24.36 28.52 39.83 62.33 76.30 86.30 97.05 99.20 99.76 99.86 99.94 100.00	Graphic Phi Paran Mean Standard Deviation Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	neters Inman 1952 1.670 0.895 -0.358 -0.908 0.841	Folk & V 1957 1.77 0.94 -0.42 1.44	<b>7</b> 7 5



Project	2300
Location	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	322+00
nterval	Low Tide Terrace
Mean	0.174 mm
STD	0.563 mm
Skewness	-3.068
JSCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Moderately Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic
otal weight (gram) 6 finer than 4.00 p 6 coarser than -1.0 6 CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.48

Class Limits (φ)	s Mid Point (ø)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi) (mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 3.09 0.20 0.20 0.19 0.20 0.23 0.23 0.28	0.00 0.00 0.00 2.84 0.18 0.18 0.17 0.18 0.21 0.26	0.00 0.00 0.00 2.84 3.03 3.21 3.39 3.57 3.78 4.04	1         -1.575           5         1.195           16         2.070           25         2.235           50         2.610           75         2.790           84         2.850           95         3.160           99         3.585	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	2.524 0.174 0.830 0.563 -3.068 14.180
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 3.875 4.25	$\begin{array}{c} 0.25\\ 0.39\\ 0.28\\ 0.45\\ 0.50\\ 2.56\\ 11.07\\ 16.87\\ 18.60\\ 40.02\\ 7.27\\ 4.22\\ 0.84\\ 0.44\\ 0.52\end{array}$	0.23 0.36 0.26 0.41 0.46 2.36 10.19 15.52 17.12 36.83 6.69 3.88 0.77 0.40 0.48	4.27 4.63 4.89 5.30 5.76 8.12 18.30 33.83 50.94 87.77 94.46 98.34 99.12 99.52 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi</b> Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 2.460	Folk & Ward 1957 2.510 0.493 -0.412 1.451

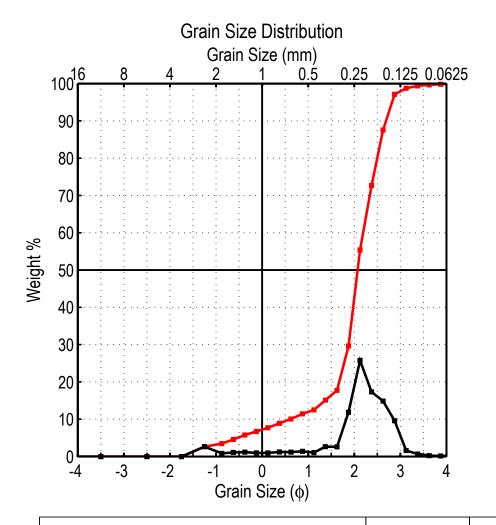


Date	Jul 2010	
Station Interval	334+00 Dune	
Mean STD Skewness	0.205 mm 0.771 mm 0.909	
USCS	Wentworth	l
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Well Sorted Fine Skewed Leptokurtic	
Total weight (gran % finer than 4.00 % coarser than -1 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	, phi 0.0	)3 )0
Moment Measure Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Norm	2.283 0.374 0.909 4.786	<b>(mm)</b> 0.205 0.771

2300

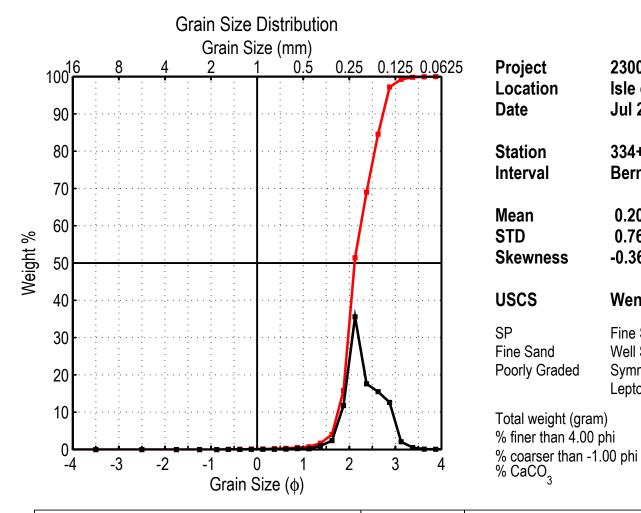
Isle of Palms, SC

Class Limit		Weight	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percer	ntiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
(ф) -4 -3 -2	(φ) -4.5 -3.5 -2.5	(gram) 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	1 5 16	1.420 1.680 1.880	Mean Standard Dev Skewness		2.283 0.374 0.909	0.205 0.771
-1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.02	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.01 0.02	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.02 0.04	25 50 75 84 95 99	1.925 2.055 2.360 2.585 2.850 3.295	Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Dev Deviation froi		4.786	
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.02 0.05 0.08 0.51 1.77 12.63 51.21 12.06 10.08 10.82 2.23 1.29 0.39 0.19 0.03	0.02 0.05 0.08 0.49 1.71 12.21 49.53 11.66 9.75 10.46 2.16 1.25 0.38 0.18 0.03	0.06 0.11 0.18 0.68 2.39 14.60 64.13 75.79 85.54 96.01 98.16 99.41 99.79 99.97 100.00	Mean	rd Deviat ess (1) ess (2)	Parameters	Inman 1952 2.232 0.353 0.504 0.596 0.660	Folk & V 195 2.17 0.35 0.43 1.10	<b>7</b> 34 11



Project	2300
Location	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	334+00
Interval	Mid Berm
Mean	0.249 mm
STD	0.522 mm
Skewness	-1.889
USCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Moderately Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Leptokurtic
Total weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.21

Class Limit (\phi)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi) (mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 2.68 0.83 1.12 1.21 0.99 0.98 1.22	0.00 0.00 0.00 2.64 0.82 1.10 1.19 0.98 0.97 1.20	0.00 0.00 0.00 2.64 3.46 4.56 5.75 6.73 7.69 8.90	1       -1.560         5       -0.535         16       1.455         25       1.780         50       2.075         75       2.415         84       2.565         95       2.820         99       3.225	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	2.006 0.249 0.937 0.522 -1.889 6.666
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75\\ 1\\ 1.25\\ 1.5\\ 1.75\\ 2\\ 2.25\\ 2.5\\ 2.5\\ 2.5\\ 3.25\\ 3.25\\ 3.5\\ 3.75\\ 4\\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.255 3.625 3.875 4.25	1.19 1.40 1.07 2.68 2.64 12.05 26.14 17.55 15.09 9.72 1.65 0.68 0.24 0.16 0.21	1.17 1.38 1.05 2.64 2.60 11.87 25.75 17.29 14.87 9.58 1.63 0.67 0.24 0.16 0.21	10.07 11.45 12.50 15.14 17.74 29.62 55.37 72.66 87.53 97.10 98.73 99.40 99.64 99.79 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi</b> Mean Standard Deviat Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 2.010	Folk & Ward 1957 2.032 0.786 -0.337 2.165



Class Limits (ø)	s Mid Point (¢)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Perce	entiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.03	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.05 0.07	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.06 0.11 0.16 0.23	1 5 25 50 75 84 95 99	1.195 1.645 1.875 1.940 2.115 2.470 2.615 2.830 3.095	Mean Standard De Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard De Deviation fro	viation	2.313 0.397 -0.361 6.259	0.201 0.760
0.3 0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 3.875 4.25	0.07 0.11 0.23 0.19 1.01 2.48 12.32 37.28 18.43 16.25 13.24 2.19 0.56 0.13 0.07 0.01	0.07 0.11 0.22 0.18 0.96 2.37 11.76 35.59 17.60 15.51 12.64 2.09 0.53 0.12 0.07 0.01	0.23 0.33 0.55 0.74 1.70 4.07 15.83 51.42 69.02 84.53 97.17 99.26 99.80 99.92 99.99 100.00	<b>Grap</b> Mean Standa Skewr	hic Phi l ard Deviat ness (1) ness (2)	Parameters	Inman 1952 2.245 0.370 0.351 0.331 0.601	Folk & V 195 2.20 0.36 0.27 0.91	<b>7</b> 2 5 9

2300

Jul 2010

334+00

**Berm Crest** 

0.201 mm

0.760 mm

Wentworth

Fine Sand

Well Sorted

Symmetrical

104.74

0.01

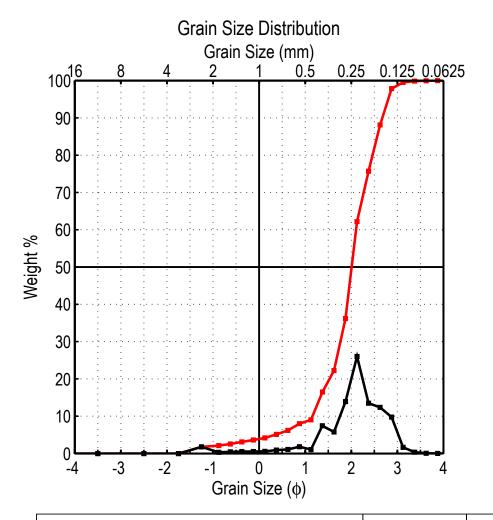
0.00

2.7

Leptokurtic

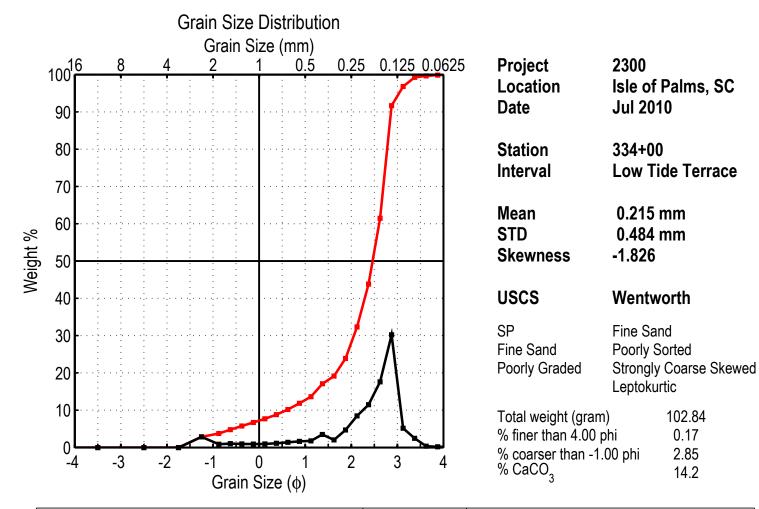
-0.361

Isle of Palms, SC

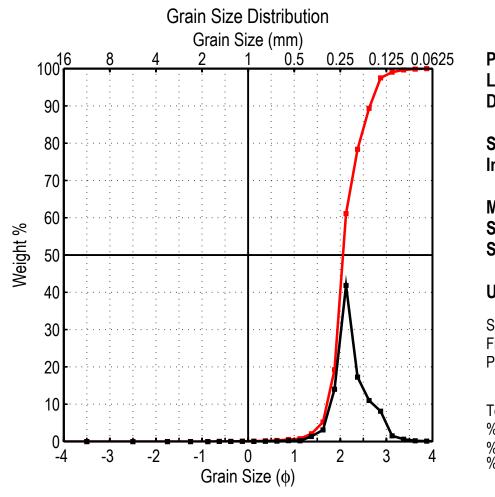


Project	2300
Location	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	334+00
Interval	Beach Face
Mean	0.248 mm
STD	0.581 mm
Skewness	-1.943
USCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Moderately Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic
Total weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.02

	s Mid Point	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi)	(mm)
(φ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	<ul> <li>(φ)</li> <li>-4.5</li> <li>-3.5</li> <li>-2.5</li> <li>-1.75</li> <li>-1.25</li> <li>-0.875</li> <li>-0.625</li> <li>-0.375</li> <li>-0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> <li>0.375</li> </ul>	0.00 0.00 0.00 1.85 0.35 0.47 0.54 0.55 0.60 0.95	0.00 0.00 0.00 1.78 0.34 0.45 0.52 0.53 0.58 0.92	0.00 0.00 0.00 1.78 2.12 2.57 3.09 3.62 4.20 5.12	1-1.47050.345161.360251.675502.010752.360842.545952.800993.045	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	2.013 0.784 -1.943 8.254	0.248 0.581
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	$\begin{array}{c} 1.12\\ 1.89\\ 1.07\\ 7.73\\ 5.98\\ 14.44\\ 27.01\\ 14.01\\ 12.85\\ 10.14\\ 1.73\\ 0.36\\ 0.08\\ 0.04\\ 0.02\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.08\\ 1.82\\ 1.03\\ 7.45\\ 5.76\\ 13.91\\ 26.03\\ 13.50\\ 12.38\\ 9.77\\ 1.67\\ 0.35\\ 0.08\\ 0.04\\ 0.02 \end{array}$	6.20 8.02 9.05 16.50 22.26 36.17 62.20 75.70 88.08 97.85 99.52 99.87 99.94 99.98 100.00	Graphic Phi Pa Mean Standard Deviatio Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 1.952	Folk & V 1957 1.972 0.668 -0.227 1.469	2 3 7

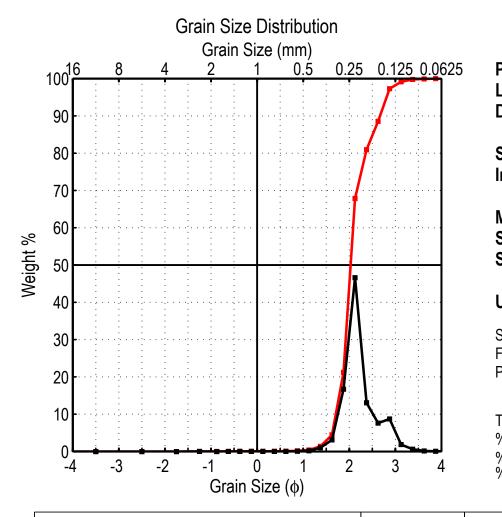


Class Limit (φ)	s Mid Point (ø)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi) (mn	
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125	0.00 0.00 0.00 2.93 0.92 1.08 1.01 0.97 0.99	0.00 0.00 0.00 2.85 0.89 1.05 0.98 0.94 0.96 1.15	0.00 0.00 0.00 2.85 3.74 4.79 5.78 6.72 7.68	1         -1.575           5         -0.575           16         1.295           25         1.910           50         2.465           75         2.735           84         2.810           95         3.040           99         3.350	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	2.219 0.21 1.046 0.48 -1.826 5.910	
0.5 0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	$\begin{array}{c} 0.375\\ 0.625\\ 0.875\\ 1.125\\ 1.375\\ 1.625\\ 1.875\\ 2.125\\ 2.375\\ 2.625\\ 2.875\\ 3.125\\ 3.375\\ 3.625\\ 3.875\\ 4.25\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.18\\ 1.42\\ 1.69\\ 1.81\\ 3.60\\ 2.10\\ 4.84\\ 8.72\\ 11.82\\ 18.10\\ 31.06\\ 5.30\\ 2.54\\ 0.39\\ 0.20\\ 0.17\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.15\\ 1.38\\ 1.64\\ 1.76\\ 3.50\\ 2.04\\ 4.71\\ 8.48\\ 11.49\\ 17.60\\ 30.20\\ 5.15\\ 2.47\\ 0.38\\ 0.19\\ 0.17\end{array}$	8.83 10.21 11.85 13.61 17.11 19.16 23.86 32.34 43.84 61.44 91.64 96.79 99.26 99.64 99.83 100.00	99 3.350 Graphic Phi F Mean Standard Deviat Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 2.053	Folk & Ward 1957 2.190 0.926 -0.613 1.796	l



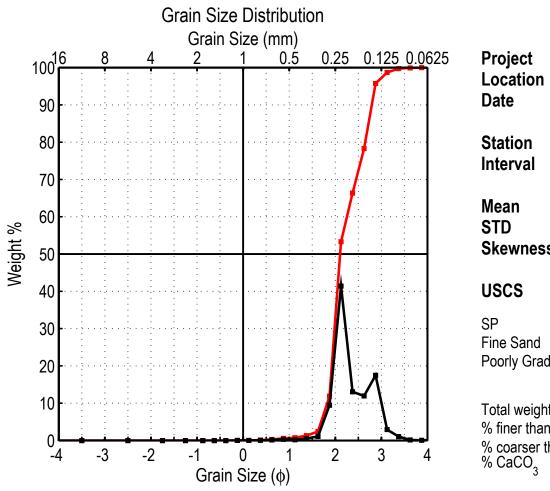
2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010
342+00 Dune
0.211 mm 0.768 mm 0.034
Wentworth
Fine Sand Well Sorted Symmetrical Leptokurtic
) 104.31 hi 0.03 00 phi 0.00 2.8

	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Me	asures	(phi)	(mm)
(φ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.02 0.05 0.04 0.08	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.02 0.05 0.04 0.08	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.03 0.08 0.12 0.19	1       1.170         5       1.605         16       1.815         25       1.910         50       2.060         75       2.325         84       2.505         95       2.800         99       3.120	Mean Standard Devi Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Devi Deviation from	ation	2.242 0.382 0.034 6.439	0.211 0.768
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	$\begin{array}{c} 0.11\\ 0.25\\ 0.22\\ 1.41\\ 3.26\\ 14.63\\ 43.66\\ 17.99\\ 11.47\\ 8.49\\ 1.60\\ 0.66\\ 0.21\\ 0.12\\ 0.03\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.11\\ 0.24\\ 0.21\\ 1.35\\ 3.13\\ 14.03\\ 41.86\\ 17.25\\ 11.00\\ 8.14\\ 1.53\\ 0.63\\ 0.20\\ 0.12\\ 0.03\\ \end{array}$	0.30 0.54 0.75 2.10 5.22 19.25 61.11 78.35 89.35 97.49 99.02 99.65 99.86 99.97 100.00	Graphic Phi Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis		Inman 1952 2.160 0.345 0.290 0.413 0.732	Folk & V 195 2.12 0.35 0.26 1.18	<b>7</b> 7 4 4



Project	2300
Location	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	342+00
Interval	Mid Berm
Mean	0.214 mm
STD	0.775 mm
Skewness	0.421
USCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Well Sorted Symmetrical Leptokurtic
Total weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.03

Class Limit (\phi)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Me	easures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.00 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.00 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.01	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.07	1         1.275           5         1.630           16         1.795           25         1.895           50         2.030           75         2.260           84         2.475           95         2.810           99         3.105	Mean Standard Dev Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Dev Deviation fron	iation	2.221 0.368 0.421 6.787	0.214 0.775
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.03 0.09 0.22 1.09 3.30 17.87 49.78 13.97 8.13 9.34 1.99 0.65 0.16 0.08 0.03	0.03 0.08 0.21 1.02 3.09 16.73 46.61 13.08 7.61 8.74 1.86 0.61 0.15 0.07 0.03	0.10 0.19 0.39 1.41 4.50 21.23 67.84 80.92 88.53 97.28 99.14 99.75 99.90 99.97 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi</b> Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis		Inman 1952 2.135 0.340 0.309 0.559 0.735	Folk & 195 2.10 0.34 0.31 1.32	<b>7</b> 00 99 5

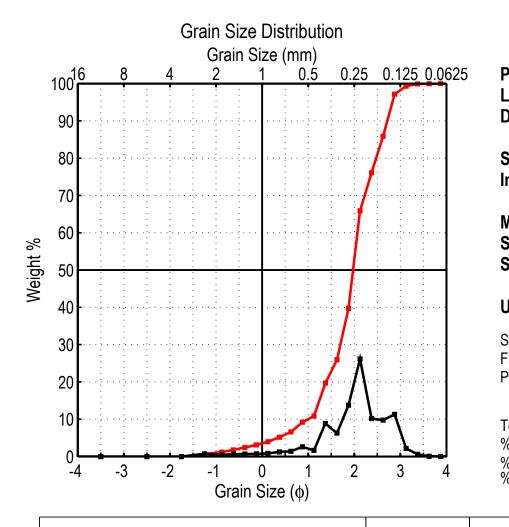


Date	Jul 2010				
Station Interval	342+ Bern	∙00 n Cres	t		
Mean STD Skewness		96 mm 95 mm 92			
USCS	Wen	tworth			
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Well Sorted Symmetrical Leptokurtic				
Total weight (gram % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1. % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi	104. 0.0 0.0 2.	4 0		
<b>Moment Measure</b> Mean Standard Deviation Skewness	S	<b>(phi)</b> 2.352 0.405 0.062	<b>(mm)</b> 0.196 0.755		

2300

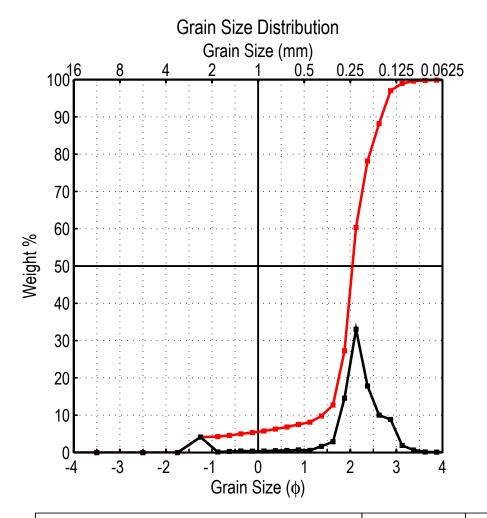
Isle of Palms, SC

Class Limit	s Mid Point	Weight	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measur	es (phi)	(mm)
(φ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	<ul> <li>(φ)</li> <li>-4.5</li> <li>-3.5</li> <li>-2.5</li> <li>-1.75</li> <li>-1.25</li> <li>-0.875</li> <li>-0.625</li> <li>-0.375</li> <li>-0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> <li>0.375</li> </ul>	(gram) 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	11.23051.695161.900251.955502.105752.555842.705952.865993.200	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Norn	2.352 0.405 0.062 4.416	0.196 0.755
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.16 0.32 0.21 0.57 1.15 9.91 43.48 13.69 12.52 18.34 3.10 1.10 0.16 0.08 0.04	$\begin{array}{c} 0.15\\ 0.30\\ 0.20\\ 0.54\\ 1.10\\ 9.44\\ 41.43\\ 13.04\\ 11.93\\ 17.47\\ 2.95\\ 1.05\\ 0.15\\ 0.15\\ 0.08\\ 0.04 \end{array}$	0.27 0.57 0.77 1.31 2.41 11.85 53.28 66.33 78.26 95.73 98.69 99.73 99.89 99.96 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi</b> Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	Parameters         Inma 195           2.30         2.30           ation         0.40           0.43         0.43           0.45         0.45	2         195           03         2.23           03         0.37           03         0.38           04         0.39           05         0	<b>7</b> 37 79 95



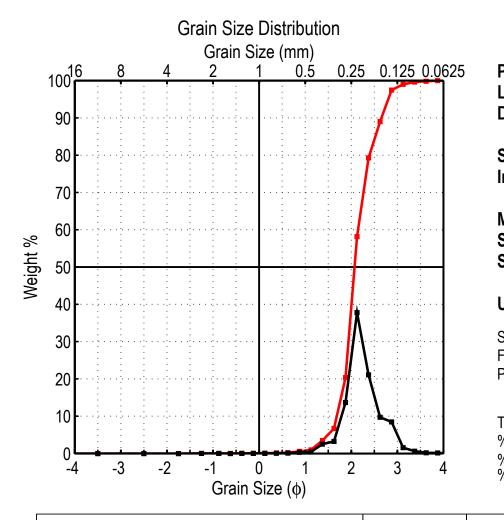
Project	2300
Location	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	342+00
Interval	Beach Face
Mean	0.252 mm
STD	0.588 mm
Skewness	-1.450
USCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Medium Sand Moderately Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Leptokurtic
Total weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.04

Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %		Moment Measures	(phi) (mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.74 0.47 0.64 0.68 0.72 0.87 1.25	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.71 0.45 0.62 0.65 0.69 0.84 1.20	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.71 1.16 1.78 2.43 3.13 3.96 5.17	5         0.340           16         1.270           25         1.585           50         1.975	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	1.988 0.252 0.767 0.588 -1.450 6.288
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	$\begin{array}{c} 1.47\\ 2.72\\ 1.72\\ 9.19\\ 6.52\\ 14.30\\ 27.18\\ 10.61\\ 10.16\\ 11.74\\ 2.24\\ 0.59\\ 0.05\\ 0.04\\ 0.04\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.41\\ 2.62\\ 1.65\\ 8.84\\ 6.27\\ 13.76\\ 26.15\\ 10.21\\ 9.77\\ 11.29\\ 2.16\\ 0.57\\ 0.05\\ 0.04\\ 0.04\\ \end{array}$	6.58 9.20 10.85 19.69 25.97 39.72 65.87 76.08 85.86 97.15 99.31 99.87 99.92 99.96 100.00	Graphic Phi Pa Mean Standard Deviation Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 1.925	Folk & Ward 1957 1.942 0.704 -0.196 1.331



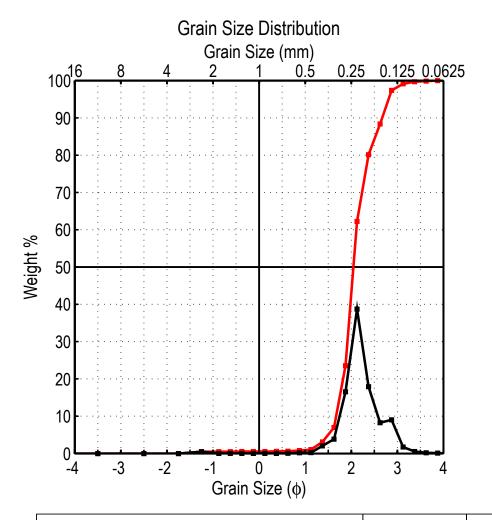
Project	2300
Location	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	342+00
Interval	Low Tide Terrace
Mean	0.242 mm
STD	0.547 mm
Skewness	-2.441
USCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Moderately Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic
Total weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.14

Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Mea	asures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 4.22 0.15 0.29 0.43 0.38 0.43 0.51	0.00 0.00 0.00 4.13 0.15 0.28 0.42 0.37 0.42 0.50	0.00 0.00 0.00 4.13 4.27 4.56 4.98 5.35 5.77 6.27	1       -1.630         5       -0.360         16       1.680         25       1.835         50       2.045         75       2.330         84       2.520         95       2.820         99       3.145	Mean Standard Devia Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Devia Deviation from	ition	2.046 0.872 -2.441 9.787	0.242 0.547
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.57 0.73 0.61 1.71 2.97 14.89 33.82 18.21 10.24 9.04 1.97 0.67 0.15 0.12 0.14	0.56 0.71 0.60 1.67 2.90 14.56 33.08 17.81 10.01 8.84 1.93 0.66 0.15 0.12 0.14	6.83 7.54 8.14 9.81 12.71 27.28 60.35 78.16 88.18 97.02 98.94 99.60 99.75 99.86 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi</b> Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	tion	nman 1952 2.100 0.420 0.131 -1.940 2.786	Folk & V 195 2.08 0.69 -0.19 2.63	<b>7</b> 12 12 11



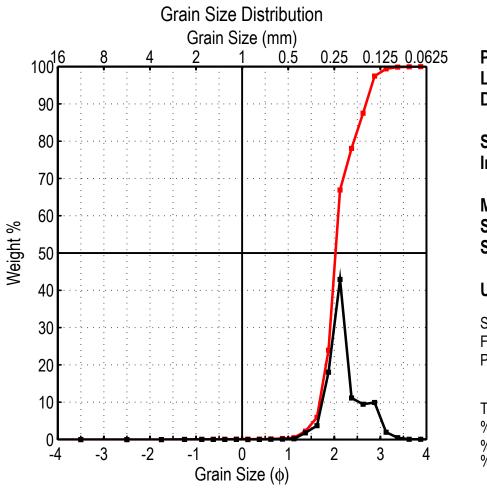
Project	2300
Location	Isle of Palms, SC
Date	Jul 2010
Station	353+00
Interval	Dune
Mean	0.212 mm
STD	0.759 mm
Skewness	-0.143
USCS	Wentworth
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Well Sorted Symmetrical Leptokurtic
Total weight (gram) % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	hi 0.04

Class Limit	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.02 0.03 0.02 0.05	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.00 0.02 0.03 0.02 0.03 0.02 0.03	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.02 0.03 0.03 0.05 0.08 0.10 0.15	1       1.130         5       1.495         16       1.795         25       1.905         50       2.070         75       2.325         84       2.495         95       2.805         99       3.125	Mean Standard De Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard De Deviation fro	viation	2.238 0.398 -0.143 6.829	0.212 0.759
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 3.875 4.25	$\begin{array}{c} 0.11\\ 0.33\\ 0.40\\ 2.58\\ 3.31\\ 14.02\\ 38.76\\ 21.65\\ 9.99\\ 8.69\\ 1.59\\ 0.63\\ 0.21\\ 0.15\\ 0.04\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.11\\ 0.32\\ 0.39\\ 2.51\\ 3.23\\ 13.66\\ 37.77\\ 21.10\\ 9.74\\ 8.47\\ 1.55\\ 0.61\\ 0.20\\ 0.15\\ 0.04\\ \end{array}$	0.25 0.57 0.96 3.48 6.70 20.37 58.14 79.24 88.98 97.45 99.00 99.61 99.81 99.96 100.00	Graphic Phi Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis		Inman 1952 2.145 0.350 0.214 0.229 0.871	Folk & V 195 2.12 0.37 0.16 1.27	<b>7</b> 20 73 58



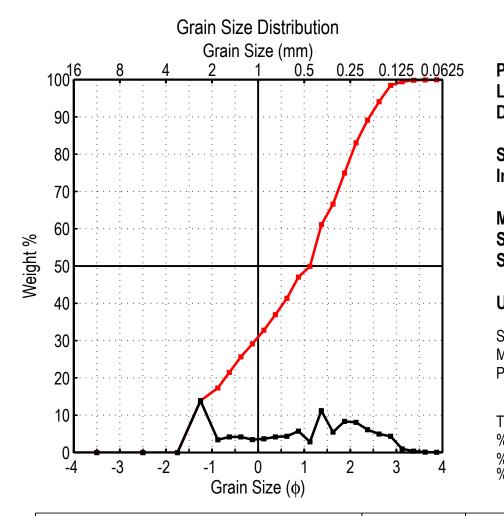
Project	2300		
Location	Isle of Palms, SC		
Date	Jul 2010		
Station	353+00		
Interval	Mid Berm		
Mean	0.216 mm		
STD	0.729 mm		
Skewness	-1.895		
USCS	Wentworth		
SP Fine Sand Poorly Graded	Fine Sand Well Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Very Leptokurtic		
Total weight (gram % finer than 4.00 p % coarser than -1.0 % CaCO <sub>3</sub>	, hi 0.04		

Class Limit (φ)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Meas	ures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.52 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.02	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.49 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.01 0.02	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.49 0.50 0.51 0.52 0.54 0.55 0.57	11.06551.500161.760251.885502.045752.305842.495952.810993.105	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from No	on	2.208 0.457 -1.895 18.883	0.216 0.729
$\begin{array}{c} 0.75 \\ 1 \\ 1.25 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.75 \\ 2 \\ 2.25 \\ 2.5 \\ 2.75 \\ 3 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.75 \\ 4 \\ > 4.0 \end{array}$	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.06 0.20 0.26 2.19 4.13 17.71 41.42 19.15 8.82 9.64 1.88 0.59 0.19 0.11 0.04	0.06 0.19 0.24 2.05 3.86 16.55 38.71 17.90 8.24 9.01 1.76 0.55 0.18 0.10 0.04	0.63 0.81 1.06 3.10 6.96 23.51 62.22 80.12 88.36 97.37 99.13 99.68 99.86 99.86 99.96 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi I</b> Mean Standard Deviat Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	19 2. ion 0. 0. 0. 0.	man 952 .127 .368 .224 .299 .782	Folk & V 1957 2.10 0.38 0.19 1.27	<b>7</b> 0 2 6



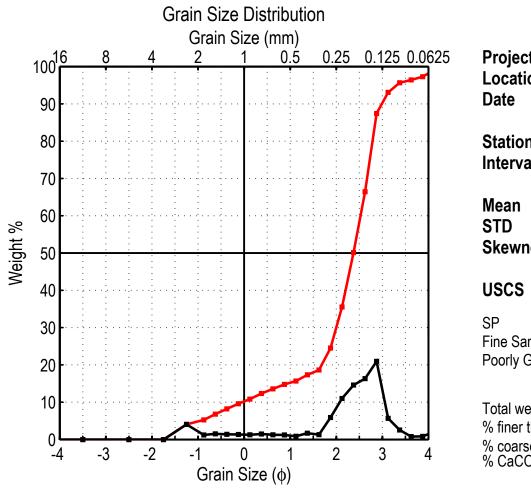
2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010		
353+00 Berm Crest		
0.215 mm 0.763 mm 0.045		
Wentworth		
Fine Sand Well Sorted Symmetrical Leptokurtic		
) 109.68 hi 0.02 00 phi 0.03 3.7		

Class Limit (\$)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment M	easures	(phi)	(mm)
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.02	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.00 0.03	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.03 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.09 0.09 0.12	1       1.200         5       1.560         16       1.765         25       1.880         50       2.025         75       2.305         84       2.530         95       2.815         99       3.075	Mean Standard Dev Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Dev Deviation from	viation	2.218 0.390 0.045 6.845	0.215 0.763
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.125 3.625 3.875 4.25	0.05 0.12 0.22 1.93 4.07 19.77 47.09 12.21 10.39 10.88 2.15 0.52 0.08 0.05 0.02	0.05 0.11 0.20 1.76 3.71 18.03 42.93 11.13 9.47 9.92 1.96 0.47 0.07 0.05 0.02	0.16 0.27 0.47 2.23 5.94 23.97 66.90 78.04 87.51 97.43 99.39 99.86 99.94 99.98 100.00	<b>Graphic Phi</b> Mean Standard Devia Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis		Inman 1952 2.148 0.383 0.320 0.425 0.641	Folk & V 195 2.10 0.38 0.29 1.21	<b>7</b> 17 11 10



2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010
353+00 Beach Face
0.535 mm 0.396 mm -0.260
Wentworth
Coarse Sand Poorly Sorted Symmetrical Platykurtic
) 103.38 hi 0.05 00 phi 13.89 26.6

	s Mid Point	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %	Percentiles	Moment Measures	(phi) (mm)
(φ) -4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	<ul> <li>(φ)</li> <li>-4.5</li> <li>-3.5</li> <li>-2.5</li> <li>-1.75</li> <li>-1.25</li> <li>-0.875</li> <li>-0.625</li> <li>-0.375</li> <li>-0.125</li> <li>0.125</li> <li>0.375</li> </ul>	0.00 0.00 0.00 14.36 3.53 4.31 4.31 3.57 3.81 4.33	0.00 0.00 0.00 13.89 3.41 4.17 4.17 3.45 3.69 4.19	0.00 0.00 0.00 13.89 17.31 21.47 25.64 29.10 32.78 36.97	1       -1.715         5       -1.570         16       -1.020         25       -0.415         50       1.125         75       1.875         84       2.165         95       2.680         99       3.020	Mean Standard Deviation Skewness Kurtosis Dispersion Standard Deviation Deviation from Normal	0.903 0.535 1.336 0.396 -0.260 1.860
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	$\begin{array}{c} 0.625\\ 0.875\\ 1.125\\ 1.375\\ 1.625\\ 1.875\\ 2.125\\ 2.375\\ 2.625\\ 2.875\\ 3.125\\ 3.375\\ 3.625\\ 3.875\\ 3.875\\ 4.25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4.52\\ 5.91\\ 2.94\\ 11.60\\ 5.66\\ 8.61\\ 8.36\\ 6.30\\ 5.13\\ 4.51\\ 1.02\\ 0.39\\ 0.09\\ 0.07\\ 0.05\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4.37\\ 5.72\\ 2.84\\ 11.22\\ 5.47\\ 8.33\\ 8.09\\ 6.09\\ 4.96\\ 4.36\\ 0.99\\ 0.38\\ 0.09\\ 0.38\\ 0.09\\ 0.07\\ 0.05\end{array}$	41.34 47.06 49.90 61.12 66.60 74.93 83.01 89.11 94.07 98.43 99.42 99.80 99.88 99.95 100.00	Graphic Phi F Mean Standard Deviati Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	<b>1952</b> 0.573	Folk & Ward 1957 0.757 1.440 -0.308 0.761



2300 Isle of Palms, SC Jul 2010
353+00 Low Tide Terrace
0.223 mm 0.435 mm -1.424
Wentworth
Fine Sand Poorly Sorted Strongly Coarse Skewed Leptokurtic
104.41 hi 2.71 00 phi 4.06 18.2

Class Limit (¢)	s Mid Point (φ)	Weight (gram)	Weight %	Cumm. Wt %		Ioment Measures	<b>(phi)</b> 2.164	<b>(mm)</b> 0.223
-4 -3 -2 -1.5 -1 -0.75 -0.5 -0.25 0 0.25 0.5	-4.5 -3.5 -2.5 -1.75 -1.25 -0.875 -0.625 -0.375 -0.125 0.125 0.375	0.00 0.00 0.00 4.24 1.26 1.61 1.47 1.41 1.34 1.54	0.00 0.00 0.00 4.06 1.21 1.54 1.41 1.35 1.28 1.47	0.00 0.00 0.00 4.06 5.27 6.81 8.22 9.57 10.85 12.33	1         -1.025         Si           5         -0.960         Si           16         1.175         Ki           25         1.885         D           50         2.375         Si	lean tandard Deviation kewness urtosis ispersion tandard Deviation eviation from Normal	2.164 1.201 -1.424 4.672	0.435
0.75 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2 2.25 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 3.75 4 >4.0	0.625 0.875 1.125 1.375 1.625 1.875 2.125 2.375 2.625 2.875 3.125 3.375 3.625 3.875 4.25	$\begin{array}{c} 1.30\\ 1.28\\ 0.90\\ 1.75\\ 1.38\\ 6.14\\ 11.48\\ 15.23\\ 17.04\\ 21.90\\ 5.92\\ 2.67\\ 0.83\\ 0.89\\ 2.83\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.25\\ 1.23\\ 0.86\\ 1.68\\ 1.32\\ 5.88\\ 11.00\\ 14.59\\ 16.32\\ 20.98\\ 5.67\\ 2.56\\ 0.79\\ 0.85\\ 2.71\end{array}$	13.57 14.80 15.66 17.34 18.66 24.54 35.53 50.12 66.44 87.41 93.08 95.64 96.44 97.29 100.00	Graphic Phi Para Mean Standard Deviation Skewness (1) Skewness (2) Kurtosis	ameters Inman 1952 2.005 0.830 -0.446 -1.446 1.572	Folk & V 1957 2.128 1.062 -0.504 2.083	3 2 4